User's Manual

AQ6374 Optical Spectrum Analyzer



Foreword

Thank you for purchasing the AQ6374 Optical Spectrum Analyzer. This instrument enables high speed measurement of the optical properties of LD and LED light sources, and other devices. To improve ease of use, it includes mouse-based user operation and a brand-new zoom function.

This manual describes the instrument's functions, operating procedures, and handling precautions, and provides other important information for use of the instrument. For correct operation, please read this manual thoroughly before use. After reading this manual, keep it in a convenient location for quick reference in the event a question arises during operation. There are three manuals for the AQ6374 including this one. Read them along with this manual.

Manual Title	Manual No.	Description
AQ6374 Optical Spectrum Analyzer User's Manual	IM AQ6374-01EN	This manual. The manual is located on the CD included in your package (pdf format). Explains all functions and operating procedures of the AQ6374 except remote control and program functions.
AQ6374 Optical Spectrum Analyzer Remote Control User's Manual	IM AQ6374-17EN	The manual is located on the CD included in your package (pdf format). Explains functions for controlling the instrument with communication commands and program functions.
AQ6374 Optical Spectrum Analyzer Getting Started Guide	IM AQ6374-02EN	Provided as a printed manual. This guide explains the handling precautions, basic operations, and specifications of the AQ6374.

The "-EN" in the manual number is the language code.

Contact information of Yokogawa offices worldwide is provided on the following sheet.

Document Description	Description
PIM 113-01Z2	List of worldwide contacts

Notes

- The contents of this manual are subject to change without prior notice as a result
 of improvements in the instrument's performance and functions. Display contents
 illustrated in this manual may differ slightly from what actually appears on your screen.
- Every effort has been made in the preparation of this manual to ensure the accuracy
 of its contents. However, should you have any questions or find any errors, please
 contact your nearest YOKOGAWA dealer.
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Conventions Used in This Manual

Safety Markings

The following markings are used in this manual.



Improper handling or use can lead to injury to the user or damage to the instrument. This symbol appears on the instrument to indicate that the user must refer to the user's manual for special instructions. The same symbol appears in the corresponding place in the user's manual to identify those instructions. In the manual, the symbol is used in conjunction with the word "WARNING" or "CAUTION."

WARNING

Calls attention to actions or conditions that could cause serious or fatal injury to the user, and precautions that can be taken to prevent such occurrences.

CAUTION

Calls attentions to actions or conditions that could cause light injury to the user or damage to the instrument or user's data, and precautions that can be taken to prevent such occurrences.

French

AVERTISSEMENT

Attire l'attention sur des gestes ou des conditions susceptibles de provoquer des blessures graves (voire mortelles), et sur les précautions de sécurité pouvant prévenir de tels accidents.

ATTENTION

Attire l'attention sur des gestes ou des conditions susceptibles de provoquer des blessures légères ou d'endommager l'instrument ou les données de l'utilisateur, et sur les précautions de sécurité susceptibles de prévenir de tels accidents.

Note

Calls attention to inform that is important for proper operation of the instrument.

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Notations Used on Pages Describing Operating Procedures

On pages that describe the operating procedures in Chapter 3 through 9, the following notations are used to distinguish the procedures from their explanations.

Procedure

This subsection contains the operating procedure used to carry out the function described in the current chapter. All procedures are written with inexperienced users in mind; experienced users may not need to carry out all the steps.

Explanation

This subsection describes the setup parameters and the limitations on the procedures. It may not give a detailed explanation of the function. For a detailed explanation of the function, see chapter 1.

Notations Used in the Procedures

Panel Keys and Soft keys

Bold characters used in the procedural explanations indicate characters that are marked on the panel keys or the characters of the soft keys displayed on the screen menu.

Unit

k: Denotes "1000."	Example: 100kS/s
K: Denotes "1024."	Example: 459KB (file data size)

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Flow of Operation

The figure below is provided to familiarize the first-time user with the general flow of this instrument operation. For a description of each item, see the relevant section or chapter.

Preparing for Measurement

Alignment Adjustment

Wavelength Calibration

Purge

Section 2.2

▶ Section 2.2

▶ Section 2.3

Setting Conditions and Measuring

Auto Sweep Setting and

Measurement Other Settings

Measurement Start (Sweep)

External Trigger Measurement

Smoothing

Section 4.1

Section 4.2 to 4.11

Section 4.13

Section 4.16

Section 4.18

Waveform Display

Waveform Display

Displaying Calculated Waveforms

Marker Display

Section 5.1 to 5.4

➤ Section 5.5

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Searching

➤ Section 5.12 to 5.13

Waveform Analysis

Waveform Analysis

GO/NO-GO Judgment

Analysis Data Logging

► Section 6.1 to 6.9

► Section 6.11

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Saving Display Data and Printing Out

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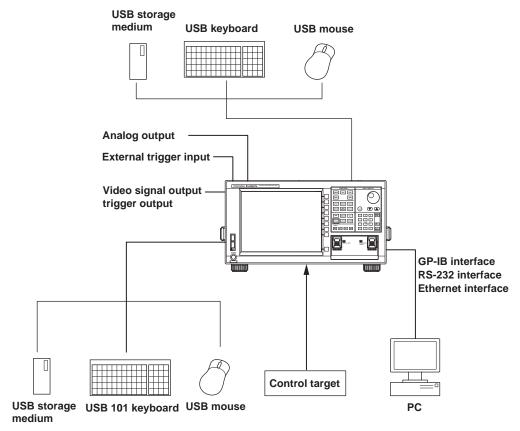
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1.1 System Structure

System Structure

Functions



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1.2 Measurement

Alignment Adjustment << See section 2.1 for the operating procedure>>

This function allows adjustment of the optical axis of the instrument's built-in monochromator (spectroscope). The instrument's optical performance is not guaranteed until the alignment adjustment function has been executed. Failure to perform this adjustment can result in distortion of measured waveforms. Always perform alignment adjustment the first time you use the instrument, if the instrument was vibrated when being moved, or if the temperature in the operating environment has changed. Perform the alignment adjustment after a one-hour warm-up.

Wavelength Calibration << See section 2.2 for the operating procedure>>

Wavelength calibration can be performed using the internal reference light source or an external light source.

Purge <<See section 2.3 for the operating procedure>>

In a typical measurement environment, water vapor contained in the air inside the monochromator, which is integrated in the AQ6374, absorbs light. Purge is a function that continuously supplies purge gas such as nitrogen gas through the PURGE GAS IN port on the rear panel of the AQ6374 to the monochromator in order to eliminate moisture contained in the internal air (the PURGE GAS OUT is open).

This reduces the effects of light absorption in measurements.

Auto Measurement <<See section 4.1 for the operating procedure>>

This function automatically sets the optimal measuring conditions for the input light and displays the spectrum waveform. This function is useful when the characteristics of the input light are not well known.

The wavelength range of input light that can be auto-measured is 350-1200 nm.

The measurement conditions that are set automatically are as follows.

- 1. Span (SPAN)
- 2. Center wavelength (CENTER)
- 3. Reference level (REF LEVEL)
- 4. Resolution (RESOLUTION)

Other measuring conditions (sensitivity, averaging times, number of sampling points, and interval settings) are set to their defaults. The horizontal and vertical axes of the displayed spectrum waveform are zoomed to an appropriate degree.

Switching between Vacuum Wavelength and Air Wavelength

<< See section 4.2 for the operating procedure>>

This function switches the measured wavelength to either a vacuum wavelength or an air wavelength.

Measurement can be performed in either air or vacuum wavelength mode.

Switching between Wavelength and Frequency

<< See section 4.2 for the operating procedure>>

This function switches the horizontal axis display to wavelength or frequency. You can display either the wavelengths or frequencies of marker values and analysis results.

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Power spectral density Display << See section 4.2 for the operating procedure>>

The power per 1 nm is called the power spectral density.

The level axis of the AQ6374 indicates the absolute power per wavelength resolution. For example, if the resolution is set to 0.1 nm, the power per 0.1 nm will be displayed. Since the optical spectrum of such devices as a gas laser or a laser diode is narrower than the wavelength resolution of the instrument, the entire power is accommodated within the band of a resolution. Therefore, the measured power (peak level) is equal to the total power of the light source. This instrument has been calibrated to display accurate power under such conditions.

On the other hand, natural light or lights such as fluorescent lamps or LEDs, have, in many cases, optical spectrums wider than the wavelength resolution set for the instrument. Therefore, if the instrument measures these lights, measured power will vary, depending on the resolution setting.

In order to deal with this issue, the instrument is equipped with the dBm dBm/nm soft key to allow the level axis displays to switch from the absolute power (dBm, mW, μ W, nW, pW) per resolution to power spectral density (dBm/nm, mW/nm, μ W/nm, nW/nm, pW/nm).

In the case of power spectral density displays, a measured value is converted to power per 1 nm. Therefore, whatever resolution is used for measurement, certain measured values will always be available.

Differences in usage between the absolute power display and the power spectral density display are shown below:

Absolute power display: measurement of light sources with narrow spectrum widths, such as gas lasers or laser diodes.

Power spectral density display: measurement of light sources with wide spectrum widths, such as natural light or LEDs.

If the subtraction function between traces is used for such cases as A-B(A/B) \rightarrow C or B-A(B/A) \rightarrow C, results will be the same whether the absolute power display or the power spectral density display is used.

Since the power measurement function performs different calculations according to the level axis display, correct results will be available whichever display is employed.

Note that, if the NF measurement function (Analysis 2 EDFA-NF soft key) and the WDM analysis function (Analysis 2 WDM soft key) are executed, the level axis display will be forcibly changed to the absolute power display.

Note -

Specifications such as level accuracy, measurement level range, and level linearity of the instrument are provided for the absolute power display.

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One-Action Keys

<<See section 4.4 to 4.6, 5.1 and 5.9 for the operating procedure>>

This is the general name for a key that uses data from the active trace waveform (the currently displayed waveform) to set measurement conditions.

Setting conditions requires that a waveform is displayed for the active trace.

One-Action Key Name	Description
Peak Level -> Ref Level	Sets the peak level of the measured waveform of the active trace as the reference level.
Marker -> Ref Level	Sets the moving marker level as the reference level.
Peak WL -> Center	Sets the peak wavelength or the peak frequency of the active trace measurement waveform to center wavelength or center frequency.
Mean WL -> Center	Sets THRESH 3 dB center wavelength or center frequency of the active trace measured waveform to center wavelength or center frequency.
View Scale -> Measure	Sets the currently displayed Zoom scale as the measurement scale (Center, Start, Stop, Span) for the next sweep.
Marker -> Center	Sets the wavelength of the moving marker to center wavelength or center frequency.
Δλ -> Span	Sets the sweep width as six times the RMS 20 dB width of the active trace measurement waveform.
Marker L1-L2 -> Span	Sets spacing between line markers 1 and 2 for sweep width.
Peak -> Zoom Ctr	Sets the peak wavelength of the active trace measurement waveform to center wavelength or center frequency of zoom display.
Marker -> Zoom Ctr	Sets the wavelength of the moving marker to center wavelength or center frequency of zoom display.
Marker L1-L2 -> Zoom Span	Sets spacing between line markers 1 and 2 for sweep width of zoom display.

Correcting the Wavelength Resolution

<<See section 4.7 for the operating procedure>>

Since the wavelength resolution function is set according to the monochromator slit width, the setting resolution and actual resolution may not match. For this instrument, if the resolution is set to 0.1 nm, the actual resolution will be 0.11 nm for a 450 nm wavelength, and 0.08 nm for a 1550 nm wavelength.

If the Resolution Correction function is turned ON, measured data is processed by the software so that it matches the set resolution.

The Resolution Correction function is available when the resolution is set between 0.1nm and 10.0 nm. The Resolution Correction function is only available when the horizontal axis is in wavelength mode. It cannot be used in Frequency mode.

Averaging <<See section 4.11 for the operating procedure>>

This function performs multiple measurements and displays the average values. The function is used in cases such as: when the light source's level is fluctuating; when measuring a modulated signal of several kHz or less; when the waveform is disrupted and difficult to measure; when it is necessary to obtain even higher measurement sensitivity.

Single Sweep << See section 4.13 for the operating procedure>>

This function executes a single sweep or forcibly stops a sweep operation.

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Repeat Sweep <<See section 4.13 for the operating procedure>>

This function performs repeat sweeping or forcibly stops a sweep operation. It enables repeated, real-time measurement of waveforms.

Segment Measurement <<See section 4.13 for the operating procedure>>

This function allows you to divide up items to be measured in units of previously specified segments.

Allows measurement delimited by segments (portions).

Marker-to-marker sweep <<See section 4.14 for the operating procedure>>

This function enables sweeping between two specified waveform line markers. You can sweep an arbitrary interval on screen.

Pulse Light Measurement

<< See section 4.15 and 4.16 for the operating procedure>>

The following three methods are available for measuring pulse light.

- · Measurement using Peak hold mode
- · Measurement using gate sampling
- · Measurement as a time average spectrum .
- · Measurement using External trigger mode.

External Trigger Measurement << See section 4.16 for the operating procedure>>

This function performs measurement in synchronization with an external trigger signal. The TRIGGER IN terminal is an input terminal on the TTL level and in positive/negative logic (which can be set by the Trigger Setting key). The TRIGGER IN terminal is an input terminal for TTL level, positive/negative logic signals. The measurement points (wavelength/frequency) are incremented each time edges of input external trigger signals are detected. Thus, sweeping stops when a number of external trigger signals equaling the specified number of sampling points is input. (However, when the Repeat sweep is performed, the sweep will be repeated until the Stop soft key is pressed or until trigger signals are no longer input.)

The delay time (from the time when a trigger signal is detected until the time when the sampling is performed) specific to the instrument is about 20 μ s. Supply the trigger signal at a timing appropriate for the measurement sensitivity. An optional delay time can be set to this specific delay time. With the Delay soft key of the Trigger Setting soft key, the 0.0 μ s to 1000.0 μ s range can be set in units of 0.1 μ s.

Note that after the measurement points are set, input trigger signals during the movement to the next measurement point are ignored. The time varies depending on the measurement wavelength band and the number of sampling points (sampling intervals). Since the TRIGGER IN terminal is pulled up internally, it can be set to the HIGH level while it is in the open state and to the LOW level while it is in the GND short state.

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Sweep Trigger << See section 4.16 for the operating procedure>>

This function performs a single sweep measurement based on an externally input trigger signal. The instrument starts a single sweep measurement by allowing sweep trigger signals on the TTL level and in negative logic to enter the TRGGER IN terminal at the back of the instrument.

The signal logic of the sweep trigger input signals is fixed to negative logic, which cannot be changed.

The pulse width of sweep trigger signals must be 5 ms or more.

The action when entering a sweep trigger is the same as that for the SWEEP key or the Single soft key.

The sweep trigger function detects sweep trigger signals by polling in certain cycles.

Thus, the time after a sweep trigger signal is input until the sweep starts will fluctuate in the range of 5 ms.

Trigger Output << See section 4.17 for the operating procedure>>

This function outputs trigger signals from the trigger output terminal on the rear panel of the instrument (only during sweeping).

Smoothing <<See section 4.18 for the operating procedure>>

This function attenuates the noise in the measured waveform. By using the Smoothing function, areas on the waveform with a large amount of noise can be "smoothed out" when measured.

Analog Out <<See section 4.19 for the operating procedure>>

An analog voltage is output from the ANALOG OUT terminal on the rear panel of the main unit according to the input light.

The temporal changes in the input light can be measured by an oscilloscope.

However, to enable this output, the sensitivity setting must be NORM/HOLD.

When set to NORM/HOLD, the range is switched relative to the REF level without implementing the autorange function. Therefore, if the level of the input light is high, the output voltage level is saturated.

The saturation level and noise level varies depending on the REF level.

The table below shows the relationship between the REF level and the saturation level.

REF Level(dBm or dBm/nm)	Saturation Level * (dBm)
REF < 0	20 dBm or more
REF ≤ -10	10 dBm or more
REF ≤ -20	0 dBm or more
REF ≤ -30	-10 dBm or more
REF ≤ -40	-20 dBm or more

^{*} At wavelength 1200 to 1600 nm

ANALOG OUT Output Specifications

Output saturation voltage	+6 V or more
Bandwidth	10 kHz or more
Load	1 k Ω or more

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1.3 Waveform Display

Zoom

<< See section 5.1 for the operating procedure>>

This function allows you to zoom freely in and out on measured waveforms.

You can easily zoom an area simply by selecting it with the mouse. Drag the mouse over an area of the displayed waveform to zoom in on the area. ZOOMING is displayed at the bottom of the screen to indicate that the screen is displaying a zoomed area. You can also zoom in and out with key operations.

Overview

<<See section 5.1 for the operating procedure>>

This function displays an overview window at the very bottom of the waveform display area. The overview window is displayed when the waveform display is enlarged or reduced using the zoom function. (Only displayed when a zoom is performed.) You can easily check which part of the measured waveform is zoomed. The overview window can be shown or hidden, and you can change its position and size.

Trace

<<See section 4.12, 5.2 to 5.8 for the operating procedure>>

A trace shows a waveform and measurement conditions. The instrument has a total of seven independent traces (A through G). Multiple traces can be displayed at the same time on the waveform screen. In addition, display ON/OFF and mode settings can be set separately for each trace.

Traces can be set to the following modes.

WRITE mode Section 5.2
 FIX mode Section 5.2
 MAX/MIN HOLD mode Section 5.3
 ROLL AVG mode Section 5.4
 CALCULATE mode Section 5.5

The following explains each of the modes.

WRITE Mode

Waveform data are written during sweeping.

When a trace is set to WRITE mode, waveform data are written during measurement, and the data are updated. Traces used in measurements are normally set to WRITE mode. The trace display at the side of the data area changes to "WRITE."

FIX Mode

Fixes the data; does not write waveform data.

When a trace is set to FIX mode, its waveform data are not overwritten even when measurement is performed. Therefore, the waveform on the screen is not overwritten. If you want to fix the waveform data of a trace, set the trace to FIX mode. The trace display at the side of the data area changes to "FIX."

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MAX/MIN HOLD Mode (Maximum/Minimum Value Detection Mode)

Writes the maximum/minimum values of the waveform data for each sweep. When a trace is set to MAX/MIN HOLD mode, each time a sweep is performed, the data at the individual measurement points are compared with prior measurements, and the measurement with the higher level (MAX HOLD) or lower level (MIN HOLD) is written. If you want to measure the maximum or minimum value of a waveform which changes each time a sweep is performed, set the trace you want to measure to MAX/MIN HOLD mode and perform Repeat sweeping.

The trace display at the side of the data area appears as "MAX HOLD" or "MIN HOLD". Note that the Noise Mask soft key setting applies when a waveform is displayed, and is not affected when a maximum or minimum value is detected.

ROLL AVG Mode (Rolling Average Mode)

Writes the rolling average values of the waveform data during each sweep. When a trace is set to ROLL AVG mode, each time measurement is performed the rolling average of the current measurement and past measurements is calculated, and the measurement data are updated. The number of averagings is set in the range of 2 to 100. The trace display at the side of the data area changes to "ROLL AVG".

CALCULATE Mode (Calculation Results Display)

Writes the results of calculations performed between data from different traces. When a trace is set to CALCULATE mode, subtraction between data from different traces, normalized display, or curve-fit display is performed according to the set CALCULATE mode. Note that CALCULATE mode can only be set for traces C, F, and G. Also, the available calculations vary from trace to trace. For more information, see chapter 6.

Normalized Display Function << See section 5.6 for the operating procedure>>

This function is one of the trace CALCULATE modes. It normalizes and displays the

With normalized display, normalization is performed and the waveform is displayed with the waveform peak set to 1 if the sub-scale is linear, or set to 0 dB if the sub-scale is LOG. One trace can be normalized, either trace A, B, or C. If both traces selected for calculation are set to "BLANK", then the sub-scale is displayed on the left side of the screen. Otherwise it is displayed on the right side. The calculation results are displayed in the sub-scale. The trace display at the side of the data area changes to "NORM @".

Curve Fit <<See section 5.7 for the operating procedure>>

Makes an approximation of the specified trace waveform. The result is written to TRACE G. Calculations are applied to data from the peak to the threshold value. The threshold value is set in the range of 0 to 99 dB (steps of 1). The trace display at the side of the data area changes to "CRV FIT @."

Peak Curve Fit <<See section 5.7 for the operating procedure>>

Makes an approximation of the specified trace waveform. The result is written to TRACE G. Calculations are applied to mode peaks at or above the threshold value. The threshold value is set in the range of 0 to 99 dB (steps of 1). The trace display at the side of the data area changes to "PKCVFIT @".

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Marker Functions << See section 5.9 for the operating procedure>>

Marker functions can be used to easily measure wavelength differences and level differences, and to search for peak wavelengths, peak levels, and spectrum widths. There are markers and line markers.

Markers

A total of 1025 markers (one moving marker and 1024 fixed markers) are provided. Moving markers can be moved to an arbitrary wavelength using the rotary knob, arrow keys, or numeric key pad. You can also drag the markers with the mouse. Moving markers can be moved over a waveform to display the marker values (wavelength and level value) in the data area. If a moving marker is fixed in an arbitrary position, it changes to a fixed marker.

Fixed markers are markers fixed to a number on which the moving marker was set. Fixed markers are assigned marker numbers in order starting from 001. You can enter an arbitrary number using the rotary knob, arrow keys, or numeric key pad. A number up to 1024 can be set. When multiple fixed markers are set, it is possible to display wavelength differences and level differences between a given marker and adjacent markers.

Line Markers

There are four line markers—two wavelength line markers and two level line markers. Wavelength line markers show wavelength and wavelength difference, and level line markers show level values and level difference. Also, you can use line markers to specify a sweep or analysis range.

Advanced Markers

There are four advanced markers.

There are three types of advanced markers: moving marker, power spectral density marker, and integrated power marker. Advanced markers can be placed on any of the waveforms from trace A to G.

Each marker can be moved to an arbitrary wavelength using the rotary knob, arrow keys, or numeric keypad.

You can also drag the markers with the mouse.

Moreover, you can use the search function to move the marker to the peak of the target waveform.

Advanced markers measure the following values.

Moving markers

Moving markers move along the waveform and show marker values (wavelength and level) in the data area.

They are the same as the moving markers described above, except they do not have the fixed marker function.

Power spectral density markers

Power spectral density markers move along the waveform and show marker values (power values per normalization bandwidth) in the data area.

Integrated power markers
 Integrated power markers move along the waveform and show marker values
 (integrated power value over the specified wavelength range) in the data area.

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Single Search

Peak Search

A peak search (a search for the maximum value) is performed on the marker trace waveform.

An advanced marker is displayed at the peak point, and the marker value is displayed in the data area.

If the peak level is off the screen, its marker is displayed at the top or bottom edge of the screen. Even in this situation, the correct marker value is displayed.

After the measurement has been completed, you can use the rotary knob to move the moving marker.

You can use the arrow keys to scroll through the data area.

· Bottom Search

A bottom search (a search for the minimum value) is performed on the marker trace waveform.

An advanced marker is displayed at the bottom point, and the marker value is displayed in the data area.

If the bottom is off the screen, its marker is displayed at the top or bottom edge of the screen. Even in this situation, the correct marker value is displayed.

After the measurement has been completed, you can use the rotary knob to move the moving marker. You can use the arrow keys to scroll through the data area.

Next Level Search

On the marker trace waveform, the advanced marker at the peak or bottom is set to the next peak (local maximum value) or bottom (local minimum value).

If such peak or bottom is not found, a warning appears.

WARNING 103: No data in active trace

· Next Search Right

On the marker trace waveform, the advanced marker at the peak or bottom is set to the peak (local maximum value) or bottom (local minimum value) on its right. If such peak or bottom is not found, a warning appears.

WARNING 103: No data in active trace

Next Search Left

On the marker trace waveform, the advanced marker at the peak or bottom is set to the peak (local maximum value) or bottom (local minimum value) on its left.

If such peak or bottom is not found, a warning appears.

WARNING 103: No data in active trace

Displaying Wavelength Difference and Level Difference

This function places a fixed marker and measures the wavelength difference and level difference compared to a moving marker.

٨	V	0	f	0

For details, see the explanation in section 5.9, "Displaying Markers."

Displaying Line Markers

When line markers are displayed, the marker values are shown in the upper left part of the waveform area.

When both wavelength line markers 1 and 2 are displayed, or both level line markers 3 and 4 are displayed, the wavelength difference (L2-L1) or level difference (L4-L3) is shown below the marker values.

Note

For details, see the explanation in section 5.9, "Displaying Markers."

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Split Display

<<See section 5.10 for the operating procedure>>

You can split the screen into an upper and lower display (Split mode).

You can assign trace waveforms to either the upper or lower split.

Trace A UP/LOW

This function is used to set whether to put trace A on top or on bottom during upper/lower split display. If you select UP, it is assigned to the top. (Default) If you select LOW, it is assigned to the bottom.

You can set trace B to G in the same manner as when setting trace A.

Noise Mask

<<See section 5.11 for the operating procedure>>

This key is used to display a waveform so that parts of the waveform at or below the set value are masked. In addition, when a noise mask value is set, the waveform is overwritten in real time.

When you press the Noise Mask soft key, the current noise mask value is displayed in the noise mask value setting screen. The allowed settings for the noise mask setting are OFF (-210 dBm), and the range from -100 to 0 dBm (fine: in steps of 1; coarse: in steps of 10).

Peak/Bottom Search << See section 5.13 and 5.14 for the operating procedure>>

The peak/bottom search function has two search modes: single, in which a single peak or a single bottom of the measured waveform's level are detected, and multi, in which multiple peaks and bottoms are detected in a single search. Markers are displayed at the peak and bottom points. You can also detect the next level peak or bottom.

There is also an auto search function that automatically performs peak/bottom searches during each sweep. This is useful when you want to observe the changes to the peak and bottom levels during repeat sweeping.

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1.4 Analysis

Spectrum Width Analysis << See section 6.1 for the operating procedure>>

You can display the spectrum width and center wavelength using the following four types of calculation.

- · THRESH method
- · ENVELOPE method
- · RMS method
- · PEAK RMS method

<See appendix 2, "Spectrum Width Data Calculation Algorithms" for a description of the spectrum width analysis algorithms and parameters.>

Notch Width Measurement <<See section 6.2 for the operating procedure>>

With notch width measurement, it is possible to measure pass band width / notch width from the measured waveform of a filter with V-character type or U-character type wavelength characteristics.

<For a description of the notch width analysis algorithm and parameters, see appendix 2, "Data Calculation Algorithms for Spectrum Widths.">

Device Analysis << See section 6.3 to 6.5 for the operating procedure>>

Light source parameters can be analyzed from the measured waveform of each light source (DFB-LD, FP-LD, LED).

DFB-LD SMSR Measurement

The side-mode suppression ratio (SMSR) can be measured from the DFB-LD measured waveform.

FP-LD and LED TOTAL POWER Measurement

Optical power can be measured by integrating the measured waveform level measurements.

PMD Measurement <<See section 6.6 for the operating procedure>>

It is possible to measure the polarization mode dispersion (PMD) of a DUT (such as an optical fiber) by using the instrument in combination with an analyzer, polarization controller, polarizer, and an amplified spontaneous emission (ASE) light source, highoutput LED light source, or other wideband light source.

WDM Analysis <<See section 6.7 for the operating procedure>>

You can analyze WDM transmission signals. You can also measure OSNR of a DWDM transmission system with 50 GHz spacing. Measurements of WDM signal wavelength, level, wavelength interval, and OSNR can be made collectively on up to 1024 channels, and the analysis results can be displayed in a data table.

Optical Amp Analysis << See section 6.9 for the operating procedure>>

Measurement can be performed of the optical amp gain and noise figure from measured waveform of the signal light going into the optical amp, as well as the measured waveform of the output light leaving the optical amp.

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1

Chromaticity coordinate analysis (COLOR analysis)

<<See section 6.8 for the operating procedure>>

The COLOR analysis function performs a color analysis the active trace waveform using a color matching function, determines the chromaticity coordinates, and displays a chromaticity diagram.

Optical Filter Characteristics Measurement

<<See section 6.10 for the operating procedure>>

Optical filter characteristics can be measured from the measured waveform of the light input to the optical filter from the light source, as well as from the measured waveform light output from the optical filter.

Analysis can be performed not only on optical filters with only one mode, but also multi-mode WDM filters.

Measurement of Level Fluctuations in Single-Wavelength Light

<< See section 6.12 for the operating procedure>>

This function is used to measure changes over time in the level of a specific wavelength level. The sweep width is set to 0 nm, and measurement of the single-wavelength light is taken. The horizontal axis is the time axes. It is useful for purposes such as optical axis alignment when a light source is input to an optical fiber.

Template

<<See section 6.13 for the operating procedure>>

The template function compares preset reference data (template data) with a measured waveform. In addition, if a function for displaying the target spectrum (target line) on the measurement screen is used, the target spectrum can be referenced while adjusting the optical axis of an optical device.

The following three templates are provided.

- · Upper limit line
- · Lower limit line
- · Target line

Go/No Go Judgment <<See section 6.14 for the operating procedure>>

The Go/No Go test function compares the active trace waveform against reference data (template data) preset by the user, and performs a test on the measured waveform (Go/No Go test).

The template function can be used effectively in situations such as pass/fail tests on production lines.

Analysis between Line Markers

<<See section 6.15 for the operating procedure>>

You can specify an analysis range with line markers. Analysis is performed in the range outlined by the two line markers.

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Analysis in the Zoom Area <<See section 6.15 for the operating procedure>>

You can specify the zoomed area as the analysis range.

For example, there is a zoom area power measurement function. This function calculates totalized power between display scales. It is effective for purposes such as ASE evaluation on optical amplifiers.

Analysis Data Logging << See section 6.16 for the operating procedure>>

The analysis data logging function measures and records WDM analysis, DFB-LD analysis, and peak data at regular intervals. The recorded data can be shown on the screen in tables or graphs. In addition, the contents in tables can be saved to a file in CSV format.

The following types of data are recorded for WDM analysis and peaks.

- WDM analysis: Wavelength, level, SNR (signal-to-noise ratio)
- · Peak: Wavelength, level

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1.5 Other

Using the USB Mouse << See section 3.2 for the operating procedure>>

With a connected USB mouse you can perform the same operations as with the instrument's panel keys. Also, if you move the mouse pointer over the item in the menu screen that you wish to select and click it, the instrument responds exactly as if you had pressed the corresponding soft key.

The USB mouse is connected to the connector on the front panel of the instrument.

Registering Soft Keys << See section 8.1 for the operating procedure>>

Frequently used soft keys can be registered in the soft key menu.

Registering soft keys reduces the steps needed to execute their functions. Twenty-four soft keys can be registered. By default, all keys are unregistered.

Data Initialization << See section 8.2 for the operating procedure>>

You can restore all settings to their factory defaults.

The parameter setting values and data of each function are initialized.

Help <<See section 8.3 for the operating procedure>>

Displays an explanation of the soft key menus.

Certain soft keys have additional help text ("MORE INFO"). MORE INFO contains detailed explanations of the corresponding soft keys.

Locking Keys << See section 8.5 for the operating procedure>>

This function locks key input temporarily to prevent users from operating the AQ6374 through the keys. Even when the keys are locked, soft keys registered as USER keys can be used for operation.

Remote (Separate Document)

An external device can be connected to the instrument through the GP-IB, RS-232 or Ethernet port to remotely control the instrument. This function requires a special connector cable for connecting with the external device. For details, see the separate user's manual, "Remote/Program Function."

Program (Separate Document)

The program function allows you to register in this instrument various measurement settings and conditions for measurement, analysis, data display, and data storage and execute sequences of procedures automatically without using an external controller. The function also provides program commands to output remote commands and receive data over Ethernet or RS-232. As such, a variety of applications can be supported by controlling external devices.

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2.1 Alignment Adjustment



WARNING

The instrument has a built-in reference light source for alignment adjustments, and infrared light is always being output from the optical output connector. Never look into the optical output connector. Infrared light entering the eyes can cause severe injury and loss of vision.

French

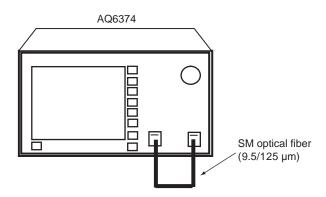


AVERTISSEMENT

Cet instrument dispose d'une source de lumière de référence intégrée pour les ajustements d'alignement. La lumière infrarouge est toujours émise depuis le connecteur de sortie optique. Ne regardez jamais directement dans le connecteur de sortie optique. La lumière infrarouge risquerait de gravement vous blesser ou de provoquer une perte de vision.

Procedure

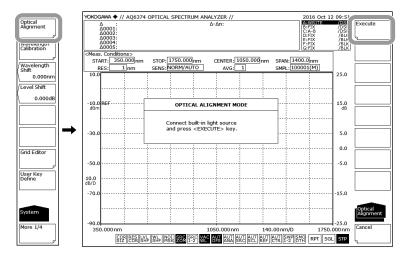
- Turn the power to the instrument ON. Turn ON the MAIN POWER switch and press the POWER switch. For instructions on turning the power ON and OFF, see chapter 7 of the Getting Started Guide, IM AQ6374-02EN.
- 2. Use a $9.5/125~\mu m$ SM optical fiber to connect the instrument's optical input connector with the optical output connector.



- 3. Press SYSTEM. The soft key menu is displayed.
- 4. Press the Optical Alignment soft key.
- 5. Press the Execute soft key. Alignment adjustment is automatically executed. Adjustment finishes a few minutes thereafter, and you are returned to the original screen.

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6. Press the **Cancel** soft key to cancel alignment adjustment partway through the process.



Note

- Always use the reference light source built in to the instrument for alignment adjustments.
 Alignment adjustments will be incorrect if an external light source is used.
- After alignment is executed, the AQ6374 also performs internal wavelength calibration automatically.
- The alignment adjustment has no effect if the process is stopped. The instrument remains in the state prior to execution of the alignment adjustment.

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2.2 Wavelength Calibration

Procedure



WARNING

The instrument has a built-in reference light source for wavelength calibration, and infrared light is always being output from the optical output connector. Never look into the optical output connector. Infrared light entering the eyes can cause severe injury and loss of vision.

French

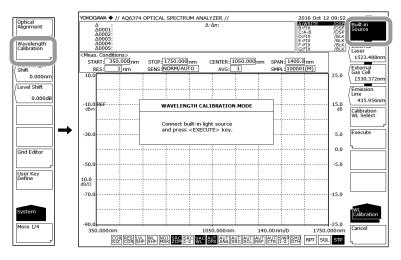


AVERTISSEMENT

Cet instrument dispose d'une source de lumière de référence intégrée pour les ajustements d'alignement. La lumière infrarouge est toujours émise depuis le connecteur de sortie optique. Ne regardez jamais directement dans le connecteur de sortie optique. La lumière infrarouge risquerait de gravement vous blesser ou de provoquer une perte de vision.

Wavelength Calibration Using the Internal Reference Light Source

- Turn the power to the instrument ON.
 Turn ON the MAIN POWER switch and press the POWER switch.
 For instructions on turning the power ON and OFF, see chapter 7 of the Getting Started Guide, IM AQ6374-02EN.
- 2. Use a $9.5/125 \mu m$ SM optical fiber to connect the instrument's optical input connector with the optical output connector.
- 3. Press the SYSTEM key. The soft key menu is displayed.
- 4. Press the Wavelength Calibration soft key.



- 5. Press the Built-in Source soft key.
- **6.** Press the **Execute** soft key. Wavelength calibration is executed for 2 minutes. The previous screen is displayed again after the calibration process ends.

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7. Press the **Cancel** soft key during wavelength calibration to cancel the wavelength calibration process.

Note:

- Always perform wavelength calibration after turning ON the power to the instrument and allowing the warm-up to finish.
- If you are using this instrument for the first time or using it after it has been severely shaken
 while being moved, you must perform the alignment adjustment procedure after warm-up
 ends.
- If the wavelength error of the instrument is outside of ±5 nm, you cannot perform wavelength
 calibration with the internal reference light source.
 (Readjustment required. Contact your nearest Yokogawa dealer.)

Wavelength Calibration Using the External Light Source

The user can calibrate the instrument using a third-party light source. However, the following light sources cannot be used for wavelength calibration.

Laser Type

- · When the specified wavelength is different from that of the calibration light source
- If the AQ6374's wavelength error is greater than or equal to ±5 nm, recalibration is necessary. Contact your nearest YOKOGAWA dealer.
- If the calibration light source level is less than or equal to -40 dBm

Emission Line Light Source Type

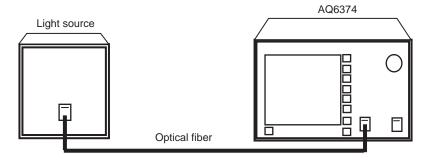
- When the specified wavelength is different from that of the calibration light source
- If multiple emission lines are included in the calibration wavelength ±0.5 nm range
- If the AQ6374's wavelength error is greater than or equal to ±0.5 nm, recalibration is necessary. Contact your nearest YOKOGAWA dealer.
- If the calibration light source level is less than approximately -65 dBm (varies depending on the wavelength)

Gas Cell Absorption Line Type

If you are using a reference light source with multiple absorption lines, and the
instrument's wavelength shift is greater than the wavelength interval of the absorption
lines (with the result that an adjacent absorption line is used as the reference
wavelength).

Connecting the External Light Source

- Turn the power to the instrument ON.
 Press the MAIN POWER switch and press the POWER switch.
 For instructions on turning the power ON and OFF, see chapter 7 of the Getting Started Guide, IM AQ6374-02EN.
- 2. Use a $9.5/125 \, \mu m$ single mode optical fiber to connect the external light source's optical output connector with the optical input connector.



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Note.

- Use a 9.5/125 µm single mode optical fiber.
- If you have to use an optical fiber with a large core diameter, such as when using an external emission line light source, use an optical fiber with a core diameter of 100 μ m or less. Correct wavelength calibration may not be obtained when the core diameter is larger than 100 μ m.

Setting the Type of External Light Source and the Calibration Wavelength Value

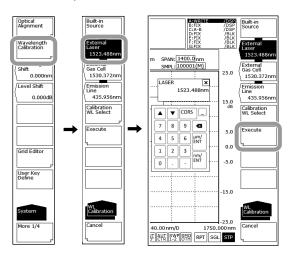
- 3. Press SYSTEM. The soft key menu is displayed.
- 4. Press the Wavelength Calibration soft key.

Set the type of external light source (laser, emission line or Gas Cell Absorption Line spectrum) and the calibration wavelength value.

There are four methods to set the wavelength value.

For Laser Type Light Sources

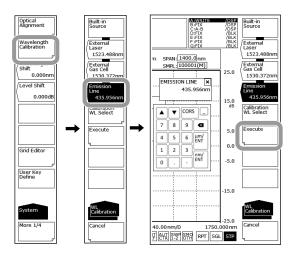
- **5.** Press the **External LASER** soft key. A screen for specifying the wavelength of the external light source is displayed.
- **6.** Select the laser wavelength value using the rotary knob or the arrow keys. The allowed wavelength range is 350–1750 nm.
- 7. Press nm/ENTER. The wavelength value is set.
- **8.** Press the **Execute** soft key. Wavelength calibration is executed. The previous screen is displayed again after the calibration process ends.
- **9.** Press the **Cancel** soft key during wavelength calibration to cancel the wavelength calibration process.



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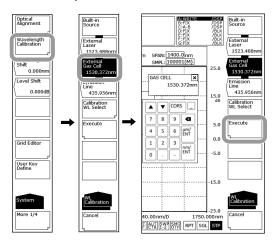
For Emission Line Light Source

- Press the Emission Line soft key.A screen for setting the external light source wavelength appears.
- **6.** Using the rotary knob or arrow keys, set the wavelength value of the emission line light source. The selectable wavelength range is 350–1750 nm.
- 7. Press nm/ENTER. The wavelength value is set.
- **8.** Press the **Execute** soft key. Wavelength calibration is executed. The previous screen is displayed again after the calibration process ends.
- **9.** Press the **Cancel** soft key during wavelength calibration to cancel the wavelength calibration process.



For Gas Cell Absorption Line Type Light Sources

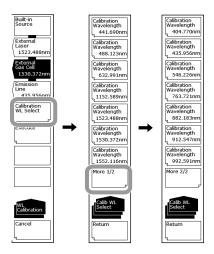
- **5.** Press the **External Gas Cell** soft key. A screen for specifying the wavelength of the external light source is displayed.
- **6.** Select the gas cell absorption line wavelength value using the rotary knob or the arrow keys. The allowed wavelength range is 350–1750 nm.
- 7. Press nm/ENTER. The wavelength value is set.
- **8.** Press the **Execute** soft key. Wavelength calibration is executed. The previous screen is displayed again after the calibration process ends.
- **9.** Press the **Cancel** soft key during wavelength calibration to cancel the wavelength calibration process.



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Using the Instrument's Internal Calibration Wavelength Value

- **4.** Press the **Calibration WL Select** soft key. The soft key menu changes to show wavelength values.
- **5.** Press the soft key corresponding to the appropriate wavelength value.
- **6.** Press the **Execute** soft key. Wavelength calibration is executed. The previous screen is displayed again after the calibration process ends.
- **7.** Press the **Cancel** soft key during wavelength calibration to cancel the wavelength calibration process.



Note.

- Always perform wavelength calibration after turning ON the power to the instrument and allowing the warm-up to finish.
- If you are using this instrument for the first time or using it after it has been severely shaken while being moved, you must perform the alignment adjustment procedure after warm-up ends.
- It is not necessary to perform calibration on multiple wavelengths. If calibration is performed on multiple wavelengths, only the results from the final calibration are applied.
- When performing wavelength calibration, specify on the instrument whether the wavelength
 is in the air or in a vacuum. The wavelength measurement will be erroneous if the setting is
 incorrect. The default is wavelength in a vacuum. The wavelength value of an external light
 source is set as a wavelength in a vacuum. For wavelengths in the air, change the setting.
 For the procedure, see section 4.2.

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Explanation

Instrument's Internal Calibration Wavelength Value

The wavelength value displayed in the soft key menu is for in the air or in a vacuum depending on the measurement wavelength setting on the instrument.

Measurement Wavelength Setting List

Wavelength in the air	Wavelength in a vacuum
441.565 nm	441.690 nm
487.986 nm	488.123 nm
632.816 nm	632.991 nm
1152.274 nm	1152.589 nm
404.656 nm	404.770 nm
435.834 nm	435.956 nm
546.074 nm	546.226 nm
763.511 nm	763.721 nm
881.941 nm	882.183 nm
912.297 nm	912.547 nm
992.319 nm	992.591 nm
1152.274 nm	1152.589 nm
1523.072 nm	1523.488 nm
1529.954 nm	1530.372 nm
1551.692 nm	1552.116 nm

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2.3 Purge



CAUTION

- NEVER use a flammable gas to purge the AQ6374.
- The purge gas must be free of moisture, oil, carbon dioxide and other reactive or infrared-absorbing materials.

French



ATTENTION

- N'utilisez JAMAIS de gaz inflammable pour purger le AQ6374.
- Le gaz de purge doit être exempt d'humidité, d'huile, de dioxyde de carbone et d'autres matériaux absorbant le rayonnement infrarouge.

Principles and objectives

Water vapor present in the monochromator absorb light in the 1350–1450 nm area, resulting in ripples in the measurement waveform.

The AQ6374 can be purged with high purity nitrogen or purge gas in order to reduce water vapor and carbon dioxide absorption lines in the measurement results. Nitrogen gas is recommended for AQ6374 which has hygroscopic optical components and ambient water vapor may interfere with measurements.



CAUTION

The instrument warranty will be void if damage is caused by the use of inappropriate facilities.

French



ATTENTION

La garantie de l'instrument est nulle si les dommages sont causés par l'utilisation de locaux inadaptés.

Nitrogen purge equipment

The nitrogen purge equipment is NOT supplied by YOKOGAWA, but the required hardware is available from appropriate commercial suppliers.

The on/off valve, the pressure regulator, the flowmeter and the tubing must be dry, oil-free and uncontaminated.

Supply tubing

The AQ6374 has 1/4" outer diameter quick connectors on the back panel. Use clean 1/4" outer diameter nylon tubing (6mm inner diameter) and never use rubber tubing.

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CAUTION

- Before purge with nitrogen, ensure that there is adequate ventilation in the room.
- The instrument warranty will be void if damage is caused by the use of inappropriate nitrogen and purge gas.

French



ATTENTION

- · Avant toute purge à l'azote, vérifiez que la pièce est correctement ventilée.
- La garantie de l'instrument est nulle si les dommages sont causés par l'utilisation d'azote ou d'air sec inadaptés.

Purge gas

Use ultra-high purity liquid nitrogen which must be 99.9999% pure grade with the heat exchanger is recommended. The gas temperature must be 23±5°C.

If compressed nitrogen must be used, the gas must be dry, oil-free and uncontaminated. Never use compressed nitrogen from a supplier who uses oil or water in the compression process.

Maximum rating

Pressure and flow rate of purge gas must be lower than the following maximum rating.

Pressure: 1.5 psig (0.01 MPaG) Flow rate: 25 SCFH (12 L/min)

Purge Gas Temperature Specifications

Gas temperature: 23±5°C

Note.

- A pressure regulator and precision flowmeter must be used.
- · Aprecision flowmeter with an adjustable needle valve is recommended.

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CAUTION

The instrument warranty will be void if damage is caused by incorrect setting of pressure and flow rate.

French



ATTENTION

La garantie de l'instrument est nulle si les dommages sont causés par un paramètre incorrect de pression ou de débit.

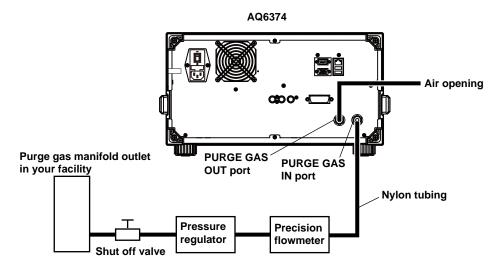
Installation and operation

The pressure regulator and the precision flowmeter must be inserted in the system between the purge gas manifold outlet in your facility and the AQ6374.

Moreover, gas out port of the AQ6374 must not be blocked and be sure, there is

Moreover, gas out port of the AQ6374 must not be blocked and be sure there is adequate ventilation in the room.

Recommended Equipments for Purge	QTY.	Comments
Shut off valve for 1/4" tubing	1	Must be free of oil
Adjustable pressure regulator	1	To regulate up to: 75 psig (0.5 MPaG)
Flowmeter with needle valve	1	To control up to: 25 SCFH (12 L/min)
1/4" outer diameter nylon tubing	As Required	Must not be rubber
Purge gas	As Required	99.9999% pure grade nitrogen gas recommended



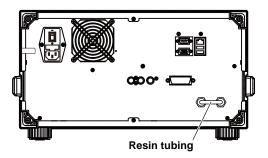
- 1. Open the purge gas shut off valve then adjust the pressure regulator to provide an appropriate supply pressure below the maximum rating of the precision flowmeter.
- **2.** Adjust the needle valve of the precision flowmeter slowly to provide an appropriate purge gas flow rate.
 - The internal moisture of the AQ6374 can be displaced by the purge gas within approx. 60 minutes using a flow rate of 21 SCFH (10 L/min).
- 3. To use the AQ6374 in a purged condition, perform alignment adjustment and wavelength calibration with the internal air replaced with purge gas.
 See section 2.1 for details on the alignment adjustment operation, and 2.2 for wavelength calibration.

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Note:

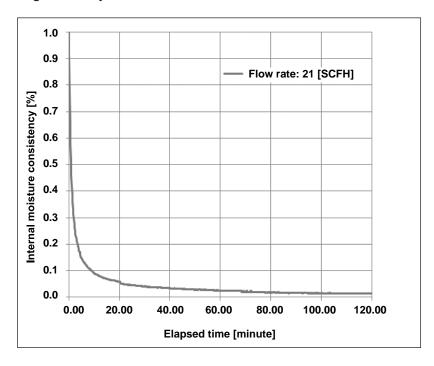
When the AQ6374 is shipped from the factory, a resin tube is attached to the PURGE GAS IN and PURGE GAS OUT terminals to prevent dust from entering the inside.

When installing required equipment and components, remove this resin tube.



The recommended purge gas flow rate into the AQ6374 is 21 SCFH (10 L/min). The figure below shows the purge efficiency by approximately 21 SCFH pure nitrogen gas flow rate.

Purge efficiency of the AQ6374



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2.4 Important Points During Measurement

Types of Optical Fibers

In addition to single mode optical fibers with core diameters of 5 to 9.5 μ m, and multimode (GI) optical fibers with core diameters of 50 and 62.5 μ m, the instrument can use large core size optical fibers of up to 800 mm. Functions may be limited or restricted depending on which type of optical fiber is used. The table below shows which of the typical types of fiber may be used and the limitations on their use.

Limitations on Wavelength Resolution

The maximum wavelength resolution for the instrument is 0.05 nm, which is only obtainable when using a single-mode optical fiber with a core diameter of 9.5 μ m or less. As shown in Table, the maximum wavelength resolution decreases when outside of this measurement wavelength range or when optical fibers with thicker core diameters are used.

Setting a resolution value finer than those shown in the table below will simply result in an inaccurate measurement level without improving resolution.

Optical fibers with a thick core diameter are especially useful for inputting spatial light for measurement, but they have poor resolution.

Choose the best type of optical fiber for your particular application.

Note that the instrument is designed for input through optical fiber only. It will not work with inputs that do not pass through optical fiber, such as direct input of a gas laser beam to the optical input connector, or bonding an LED to the optical input connector. It is important to note that optical spectrum measurements taken through such inputs are completely unreliable.

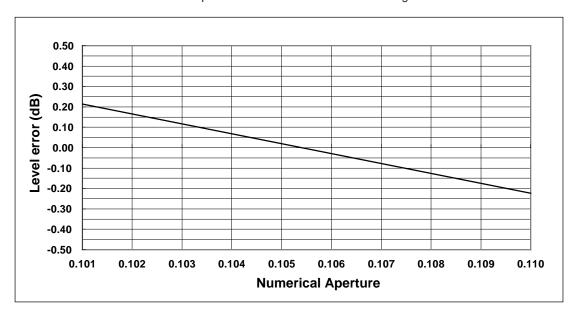
For spatial light measurements, input the spatial light to the optical fiber and from the optical fiber to the instrument.

Summary of usable optical fiber types and usage limitations

Optical Fiber		Obtained Wavelength	Absolute Level	CORE SIZE
Type	Core Diameter (in µm)	Resolution (in nm)	Accuracy	Setting
SM	5	0.05	NG	SMALL
SM	9.5	0.05	OK	SMALL
GI	50	0.20	NG	SMALL
GI	62.5	0.20	NG	SMALL
SI	50	0.20	NG	SMALL
SI	80	0.20	NG	SMALL
SI	100	0.50	NG	SMALL
SI	200	0.50	NG	LARGE
SI	400	1.00	NG	LARGE
SI	800	2.00	NG	LARGE

Input Optical Fiber Numerical Aperture (NA) and Level Measurement Values

The level measurement error of the instrument changes as shown in the figure below, according to the numerical aperture (NA) of the optical fiber connected to the input connector. The instrument's absolute level is calibrated using a 9.5/125 µm single-mode optical fiber (SSMA type in JIS C6835, with PC polishing, 9.5 µm mode field diameter, and 0.104 to 0.107 NA). Even if a single-mode optical fiber is used, the level accuracy will be outside the specifications if the NA is not in the range shown above.



Absolute Level Accuracy

The instrument's absolute level is calibrated with a 9.5 μ m single-mode optical fiber. In terms of actual capability, even single-mode optical fibers that do not have a core diameter of 9.5 μ m provide nearly the same level of accuracy.

Multimode (GI) fiber provides a relatively accurate spectrum if the light source is low-coherent light such as white light, natural light, or an LED. If the light source has high coherency as in the case of a laser beam, interference will occur inside the optical fiber, and the intensity distribution of light radiating from the fiber tip will vary according to the fiber form. As a result, the spectrum (measurement level) may fluctuate if the fiber is moved.

When an optical fiber with a large core diameter or large NA value is used, a low fraction of the light emitted from the optical fiber is received. Therefore, the measurement level is lower than the true value, but the optical spectrum is accurate in relative terms.

Level Accuracy below the Cutoff Wavelength (Short Wavelength) of a Connected Optical Fiber

With wavelengths at or below the cutoff level of the connected fiber, light propagates through the optical fiber in multiple modes. When high-coherent light from a light source such as a gas laser or DFB-LD light source propagates in multiple modes, speckle noise contained in the optical fiber output light may become unstable by the optical fiber's form, resulting in an inaccurate measurement level.

In such cases, improving the coupling between the light source and the optical fiber will lessen the level inaccuracy.

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Measurement Sensitivity and Vertical Axis Effective Range

When the measurement sensitivity is set to NORMAL HOLD, the internal amplifier has a fixed gain. Five different gains are set automatically according to the reference (REF) level setting. However, the effective range of measurement data is limited to the following range, using the reference (REF) level (dBm) as a reference.

REF-20 dBm < (effective range) < REF+10 dBm

If the level scale is set to 10 dB/DIV, the display would exceed the effective range, so the areas at 10 dB from the screen stop and 20 dB from the bottom are inaccurate. When measurement sensitivity is set to NORMAL HOLD, we recommend setting the level scale to 5 dB/DIV or less.

Under the measurement sensitivity settings NORMAL AUTO, MID, and HIGH 1–3, an automatic gain is used, permitting measurements over a wide level range through a single sweep. Select the appropriate sensitivity level based on the light reception level required for the particular measurement application.

Brightness of the installation location

The instrument's shielding specifications indicate use in common office or factory environments (with illumination of 300 to 1000 lx). Therefore, depending on the illumination in the installation location, the instrument may receive some ambient light which can affect measurements of light with small level measurement values. In particular, refrain use under sunlight or light of incandescent light bulbs. In such cases, turn lights around the instrument Off to reduce inaccuracies.

Location without Vibration

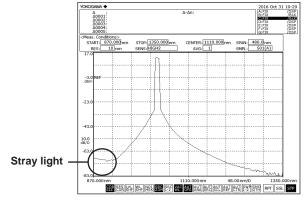
Do not install the instrument in a location subject to vibration. Use in a location that experiences large vibrations can lead to instability of operation, measurement stopping before completion, or notable decreases in accuracy of the wavelength and level axes.

Stray Light from the Monochromator

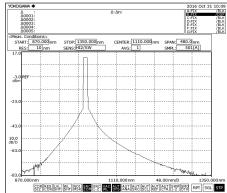
Selecting Chop Mode

The instrument has a newly designed, high-performance monochromator. Depending on the measurement conditions, stray light at a level 30 to 50 dB below the original spectrum, as well as other stray light specific to the monochromator may occur in wavelength areas 100 to 200 nm from the peak wavelength. If these stray lights have severe impact on measurements, you can set a higher resolution or set the sensitivity to MID or HIGH 1-3 and set Chop Mode to SWITCH in order to reduce their effects.

Stray light effects that appear at positions far away from the peak



Waveform with Chop Mode OFF



Chop Mode set to SWITCH

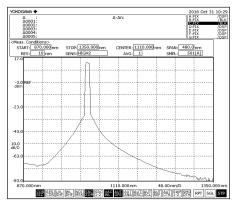
Chop Mode Function List

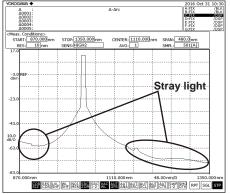
Chop Mode	Function	Merit	Defect
OFF	Measurement according to the stray light. Stray light suppression ratio: 40 dB or more	Measurement time is rapid even for high sensitivity measurements.	Since the stray light is also measured, the low level component is not accurate if the light source is of high power.
SWITCH	Two sweeps per measurement are performed. The first sweep measures the stray light component, and high dynamic measurement is possible through subtraction. Stray light suppression ratio: 60 dB or more	with stray light removed.	If the measurement duration is long, it is influenced by temporal changes in the measured light.

Selecting Fiber Core Size

When LARGE is selected, the stray light increases. Select an appropriate Fiber Core Size according to the core diameter of the optical fiber you will use.

Stray light effects that appear at positions far away from the peak when set to low resolution

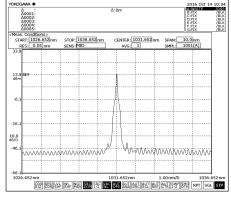


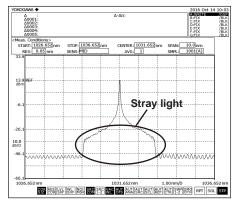


Waveform with Fiber Core Size SMALL

Fiber Core Size set to LARGE

Stray light effects that appear near the peak when set to high resolution





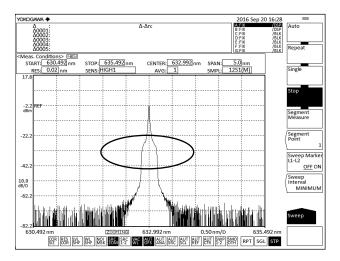
Waveform with CORE SIZE SMALL

CORE SIZE set to LARGE

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Waveforms when set to high resolution

When the resolution is set high (to 0.05 nm) for measurements of a light source such as a DFB laser in which with the spectral width is narrower than the instrument's resolution, very small spikes may occur at the skirts of the waveform. This type of spike occurs due to characteristics of the optical block and is not an indication of any problem. Even if such spikes occur, satisfactory performance in terms of resolution, dynamic range, and the like can be ensured. These spikes will disappear if the resolution is set to a coarser value.



Ripples in the 1350-1450 nm Area

Water (OH-) ions present in the monochromator absorb light in the 1350–1450 nm area, resulting in ripples in the measurement waveform. Either set a coarser resolution, use the monochromator in a lower-humidity environment, or execute the purge described on section 2.3 to reduce the amount of ripples.

Switching the diffraction order, sensor or high order optical cut filter during a sweep

There are times when the diffraction order, sensor or high order optical cut filter is switched from the sweep interval. All switching is performed automatically. When sweeping a range including a switching point, the sweep pauses after reaching (measuring) the switching point, then the filter/order is switched, and sweeping resumes.

Switching of the Diffraction Order

The instrument can measure wider bandwidths by changing the diffraction order according to the wavelength to be measured. The instrument switches between second and first order diffracted light for its measurements. The division of orders is shown in the figure below.



Switches at 570 nm when the center wavelength is set to 575 nm or higher Switches at 580 nm when the center wavelength is set to less than 575 nm

Division of diffraction orders

When the order is switched, the effective resolution changes. Thus, when measuring a light source having an optical spectrum with a wide wavelength range, the measurement level becomes discontinuous at the point where the order is switched, and steps can occur. To keep these steps as far as possible from the center of the screen, the switching point changes according to the center wavelength setting as shown in the figure above.

These waveform steps caused by the changes in effective resolution can be corrected by using the following functions.

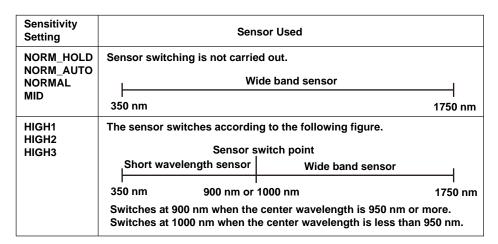
- Power spectral density Display function
 When the Power spectral density Display function is ON, the level axis shows the power spectral density per nanometer. That is, it is corrected to be able to obtain a constant measured value regardless of the setting resolution. In this case, the waveform steps are reduced because the change in effective resolution occurring at the order switching point is also corrected to power spectral density per nanometer.
- Resolution Correction function
 When the Resolution Correction function is ON, measured data is processed by
 the software so that the set resolution of each wavelength matches the effective
 resolution. In this case, the waveform steps are reduced because the amount of
 change in effective resolution occurring at the order switching point is also corrected
 so that the effective resolution is constant at each wavelength.

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Sensor Switching

The AQ6374 can measure at high sensitivity by switching the sensor according to the specified sensitivity and the wavelength band to be measured.

Sensor switching is as follows. Sensor switching is carried out automatically.



Switching High Order Optical Cut Filters

The instrument uses optical filters to cut orders of light that are higher and lower than the orders to be measured. Therefore, the higher and lower orders of light not to be measured are kept to lower levels than those in the correct optical spectrum.

There are three types of optical filters. Because the filter is switched for each wavelength band, there is a maximum of two filter switching locations during a single sweep. The filter switching wavelengths are shown in the table.

Filter Switching Wavelengths

Filter switching point	Switching wavelength		
1 570 nm when the center wavelength is set to 575 nm or h			
	580 nm when the center wavelength is set to less than 575 nm		
2	900 nm when the center wavelength is set to 950 nm or higher		
	1000 nm when the center wavelength is set to less than 950 nm		

It is impossible to completely eliminate the unwanted higher and lower orders of light by using optical filters. The formation of "false" spectra from the unwanted higher and lower orders is suppressed, but not entirely. Therefore it is important to know where "false" spectra (hereinafter ghost spectra) can appear.

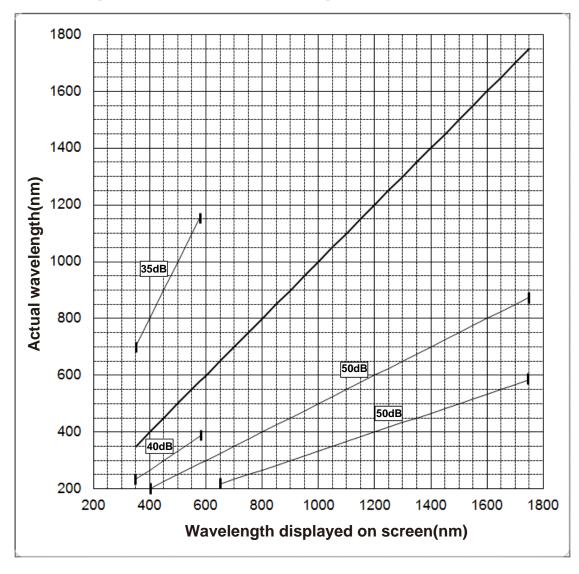
The following figure is a graph of the wavelengths of input light versus the wavelengths that actually appear on the screen. The horizontal axis is the wavelengths displayed on the screen, and the vertical axis is the actual wavelengths.

In addition, the solid lines on the graph indicate the wavelengths of input light versus the displayed wavelengths. The thick solid line displays the correct optical spectral correspondence (obviously the wavelengths of input light match the displayed wavelengths), and the thin solid lines show the correspondence of the ghost caused by high order light and low order light.

The numbers appearing next to the thin lines indicate how much the ghost is suppressed relative to the correct optical spectrum. Note that these values are approximate, and are not guaranteed.

For example, when a 400 nm light is input, if a horizontal line is drawn from 400 nm on the vertical axis, a wavelength is displayed at points where the line crosses one of the lines on the graph. From this you can see that a ghost can appear at 800 nm in addition to the correct optical spectrum at 400 nm. Also, you can see that this ghost is suppressed down to a level of 50 dB or lower relative to the correct optical spectrum.

Relationship between displayed and actual wavelength [When measured at HIGH1 to HIGH3]



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Description of Soft Keys 3.1

When you press a function key, the soft key menu (inside the screen) located on the right side of the screen changes.

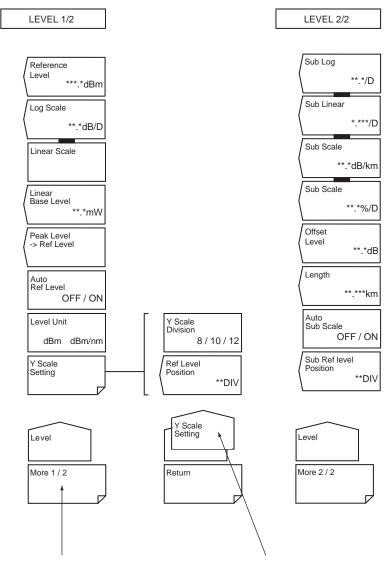
The soft key menus are designed to provide a certain level intuitiveness, with the individual soft keys having particular forms which make them easy to understand.

Forms and Behavior

This is a normal soft key. Press to execute its function immediately.
Contains a submenu. Indicates that there is a submenu of additional items related to the current item. Press to display the submenu.
A separate window will be displayed. Press to display a separate window in the screen for entry of numerical parameters. A submenu and separate window will be displayed.
Press to move to the submenu and display a separate window. This softkey returns to the previous menu.
Press to display the previous soft key menu. This is a selection soft key.
Select one of the soft keys connected with the black band. When selected, the soft key is displayed in reverse video. Several soft keys can be connected.

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Display Examples



The Level soft key menu is split into two parts. This key switches between the menus. In addition, in some cases this may change to a function that closes the window. For example, when the More 1/2 soft key is pressed, the menu changes to the Level 2/2 soft key menu, and the key display changes to More 2/2.

Shows the submenu of the soft key menu. In this example, the soft key menu is within the Y Scale Setting submenu (for display only, no keys are available).

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3.2 Using the Mouse and External Keyboard

Using the Mouse

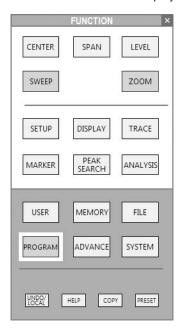
With a connected mouse you can perform the same operations as with the instrument's panel keys. Also, if you move the mouse pointer over the item in the menu screen that you wish to select and click it, the instrument responds exactly as if you had pressed the corresponding soft key. The USB mouse is connected to the USB interface on the front panel of the instrument.

For details on connecting a mouse, see chapter 6 in IM AQ6374-02EN.

Operations the Same as the Panel Keys

Displaying the Top Menu

Right-click the mouse in the screen. The names of the front panel keys in the instrument's FUNCTION section are displayed.



Selecting Items

Move the pointer to the item you wish to select and click. A setting menu for the selected item appears. The list of front panel key names disappears.

Clearing the List of Front Panel Keys

Move the pointer away from the list of front panel keys and click.

Operations the Same as the Soft Keys

Selecting Functions from the Soft Key Menu

Move the pointer to the soft key you wish to select and click. A screen corresponding to the action of the soft key appears.

Using the External Keyboard

The functions of each of the front panel keys of the instrument are assigned to keyboard keys, allowing you to manipulate them with a keyboard just as you would by using the instrument's panel keys.

The panel key correspondence table below shows the correspondences between the panel keys and the keys on the keyboard. Also, you can directly enter labels, file names, and numbers.

Panel Key Correspondence Table

Type		Function	External	Description
			Keyboard	
	Sweep	SWEEP	[SHIFT]+[F1]	Executes/sets sweep
		CENTER	[SHIFT]+[F2]	Sets measurement center
	Meas.			wavelength
	settings	SPAN	[SHIFT]+[F3]	Sets measurement span
		LEVEL	[SHIFT]+[F4]	Sets level axis
		SETUP	[SHIFT]+[F5]	Sets resolution, sensitivity, etc.
	Display	TRACE	[SHIFT]+[F6]	Sets trace
	settings	ZOOM	[SHIFT]+[F7]	Sets display scale
FUNCTION	Settings	DISPLAY	[SHIFT]+[F8]	Sets screen display
	Analysis functions	MARKER	[SHIFT]+[F9]	Sets marker
		SEARCH	[SHIFT]+[F10]	PEAK/BOTTOM search function
	Tarrottorio	ANALYSIS USER	[SHIFT]+[F11]	Sets analysis function
	Other	MEMORY	[ALT]+[F1] [ALT]+[F2]	User settings menu Memory
		FILE	[ALT]+[F3]	Saves/opens files, file actions
		PROGRAM	[ALT]+[F4]	Program Functions
		ADVANCE	[ALT]+[F5]	Advanced functions
		SYSTEM	[ALT]+[F6]	System settings
Soft keys		F1 to F9	F1 to F9	Depends on FUNCTION menu
		UNDO/LOCAL	[ALT]+[F9]	Local: UNDO function
				Remote: Returns to the local state.
Auvilion	v kovo	COPY	[ALT]+[F10]	Screen copy
Auxiliar	y keys	PRESET	[ALT]+[F11]	Clears settings except remote settings
		HELP	[ALT]+[F12]	Displays Help (use UNDO/ LOCAL to exit Help)
		Numeric keypad	0123456789	Numeric value input
DATA ENTRY		BACK SPACE	Back Space	Deletes one character from input
				value
		um/ENTER	None	Confirms entry
		nm/ENTER	ENTER	Confirms entry
		Rotary knob	[→],[←]	Changes numeric values/items
		Arrow keys ([UP]	[↑],[↓]	Numeric value one-step change,
		[DOWN])		item change, table scrolling
		COARSE	[ALT]+[N]	Switches between fine and
				coarse encoder

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3.3 Entering Numerical Values and Strings

Entering Numerical Values

You can use the numeric keypad, rotary knob, or arrow keys in the DATA ENTRY section.

 Press the soft key of a parameter. The currently set value is shown in the parameter input window.

Direct Entry Using the Numeric Keypad

- **2.** Press a numeric keypad key. The numeric keypad input area appears, and the number of the pressed key is displayed.
- 3. After entering a numerical value, press the μm/ENTER or nm/ENTER key depending on the unit of the input parameter. The value in the numeric keypad input area appears in the parameter input window, and is set internally. If a parameter does not have a unit associated with it, you can use either the μm/ENTER or nm/ENTER key.

If you make an error when inputting values with the numeric keypad:

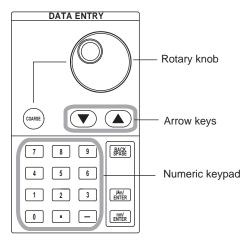
4. Press **BACK SPACE**. The last (right-most) entered character in the numeric keypad input area is removed, allowing entry of the correct character.

Note.

- If the value entered with the numeric keypad is not in the allowed value range, the nearest allowed value will be set.
- By holding the BACK SPACE key down, you can erase the entire entry in the numeric keypad input area and make the numeric keypad input area disappear, returning to the condition preceding numeric keypad input.

Entry Using the Rotary Knob and Arrow Keys

- **2.** Continuing on from step 1, turn the rotary knob, or press an arrow key. The currently set value is changed.
- 3. When you press the COARSE key the digit of the setting to be changed rises, or the numeric value increase/decrease step increases. Press the COARSE key again to restore the previous digit/step.
 When COARSE is selected, the COARSE key lights.



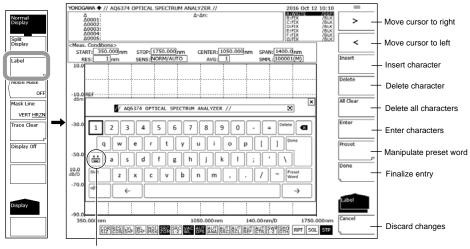
Entering Strings

Character strings can be entered from the keyboard displayed on screen using the rotary knob and soft keys.

Entry Procedure

The following is an example of entering a label.

- 1. Press **DISPLAY**. The soft key menu for the screen display appears.
- 2. Press the Label soft key. The keyboard is displayed.



Changing the screen for entering the character string

- **3.** Move the cursor to the keyboard that you wish to enter. Use the rotary knob or arrow keys to move the cursor in the keyboard.
- **4.** Press the **Enter** soft key. The character selected at the cursor position in the keyboard is displayed.
- **5.** To move the cursor, or insert or delete a character in the label input area, press the corresponding soft key.
- **6.** When the character string is entered, press the **Done** soft key. The input character string is entered.

Note.

- In addition to when pressing DISPLAY, the character input screen appears whenever a string must be entered on the instrument, such as when entering a file name for saving a file
- Numerical input can be performed directly from the numeric key pad.
- You can change the character string input screen by clicking in of the keyboard.



· You can select the keyboard type (QWERTY/QWERTZ). For the procedure, see section 8.6.

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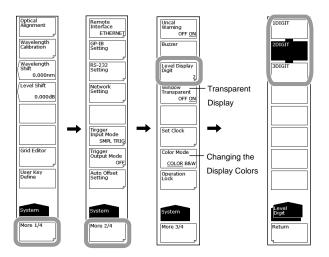
3.4 Screen Display

Procedure

- 1. Press **SYSTEM**. The soft key menu is displayed.
- 2. Press the **More 1/4** soft key two times. The soft key menu switches to the More 3/4 screen.

Setting the Number of Displayed Digits for Level Data

- **3.** Press the **Level Display Digit** soft key. The digit setting menu is displayed.
- 4. Press the soft key corresponding to the desired number of digits.
 - **1DIGIT** Sets the number of level data display digits (below the decimal point) to 1 digits.
 - **2DIGIT** Sets the number of level data display digits (below the decimal point) to 2 digits.
 - **3DIGIT** Sets the number of level data display digits (below the decimal point) to 3 digits.



Transparent Display

3. Continuing on from step 2, press the Window Transparent OFF ON soft key. Transparent display turns ON or OFF. When ON, the parameter input window and overview display window are displayed transparently.

Changing the Display Colors

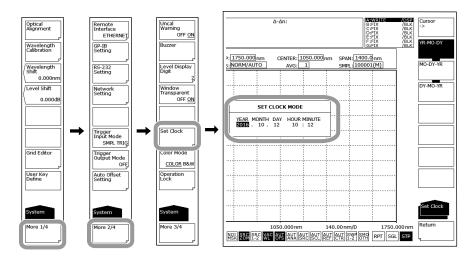
3. Continuing on from step 2, press the **Color Mode** soft key. The display colors turns COLOR or B&W (black-and-white).

3.5 Setting the Date and Time

The AQ6374 displays the date and time in the upper right corner of the screen. This information is used when outputting to a printer, or for a time stamp when recording data.

Displaying the Date and Time Dialog Box

- 1. Press SYSTEM. The soft key menu is displayed.
- Press the More soft key two times. The soft key menu switches to the More 3/4 screen
- 3. Press the Set Clock soft key. The internal clock setting screen is displayed.



Entering the Date and Time

- **4.** Press the **CURSOR** -> soft key, then move the cursor to the item you wish to input. The cursor moves each time you press the soft key.
- 5. Press a numeric key button to enter a number.
- 6. Press ENTER. The input number is entered.

Changing the Display Format

7. Press the MO-DY-YR soft key.

The date is displayed in the order Month, Day, Year.

Press the DY-MO-YR soft key.

The date is displayed in the order Day, Month, Year.

Press the YR-MO-DY soft key.

The date is displayed in the order Year, Month, Day.

Concluding the Settings

8. Press the **Return** soft key. The settings are concluded, and the screen returns to the previous stage.

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4.1 Auto Measurement

Procedure

This key automatically sets the optimal measurement conditions for the light source being measured, and performs measurement.

- 1. Press **SWEEP**. The soft key menu regarding sweeping appears.
- **2.** Press the **Auto** soft key. The soft key display reverses, and auto measurement executes.



Explanation

The wavelength range of input light that can be auto-measured is $350-1750 \ \text{nm}$.

The following four items are set automatically, after which measurement is performed.

- · Center wavelength (Center Wavelength)
- · Sweep width (Span Wavelength)
- Reference level (Reference Level)
- · Resolution (Resolution)

After performing one auto sweep and setting optimal measurement conditions, a repeat sweep is made for measurement.

During the automatic setting, only the following keys are enabled: Repeat, Single, Stop, and UNDO/LOCAL (when under remote control).

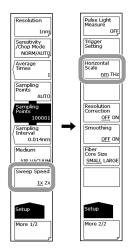
4.2 Horizontal/Vertical Axis Settings

Procedure

Setting Up the Horizontal Axis

The units of the horizontal axis can be set to wavelength or frequency.

- 1. Press **SETUP**. The soft key menu for sweep condition settings appears.
- 2. Press the More soft key. The soft key menu switches to the More 2/2 screen.
- **3.** Press the **Horizontal Scale nm/THz** soft key. The units for the horizontal axis switch from THz to nm, or viceversa.



Note

Pressing the Horizontal Scale nm/THz soft key repeatedly toggles between nm and THz.

Setting the Measured Wavelength to Air Wavelength or Vacuum Wavelength

- 1. Press **SETUP**. The soft key menu for sweep condition settings appears.
- **2.** Press the **Medium** soft key. The measured wavelength is changed to either a vacuum wavelength or an air wavelength.

Note

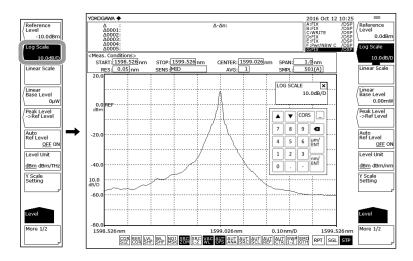
- This function only applies to measurements taken after the setting is selected. Previously measured waveforms are not affected.
- If vacuum wavelength is set, WLC is displayed at the very bottom of the screen in inverse video.

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Setting Up the Vertical Axis

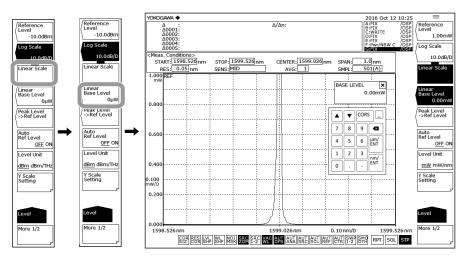
Setting to Log Scale Display

- 1. Press LEVEL. The soft key menu for vertical axis settings appears along with the reference level setting screen.
- Press the Log Scale soft key. The vertical axis is displayed with the currently specified log scale values. At the same time, the log scale value setting screen is displayed.
- 3. Enter a log scale value using the rotary knob, arrow keys, or numeric key pad.
- 4. Press ENTER.



Setting to Linear Scale Display

- Press LEVEL. The soft key menu for vertical axis settings appears along with the reference level setting screen.
- 2. Press the **Linear Scale** soft key. The vertical axis is displayed with the currently specified linear scale values.
- **3.** Press the **Linear Base Level** soft key. A screen for setting the lower-end value of the level scale is displayed.
- 4. Enter a value using the rotary knob, arrow keys, or numeric key pad.
- 5. Press ENTER.

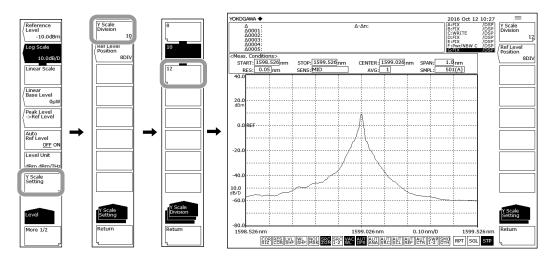


Setting to Power Spectral Density Display (Setting Units for the Vertical Axis)

- 1. Press LEVEL.
- 2. Press the Level Unit soft key. When the vertical axis is log scale, the instruments toggle between dBm and dBm/nm each time you press the key. With a linear scale, it scrolls through nW, μW, mW, or pW, and nW/nm, μW/nm, mW/nm or pW/nm.

Setting the Number of Vertical Axis Divisions (for Log Scale)

- 1. Press LEVEL.
- 2. Press the Log Scale soft key.
- 3. Press the Y Scale Setting soft key. The level scale setting menu is displayed.
- **4.** Press the **Y Scale Division** soft key. The soft key menu for selecting a number of divisions is displayed.
- **5.** Press a soft key corresponding to **8**, **10**, or **12** divisions. The level axis is displayed with divisions as selected.



Note

- This is only available when the main scale is a log scale.
- When it is a linear scale, the number of divisions is fixed at 10.

Reference Level Screen Position Setting (for Log Scale)

- 4. Continuing on from step 3, press the Reference Level Position soft key. A screen for setting the screen position of the reference level (REF position) is displayed.
- **5.** Enter a value starting from the bottom of the screen using the rotary knob, arrow keys, or numeric key pad. The setting range is 0 to 12. The setting resolution is steps of 1, or steps of 1-2-5 when **COARSE** is pressed.
- 6. Press ENTER.

Note .

- This is only available when the main scale is a log scale.
- If the REF position value is larger than the number of divisions, it is forcibly reduced to the number of divisions.
- When using linear scale, the REF position is at the top (fixed to 10 divisions).

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Explanation

Wavelength Display Mode

- · Displays the measured waveform with the wavelength on the X axis.
- · The measurement scale and display scale are set based on the wavelength.
- The X axis unit for marker values and analysis function results is wavelength.

Frequency Display Mode

- Displays the measured waveform with the frequency on the X axis.
- The measurement scale and display scale are set based on the frequency.
- The X axis unit for marker values and analysis function results is frequency.

Display Units of the X-Axis and Marker Values

The display unit for the marker value (wavelength or frequency) can be set independently of the waveform display's horizontal axis units (wavelength or frequency) that were specified using the HORIZON SCALE nm/THz soft key under SETUP. (Default: nm) (This key can be used to enter settings such as frequency display mode on the X axis and wavelength display mode for the marker value.)

Note:

The MARKER UNIT nm THz soft key's setting changes in conjunction with the setting of the HORZN SCALE soft key. However, changing the MARKER UNIT nm THz soft key's setting does not change the setting for the HORIZON SCALE nm/THz soft key.

Log Scale **.*dB/D

This key switches the vertical axis to LOG display and sets the level scale.

The setting range is 0.1 to 10.0 dB/DIV. Settings can be adjusted in steps of 0.1 dB. If you press the COARSE key you can change the numerical value in 1-2-5 steps, for example: 1dB/DIV -> 2dB/DIV -> 5dB/DIV.

When the setting is changed, the displayed waveform is redrawn according to the changed scale.

If the value is set to a scale larger than 5 dB/DIV in range fixing mode (SENS:NORMAL/HOLD) or pulse light measurement mode, the waveform will not be correctly measured in the vertical direction so a warning is displayed.

Measurement Sensitivity and Vertical Axis Effective Range

When the measurement sensitivity is set to NORMAL HOLD, the internal amplifier has a fixed gain. Five different gains are set automatically according to the reference (REF) level setting. However, the effective range of measurement data is limited to the following range, using the reference (REF) level (dBm) as a reference.

REF-20 dBm < (effective range) < REF+10 dBm

If the level scale is set to 10 dB/DIV, the display would exceed the effective range, so the areas at 10 dB from the screen stop and 20 dB from the bottom are inaccurate. When measurement sensitivity is set to NORMAL HOLD, we recommend setting the level scale to 5 dB/DIV or less.

Under the measurement sensitivity settings NORMAL AUTO, MID, and HIGH 1–3, an automatic gain is used, permitting measurements over a wide level range through a single sweep. Select the appropriate sensitivity level based on the light reception level required for the particular measurement application.

Linear Scale

This key is used to set the main scale to linear scale.

Settings per 1 DIV are set in the reference level.

Linear Base Level **.*mW

Value when the vertical axis is linear scale, you can set the level scale low-end. This is not available when using a log scale.

The setting range is 0.0 to REF level x 0.9. Settings can be adjusted in steps of 0.1. The value changes in steps of 1 if you press the COARSE key. Values can only be set in the instrument set for the REF level.

When the setting is changed, the displayed waveform is redrawn according to the changed scale.

The scale display in the upper left part of the waveform is 1/10 the value (*W/D) of the reference (REF) level minus the low-end (BASE) level.

For information on the REF level setting, see section 5.4, "Setting the Reference Level."

Level Unit dBm dBm/nm

When the vertical axis is log scale, the display toggles between dBm and dBm/nm.

dBm: Power per resolution (absolute power)

dBm/nm: Power per 1 nm (power spectral density)

For information on the use of dBm and dBm/nm, see "Power Spectral Density Display" in section 2.2, "Measurement."

Level Unit mW mW/nm

When the level axis uses a linear scale, the display switches between nW, μ W, mW, or pW (absolute power), and nW/nm, μ W/nm, mW/nm or pW/nm (power spectral density).

Power Spectral Density Display

The power per 1 nm is called the power spectral density.

The level axis of the AQ6374 indicates the absolute power per wavelength resolution. For example, if the resolution is set to 0.1 nm, the power per 0.1 nm will be displayed.

Since the optical spectrum of such devices as a gas laser or a laser diode is narrower than the wavelength resolution of the instrument, the entire power is accommodated within the band of a resolution. Therefore, the measured power (peak level) is equal to the total power of the light source. This instrument has been calibrated to display accurate power under such conditions.

On the other hand, natural light or lights such as fluorescent lamps or LEDs, have, in many cases, optical spectrums wider than the wavelength resolution set for the instrument. Therefore, if the instrument measures these lights, measured power will vary, depending on the resolution setting.

In order to deal with this issue, the instrument is equipped with the dBm dBm/nm soft key to allow the level axis displays to switch from the absolute power (dBm, mW, μ W, nW, pW) per resolution to power spectral density (dBm/nm, mW/nm, μ W/nm, nW/nm, pW/nm). In the case of power spectral density displays, a measured value is converted to power per 1 nm. Therefore, whatever resolution is used for measurement, certain measured values will always be available.

Differences in usage between the absolute power display and the power spectral density display are shown below:

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Absolute power display: measurement of light sources with narrow spectrum widths, such as gas lasers or laser diodes.

Power spectral density display: measurement of light sources with wide spectrum widths, such as natural light or LEDs.

If the subtraction function between traces is used for such cases as A-B(A/B) \rightarrow C or B-A(B/A) \rightarrow C, results will be the same whether the absolute power display or the power spectral density display is used.

Since the power measurement function performs different calculations according to the level axis display, correct results will be available whichever display is employed.

Note -

Specifications such as level accuracy, measurement level range, and level linearity of the instrument are provided for the absolute power display.

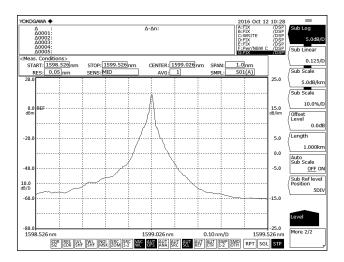
4.3 Sub Scale

Procedure

The level scale is displayed based on relative values when a differential waveform (based on LOG values) or normalized waveform is displayed. A level scale based on relative values is called a sub scale.

Displaying the Sub Scale

Following section 5.5, "Displaying MATH Waveforms" or section 5.6, "Normalized Display," you can select a display waveform of differential or normalized.



Automatic Scaling of the Sub Scale

- 1. Press LEVEL. The soft key menu for vertical axis settings appears.
- 2. Press the More 1/2 soft key. The soft key menu for the sub scale appears.
- 3. Press Auto Sub Scale OFF ON soft key to select ON.

Setting the Sub Scale REF Position

- 1. Press LEVEL.
- 2. Press the More 1/2 soft key.
- **3.** Press the **Sub Ref level Position** soft key. The REF position setting screen is displayed.
- **4.** Enter a value using the rotary knob, arrow keys, or numeric key pad.

Note

The sub scale is displayed when a differential waveform (based on LOG values) and normalized waveform are displayed. When these waveforms are displayed over a waveform based on absolute values, the absolute value scale is shown on the left and the relative value scale is shown simultaneously on the right. If the left scale (main scale) is changed to LOG (8 DIV) or linear (10 DIV), the sub scale is displayed to correspond to the DIV count on the main scale.

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Log Display of the Sub Scale

- 1. Press LEVEL. The soft key menu for vertical axis settings appears.
- 2. Press the More 1/2 soft key. The soft key menu for the sub scale appears.
- 3. Press the Sub Log soft key. The sub scale is displayed with the currently specified log scale values. At the same time, the log scale value setting screen is displayed.
- **4.** Enter a value using the rotary knob, arrow keys, or numeric key pad.
- 5. Press ENTER.

Setting the Sub Scale Units to dB/km

- 1. Press LEVEL.
- 2. Press the More 1/2 soft key.
- 3. Press the Sub Scale **.*dB/km soft key. The instruments of the sub scale change to dB/km. At the same time, the log scale value setting screen is displayed.
- 4. Enter a value using the rotary knob, arrow keys, or numeric key pad.
- 5. Press ENTER.

When displaying the loss characteristics of the optical fiber per unit of length (km)

- 6. Continuing on from step 5, press the Length soft key. The optical fiber length entry screen appears.
- 7. Enter a value using the rotary knob, arrow keys, or numeric key pad.
- 8. Press ENTER.

Setting the Sub Scale Offset Value

- 1. Press LEVEL.
- 2. Press the More 1/2 soft key.
- 3. Press the Offset Level soft key. The offset value (sub scale REF value) setting screen is displayed.
- 4. Enter a value using the rotary knob, arrow keys, or numeric key pad.
- 5. Press ENTER.

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Setting the Sub Scale to Linear Display

- 1. Press LEVEL. The soft key menu for vertical axis settings appears.
- 2. Press the More 1/2 soft key. The soft key menu for the sub scale appears.
- Press the Sub Linear soft key. The sub scale is displayed with the currently specified linear scale values. At the same time, the linear scale value setting screen is displayed.
- 4. Enter a value using the rotary knob, arrow keys, or numeric key pad.
- 5. Press ENTER.

Setting the Sub Scale Units to %/D

- 1. Press LEVEL.
- 2. Press the More 1/2 soft key.
- **3.** Press the **Sub Scale** **.*%/**D** soft key. The instruments of the sub scale display change to %. At the same time, the log scale value setting screen is displayed.
- 4. Enter a value using the rotary knob, arrow keys, or numeric key pad.
- 5. Press ENTER.

Setting the Sub Scale Lower-End Value

- 1. Press LEVEL.
- 2. Press the More 1/2 soft key.
- **3.** Press the **Scale Minimum** soft key. The sub scale lower end value setting screen is displayed.
- 4. Enter a value using the rotary knob, arrow keys, or numeric key pad.
- 5. Press ENTER.

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Explanation

Sub Scale **.*dB/km

(Setting the sub scale to dB/km)

The setting range is 0.1 to 10.0 dB/km. Settings can be adjusted in steps of 0.1. If you press the COARSE key you can change the numerical value in 1-2-5 steps, for example: 1dB/DIV -> 2cB/DIV -> 5dB/DIV.

When the setting is changed, the displayed waveform is redrawn according to the changed scale.

Sub Scale ***.*%/D

(Sets the sub scale to %.)

The setting range is 0.5 to 125 %/D. Settings can be adjusted in steps of 0.1. The value changes in steps of 1-2-5 if you press the COARSE key.

When the setting is changed, the displayed waveform is redrawn according to the changed scale.

Offset Level

(Sets the offset value. This is enabled when the sub scale is dB/D or dB/km.

The range that can be set is as follows.)

For dB/D: 0-±99.9 dB. Settings can be adjusted in steps of 0.1. The value changes in steps of 1 if you press the COARSE key.

For dB/km: $0-\pm 99.9$ dB/km in steps of 0.1.

Scale Minimum

(Sets the scale lower-end value. This is available when the sub scale is Linear or %.

The range that can be set is as follows.)

For Linear: 0 to the sub scale value (***.*/D) x 10 For %: 0 to the sub scale value (***.*%/D) x 10

Length **.***km

(Sets the length of the optical fiber. This is available when the sub scale is dB/km.) The setting range is 0.001 to 99.999 km. Settings can be adjusted in steps of 0.001. The value changes in steps of 1-2-5 if you press the COARSE key.

Auto Sub Scale OFF/ON

(Turns OFF/ON the function for automatically scaling the sub scale following calculation.) When set to ON, during trace C display, Sub Log or Sub Linear and Offset Level change automatically. When these are changed, the displayed waveform is redrawn according to the changed scale.

When set to ON, SCL is displayed at the bottom of the screen in inverse video.

Sub Ref level Position **DIV

(Sets the sub scale REF position.)

The REF position is set at DIV number **, counting from the bottom of the screen.

The setting range is 0 to 12. Settings can be adjusted in steps of 1. The value changes in steps of 1-2-5 if you press the COARSE key.

4.4 Setting the Reference Level

Procedure

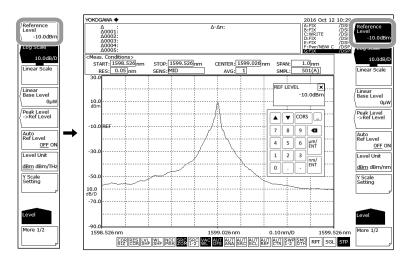
There are two ways of setting the reference level.

- · Press the Reference Level soft key.
- · Use the one-action key.

The following explains these procedures.

Settings by Pressing the Reference Level Soft Key (Log Scale)

- 1. Press **LEVEL**. The soft key menu for vertical axis settings appears along with the reference level setting screen.
- 2. When the vertical axis is not using a log scale, press the **Log Scale** soft key. If a log scale is displayed, continue to step 4.
- **3.** Press the **Reference Level** soft key. The reference level setting screen is displayed.
- 4. Enter a reference value using the rotary knob, arrow keys, or numeric key pad.
- 5. Press ENTER.



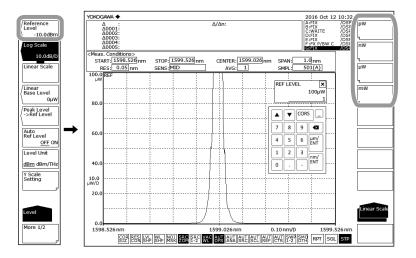
Note

The vertical axis setting is applied in real time on the waveform display.

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Setting by Pressing the Reference Level Soft Key (Linear Scale)

- 1. Press **LEVEL**. The soft key menu for vertical axis settings appears along with the reference level setting screen.
- **2.** When the vertical axis is not using a linear scale, press the **Linear Scale** soft key. If a linear scale is displayed, continue to step 4.
- **3.** Press the **Reference Level** soft key. The reference level setting screen is displayed.
- **4.** Enter a reference value using the rotary knob, arrow keys, or numeric key pad. When a value is input a soft key menu for selecting the instrument appears.
- **5.** Press the soft key corresponding to the desired units. The reference level is set.



Note

When entered with the rotary knob or arrow keys, the reference level is set using the current units.

Setting by Using the One-Action Key

Sets the peak level of the waveform as the reference level.

- 1. Press LEVEL.
- Press the Peak level -> Ref Level soft key. The specified reference level is displayed, and the displayed waveform is redrawn according to the changed reference level.



Automatically sets the peak level of the waveform measured every sweep as the reference level.

Continuing on from step 1, press the Auto Ref Level OFF/ON soft key to select ON.

Note.

- Sets the peak level of the measured waveform of the active trace as the reference level.
- This does not operate if the active trace is not set to WRITE (i.e., if it is set to MAX HOLD, MIN HOLD, CALCULATE, or ROLL AVG).
- When set to ON, REF is displayed at the bottom of the screen in inverse video.

Sets the moving marker level as the reference level.

- 1. Press MARKER.
- With the moving marker displayed, press the Marker-> Ref Level soft key. The specified reference level is displayed, and the displayed waveform is redrawn according to the changed reference level.

For details on displaying moving markers, see the explanation in section 6.8.



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Explanation

Log Scale (Reference Level)

The setting range for the log scale reference level is -90.0–30.0 dBm. Settings can be adjusted in steps of 0.1. The value changes in steps of 1 if you press the COARSE key.

Linear Scale (Reference Level)

The setting range for the linear scale reference level is 1.00 pW-1000 mW.

When 1.00 to 9.99 (pW, nW, μ W, mW), can be set in steps of 0.01.

When 10.0 to 99.9 (pW, nW, μ W, mW), can be set in steps of 0.1.

When 100 to 999 (pW, nW, µW, mW), can be set in steps of 1.

If you press the COARSE key you can change the setting in 1-2-5 steps,

for example: 1pW -> 2pW -> 5pW -> 10pW -> 20pW.

If you make a change such as changing 999 to 1.00 or 1.00 to 999, the instrument will be changed.

(Example: Changing pW to nW or changing nW to pW)

One-Action Keys

This is the general name for a key that uses data from the active trace waveform (the currently displayed waveform) to set measurement conditions.

Setting conditions requires that a waveform is displayed for the active trace.

Peak Level -> Ref Level

Sets the peak level of the waveform of the active trace to the reference level.

Displays the specified reference level (peak level value) and waveform in the reference level setting screen. The reference level setting can be changed after being set initially. The setting can be changed within the range of -90.0—+30.0 dBm for LOG scale, or 1.00 pW–1000 mW for linear scale. If the peak level value exceeds the allowed range, it is set to the nearest value in the range and a warning is displayed.

Marker -> Ref Level

This key is used to set the moving marker level as the reference level.

Displays the specified reference level and waveform in the reference level setting screen. The reference level setting can be changed after being set initially. The setting can be changed within the range of -90.0—+30.0 dBm for LOG scale, or 1.00 pW–1000 mW for linear scale.

If the moving marker value exceeds the allowed range, it is set to the nearest value in the range and a warning is displayed. In the following states, the Marker -> Ref Level key is disabled.

- · When the moving marker is OFF
- · When both split screens are on Hold

4.5 Center Wavelength (Center Frequency) Setting

Procedure

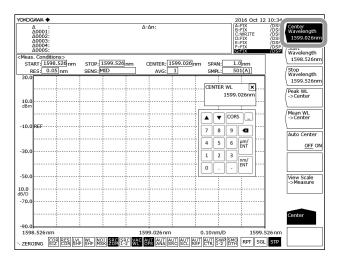
The following are three ways of setting the center wavelength (center frequency).

- · Press the Center Wavelength or Center Frequency soft key.
- Press the Start Wavelength/Stop Wavelength or Start Frequency/Stop Frequency soft key.
- · Use the one-action key (soft key).

The following explains these procedures.

Setting by Pressing the Center Wavelength or Center Frequency Soft Key

- 1. Press **CENTER**. The soft key menu for center wavelength or center frequency appears along with the center wavelength or center frequency setting screen.
- 2. Press the Center Wavelength soft key for center wavelength or the Center Frequency soft key for center frequency.
- **3.** Enter a center wavelength or center frequency using the rotary knob, arrow keys, or numeric key pad.
- 4. Press nm/ENTER.



Note:

- It is not necessary to press nm/ENTER when using the rotary knob or arrow keys.
- The set value is applied to the measurement conditions area.
- When a setting is changed, NEW appears in the measurement conditions area.
- If a value outside the setting range is entered, the nearest permitted value is set.

For instructions on switching the wavelength and frequency displays, see section 4.2.

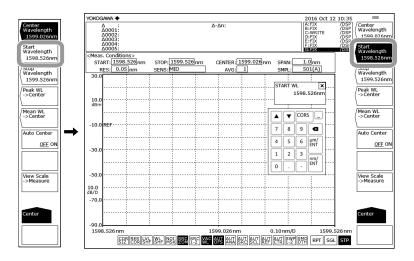
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Setting with the Start Wavelength/Stop Wavelength or Start Frequency/Stop Frequency Soft Key

1. Press **CENTER**. The soft key menu for center wavelength or center frequency settings appears.

Setting the Start Wavelength or Start Frequency

- Press the Start Wavelength soft key for start wavelength or the Start Frequency soft key for start frequency. The start wavelength or start frequency setting screen is displayed.
- **3.** Enter a start wavelength or start frequency using the rotary knob, arrow keys, or numeric key pad.
- 4. Press nm/ENTER.



Setting the Stop Wavelength or Stop Frequency

- 5. Press the Stop Wavelength soft key for stop wavelength or the Stop Frequency soft key for stop frequency. The stop wavelength or stop frequency setting screen is displayed.
- **6.** Enter a stop wavelength or stop frequency using the rotary knob, arrow keys, or numeric key pad.
- 7. Press nm/ENTER.

Note .

- It is not necessary to press nm/ENTER when using the rotary knob or arrow keys.
- The set value is applied to the measurement conditions area.
- When a setting is changed, NEW appears in the measurement conditions area.
- If a value outside the setting range is entered, the nearest permitted value is set.

For instructions on switching the wavelength and frequency displays, see section 4.2.

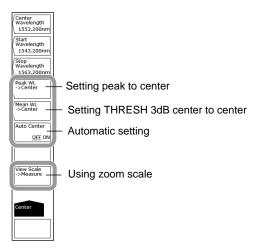
Setting by Using the One-Action Key

You can set the center wavelength or center frequency by pressing the one-action key one time in the soft key menu that appears when you press CENTER.

- 1. Press CENTER.
- 2. For the center wavelength setting, when using peak wavelength or peak frequency, press the Peak WL -> Center soft key. For THRESH 3dB center wavelength or center frequency, press the Mean WL -> Center soft key. When using the currently displayed ZOOM scale, press the View Scale -> Measure soft key. The specified center wavelength or center frequency is displayed, and the displayed waveform is redrawn according to the changed center wavelength.

The peak wavelength or peak frequency of the waveform measured every sweep can be set automatically to the center wavelength or center frequency.

3. Continuing on from step 1, press the Auto Center OFF/ON soft key to select ON.



Also, you can set the wavelength of the moving marker placed on the measured waveform as the center wavelength or center frequency.

- 1. Press MARKER.
- With the moving marker displayed, press the Marker -> Center soft key. The specified center wavelength or center frequency is displayed, and the displayed waveform is redrawn according to the changed center wavelength or center frequency.

For details on displaying moving markers, see the explanation in section 5.8.



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Explanation

Center Wavelength

The setting range is 350.000 to 1750.000 nm.

If you press the COARSE key you can use the rotary knob or arrow keys to change the numerical value in 1 nm steps. The value changes in 0.1 nm steps if you do not press the COARSE key.

Start Wavelength

The setting range is 1.000 to 1750.000 nm.

Note that the wavelength at which measurement starts is 350 nm or higher.

Stop Wavelength

The setting range is 350.000 to 2450.000 nm.

Note that the wavelength at which measurement ends is 1750 nm or lower.

Note.

- When the start or stop wavelength is set, one wavelength becomes fixed, and this changes
 the value of the sweep width. In addition, the center wavelength value is also changed at the
 same time.
- · Changing the center wavelength does not change the sweep width.

Auto Center OFF/ON

This key sets whether the Peak WL -> Center soft key functions for each sweep. When this key is set to ON, the peak is searched in the active trace waveform and set as the center wavelength automatically for each sweep. The active trace must be set to WRITE. When ON is selected, AUT at the bottom of the screen is displayed in reverse video.

One-Action Keys

This is the general name for a key that uses data from the active trace waveform (the currently displayed waveform) to set measurement conditions.

Setting conditions requires that a waveform is displayed for the active trace.

PEAK WL -> Center

Sets the wavelength of the peak value to the center wavelength.

After execution, the center wavelength set in the center wavelength setting screen is displayed. The center frequency can be changed after the setting is made initially.

Mean WL -> Center

Sets the average of two wavelengths falling below the threshold value (3 dB) from the waveform peak of the active trace to the center wavelength. The center wavelength can be changed after the setting is made initially.

View Scale -> Measure

This key is used to set the currently set ZOOM scale (Zoom Center Wavelength, Zoom Span Wavelength, Zoom Start Wavelength, Zoom Stop Wavelength) as the measurement scale (Center Wavelength, Start Wavelength, Stop Wavelength, Span Wavelength). When you press this key, the current waveform display scale is set as the measurement scale for the next sweep.

Center Frequency

The setting range is 171.0000 to 857.0000 THz.

If you press the COARSE key you can use the rotary knob or arrow keys to change the numerical value in 0.1 THz steps. The value changes in 0.01 THz steps if you do not press the COARSE key.

Start Frequency

The setting range is 10.0000 to 857.0000 THz.

Note that the frequency at which measurement starts is 250 THz or higher.

Stop Frequency

The setting range is 171.0000 to 999.9000 THz.

Note that the frequency at which measurement ends is 857.0 THz or lower.

Note

- When the start or stop frequency is set, one frequency becomes fixed, and this changes
 the value of the sweep width. In addition, the center frequency value is also changed at the
 same time.
- · Changing the center frequency does not change the sweep width.

Auto Center OFF/ON

This key sets whether the Peak WL -> Center soft key functions for each sweep. When this key is set to ON, the peak is searched in the active trace waveform and set as the center frequency automatically for each sweep. The active trace must be set to WRITE. When ON is selected, AUT at the bottom of the screen is displayed in reverse video.

One-Action Keys

You can set the center frequency with the one-action key in the same manner as for the wavelength.

PEAK WL -> Center

Sets the frequency of the waveform peak value of the active trace to the center frequency. After execution, the center frequency set in the center frequency setting screen is displayed. The center frequency can be changed after the setting is made initially.

Mean WL -> Center

Sets the average of two frequencies falling below the threshold value (3 dB) from the waveform peak of the active trace to the center frequency. The center frequency can be changed after the setting is made initially.

View Scale -> Measure

This key is used to set the currently set ZOOM scale (Zoom Center Frequency, Zoom Span Frequency, Zoom Start Frequency, Zoom Stop Frequency) as the measurement scale (Center Frequency, Start Frequency, Stop Frequency, Span Frequency). When you press this key, the current waveform display scale is set as the measurement scale for the next sweep.

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4.6 Sweep Width Settings

Procedure

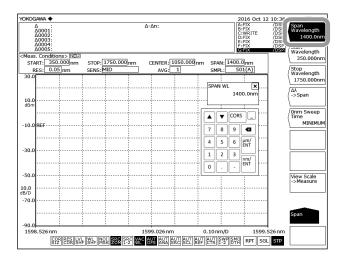
The following are three ways of setting the sweep width.

- · Press the Span Wavelength or Span Frequency soft key.
- Press the Start Wavelength/Stop Wavelength or Start Frequency/Stop Frequency soft key.
- · Use the one-action key (soft key).

The following explains these procedures.

Setting by Pressing the Span Wavelength or Span Frequency Soft Key

- 1. Press **SPAN**. The soft key menu for sweep width settings appears along with the sweep width setting screen.
- 2. Press the **Span Wavelength** for wavelength measurement or **Span Frequency** soft key for frequency measurement.
- **3.** Enter a sweep width using the rotary knob, arrow keys, or numeric key pad.
- 4. Press nm/ENTER.



Note:

- It is not necessary to press nm/ENTER when using the rotary knob or arrow keys.
- The set value is applied to the measurement conditions area.
- When a setting is changed, NEW appears in the measurement conditions area.
- If a value outside the setting range is entered, the nearest permitted value is set.

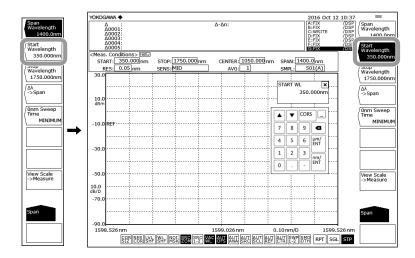
For instructions on switching the wavelength and frequency displays, see section 4.2.

Setting with the Start Wavelength/Stop Wavelength or Start Frequency/Stop Frequency Soft Key

1. Press **SPAN**. The soft key menu for sweep width settings appears.

Setting the Start Wavelength or Start Frequency

- Press the Start Wavelength soft key for start wavelength or the Start Frequency soft key for start frequency. The start wavelength or start frequency setting screen is displayed.
- **3.** Enter a start wavelength or start frequency using the rotary knob, arrow keys, or numeric key pad.
- 4. Press nm/ENTER.



Setting the Stop Wavelength or Stop Frequency

- 5. Press the Stop Wavelength soft key for stop wavelength or the Stop Frequency soft key for stop frequency. The stop wavelength or stop frequency setting screen is displayed.
- **6.** Enter a stop wavelength or stop frequency using the rotary knob, arrow keys, or numeric key pad.
- 7. Press nm/ENTER.

Note -

- It is not necessary to press nm/ENTER when using the rotary knob or arrow keys.
- The set value is applied to the measurement conditions area.
- When a setting is changed, NEW appears in the measurement conditions area.
- If a value outside the setting range is entered, the nearest permitted value is set.

For instructions on switching the wavelength and frequency displays, see section 4.2.

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Setting by Using the One-Action Key

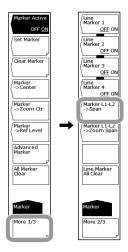
Setting the Sweep Width from the Measured Waveform

- 1. Press SPAN.
- 2. Press the $\Delta\lambda$ -> SPAN soft key. Sets the span as six times the RMS 20 dB width of the active trace measurement waveform.



Sets spacing between line markers 1 and 2 for sweep width.

- 1. Press MARKER.
- 2. Press the More 1/3 soft key.
- 3. With the line markers 1 and 2 displayed, press the Marker L1-L2 -> Span soft key. Sets spacing between line markers 1 and 2 for sweep width. For details on displaying line markers, see the explanation in section 5.8.



Note

- If only one of the line markers is displayed, for L1, the wavelength on the right edge of the screen is set to the measurement stop wavelength. For L2, the wavelength on the left edge of the screen is set to the measurement start wavelength.
- The Marker L1-L2 ->Span soft key cannot be used under the following conditions.
 - When both L1 and L2 are OFF.
 - · When both Split screens are on Hold.
 - When the span of the active trace is 0 nm.

Explanation

Wavelength Sweep Width

The available setting range is 0, and 0.5 to 1400.0 nm. If you press the COARSE key, you can use the rotary knob or arrow keys to change the numerical value in 1-2-5 steps. The value changes in 1 nm steps if you do not press the COARSE key.

Start Wavelength

The setting range is 1.000 to 1750.000 nm. The value changes in 1 nm steps if you press the COARSE key. If you do not press it, the value changes in 0.1 nm steps.

Note that the wavelength at which measurement starts is 350 nm or higher.

Stop Wavelength

The setting range is 350.000 to 2450.000 nm. The value changes in 1 nm steps if you press the COARSE key. If you do not press it, the value changes in 0.1 nm steps. Note that the wavelength at which measurement ends is 1750 nm or lower.

Note:

- Setting the sweep width changes the start wavelength and stop wavelength. The center wavelength/frequency does not change.
- Changing the center wavelength changes the start wavelength and stop wavelength. The
 sweep width does not change. When the start or stop wavelength is set, one wavelength
 becomes fixed, and this changes the value of the sweep width. In addition, the center
 wavelength value is also changed at the same time.

One-Action Keys

This is the general name for a key that uses data from the active trace waveform (the currently displayed waveform) to set measurement conditions.

Setting conditions requires that a waveform is displayed for the active trace.

Δλ -> Span

Sets the sweep width as six times the spectrum width (threshold 20 dB) of the active trace measurement waveform with the RMS method.

Marker L1-L2 -> Span

Sets spacing between line markers 1 and 2 for sweep width.

The setting range is 0.5 to 1400 nm (in 0.1 nm steps).

Frequency Sweep Width

The allowed settings are 0 and the range of 0.05 to 686.000 THz.

If you press the COARSE key you can use the rotary knob or arrow keys to change the numerical value in 1-2-5 steps. The value changes in 0.1 THz steps if you do not press the COARSE key.

Start Frequency

The setting range is 10.0000 to 857.0000 THz. The value changes in 0.1 THz steps if you press the COARSE key. If you do not press it, the value changes in 0.01 THz steps. Note that the frequency at which measurement starts is 171 THz or higher.

Stop Frequency

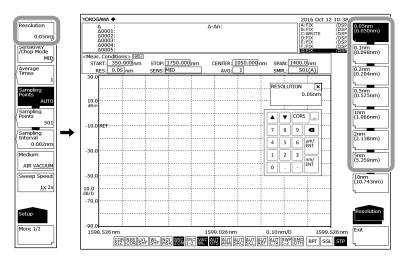
The setting range is 171.0000 to 999.9000 THz. The value changes in 0.1 THz steps if you press the COARSE key. If you do not press it, the value changes in 0.01 THz steps. Note that the frequency at which measurement ends is 857.0 THz or lower.

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4.7 Wavelength (Frequency) Resolution Settings

Procedure

- 1. Press **SETUP**. The soft key menu for sweep condition settings appears.
- **2.** Press the **Resolution** soft key. The resolutions that can be set appear in the soft key menu.
- **3.** To select 10.0nm, or 0.02nm, press the **More 1/2** soft key. Those soft keys are displayed.
- 4. Press the soft key corresponding to the desired resolution. The screen returns to the previous stage, and the value specified by the **Resolution** soft key is displayed.



Note

- When entering an arbitrary value using the rotary knob, arrow keys, or numeric key pad in the resolution screen that appears when you press the Resolution soft key, the soft key value that is closest to the entered value is set.
- The value displayed in parentheses within each soft key for each resolution is the effective resolution in the specified center wavelength. When Resolution Correction is ON, no values are displayed in parentheses because the set resolution and the effective resolution match.

Corrective Action When "UNCAL" Is Displayed

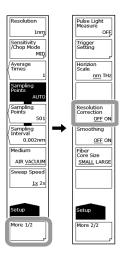
Perform the following steps.

- Decrease the span.
- · Increase the number of samples.
- · Lower the resolution (increase the value).
- · Select AUTO with the Sampling Points soft key under SETUP.

The "UNCAL" display disappears if the span, number of samples, and the resolution settings are appropriate.

Correcting the Resolution

- 1. Press **SETUP**. The soft key menu for sweep condition settings appears.
- 2. Press the More 1/2 soft key.
- **3.** Press the **Resolution Correction OFF ON** soft key. Each time you press the soft key, the setting toggles between ON and OFF.



Note

- Since the wavelength resolution function is set according to the monochromator slit width, the setting resolution and actual resolution may not match. For this instrument, if the resolution is set to 0.1 nm, the actual resolution will be 0.11 nm for a 450 nm wavelength, and 0.08 nm for a 1550 nm wavelength.
- If the Resolution Correction function is turned ON, measured data is processed by the software so that it matches the set resolution.
 - The Resolution Correction function is available when the resolution is set between 0.1nm and 10.0 nm. The Resolution Correction function is only available when the horizontal axis is in wavelength mode. It cannot be used in Frequency mode.

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Explanation

"UNCAL" Display

When manually entering the number of samples, if the number of samples is too small relative to the appropriate number of samples as determined by the span and resolution setting, data can be dropped. Therefore, if the span, number of samples, and resolution settings on the instrument are unsuitable, the UNCAL mark CAL is displayed. If not needed, you can turn the UNCAL display OFF.

For the procedure, see section 8.5, "Other Settings."

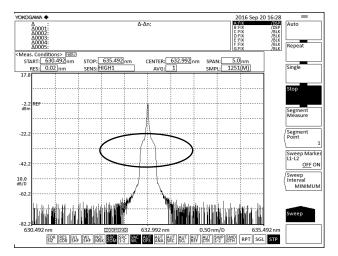
Conditions under Which "UNCAL" Is Displayed

"UNCAL" is displayed when a single or repeat sweep is started based on the following relationship between span, setting resolution, and set number of samples:

$$\frac{\text{Span}}{\text{Setting resolution}} \times 5 < \text{Set number of samples - 1}$$

Waveforms When Set to High Resolution

When the resolution is set high (to 0.05 nm) for measurements of a light source such as a DFB laser in which with the spectral width is narrower than the instrument's resolution, very small spikes may occur at the skirts of the waveform. This type of spike occurs due to characteristics of the optical block and is not an indication of any problem. Even if such spikes occur, satisfactory performance in terms of resolution, dynamic range, and the like can be ensured. These spikes will disappear if the resolution is set to a coarser value.



Resolution Setting of 10 nm

This setting is valid when the measured wavelength range is 470 to 1200 nm. You can set 10 nm in other wavelength bands, but the resolution is the same effective resolution value as when set to 5 nm.

Also, the effective resolution when set to 10 nm is approximately 8 nm even at the widest.

Ripples in the 1350-1450 nm Area

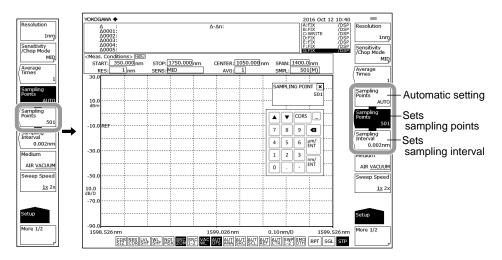
Water (OH-) ions present in the monochromator absorb light in the 1350–1450 nm area, resulting in ripples in the measurement waveform. Either set a coarser resolution, use the monochromator in a lower-humidity environment, or execute the purge described on section 2.3 to reduce the amount of ripples.

4.8 Sampling Point/Interval Settings

Procedure

The following are three ways in which the number of samples can be entered.

- · Setting the number of samples directly
- · Setting by the sampling interval
- Automatically setting the optimum number of samples or the sampling interval according to the sweep width (span) and resolution setting
- 1. Press **SETUP**. The soft key menu for sweep condition settings appears.
- 2. Press the Sampling Points or Sampling Interval soft key to set the sampling point or sampling interval, respectively. To automatically set the sampling points and interval according to the span and wavelength (frequency) resolution settings, press Sampling Points AUTO. The sampling points or interval setting screen is displayed.
 - If you pressed **Sampling Points AUTO**, the sampling points and interval are set automatically.
- **3.** Enter a number of samples or interval using the rotary knob, arrow keys, or numeric key pad.
- 4. Press ENTER. The sampling points or interval are set.



Note.

- The instrument displays CAL if the settings for span, the number of sampling points, and the resolution are inappropriate.
- See section 4.7 for the corrective actions when CAL is displayed.

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Explanation

Sampling points (the number of points measured in a single sweep)

Sampling points are the number of points measured within the range of the specified span.

The setting range is 101 to 100001.

Relationship between Sampling Points, Interval, and Span

The relationship between the number of samples, the interval, and the span is as follows.

Number of sampling points =
$$\frac{Span}{Interval}$$
 + 1

Given the same span, the sampling points are automatically determined when the interval is known, and viceversa.

For information about the allowed setting for the span, see the explanation in section 4.6, "Sweep Width Setting."

Note .

- Increasing the number of sampling points or decreasing the sampling interval reduces the sweeping speed.
- Settings that would cause the number of samples in the sweep range to be extremely few cannot be entered.
- If the setting for the number of samples is changed, the sampling interval value also changes accordingly.

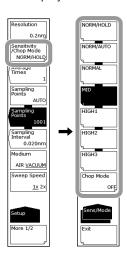
Relationship with Wavelength (Frequency) Resolution

If settings are entered such that the sampling interval determined by the settings for the span and number of samples is extremely long relative to the wavelength (frequency) resolution, data may be lost. Enter settings that are appropriate for the resolution.

4.9 Sensitivity Settings

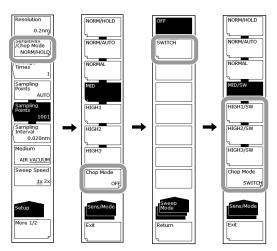
Procedure

- 1. Press **SETUP**. The soft key menu for sweep condition settings appears.
- 2. Press the **Sensitivity/Chop Mode** soft key. Seven sensitivity choices appear in the soft key menu.
- 3. Press the soft key corresponding to the desired choice. The screen returns to the previous stage, and the value specified by the Sensitivity/Chop Mode soft key is displayed.



Chop Mode Settings

- 2. Press the Sensitivity/Chop Mode soft key.
- 3. Press the Chop Mode soft key.
- 4. Press the SWITCH soft key.
- 5. To turn Chop Mode OFF, press the OFF soft key.



Note

If you set the Chop Mode to SWITCH, the corresponding sensitivity soft key display will change to MID/SW or HIGH1/SW–HIGH3/SW.

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Explanation

Chop Mode

This mode activates the internal chopper of the monochromator.

When Chop Mode is set to SWITCH, you can reduce the stray light specific to the monochromator during measurements. You can set the Chop Mode to SWITCH if the sensitivity setting is HIGH1–HIGH3 or MID.

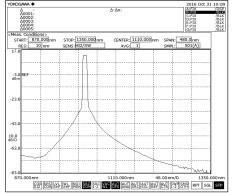
Chop Mode Function List

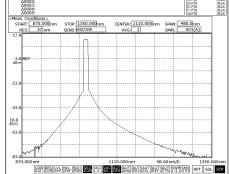
Chop Mode	Function	Merit	Defect
OFF	the stray light.	Measurement time is rapid even for high sensitivity measurements.	Since the stray light is also measured, the low level component is not accurate if the light source is of high power.
SWITCH	Two sweeps per measurement are performed. The first sweep measures the stray light component, and high dynamic measurement is possible through subtraction. Stray light suppression ratio: 60 dB or more		If the measurement duration is long, it is influenced by temporal changes in the measured light.

Stray Light from the Monochromator

The instrument has a newly designed, high-performance monochromator. Depending on the measurement conditions, stray light at a level 30 to 50 dB below the original spectrum, as well as other stray light specific to the monochromator may occur in wavelength areas 100 to 200 nm from the peak wavelength. If this stray light is likely to have a severe impact on measurements, the sensitivity can be set to MID or HIGH 1–3 and Chop Mode can be set to SWITCH in order to reduce the effects of the stray light.

Stray light effects that appear at positions far away from the peak





Waveform with Chop Mode OFF

Chop Mode set to SWITCH

4.10 Sweep Speed Settings

Procedure

- 1. Press **SETUP**. The soft key menu for sweep condition settings appears.
- **2.** Press the **Sweep Speed** soft key. Each time you press the soft key, the setting toggles between 1x and 2x.



Explanation

Sweep Speed

Sets the sweep speed.

- 1x This is the instrument's standard sweep speed. To meet the instrument's specifications, set the sweep speed to this value. With the sweep speed set to this value, the instrument can measure light sources ranging from line spectrum (such as the DFB-LD) to broadband wavelength (such as LEDs) light sources.
- Select this value to set the sweep speed to approximately twice the speed of the 1x value. Select this value when you are measuring light sources that have comparatively gentle spectrum shape level changes, such as LED light sources. Measurements using this value have the following characteristics.
 - If you select this value when "UNCAL" is displayed, for waveforms that have sharp spectrum shape changes, such as those produced by the DFB-LD, the level and wavelength measurement accuracies may be lower than those when you select 1x. First check the measurement spectrum, and then select this value if appropriate.
 - The noise level is approximately 2 dB higher than that when you select 1x.

Note

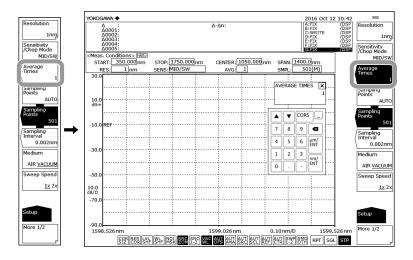
When you set the sweep speed to 2x, $\boxed{2x}$ SPEED is displayed in the measurement conditions area.

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4.11 Averaging Times Setting

Procedure

- 1. Press **SETUP**. The soft key menu for sweep condition settings appears.
- **2.** Press the **Average Times** soft key. The averaging times setting screen is displayed.
- **3.** Enter a number of averaging times using the rotary knob, arrow keys, or numeric key pad.
- 4. Press ENTER. The value specified by the Average Times soft key is displayed.



Note:

Increasing the averaging times reduces the sweeping speed but the S/N improves.

Explanation

Average Times

This key is used to set the average times for each point.

The setting range is 1 to 999.

If you press the COARSE key, you can use the rotary knob or arrow keys to change the numerical value in 1-2-5 steps. The value changes in 1 step if you do not press the COARSE key.

Note.

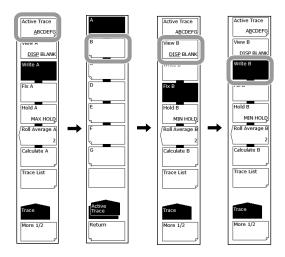
When the sweep speed is set to 2x, times are not averaged. The number of averaging times can be set when the sweep speed is set to 1x.

4.12 Trace Settings

Procedure

The following explains selecting a trace, writing waveform data, and displaying the data on screen.

- 1. Press **TRACE**. The soft key menu for traces appears.
- 2. Press the Active Trace soft key. Traces A through G appear in soft keys.
- **3.** Press the soft key corresponding to the trace you wish to use. That trace is set as the active trace (in the example below, this will be trace B).
- 4. Press the View B soft key and select DISP.
- 5. Press the Write B soft key. Trace B is placed in write mode.



Note

Waveforms of traces for which View A-View G are set to BLANK cannot be displayed on screen.

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Explanation

Active Trace

Active trace refers to a target trace to which settings and changes can be applied.

A trace shows a waveform and measurement conditions. The instrument has a total of seven independent traces (A through G). You can specify Show/Hide on each trace, and display multiple traces in the waveform screen.

The following explains the soft keys related to trace settings.

Active Trace...ABCDEFG

Selects the active trace from among traces A to G.

You can also switch the active trace using the mouse by clicking TRACE display A through G on the screen.

Displaying Traces

Selects whether or not to display the active trace on screen.

View @...DISP / BLANK

"View @ DISP": Displays the waveform on the screen. The trace display changes to "DSP".

"View @ BLANK": Does not display the waveform on the screen. The trace display changes to "BLK".

When you press this key, the highlight toggles between "View @ DISP" and "View @ BLANK".

Note that if BLANK is set, markers applied to the trace set in DISP will be cleared. The "at" (@) symbol indicates the currently selected trace. One is included from A–G.

Write Mode

Write @

This key is used to set the active trace to write mode.

When a trace is set to write mode, waveform data are written to it and updated during measurement. In addition, the trace display on the side of the data area changes to "WRITE".

The "at" (@) symbol indicates the currently selected trace. One is included from A-G.

Fix mode

Fix @

This key is used to set the active trace to data fixing mode.

When a trace is set to this mode, its waveform data do not change even when measurement is performed. Therefore, the waveform on the screen is not overwritten. The trace display changes to "FIX".

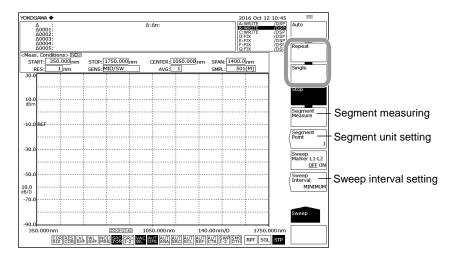
When the Fix soft key is pressed during sweeping, the waveform displayed at that time is fixed.

The "at" (@) symbol indicates the currently selected trace. One is included from A-G.

4.13 Measurement Start (Sweep)

Procedure

- 1. Press **SWEEP**. The soft key menu regarding sweep appears.
- 2. Press the Single or Repeat soft key. Sweeping begins.
- **3.** To set the sweep interval, press the **Sweep Interval** soft key. The sweep interval setting screen is displayed.
- **4.** Enter a numerical value using the rotary knob, arrow keys, or numeric keypad, then press **ENTER**.
- 5. To stop the sweep, press the Stop soft key.



Note.

- Sweeping can also be performed by clicking the sweep icons RPT SGL located at the bottom of the screen.
- During a sweep, the sweep bar is displayed below the X axis, indicating conditions during the current sweep.
- During a sweep, a sweep icon indicating the sweep status is displayed in the lower left corner of the screen. (Sweep progress from the start wavelength to the sweep wavelength is indicated as a percentage.)

Dividing into Segments and Measuring

Setting the Unit of Segments

- 2. Continuing on from step 1, press the **Segment Point** soft key. The segment unit setting screen is displayed.
- **3.** Enter a numerical value using the rotary knob, arrow keys, or numeric keypad, then press **ENTER**.

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Starting the Sweep

- 4. Press the Segment Measure soft key. Only the specified segment unit is measured, and sweeping stops. The first time (only), sweeping begins from the start wavelength.
- **5.** If you press the **Segment Measure** soft key again, sweeping of a segment unit begins from the stopped position.
- **6.** Repeat step 5. When the measured number of samples reaches the specified number of samples, segment measurement ends.
- 7. To stop the sweep while in progress, press the **Stop** soft key.

Note -

- · With segment measurement, sweeping is performed in units of segments.
- If you press the Single soft key or the Repeat soft key during segment measurement, segment measurement stops, and sweeping begins from the start wavelength.

Explanation

Segment Measure

This function divides up the specified number of measurement samples by the segment unit set using the Segment Point soft key, and performs measurement.

Segment Point

This key is used to set the number of sampling points for performing <Segment Measure>. When you press this key, the current number of sampling points is displayed in the parameter entry window. The number of sampling points can be set in the range of 1 to 100,001 in the DATA ENTRY section. When the setting value of Segment Point is larger than the value which deducted points in this time from measurement sampling points, it measures to the last sampling points.

Sweep Interval

This key is used to set the time from one sweeping start to the next sweeping start during repeat sweeping.

If the time required for sweeping is greater than the set time, the next sweeping is started immediately after sweeping ends.

When you press this key, the current setting time is displayed in the parameter input window. The setting range is MINIMUM or 1 to 99,999 seconds, and is set in the DATA ENTRY section.

If "0" is entered through the numeric keypad, then MINIMUM is set.

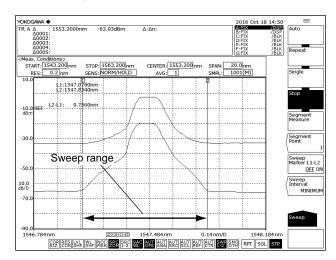
4.14 Specifying a Sweep Range

Procedure

Sweeping between Line Markers

You can sweep between wavelength line marker 1 and wavelength line marker 2.

- Set wavelength line marker 1 and wavelength line marker 2 at either end of the range you want to sweep.
 - (For the display procedure, see section 6.8, "Displaying Markers.")
- 2. Press SWEEP. The soft key menu regarding sweep appears.
- Press the SWEEP Marker L1-L2 OFF/ON soft key, and select ON. When set to ON, SWP is displayed at the very bottom of the screen.
- 4. Press the Repeat or Single soft key. Sweeping between line markers begins.
- To cancel, press the SWEEP Marker L1-L2 OFF/ON soft key, and select OFF.
 Sweeping is performed over the entire screen.



Note

- If both L1 and L2 are set, sweeping is executed between line markers 1 and 2.
- If just L1 is set, the sweep occurs over the span from line marker 1 to the right edge of the screen.
- If just L2 is set, the sweep occurs over the span from the left edge of the screen to line marker 2.
- If neither L1 nor L2 is set, analysis is performed from the set start wavelength to the stop wavelength.

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4.15 Pulse Light Measurement

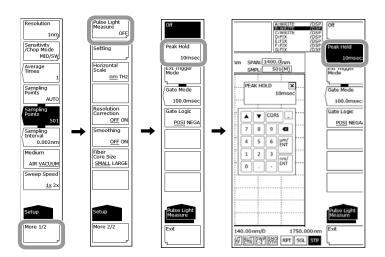
Procedure

The following three methods are available for measuring pulse light.

- · Measurement using Peak hold mode
- · Measurement using Gate sampling
- · Measurement as a time average spectrum (see "Explanation").
- · Measurement using External trigger mode.

Pulse Light Measurement Settings

- 1. Press **SETUP**. The soft key menu for sweep condition settings appears.
- 2. Press the More soft key. The More 2/2 soft key menu is displayed.
- 3. Press the Pulse Light Measure soft key.
- 4. Press the Peak Hold soft key. The peak hold value setting screen is displayed.
- **5.** Enter a peak hold value using the rotary knob, arrow keys, or numeric key pad. A value larger than the period of the pulse light being measured must be entered for the peak hold value.
- 6. Press ENTER.



Displaying the Pulse Light Measurement Waveform

- 7. Press SWEEP. The soft key menu for sweep appears.
- Press the Single or Repeat soft key. Sweeping begins, and a waveform is displayed.
- 9. To stop the sweep, press the Stop soft key.

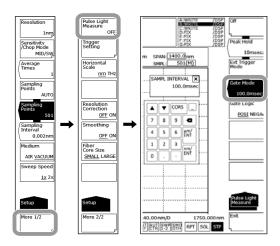
Note.

- Before you perform pulse light measurements, set the sweep speed to 1x.
- An appropriate sensitivity is determined from the pulse width of the measured pulse light. For details, see the table, "Sensitivity Name and Corresponding Pulse Width."
- Enter a value longer than the period of the pulse light being measured for the peak hold value.

Measuring using Gate Sampling

Setting the Sampling Interval Time

- 1. Press SETUP.
- 2. Press the More 1/2 soft key.
- 3. Press the Pulse Light Measure soft key.
- 4. Press the Gate Mode soft key. The sampling interval time setting screen appears.
- **5.** Enter the sampling interval using the rotary knob, arrow keys, or numeric keypad.
- 6. Press ENTER.



Note.

The Gate Mode soft key will be unavailable if the following settings are used. To enable the soft key, change the settings.

- Unavailable when Sweep speed is set to 2x. Available when it is set to 1x. See section 4.10.
- Unavailable when Chop Mode of Sensitivity/Chop Mode is not set to OFF. Available when it is set to OFF. See section 4.9.
- Unavailable when Average Times is not set to 1. Available when it is set to 1. See section 4.11.
- Unavailable when Trigger Input Mode of Trigger Setting is set to Sampling Enable Mode. Available when it is set to Sampling Trigger Mode. See section 4.16.

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Setting the Gate Signal Logic

7. Press the **Gate Logic** soft key. Each time you press the key, the setting toggles between POSI and NEGA.



Explanation

Pluse Light Measure

You can enter pulse light measurement settings and external trigger mode settings.

Peak Hold

You can set the peak hold value for the pulse light. Pulse light measurement can be carried out based on this.

The setting range is 1 to 9999 ms.

Ext Trigger Mode

This mode is used to measure pulse light using an external trigger signal. When this key is selected, sweeping is performed in external trigger mode, wherein sampling is done based on an external trigger signal.

For information on external trigger measurement, see section 4.15.

Gate Mode

In Gate Mode, the AQ6374 samples data when the external signal (gate signal) is active and measures the pulse light.

To use this mode, you need to set the sampling interval and signal logic. $\label{eq:control}$

For details, see "Gate Sampling Measurement," described later.

Measurement Sensitivity and Corresponding Pulse Width

The measurement sensitivity is determined based on the light pulse width. Select the appropriate sensitivity level based on the pulse width in the table below.

Sensitivity Name and Corresponding Pulse Width

Consitivity	Chop Mode	On-Screen Notation			Corresponding
Sensitivity setting		Normal	Peak Hold Setting	Ext Trigger Setting	Pulse Width (Min.)
NORM/HOLD		NORM/HOLD	P-NORM/HLD	E-NORM/HLD	PEAK: 100µs EXT: 50µs
NORM/AUTO	OFF	NORM/AUTO	P-NORM/AUT	E-NORM/AUT	300µs
NORMAL		NORMAL	P-NORMAL	E-NORMAL	1ms
MID		MID	P-MID	E-MID	3ms
HIGH1		HIGH1	P-HIGH1	E-HIGH1	10ms
HIGH2		HIGH2	P-HIGH2	E-HIGH2	50ms
HIGH3		HIGH3	P-HIGH3	E-HIGH3	200ms
MID	CWITCH	MID/SW	P-MID/SW	E-MID/SW	3ms
HIGH1		HI1/SW	P-HI1/SW	E-HI1/SW	10ms
HIGH2	SWITCH	HI2/SW	P-HI2/SW	E-HI2/SW	50ms
HIGH3		HI3/SW	P-HI3/SW	E-HI3/SW	200ms

Time average spectrum measurement

Pulse light can be measured as a time average spectrum. The average level of the measured pulse light is displayed as the level of the spectrum. For example, if the pulse light were a perfect rectangular wave, the measured level would be: (pulse light peak level [mW]) × (pulse light duty).

Thus, when the pulse light duty is small, the measured level is low. Set the measurement sensitivity and optimal averaging times for pulse light measurement. The measurable repeat frequency of pulse light differs depending on the measurement sensitivity. Note that an even lower repeat frequency can be measured if Average Times is increased. If Average Times is set to n, the measurable repeat frequency is approximately 1/n for the frequencies in the table below.

Sensitivity setting and measurable repeat frequency (when Average Times is 1)

Sensitivity setting	Chop Mode	Repeat frequency
NORM/HOLD		200 kHz or higher
NORM/AUTO		100 kHz or higher
NORMAL	OFF	33 kHz or higher
MID		10 kHz or higher
HIGH1		133 kHz or higher
HIGH2		660 Hz or higher
HIGH3		160 Hz or higher
MID		10 kHz or higher
HIGH1	SWITCH	3.3 kHz or higher
HIGH2		660Hz or higher
HIGH3		160 Hz or higher

Values not guaranteed. When measuring, use these as values as guidelines.

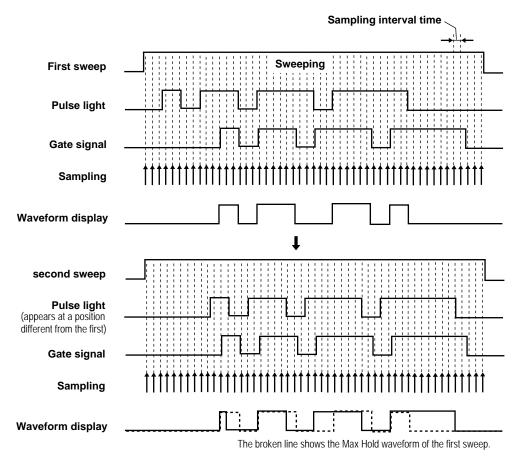
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Gate Sampling Measurement

Gate sampling can be used to measure data only when the gate signal is active during sweeping. By applying an external signal (gate signal) synchronized to the pulse light emission to the AQ6374, you can efficiently measure pulse light.

Because the gate signal and the sampling time are asynchronous, not all light pulses may be sampled when a single sweep is performed.

When the AQ6374 measures several times in repeat sweep mode using the Max Hold function, all the light pulses can be sampled, enabling the full waveform can be displayed.



Because the AQ6374 does not show data that is sampled when the gate signal is inactive, the wavelength data during this period may be missed, but because the sampling time and gate signal (pulse light) are asynchronous, performing repeat sweep using the Max Hold function eventually results in all the waveform data in the span range to be shown.



 * For details on the Max Hold function, see section 5.3.

Sampling interval time

Set the sampling interval time for sweeping.

The selectable range is 0.1 to 1000.0 ms (in 0.1 ms steps).

An appropriate sampling interval must be set according to the measurement sensitivity. Refer to the pulse width corresponding to the sensitivity in the "Sensitivity Name and Pulse Width" table on page 4-40.

Gate Signal Logic

Use Gate Logic to set the gate signal logic.

POSI: Sampling is performed when the gate signal is at high level.

NEGA: Sampling is performed when the gate signal is at low level.

There is an external trigger input terminal on the rear panel of the AQ6374. The input signal is TTL level.

Note .

The following operations cannot be performed in Gate Mode.

- Set the trigger conditions (section 4.16).
- Set the Chop mode (section 4.9).
- Set the average count (section 4.11).
- · Set the sweep speed (section 4.10).

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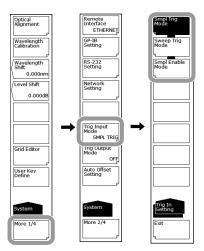
4.16 External Trigger Measurement

Procedure

Setting the Trigger Input Mode

- 1. Press **SYSTEM**. The soft key menu regarding the system settings appears.
- 2. Press the More soft key. The More 2/4 soft key menu is displayed.
- **3.** Press the **Trigger Input Mode** soft key. The trigger input mode's setting menu is displayed.
- 4. Press the Smpl Trig Mode soft key to select the sample trigger mode. Press the Sweep Trig Mode soft key to select the sweep trigger mode. Press the Smpl Enable Mode soft key to select the sample enable mode.

If you select Sweep Trigger Mode or Sampling Enable Mode, the setup procedure is finished.

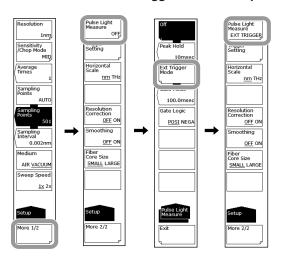


Note:

- In sample trigger mode, set Sweep Speed to 1x.
- In sweep trigger mode, set Sweep Speed to 1x. Also, Trigger Setting and External Trigger Mode cannot be set.

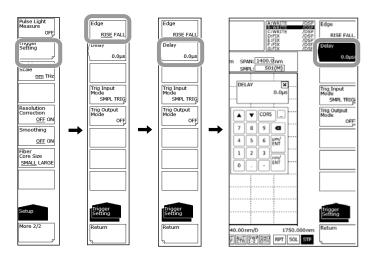
Setting External Trigger Mode (for Smpl Trig Mode)

- **5.** Press **SETUP**. The soft key menu for sweep condition settings appears.
- 6. Press the More soft key. The More 2/2 soft key menu is displayed.
- 7. Press the Pulse Light Measure soft key.
- 8. Press the External Trigger Mode soft key. External trigger mode is set.



Setting Trigger Conditions (for Smpl Trig Mode)

- **9.** Press the **Trigger Setting** soft key. The trigger condition setting menu is displayed.
- 10. Press the Edge soft key. RISE switches to FALL, or vice versa.
- 11. Press the Delay soft key.
- 12. Enter a delay time and press ENTER.



Note

When Average Times is set, sweeping stops when a number of external signals equaling the specified sampling points times the "average times" is input.

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Explanation

Data measurement or signal sweeping starts when triggered by an external signal. An external trigger input terminal is located on the rear panel of the instrument. Input signals are of TTL levels.

Smpl Trig: Measurement starts per external trigger signals. You can set

whether the trigger activates on a rising or falling edge of the signal. Measurement starts approximately 70 μs after the trigger activates.

Sweep Trig: Sweeping starts per external trigger signals. The trigger activates on

the rising/falling edge of the signal. Sweeping starts 5 ms at most after

the trigger activates.

Smpl Enable: A single or repeat sweep starts when the external trigger signal level is

low. The sweep is stopped when the signal level becomes high. If the signal level becomes low again, the sweep starts from the point that it

stopped at.

Signal Logic and Delay Time (for Sampling Trigger Mode)

Edge

This key is used to set the external trigger signal detection edges.

RISE The rising edge is recognized as a trigger.

FALL The falling edge is recognized as a trigger.

Delay ****.*µs

This key is used to set the delay time between trigger signal edge detection and data measurement. The setting range is 0 to 1000.0 µs (fine: steps of 0.1; coarse: steps of 1). For information about the external trigger measurement function, see section 1.2.

Measurement Sensitivity and Corresponding Pulse Width

When Smpl Triger or Sweep Trig Is Selected

The measurement sensitivity is determined based on the light pulse width. Select the appropriate sensitivity level based on the pulse width in the table below.

Sensitivity Name and Corresponding Pulse Width

			On-Screen Notati	on	Corresponding
Sensitivity setting	Chop Mode	Normal	Peak Hold Setting	Ext Trigger Setting	Pulse Width (Min.)
NORM/HOLD		NORM/HOLD	P-NORM/HLD	E-NORM/HLD	PEAK: 100µs EXT: 50µs
NORM/AUTO	OFF	NORM/AUTO	P-NORM/AUT	E-NORM/AUT	300µs
NORMAL		NORMAL	P-NORMAL	E-NORMAL	1ms
MID		MID	P-MID	E-MID	3ms
HIGH1		HIGH1	P-HIGH1	E-HIGH1	10ms
HIGH2		HIGH2	P-HIGH2	E-HIGH2	50ms
HIGH3		HIGH3	P-HIGH3	E-HIGH3	200ms
MID		MID/SW	P-MID/SW	E-MID/SW	3ms
HIGH1	CMITCH	HI1/SW	P-HI1/SW	E-HI1/SW	10ms
HIGH2	SWITCH	HI2/SW	P-HI2/SW	E-HI2/SW	50ms
HIGH3		HI3/SW	P-HI3/SW	E-HI3/SW	200ms

When Smpl Enable Is Selected

The minimum necessary pulse width of the external trigger input signal varies according to the sensitivity setting.

If the time that the external trigger input signal level is low is less than this pulse width, the instrument cannot perform the sweep.

Sensitivity Name and Minimum Pulse Width

Sensitivity Setting	Minimum Pulse Width
NORM/HOLD	50ms
NORM/AUTO	50ms
NORMAL	50ms
MID	50ms
HIGH1	70ms
HIGH2	100ms
HIGH3	300ms

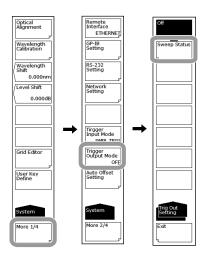
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4.17 Trigger Output

Procedure

Setting the Trigger Output Mode

- 1. Press SYSTEM. The soft key menu for the system settings appears.
- 2. Press the More soft key. The More 2/4 soft key menu is displayed.
- Press the Trigger Output Mode soft key. The trigger output setting menu is displayed.
- 4. Press the Sweep Status soft key.



Note

When pulse light measurement is specified, external trigger output cannot be performed. Turn OFF Pulse Light Measure.

Explanation

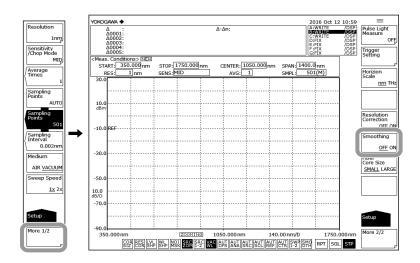
You can synchronize sweeping from the trigger output terminal on the rear panel of the instrument and output a positive logic signal. Signals are only output when sweeping. Output signals are of TTL levels.

4.18 Smoothing

Procedure

Setting the Smoothing

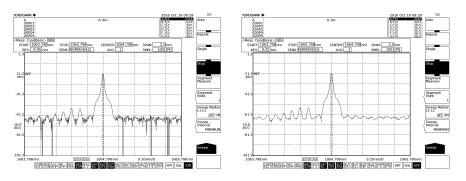
- 1. Press SETUP.
- 2. Press the More 1/2 soft key. The More 2/2 key menu is displayed.
- 3. Press the Smoothing OFF ON soft key to select ON.



Explanation

Smoothing Function

This function attenuates the noise in the measured waveform. By using the Smoothing function, areas on the waveform with a large amount of noise can be "smoothed out" when measured. Note that when noise is superimposed on abrupt changes in the spectrum, the peaks and valleys of the spectrum are integrated thereby reducing the measurement resolution. Therefore, it is recommended not to use the Smoothing function all the time, but rather to use it judiciously, checking the effects on the measured spectrum. Also, if a relatively small number of samples is set relative to the measurement span (or example, when UNCAL is displayed), the appropriate Smoothing function may not be performed.



Waveform with Smoothing OFF

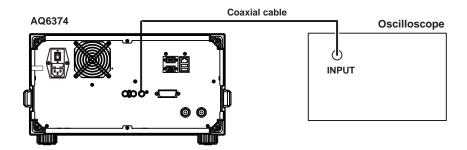
Smoothing set to ON

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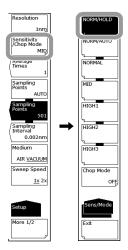
4.19 Analog Out

Procedure

Connecting to the Oscilloscope



- 1. Press **SETUP**. The soft key menu for sweep condition settings appears.
- **2.** Press the **Sensitivity/Chop Mode** soft key. Seven sensitivity choices appear in the soft key menu.
- **3.** Press the **NORM/HOLD** soft key. The screen returns to the previous stage, and NORM/HOLD is displayed for the Sensitivity/Chop Mode soft key.
- 4. Press SWEEP. The soft key menu for sweep appears.
- **5.** Press the **Single** or **Repeat** soft key. An analog voltage is output corresponding to the input light.



Note

- The analog out function is enabled only when the sensitivity is set to NORM/HOLD.
- If the level of the input light is high, the output voltage level is saturated.

Explanation

The saturation level and noise level varies depending on the REF level.

The table below shows the relationship between the REF level and the saturation level.

REF level(dBm or dBm/nm)	Saturation Level * (dBm)	
REF < 0	20 dBm or more	
REF ≤ -10	10 dBm or more	
REF ≤ -20	0 dBm or more	
REF ≤ -30	-10 dBm or more	
REF ≤ -40	-20 dBm or more	

^{*} At wavelength 1200 to 1600 nm

ANALOG OUT Output Specifications

Output saturation voltage	+6 V or more
Bandwidth	10 kHz or more
Load	1 $k\Omega$ or more

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5.1 Zooming In/Out on Waveforms

Procedure

The following are three ways of zooming in and out on waveforms.

- · By specifying a center wavelength and display sweep
- · By specifying a start and stop wavelength
- By zooming in/out on a range specified with the mouse

The following explains the procedure for each of these methods.

Zooming In/Out by Specifying a Center Wavelength and Display Sweep

 Press ZOOM. The soft key menu for settings related to zooming in/out on a measured waveform appears.

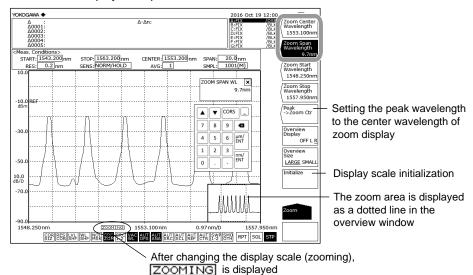
When Setting the Peak Wavelength of the Displayed Waveform as the Center Wavelength for Zooming

- 2. Press the **Peak -> Zoom Ctr** soft key. The peak wavelength is set as the zoom center wavelength. Proceed to step 6.
- **3.** Press the **Zoom Center Wavelength** soft key. The zoom center wavelength setting screen is displayed.
- **4.** Enter a zoom center wavelength using the rotary knob, arrow keys, or numeric key pad.
- 5. Press nm/ENTER.
- **6.** Press the **Zoom Span Wavelength** soft key. A screen for specifying the display sweep width (the range to zoom in/out on) is displayed.
- **7.** Enter a display sweep width using the rotary knob, arrow keys, or numeric key pad.
- 8. Press nm/ENTER.

Restores the zoomed waveform to its original size

9. Press the Initialize soft key.

Waveform display example



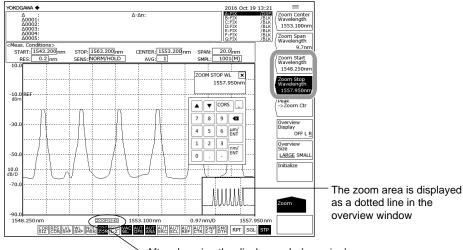
Note.

- It is not necessary to press nm/ENTER when using the rotary knob or arrow keys.
- If a value outside the setting range is entered, the nearest permitted value is set.

Zooming In/Out by Specifying a Start and Stop Wavelength

- Press ZOOM. The soft key menu for settings related to zooming in/out on a measured waveform appears.
- **2.** Press the **Zoom Start Wavelength** soft key. A screen for specifying the zoom start wavelength is displayed.
- **3.** Enter a zoom start wavelength using the rotary knob, arrow keys, or numeric key pad.
- 4. Press nm/ENTER.
- **5.** Press the **Zoom Stop Wavelength** soft key. A screen for specifying the zoom stop wavelength is displayed.
- **6.** Enter a zoom stop wavelength using the rotary knob, arrow keys, or numeric key pad.
- 7. Press nm/ENTER.

Waveform display example



After changing the display scale (zooming), ZOOMING is displayed

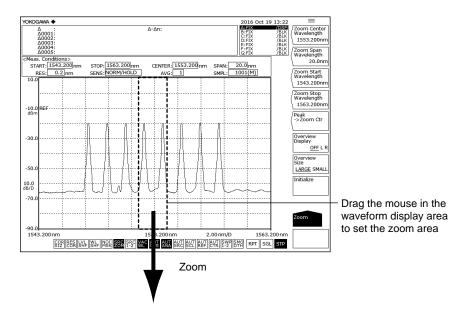
Note -

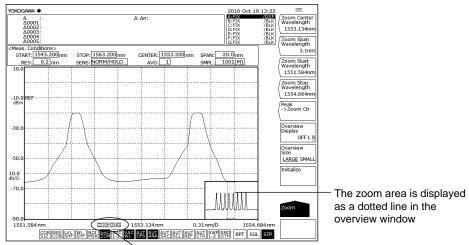
- It is not necessary to press nm/ENTER when using the rotary knob or arrow keys.
- If a value outside the setting range is entered, the nearest permitted value is set.

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Zooming In/Out on a Range Specified with the Mouse

- 1. In the waveform display area, drag the portion of the waveform to zoom in/out on. A dotted outline is displayed around the selected range. (The zoom area.)
- **2.** When you release the left mouse button, the display zooms in on the zoom area. At the same time, the zoom area is indicated with a dotted line range in the overview window.





After changing the display scale (zooming), ZOOMING is displayed

Note .

- If you change the display scale to a value different from the measurement scale, ZOOMING
 appears on screen. Also, an overview window that shows the measurement scale is
 displayed in the corner of the measurement screen.
- The display scale and measurement scale are mutually independent.
- Changing the zoom function settings does not change the measurement conditions.

Setting Up the Overview Window

When the waveform display is enlarged or reduced using the zoom function, the overview window is displayed at the very bottom of the waveform display area. (Only displayed when a zoom is performed.)

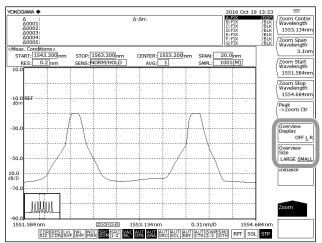
Showing/Hiding the Window and Setting the Display Position

- 1. Press ZOOM
- **2.** Press the **Overview Display OFF/L/R** soft key. Each time the soft key is pressed, the setting changes in the order Hide, Display Left, and Display Right.

Setting the Window Size

- 1. Press ZOOM.
- **2.** Press the **Overview Size LARGE/SMALL** soft key. The window switches between large and small.

Waveform display example



Overview Display OFF/L/R set to L and **Overview Size LARGE/SMALL** set to SMALL.

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Changing Settings Using the Mouse

The mouse can be used in the overview window to change the display scale settings.

Changing the Center Wavelength (Center Frequency)

- 1. Move the mouse pointer into the overview window.
- **2.** Drag in the zoom area surrounded by a dotted line. When doing so, the mouse pointer changes to a hand tool.

Changing the Zoom Start/Stop Wavelength

- 1. Move the mouse pointer into the overview window.
- **2.** Drag a vertical dotted line of the zoom area. When doing so, the mouse pointer changes to an arrow.

Specifying a New Zoom Area

- 1. Move the mouse pointer into the overview window.
- **2.** Drag outside of the zoom area. A new zoom area is created. When doing so, the mouse pointer changes to a plus (+) sign.

Λ	Vc)t	e	

For information on power measurement inside the zoom area, see section 6.4, "Power Measurement."

Explanation

Zoom Center Wavelength

The setting range is 350.000 to 1750.000 nm.

If you press the COARSE key you can use the rotary knob or arrow keys to change the numerical value in 1 nm steps. The value changes in 0.1 nm steps if you do not press the COARSE key.

Wavelength Display Sweep Width

The setting range is 0.1 to 1400.0 nm.

If you press the COARSE key you can use the rotary knob or arrow keys to change the numerical value in 1-2-5 steps. The value changes in 1 nm steps if you do not press the COARSE key.

Zoom Start Wavelength

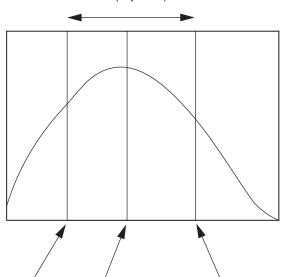
The setting range is 1.000 to 1749.950 nm.

If you press the COARSE key you can use the rotary knob or arrow keys to change the numerical value in 1 nm steps. If you do not press it, the value changes in 0.1 nm steps.

Zoom Stop Wavelength

The setting range is 350.050 to 2450.000 nm.

The value changes in 1 nm steps if you press the COARSE key. If you do not press it, the value changes in 0.1 nm steps.



Zoom center wavelength

Waveform display sweep width

Note

Zoom start wavelength

• Changing the zoom center wavelength changes the zoom start wavelength and zoom stop wavelength. The waveform display sweep width does not change.

Zoom stop wavelength

- Changing the wavelength display sweep width changes the zoom start wavelength and zoom stop wavelength. The zoom center wavelength does not change.
- When the zoom start or stop wavelength is set, one wavelength becomes fixed, and this
 changes the value of the wavelength display sweep width. In addition, the zoom center
 wavelength value is also changed at the same time.

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Zoom Center Frequency

The setting range is 171.0000 to 857.0000 THz.

If you press the COARSE key you can use the rotary knob or arrow keys to change the numerical value in 0.1 THz steps. The value changes in 0.01 THz steps if you do not press the COARSE key.

Frequency Display Sweep Width

The setting range is 0.05 to 686.000 THz.

If you press the COARSE key you can use the rotary knob or arrow keys to change the numerical value in 1-2-5 steps. The value changes in 0.1 THz steps if you do not press the COARSE key.

Zoom Start Frequency

The setting range is 10.0000 to 856.9950 THz.

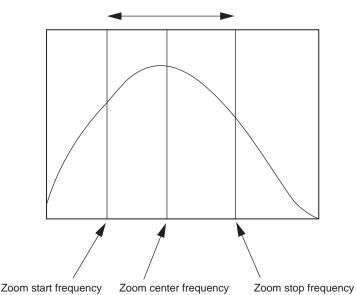
If you press the COARSE key you can use the rotary knob or arrow keys to change the numerical value in 0.1 THz steps. The value changes in 0.01 THz steps if you do not press the COARSE key.

Zoom Stop Frequency

The setting range is 171.0050 to 999.9000 THz.

The value changes in 0.1 THz steps if you press the COARSE key. If you do not press it, the value changes in 0.01 THz steps.





Note.

- Changing the zoom center frequency changes the zoom start frequency and zoom stop frequency. The frequency display sweep width does not change.
- Changing the frequency display sweep width changes the zoom start frequency and zoom stop frequency. The zoom center frequency does not change.
- When the zoom start or stop frequency is set, one frequency becomes fixed, and this changes the value of the frequency display sweep width. In addition, the zoom center frequency value is also changed at the same time.

5.2 Wavelength Writing/Fixing

Procedure

Selecting a Target Trace to Write or Fix

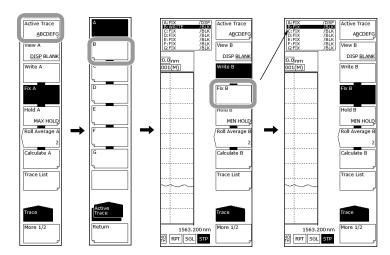
- 1. Press TRACE. The soft key menu for trace settings appears.
- 2. Press the Active Trace soft key. Traces A through G appear in soft keys.
- **3.** Press the soft key corresponding to the trace you wish to update or fix. The selected trace is set as the active trace, and becomes the target of the operation below.
- 4. Press the View soft key of the selected trace and select DISP. Each time you press the soft key DISP switches to BLANK, or viceversa. (Trace B is given as an example.)

Writing a Waveform

- 5. Press the Write soft key. The trace area display switches to WRITE.
- 6. Perform measurement. The wavelength data is updated.

Fixing a Waveform

- 5. Press the Fix soft key. The trace area display switches to FIX.
- **6.** The waveform data is fixed. Even if measurement is performed, the waveform data is not updated.



Note

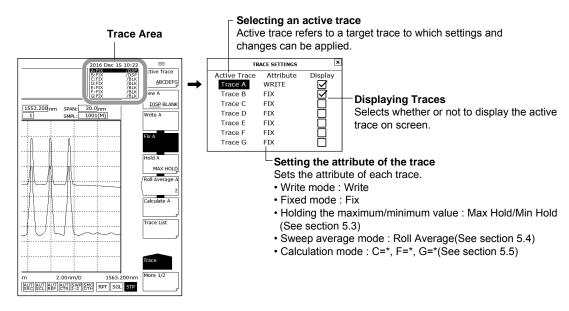
- Only 1 trace can be set as the active waveform. If you wish to update multiple traces, update them one at a time.
- If all traces are set to FIX, a warning appears, and measurement cannot be performed.

For information on the trace function, see section 1.3

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Setting the Display Method of Waveform with Trace Setting Screen (Using the Mouse)

1. Click the mouse in the trace area. The trace setting screen is displayed.



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Explanation

Active Trace

Active trace refers to a target trace to which the peak search and the functions of analysis can be applied.

A trace shows a waveform and measurement conditions. The instrument has a total of seven independent traces (A through G). You can specify Show/Hide on each trace, and display multiple traces in the waveform screen.

The following explains the soft keys related to trace settings.

Active Trace...ABCDEFG

Selects the active trace from among traces A to G. You can also switch the active trace using the mouse by clicking trace display A through G on the screen.

Displaying Traces

Selects whether or not to display the active trace on screen.

View @...DISP/BLANK

"View @ DISP": Displays the waveform on the screen. The trace display changes to "DSP".

"View @ BLANK": Does not display the waveform on the screen. The trace display changes to "BLK".

When you press this key, the highlight toggles between "View @ DISP" and "View @ BLANK".

Note that if BLANK is set, markers applied to the trace set in DISP will be cleared. The "at" (@) symbol indicates the currently selected trace. One is included from A–G.

Write Mode

Write @

This key is used to set the active trace to write mode. When a trace is set to write mode, waveform data are written to it and updated during measurement. In addition, the trace display on the side of the data area changes to "WRITE".

The "at" (@) symbol indicates the currently selected trace. One is included from A-G.

Fixed mode

Fix @

This key is used to set the active trace to data fixing mode. When a trace is set to this mode, its waveform data do not change even when measurement is performed. Therefore, the waveform on the screen is not overwritten. The trace display changes to "FIX". When the FIX soft key is pressed during sweeping, the waveform displayed at that time is fixed.

The "at" (@) symbol indicates the currently selected trace. One is included from A-G.

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5.3 MAX/MIN HOLD Display

Procedure

Selecting a Trace to Hold

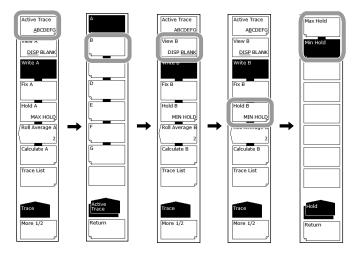
- 1. Press TRACE. The soft key menu for trace settings appears.
- 2. Press the Active Trace soft key. Traces A through G appear in soft keys.
- 3. Press the soft key corresponding to the trace whose maximum or minimum value you wish to hold. The selected trace is set as the active trace, and becomes the target of the operation below.
- 4. Press the View soft key of the selected trace and select DISP. Each time you press the soft key DISP switches to BLANK, or vice versa. (Trace B is given as an example.)

Holding the Maximum/Minimum Value

- 5. Press the Hold soft key. The soft key menu for selecting Max/Min appears.
- 6. To hold the maximum value press the Max Hold soft key. To hold the minimum value press the Min Hold soft key. The maximum or minimum value is held.
- 7. Perform measurement.

If you selected **Max Hold** and the measured value is larger than the previous value, waveform data is updated.

If you selected **Min Hold** and the measured value is smaller than the previous value, waveform data is updated.



Moto

Max/Min Hold is only enabled when the sweep mode is Repeat. It does not function even if you perform repeated Single sweeps.

5.4 Sweep Average

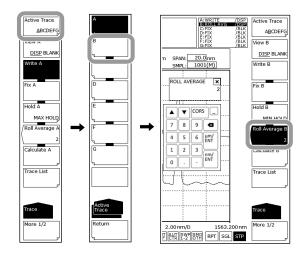
Procedure

Selecting a Trace to Average

- 1. Press TRACE. The soft key menu for trace settings appears.
- 2. Press the Active Trace soft key. Traces A through G appear in soft keys.
- **3.** Press the soft key corresponding to the trace you wish to average. The selected trace is set as the active trace, and becomes the target of the operation below.
- 4. Press the View soft key of the selected trace and select DISP. Each time you press the soft key DISP switches to BLANK, or viceversa. (Trace B is given as an example.)

Setting the Averaging Times

- 5. Press the Roll Average soft key. The averaging times dialog box is displayed.
- **6.** Enter a number of averaging times using the rotary knob, step keys, or numeric key pad.
- **7.** Perform measurement. The sweep average value is updated each time measurement is performed.



Note

The allowed setting for averaging times is 2-100.

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Explanation

When a trace is set to ROLL AVG mode, each time measurement is performed the sweep average is taken of the current and past measured data, and the measurement data are updated.

The roll averaging is calculated according to the following equation.

Wj (i) =Wj-1 (i)• (n - 1)/ n + W (i) •1 / n (i=1, 2•••••••N)

Wj (i): Newly displayed waveform
Wj-1(i): Previously displayed waveform
W (i): Newly obtained waveform
N: Number of sampling points
n: Number of averagings

Note -

- The setting values of the Noise Mask function are not affected by sweep averaging. The noise mask is executed when the results of the sweep average are displayed.
- When Chop Mode in the measurement sensitivity settings is set to SWITCH, two sweepings is one count.

5.5 Displaying Calculated Waveforms

Procedure

Selecting Traces for Calculation

- 1. Press TRACE. The soft key menu for trace settings appears.
- 2. Press the Active Trace soft key. Traces A through G appear in soft keys.
- **3.** Press the soft key corresponding to a trace that is available for trace-to-trace calculation (C, F, or G).

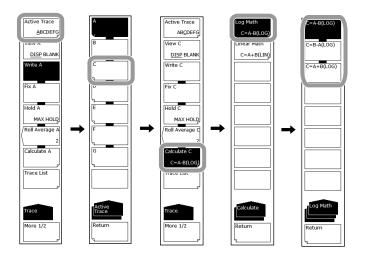
The calculated results are displayed in the selected trace.

The items that can be calculated differ depending on the trace selected.

4. Press the **View** soft key of the selected trace and select **DISP**. Each time you press the soft key **DISP** switches to **BLANK**, or viceversa.

Selecting a Calculation

- **5.** Press the **Calculate** soft key. The LOG and Linear selection menus are displayed.
- 6. For log calculations, press the Log Math soft key. For linear calculations, press the Linear Math soft key. The soft key menu showing the choices for calculation appears.
- Press the soft key corresponding to the desired calculation. The calculation executes.



Note

- Trace-to-trace calculations can only be performed on C, F, or G. If the active trace is set to something other than trace C, F, or G, the Calculate key is disabled.
- If a trace targeted for calculation is remeasured and the center wavelength and measurement span of the trace being measured is changed, it is recalculated and redisplayed.
- If the measurement condition (resolution) of the trace targeted for calculation does not match, a warning is displayed after calculation.

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Explanation

Executable Trace-to-Trace Calculations

Trace C

LOG calculations: A-B, B-A, A+B

Linear calculations: A+B, B-A, A-B, 1-k(A/B), 1-k(B/A)

Trace F

LOG calculations: C-D, D-C, C+D, D-E, E-D, D+E Linear calculations: C+D, C-D, D-C, D+E, D-E, E-D

Power/NBW (A, B, C, D, E)

Trace G

LOG calculations: C-F, F-C, C+F, E-F. F-E. E+F Linear calculations: C+F, C-F, F-C, E+F, E-F, F-E

Normalize (A, B, C) Curve Fit (A, B, C) Peak Curve Fit (A, B, C) Marker Fit

Calculation results are written to their corresponding traces.

Details of Calculation

The following are explanations given for Trace C, F, and G.

Trace C: Calculate C

Log Math

This key is used to perform LOG calculations on trace-to-trace data and write the results to Trace C. Calculations can be applied to Trace A and Trace B. If both traces selected for calculation are set to "BLANK", then the sub-scale is displayed on the left side of the screen. Otherwise it is displayed on the right side. The calculation results are displayed in the sub-scale.

C=A-B(LOG) Subtracts Trace B from Trace A in LOG form.

C=B-A(LOG) Subtracts Trace A from Trace B in LOG form.

C=A+B(LOG) Adds Trace A and Trace B in LOG form.

Linear Math

This key is used to perform linear calculations on trace-to-trace data and write the results to Trace F. Calculations can be applied to Trace A and Trace B. The calculation results are displayed in the main scale.

C=A+B(LIN) Adds Trace A and Trace B in linear form.

C=A-B(LIN) Subtracts Trace B from Trace A in linear form.

C=B-A(LIN) Subtracts Trace A from Trace B in linear form.

C=1-k(A/B) Given Trace A and Trace B, calculates 1-k(A/B).

Calculates 1-k \times (Trace A/Trace B) (linear value), and writes the results to Trace C. The coefficient k may be changed in the range of 1.0000 to 20000.0000 (in steps of 0.0001) using the rotary knob, arrow keys, or numeric keypad.

The coefficient k setting applies to both the <C=1-k(A/B)> key and <C=1-k(B/A)> key. The trace display on the side of the data area changes to "1-k(A/B)".

C=1-k(B/A) Given Trace A and Trace B, calculates 1-k(B/A).

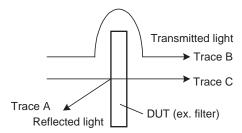
Calculates 1-k x (Trace B/Trace A) (linear value), and writes the results to Trace C. The trace display on the side of the data area changes to "1-k(B/A)".

Example of Specific Usage

As shown below, this <1-kA/B \rightarrow C k=*****.*> key or <1-kB/A \rightarrow C k=*****.*> key may be used to estimate the transmission efficiency from the reflection light spectrum, or estimate the reflectivity from the transmission light spectrum for DUT.

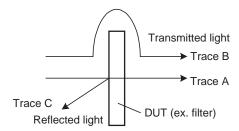
(1) Estimating the transmission efficiency (Trace C) from the reflection light spectrum (Trace A)

Transmitted light spectrum (Trace C) = 1-k (Trace A/Trace B)



(2) Estimating the reflectivity (Trace C) from the transmission light spectrum (Trace A)

Reflected light spectrum (Trace C) = 1-k (Trace A/Trace B)



The value of k is an absorption coefficient which is used in determining the DUT reflectivity and transmission efficiency. Different algorithms are used depending on whether transmission efficiency or reflectivity is estimated, so the k value also varies accordingly.

The following equation can be used to determine "kr" and "kt". In the equation, Pin is the level prior to DUT input; Pout is the level after DUT input; Pre is the DUT reflection level; "kr" is the absorption coefficient used to determine the reflectivity; and "kt" is the absorption coefficient used to determine the transmission efficiency. (Each level is a linear value.)

Estimating the reflected light spectrum from the transmission light spectrum k t = (Pin–Pre)/Pout

Estimating the transmission light spectrum from the reflected light spectrum $k\ r = (Pin-Pout)/Pre$

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Trace F: Calculate F

Log Math

This key is used to perform LOG calculations on trace-to-trace data and write the results to Trace F. Calculations can be applied to Trace C, Trace D, and Trace E. If both traces selected for calculation are set to "BLANK", then the sub-scale is displayed on the left side of the screen. Otherwise it is displayed on the right side. The calculation results are displayed in the sub-scale.

F=C-D(LOG) Subtracts Trace D from Trace C in LOG form.

F=D-C(LOG) Subtracts Trace C from Trace D in LOG form.

F=C+D(LOG) Adds Trace C and Trace D in LOG form.

F=D-E(LOG) Subtracts Trace E from Trace D in LOG form.

F=E-D(LOG) Subtracts Trace D from Trace E in LOG form.

F=D+E(LOG) Adds Trace D and Trace E in LOG form.

Linear Math

This key is used to perform linear calculations on trace-to-trace data and write the results to Trace F. Calculations can be applied to Trace C, Trace D, and Trace E. The calculation results are displayed in the main scale.

F=C+D(LIN) Adds Trace C and Trace D in linear form.

F=C-D(LIN) Subtracts Trace D from Trace C in linear form.

F=D-C(LIN) Subtracts Trace C from Trace D in linear form.

F=D+E(LIN) Adds Trace D and Trace E in linear form.

F=D-E(LIN) Subtracts Trace E from Trace D in linear form.

F=E-D(LIN) Subtracts Trace D from Trace E in linear form.

Power/NBW

For more information, see section 5.8, "Power Spectral Density Trace."

Trace G: Calculate G

Log Math

This key is used to perform LOG calculations on trace-to-trace data and write the results to Trace G. Calculations can be applied to Trace C, Trace E, and Trace F. If both traces selected for calculation are set to "BLANK", then the sub-scale is displayed on the left side of the screen. Otherwise it is displayed on the right side. The calculation results are displayed in the sub-scale.

```
G=C-F(LOG) Subtracts Trace F from Trace C in LOG form.
```

G=F-C(LOG) Subtracts Trace C from Trace F in LOG form.

G=C+F(LOG) Adds Trace C and Trace F in LOG form.

G=E-F(LOG) Subtracts Trace F from Trace E in LOG form.

G=F-E(LOG) Subtracts Trace E from Trace F in LOG form.

G=E+F(LOG) Adds Trace E and Trace F in LOG form.

Linear Math

This key is used to perform linear calculations on trace-to-trace data and write the results to Trace G. Calculations can be applied to Trace C, Trace E, and Trace F. The calculation results are displayed in the main scale.

```
G=C+F(LIN) Adds Trace C and Trace F in linear form.
```

G=C-F(LIN) Subtracts Trace F from Trace C in linear form.

G=F-C(LIN) Subtracts Trace C from Trace F in linear form.

G=E+F(LIN) Adds Trace E and Trace F in linear form.

G=E-F(LIN) Subtracts Trace F from Trace E in linear form.

G=F-E(LIN) Subtracts Trace E from Trace F in linear form.

Normalize

This is one of the trace calculation modes. The trace data is normalized and displayed. The normalization results can be written to Trace G and displayed. One trace can be normalized, either Trace A, B, or C. The peak of a normalized waveform is 1 if the subscale is linear, or 0 dB for a LOG scale.

Data are displayed when sweeping is completed at the stop.

If both traces selected for calculation are set to "BLANK", then the sub-scale is displayed on the left side of the screen. Otherwise it is displayed on the right side. The calculation results are displayed in the sub-scale.

The trace display at the side of the data area changes to "NORM @".

G=NORM A Normalizes trace A and writes the normalized data to Trace G.

G=NORM B Normalizes trace B and writes the normalized data to Trace G.

 ${\sf G=NORM}\;{\sf C}\quad {\sf Normalizes}\;{\sf trace}\;{\sf C}\;{\sf and}\;{\sf writes}\;{\sf the}\;{\sf normalized}\;{\sf data}\;{\sf to}\;{\sf Trace}\;{\sf G}.$

Curve Fit

For more information, see section 5.7, "Curve Fit."

Peak Curve Fit

For more information, see section 5.7, "Curve Fit."

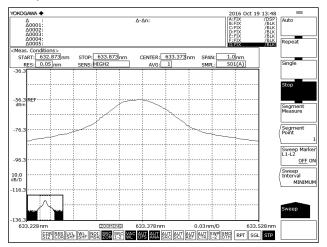
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5.6 Normalized Display

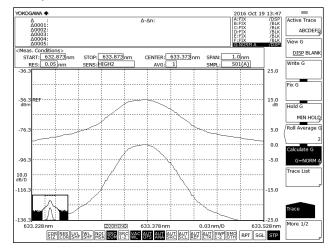
Procedure

- 1. Press TRACE. The soft key menu for trace settings appears.
- 2. Press the Active Trace soft key. Traces A through G appear in soft keys.
- 3. Press the Trace G soft key. The Trace G setting menu is displayed.
- **4.** Press the **View G DISP/BLANK** soft key and select **DISP**. Each time you press the soft key **DISP** switches to **BLANK**, or viceversa.
- 5. Press the Calculate G soft key.
- 6. Press the Normalize soft key.
- 7. To normalize Trace A press the **G=NORM A** soft key, to normalize Trace B press **G=NORM B**, and to normalize Trace G, press **G=NORM C**.

Example of waveform before normalization



Example of waveform after normalization



Note -

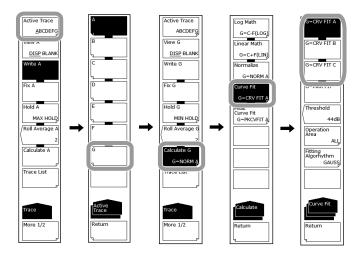
- · Normalization is not possible if the waveform level is too low.
- See section 5.5 for information about Normalize.

5.7 Curve Fitting

Procedure

Setting the Target Trace

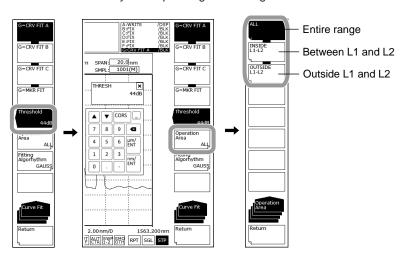
- 1. Press TRACE. The soft key menu for trace settings appears.
- 2. Press the Active Trace soft key. Traces A through G appear in soft keys.
- 3. Press the Trace G soft key. The Trace G setting menu is displayed.
- **4.** Press the **View G DISP/BLANK** soft key and select **DISP**. Each time you press the soft key **DISP** switches to **BLANK**, or viceversa.
- 5. Press the Calculate G soft key.
- **6.** Press the **Curve Fit** soft key. The menu for selecting the trace to curve fit is displayed.
- 7. To curve fit Trace A press the **G=CRV FIT A** soft key, to curve fit Trace B press **G=CRV FIT B**, and to curve fit Trace G, press **G=CRV FIT C**.



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Setting the Calculation Target Range

- 8. Press the Threshold soft key. The threshold setting screen is displayed.
- 9. Enter a threshold using the rotary knob, arrow keys, or numeric key pad.
- 10. Press ENTER.
- **11.** Press the **Operation Area** soft key. The calculation target range setting menu is displayed.
- 12. Press the soft key corresponding to the range to be set as the calculation target.

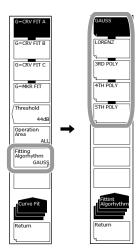


Note

For information about the calculation target range, see the explanation.

Selecting the Curve Fitting Algorithm

- 13. Press the Fitting Algorhythm soft key. The algorithm setting menu is displayed.
- 14. Press the soft key corresponding to the algorithm you wish to use.



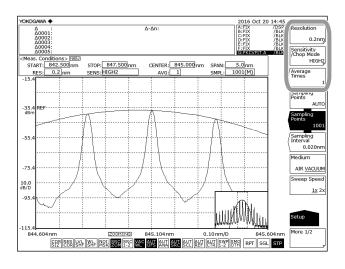
Note:

For information about the curve fitting algorithm, see the explanation.

Peak Curve Fit

- 6. Continuing on from step 5, press the Peak Curve Fit soft key.
- 7. To peak curve fit Trace A press the G=PKCVFIT A soft key, to peak curve fit Trace B press G=PKCVFIT B, and to peak curve fit Trace G, press G=PKCVFIT C.
 Step 8 and thereafter are the same as for curve fitting.

Example of the screen for running peak curve fitting when the curve fitting function is set to GAUSS.



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Explanation

Curve Fit Target Range

Curve-fits the specified trace waveform and writes the results to Trace G. Calculations are applied to data from the threshold value to the peak. The threshold value is set in the range of 0 to 99 dB (steps of 1). The trace display at the side of the data area changes to "CRV FIT @" and "MKR FIT."

Curve Fit Target Trace

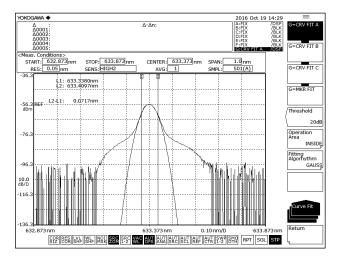
Soft Key Display

G=CRV FIT A Curve-fits Trace A.
G=CRV FIT B Curve-fits Trace B.
G=CRV FIT C Curve-fits Trace C.

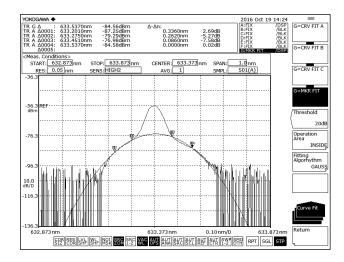
G=MKR FIT Make the curve-fit data form markers which are set currently.

MKR FIT is independent on the trace.

Example of a curve-fitted waveform (data range: INSIDE L1-L2)



Example of a marker-fitted waveform (data range: ALL)



Peak Curve Fit Target Range

Peak-curve-fits the specified trace waveform and writes the results to Trace G. Calculations are applied to mode peaks at the threshold value or more. The threshold value is set in the range of 0 to 99 dB (steps of 1).

The trace display at the side of the data area changes to "PKCVFIT @".

Peak Curve Fit Target Trace

Soft Key Display

G= PKCVFIT A Peak-curve-fits Trace A.
G= PKCVFIT B Peak-curve-fits Trace B.
G= PKCVFIT C Peak-curve-fits Trace C.

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Range of Target Data for Calculation

Data from threshold value to peak. Vertical axis

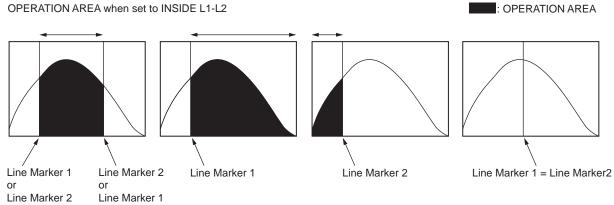
The threshold value is set in the range of 0 to 99 dB (steps of 1).

Horizontal axis Soft key display.

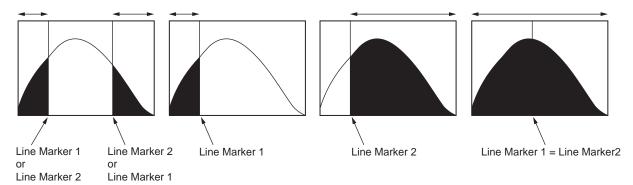
ALL Targets all trace data for calculation.

INSIDE L1-L2 Targets the data of between line markers for calculation. OUTSIDE L1-L2 Targets the data outside line markers for calculation.

OPERATION AREA when set to INSIDE L1-L2



OPERATION AREA when set to OUTSIDE L1-L2



Curve Fitting Algorithm

Soft Key Display	Description
GAUSS	Normal distribution curve
LORENZ	Lorenz curve
3RDPOLY	3rd poly
4THPOLY	4th poly
5THPOLY	5th poly

Note -

If G=MKR FIT is selected, fitting cannot be performed if only a small number of markers are placed. A warning displays in these cases: WARNING 111: <G=MKR FIT>failed

GAUSS, LORENZ: Fewer than 3 markers

3RD POLY: Fewer than 4 markers 4TH POLY: Fewer than 5 markers 5TH POLY: Fewer than 6 markers

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5.8 Power Spectral Density Trace

Procedure

- 1. Press TRACE. The soft key menu for trace settings appears.
- 2. Press the Active Trace soft key. Traces A through G appear in soft keys.
- **3.** Press the Trace F soft key. The Trace F setting menu is displayed.
- **4.** Press the **View F DISP/BLANK** soft key and select **DISP**. Each time you press the soft key, it toggles between **DISP** and **BLANK**.
- 5. Press the Calculate F soft key.
- 6. Press the Power/NBW soft key.
- **7.** To display the power spectral density of each trace, press the corresponding key as shown below.

Power spectral density of Trace A → F=Pwr/NBW A

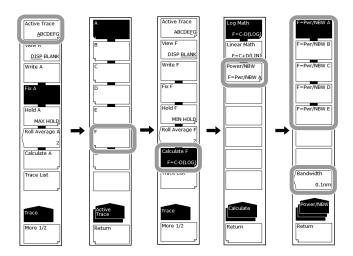
Power spectral density of Trace B \rightarrow F=Pwr/NBW B

Power spectral density of Trace C → F=Pwr/NBW C

Power spectral density of Trace D \rightarrow F=Pwr/NBW D

Power spectral density of Trace $E \rightarrow F=Pwr/NBW E$

- 8. Press the **Bandwidth** soft key. The bandwidth setting menu appears.
- 9. Enter the value using the rotary knob, arrow keys, or numeric keypad.
- 10. Press ENTER.



Explanation

In setting the unit (Level Unit) of the vertical axis in section 4.2, "Horizontal/Vertical Axis Settings," the power per nanometer can be displayed, but here the power per the specified band in the range of 0.1 nm to 10 nm in 0.1 nm resolution can be displayed. With the analysis function using the ANALYSIS key, only PMD can be analyzed.

Level Axis Unit (Section 4.2)

Level axis units, namely dBm/nm and mW/nm, are units for displaying power per nanometer. If trace F is set to Power/NBW, the unit is automatically changed to dBm or mW.

If Trace F is set to Power/NBW and you change the level axis to dBm/nm or mW/nm, Trace F enters FIX mode, and the waveform is no longer updated.

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5.9 Marker Display

Procedure

Displaying Moving Markers

- 1. Press the MARKER. The soft key menu for marker settings appears.
- 2. Press the Marker Active OFF/ON soft key.

Note.

- If the active trace is not set to DISP, the moving marker cannot be used. Set the trace View
 @ DISP/BLANK soft key setting to DISP.
- Even if you press PEAK SEARCH the moving marker is displayed.

Moving the Moving Markers

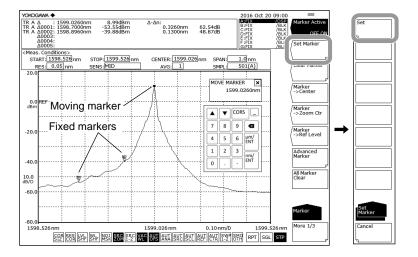
- 3. Enter a wavelength using the numeric key pad, then press nm/ENTER.
- **4.** Or, refer to the following and move the moving marker.

Direction	Moving Procedure	
Move to right	Turn the rotary knob to the right. Press the UP arrow key.	
Move to left	Turn the rotary knob to the left. Press the DOWN arrow key.	

Placing Fixed Markers

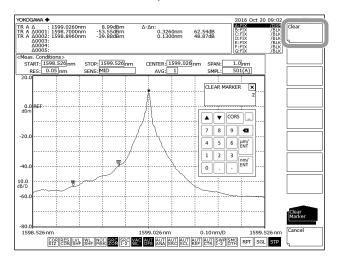
- With the moving marker displayed, press the Set Marker soft key. The Set soft key and marker number screen are displayed.
- **4.** Press the **Set** soft key. The fixed marker is placed in the position of the current moving marker. Fixed markers are automatically assigned numbers in order starting from 001.

Fixed markers of any number can be positioned. The value is entered in the DATA ENTRY section.



Clearing Fixed Markers

- 3. Press the Clear Marker soft key.
- **4.** The number of the fixed marker to be cleared is entered in the DATA ENTRY section.
- 5. Press the Clear soft key.



Clearing All Markers

3. Press the All Marker Clear soft key. All markers (moving markers and fixed markers) displayed on the screen are cleared.
In addition, the Marker Active soft key turns OFF.

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Using Moving Markers to Set the Center Wavelength to Be Measured, the Zoom Center Wavelength, and the Reference Level

Setting the Moving Marker Wavelength as the Measurement Center Wavelength

With the moving marker displayed, press the **Marker-> Center** soft key. The measured center wavelength setting screen and setting value are displayed. For information on the center wavelength, see section 4.5, "Center Wavelength Setting."

The measurement center wavelength can be set by continuing in the DATA ENTRY section.

Note.

The Marker->Center soft key cannot be used under the following conditions.

- · When the moving marker is OFF.
- · When both Split screens are on Hold.
- When the measurement data SPAN is 0 nm.

Setting the Moving Marker Wavelength as the Zoom Center Wavelength

With the moving marker displayed, press the **Marker-> Zoom Ctr** soft key. The zoom center wavelength setting screen and setting value are displayed. For information on the zoom center wavelength, see section 5.1, "Zooming In/Out on a Wavelength."

The zoom center wavelength can be set by continuing from the DATA ENTRY section.

Note

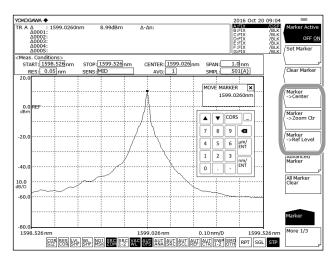
The Marker->Zoom Ctr soft key cannot be used under the following conditions.

- · When the moving marker is OFF.
- · When both Split screens are on Hold.
- When the measurement data SPAN is 0 nm.

Setting the Moving Marker Level to the Reference Level

With the moving marker displayed, press the **Marker-> Ref Level** soft key. The reference level setting screen and setting value are displayed. For information on the reference level, see section 4.4, "Reference Level Setting." You can also rewrite the currently displayed waveform according to the modified reference level.

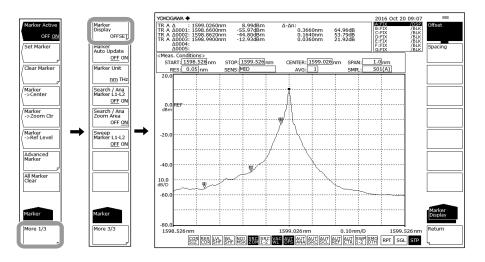
The measurement center wavelength can be set by continuing in the DATA ENTRY section.



Setting Marker Difference Value Display

You can set the difference display for markers displayed in the data area to Offset or Spacing.

- 1. Press MARKER.
- 2. Press the More soft key twice. The More 3/3 key menu is displayed.
- **3.** Press the **Marker Display** soft key. The difference value display selection menu is displayed.
- 4. Press the Offset or Spacing soft key.



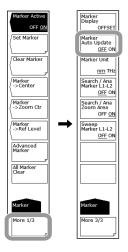
Note:

When set to Offset, the difference between the moving marker and each fixed marker is displayed. When set to Spacing, the difference between the moving marker and the smallest-numbered fixed marker is displayed along with the difference from each of the fixed markers.

Automatically Updating the Level Value of the Fixed Markers

The fixed marker's level value is updated to track the waveform each time the displayed waveform is updated.

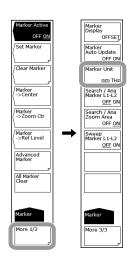
- 1. Press MARKER.
- 2. Press the More soft key twice. The More 3/3 key menu is displayed.
- 3. Press the Marker Auto Update OFF ON soft key to select ON.



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Setting the unit for the Marker Value

- 1. Press MARKER.
- 2. Press the More soft key twice. The More 3/3 key menu is displayed.
- **3.** Press the **Marker Unit nm THz** soft key. Each time you press the soft key, the instruments toggle between nm and THz.

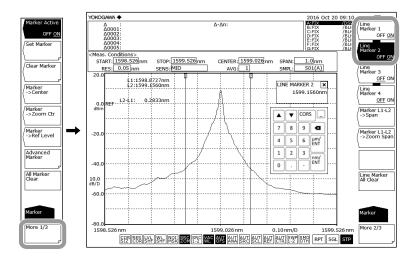


Note -

The display unit for the marker value (wavelength or frequency) can be set independently of the waveform display's horizontal axis units (wavelength or frequency) that were specified using the Horizontal Scale nm/THz soft key.

Displaying Wavelength Line Markers

- 1. Press the MARKER. The soft key menu for marker settings appears.
- 2. Press the More 1/3 soft key.
- Press the Line Marker 1 OFF/ON or Line Marker 2 OFF/ON soft key to turn the function ON. Line marker values are displayed in the upper left of the waveform area.



Note

- Wavelength line markers cannot be displayed if the active trace measurement span is 0.000 nm.
- When both wavelength line markers 1 and 2 are displayed, the wavelength difference (L2–L1) is shown below the marker values.

Moving Line Markers

4. Refer to the following and move the line marker.

Direction	Moving Procedure	
Move to right	Turn the rotary knob to the right.	
	Press the UP arrow key.	
Move to left	Turn the rotary knob to the left.	
	Press the DOWN arrow key.	

Clearing Line Markers

- 1. Press the MARKER. The soft key menu for marker settings appears.
- 2. Press the More 1/3 soft key.
- **3.** Press the **Line Marker 1 OFF/ON** or **Line Marker 2 OFF/ON** soft key to turn the function OFF.

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Setting Measurement Sweep Width & Display Sweep Width with Line Markers Setting the Measurement Sweep Width between Line Markers 1 and 2 <<See section 4.6 for details>>

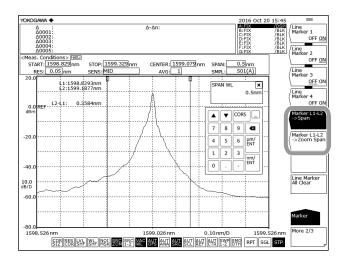
With line marker 1 and 2 displayed, press the **Marker L1-L2 ->Span** soft key. The sweep width setting screen and setting value are displayed. The measurement sweep width, measurement start wavelength, and measurement stop wavelength are changed. The measurement sweep width can be set by continuing in the DATA ENTRY section. The available setting range is 0.1 to 1400 nm (in 0.1 nm steps).

Setting the Area from Line Marker 1 to Line Marker 2 as the Display Scale ZOOM SPAN

With line marker 1 and 2 displayed, press the **Marker L1-L2 ->Zoom Span** soft key. The display sweep width setting screen and setting value are displayed. You can also rewrite the currently displayed waveform according to the specified Zoom Span.

Note

- If only one of the line markers is displayed, for L1, the wavelength on the right edge of the screen is set to the measurement stop wavelength. For L2, the wavelength on the left edge of the screen is set to the measurement start wavelength.
- The Marker L1-L2 -> Zoom Span soft key cannot be used under the following conditions.
 - When both L1 and L2 are OFF.
 - · When both Split screens are on Hold.
 - · When the SPAN of the active trace is 0 nm.

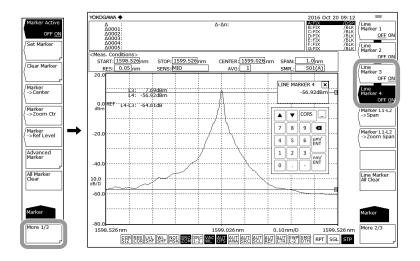


Note.

For information on analysis inside the line markers, see section 6.13, "Specifying an Analysis Range."

Displaying Level Line Markers

- 1. Press the MARKER switch. The soft key menu for marker settings appears.
- 2. Press the More 1/3 soft key.
- Press the Line Marker 3 OFF/ON or Line Marker 4 OFF/ON soft key to turn the function ON. Line marker values are displayed in the upper left of the waveform area.



Note

When level line markers 3 and 4 are displayed, the level difference (L4–L3) is shown below the marker values.

Moving Level Line Markers

4. Refer to the following and move the level line marker.

Direction	Moving Procedure	
Move upward	Turn the rotary knob to the right. Press the UP arrow key.	
Move downward	Turn the rotary knob to the left. Press the DOWN arrow key.	

Clearing All Cursors

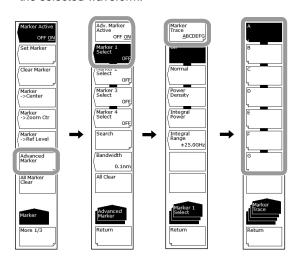
Press the **Line Marker All Clear** soft key. All markers (wavelength line markers and level line markers) displayed on the screen are cleared.

Displaying Advanced Markers

- 1. Press MARKER. A soft key menu for marker settings appears.
- Press the Advance Marker soft key.A soft key menu for advanced marker settings appears.
- 3. Press the Adv. Marker Active OFF/ON soft key to turn the function ON.
- 4. Press a soft key from Marker 1 Select to Marker 4 Select.
 A soft key menu for setting the advanced marker type and marker target trace appears.

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- **5.** Press the **Marker Trace** soft key. A soft key menu for selecting the marker target trace appears.
- **6.** Press a soft key from **Trace A to Trace G**. The marker can now be displayed on the selected waveform.

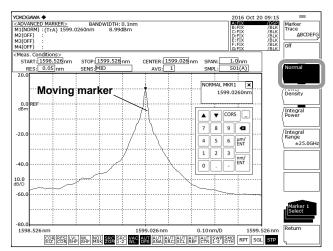


Note:

- If the active trace is not set to DISP, you cannot use the advanced markers.
 Set View@DISP/BLANK under TRACE to DISP.
- If you press the Adv. Marker Active OFF/ON soft key to turn it on, the moving markers (Marker Active OFF/ON) described on page 5-26 will automatically turn off.
 Likewise, if you turn on the moving markers (Marker Active OFF/ON) described on page 5-26, the Adv. Marker Active OFF/ON soft key changes to OFF.

Displaying a Moving Marker

7. Press the **Normal** soft key. A moving marker appears on the waveform.

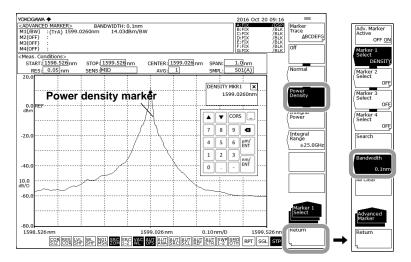


Displaying a Power spectral density Marker

- **7.** Press the **Power Density** soft key. A power spectral density marker appears on the waveform.
- 8. Press the Return soft key. The menu returns to the previous level.
- **9.** Press the **Bandwidth** soft key. The normalization bandwidth setting menu appears.

10. Enter the normalization bandwidth value using the rotary knob, arrow keys, or numeric keypad.

11. Press ENTER.



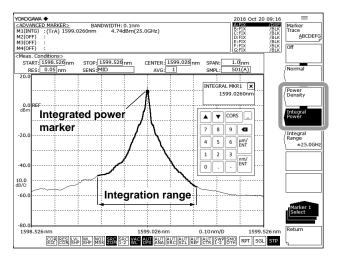
Note:

A power spectral density marker cannot be assigned to a differential waveform (based on LOG values) or normalized waveform.

Displaying an Integrated Power Marker

- **7.** Press the **Integral Power** soft key. A integrated power marker appears on the waveform.
- **8.** Press the **Integral Range** soft key. The integration frequency range setting menu appears.
- **9.** Enter the frequency range value using the rotary knob, arrow keys, or numeric keypad.

10. Press ENTER.



Note -

An integrated power marker cannot be assigned to a differential waveform (based on LOG values) or normalized waveform.

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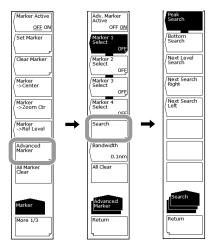
Moving an Advanced Marker

Enter the wavelength using the numeric keypad, and then press **nm/ENTER**. Or, move the moving marker by referring to the information below.

Movement direction	Movement method
Move to the right	Turn the rotary knob to the right. Press the UP arrow key.
Move to the left	Turn the rotary knob to the left. Press the DOWN arrow key.

Performing a Single Search Using an Advanced Marker

- 1. Press MARKER. A soft key menu for marker settings appears.
- Press the Advanced Marker soft key.A soft key menu for advanced marker settings appears.
- **3.** Press the **Search** soft key. The soft key menu for searching appears.



Note .

If the advanced marker is turned off, the Search soft key will be unavailable.

Finding the Peak Wavelength/Level

4. Press the **Peak Search** soft key. An advanced marker set to the peak (maximum value) of the waveform, and the marker values are displayed in the data area.

Finding the Bottom Wavelength/Level

4. Continuing from step 3, press the Bottom Search soft key. An advanced marker is set to the bottom (minimum value) of the waveform, and the marker value is displayed in the data area.

Finding the Next Peak/Bottom Level

5. When the advanced marker is displayed at the peak or bottom of the waveform, press the Next Level Search soft key. On the marker trace waveform, the moving marker at the peak or bottom is set to the next peak (local maximum value) or bottom (local minimum value).

Finding the Level Peak/Bottom to the Right of the Advanced Marker

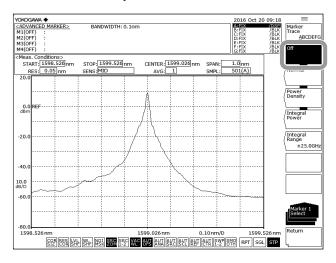
5. When the advanced marker is displayed at the peak or bottom of the waveform, press the Next Search Right soft key. The advanced marker is set to the next peak (local maximum value) or bottom (local minimum value) on the right.

Finding the Level Peak/Bottom to the Left of the Advanced Marker

5. When the advanced marker is displayed at the peak or bottom of the waveform, press the Next Search Left soft key. The advanced marker is set to the next peak (local maximum value) or bottom (local minimum value) on the left.

Turning Off the Advanced Marker Display

Press the Off soft key.



Note

The advanced marker display automatically turns off if you perform any of the following operations.

- · Execute auto measurement (section 4.1)
- Clear all traces (section 5.11)
- Change the vertical axis settings (section 4.2) and execute a measurement (section 4.13)
- Change the number of samples (section 4.8) and execute a measurement (section 4.13)

Clearing All Advanced Markers

- 1. Press MARKER. A soft key menu for marker settings appears.
- Press the Advanced Marker soft key.A soft key menu for advanced marker settings appears.
- **3.** Press the **All Clear** soft key. All displayed advanced markers (moving markers, power spectral density markers, and integrated power markers) are cleared.



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Explanation

Markers

Moving Markers

Line markers can be moved to an arbitrary wavelength using the rotary knob, arrow keys, or numeric key pad. You can also drag the markers with the mouse.

Moving markers can be moved over a waveform to display the marker value in the data area. If a moving marker is fixed in an arbitrary position, a fixed marker is displayed.

Fixed Markers

Fixed markers are markers fixed to number to which a moving marker was specified. A maximum of 1024 fixed markers can be set. In addition, fixed markers can be set across different traces.

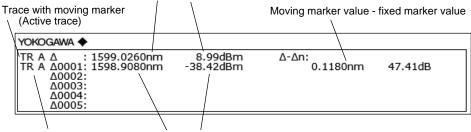
Fixed markers are assigned marker numbers in order starting from 001. You can enter an arbitrary number using the rotary knob, arrow keys, or numeric key pad. A number up to 1024 can be set.

Marker Data in the Data Area

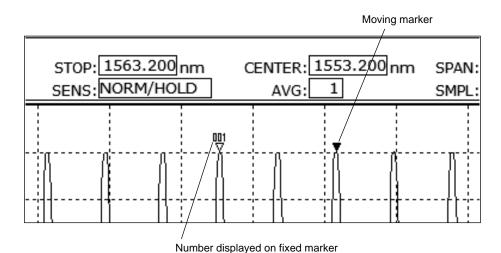
Marker values (wavelength values and level values) for the displayed moving and fixed markers are shown in the data area.

If there are five or more fixed markers, they cannot all be displayed in the data area. To view the values of markers that are not displayed, scroll through the display using the arrow keys. You can scroll when moving markers are ON and active.

Wavelength and level values at moving marker



Trace with fixed marker 1 Wavelength and level values of fixed marker 1



Marker Display

This key is used to set whether to display the difference relative to the moving marker (Offset) or the difference relative to the next marker (Spacing) in the marker display. (Default: Offset)

If the active trace span is 0 nm, the wavelength difference relative to the moving marker is 0.000 nm.

If a fixed marker is placed at the -210 dBm wavelength value, "???????" is displayed as the level difference from that fixed marker.

When a fixed marker is positioned and the moving marker is set to a wavelength value of -210 dBm, the level difference is set to 23.22 dB, regardless of the fixed marker's level.

Offset

Sets the difference value display as the difference between each marker and the moving marker (OFFSET).

Data area when MARKER DISPLAY is set to OFFSET

Spacing

Sets the difference value display as the difference between each marker and the next marker.

YOKOGAWA ◆ TR A Δ : 1550.6600nm -20.09dBm SPACING: TR A Δ0001: 1552.2600nm -20.00dBm 1.6000nm 0.09dB TR A Δ0002: 1553.9000nm -19.92dBm 1.6400nm 0.08dB TR A Δ0003: 1555.5400nm -19.99dBm 1.6400nm -0.07dB TR A Δ0004: 1557.1600nm -19.95dBm 1.6200nm 0.04dB Δ0005:

Data area when Marker Display is set to Spacing

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Line Markers

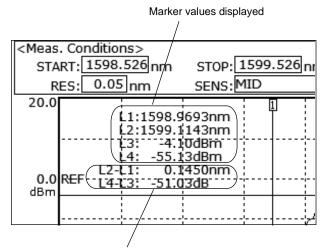
Wavelength Line Markers

When line markers are displayed, the marker values are shown in the upper left part of the waveform area.

When both wavelength line markers 1 and 2 are displayed, the wavelength difference (L2–L1) is shown below the marker values.

Level Line Markers

When line markers are displayed, the marker values are shown in the upper left part of the waveform area. When level line markers 3 and 4 are displayed, the level difference (L4–L3) is shown below the marker values.



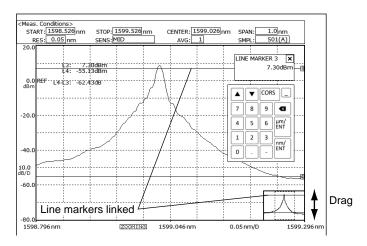
Wavelength (L2 - L1) and level (L4 - L3) difference displayed

Note.

You can move line markers by dragging them. As you drag, the line markers in the overview window move accordingly.

Line Markers in the Overview Window

The instrument's OVERVIEW window is displayed when the display scale is enlarged or reduced. When line markers are displayed, they are also displayed on the OVERVIEW window. When a line marker is moved on the OVERVIEW window, it also moves in the waveform area. When moving a line marker, the mouse pointer changes to a hand tool.



Advanced Markers

Moving Markers

Moving markers can be moved to an arbitrary wavelength using the rotary knob, arrow keys, or numeric keypad.

You can also drag the markers with the mouse.

Moving markers move along the waveform and show marker values (wavelength and level) in the data area.

If two markers are displayed, the wavelength difference and level difference between the markers are displayed.

When marker 1 (M1) and marker 2 (M2) are displayed: marker 2 – marker 1 (M2–1) When marker 3 (M3) and marker 4 (M4) are displayed: marker 4 – marker 3 (M4–3) The fixed marker function is not available.

A number is displayed with the moving marker. When active, the marker is solidly filled.

Power spectral density Markers

M2-1

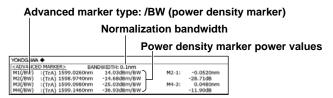
10.0 dB/D

Power spectral density markers show power values per normalization bandwidth by assuming the marker position on the waveform to be the center. The power values are displayed in the data area. They are used to determine converted power values per given bandwidth such as when measuring the signal noise level.

M4-3

The selectable normalization bandwidth range is 0.1 to 10.0 nm. If you press the COARSE key, you can set the value in 1 nm steps using the rotary knob or arrow keys. If you do not press the COARSE key, you can set the value in 0.1 nm steps.

The way to move the markers and the data display between markers are the same as with the above-mentioned moving markers.



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Integrated Power Markers

Integrated power markers show integrated power values over specified frequency ranges by assuming the marker position on the waveform to be the center. The power values are displayed in the data area. These markers are used to determine the integrated power of a widely spread spectrum such as to determine the signal level from a modulated optical signal spectrum. The selectable range of frequency to integrate over is ±1.0 to ±999.9 GHz. If you press the COARSE key, you can set the value in 10 GHz steps using the rotary knob or arrow keys. If you do not press the COARSE key, you can set the value in 1 GHz steps.

To determine the signal level of a modulated optical signal, set the integration frequency range so that the point approximately –30 dB below the spectrum peak is included. The waveform in the integration range appears highlighted (in blue).

The way to move the markers and the data display between markers are the same as with the above-mentioned moving markers.

Advanced marker type: INTG (integrated power marker)

Note

When advanced markers are in use, the marker levels at the end of measurements are automatically updated.

5.10 Displaying a Split Screen

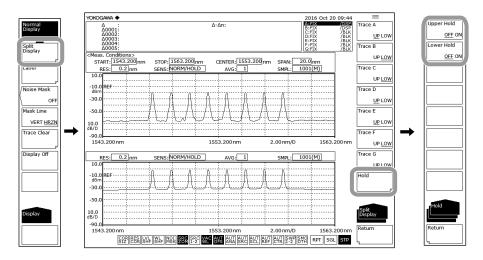
Procedure

Splitting the Screen

- 1. Press **DISPLAY**. The soft key menu for setting the screen display appears.
- 2. Press the Split Display soft key. The screen splits into upper and lower splits.

Displaying a Trace in Either the Upper or Lower Split

3. Press the soft key corresponding to the desired trace. Each time you press the soft key, the display screen toggles between UP and LOW. You can alternately select the upper or lower display for Trace A. For Trace A, the default is Upper. The default for Traces A, B, D, and E is Upper. The default for Trace C, F, and G is Lower.



Fixing a Trace

3. Press the Hold soft key.

Fixing/Releasing the Upper Trace

4. Press the Upper Hold OFF/ON soft key. The trace assigned to the upper split is fixed, along with the scale. To release the trace, press the Upper Hold OFF/ON soft key again. The display scale and waveform are updated.

Fixing/Releasing the Lower Trace

4. Press the Lower Hold OFF/ON soft key. The trace assigned to the lower split is fixed, along with the scale. To release the trace, press the Lower Hold OFF/ON soft key again. The display scale and waveform are updated.

Returning to Normal Display

- 1. Press **DISPLAY**. The soft key menu for setting the screen display appears.
- Press the Normal Display soft key. The screen returns to normal display (1 screen).

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Explanation

Hold

The Hold function is used when displaying measured waveforms with the upper and lower portions of the screen having different wavelength ranges.

For example, after measuring trace A in the upper screen, you can hold the upper screen, change measurement conditions, then measure trace B in the lower screen.

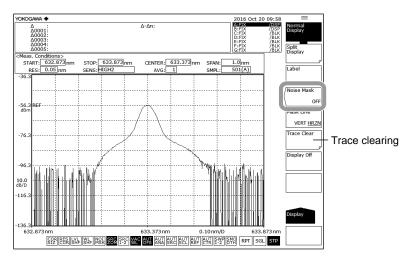
Hold has the characteristics below. These are the same for the upper and lower splits.

- · The display scale is fixed.
- · The trace is fixed.
- When Hold is applied to a screen with the active trace (Write @), the active trace automatically changes to the Fix state. (Fix @)
- When a screen setting is changed from the Hold state to Normal Display, the last set display scale is set as the display scale.
- When a trace in the Hold state (Fix state) is set to a state other than Fix, the Hold is cleared automatically. When this happens, a warning message is displayed.

5.11 Noise Mask

Procedure

- 1. Press **DISPLAY**. The soft key menu for setting the screen display appears.
- 2. Press the Noise Mask soft key. The noise mask value setting screen is displayed.
- 3. Enter a noise mask value using the rotary knob, arrow keys, or numeric key pad.
- 4. Press ENTER.
- 5. Press the Mask Line VERT/HRZN soft key and select VERT or HRZN.



Note.

The allowed setting range for the noise mask value is OFF (-999), and -100–0. Settings can be adjusted in steps of 1. The value changes in steps of 10 if you press the COARSE key.

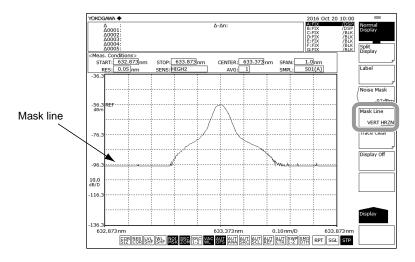
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Explanation

Noise Masking

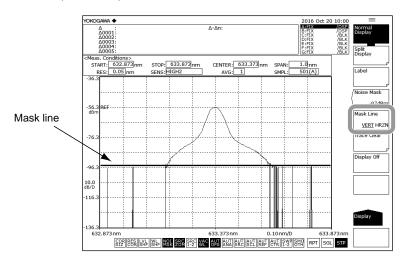
HRZN

Displays the waveform with level values at or below the mask value as the mask value.



VERT

Displays the waveform with level values at or below the mask value as the display lower limit value (-210 dBm).



Note:

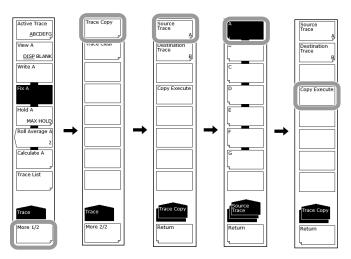
The noise mask function is disabled when the vertical axis is linear.

5.12 Copying and Clearing Traces

Procedure

Copying Traces

- 1. Press TRACE. The soft key menu for trace settings appears.
- 2. Press the More 1/2 soft key.
- 3. Press the Trace Copy soft key.
- **4.** Press the **Source Trace** soft key and select the copy source Trace (A to G). The screen returns to the previous state after a selection is made.
- Press the **Destination Trace** soft key and select the copy destination Trace (A to G). The screen returns to the previous state after a selection is made.
- 6. Press the Copy Execute soft key. The copy executes.



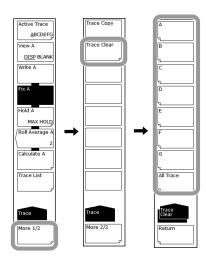
Note

- After the copy is executed, the copy destination trace status changes to FIX and DISP.
- If the copy source and destination trace are the same, the Copy Execute soft key is disabled.

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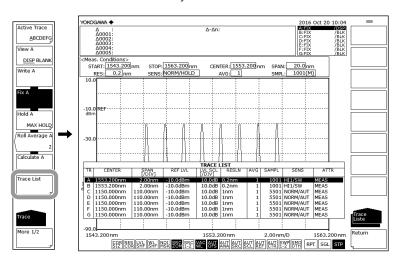
Clearing Traces

- 1. Press TRACE. The soft key menu for trace settings appears.
- 2. Press the More 1/2 soft key.
- 3. Press the Trace Clear soft key.
- **4.** Press the soft key (A through G) corresponding to the trace of the data you wish to clear.
- 5. To clear the data from all traces, press the All Trace soft key.



Trace List

- 1. Press TRACE. The soft key menu for trace settings appears.
- 2. Press the Trace List soft key.



5.13 Single Search

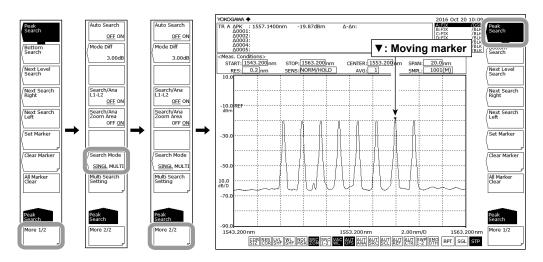
Procedure

Selecting the Single Search

- 1. Press PEAK SEARCH. The menu for detecting peak values is displayed.
- 2. Press the More 1/2 soft key.
- **3.** Press the **Search Mode** soft key and select SINGL. In the default settings, SINGL (single search) is selected.
- 4. Press the More 2/2 soft key.

Finding the Peak Wavelength/Level

5. Press the **Peak Search** soft key. The moving marker is set on the waveform peak (the maximum level value) and the marker value is displayed in the data area.



Finding the Bottom Wavelength/Level

5. Continuing on from step 4, press the Bottom Search soft key. The moving marker is set on the waveform bottom (the minimum level value) and the marker value is displayed in the data area.

Note:

- If the active trace is not set to DISP, the moving marker cannot be used. Set the trace VIEW
 @ DISP/BLANK soft key setting to DISP.
- Even if you press Peak Search the moving marker is displayed.

Finding the Next Peak/Bottom Level

6. With the moving marker displayed at a waveform peak or bottom, press the Next Level Search soft key. The moving marker is placed on the next peak (maximum level value) or bottom (minimum level value).

Finding the Level Peak/Bottom to the Right of the Marker

6. With the moving marker displayed at a waveform peak or bottom, press the Next Search Right soft key. The moving marker is placed on the peak (maximum level value) or bottom (minimum level value) to the right of its current position.

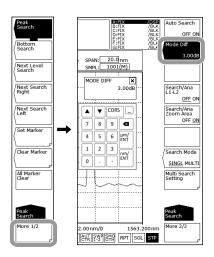
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Finding the Level Peak/Bottom to the Left of the Marker

6. With the moving marker displayed at a waveform peak or bottom, press the Next Search Left soft key. The moving marker is placed on the peak (maximum level value) or bottom (minimum level value) to the left of its current position.

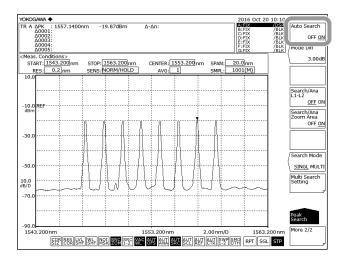
Setting the Minimum Peak/Bottom Difference of the Mode Judgment Reference

- 1. Press PEAK SEARCH. The menu for detecting the peak value is displayed.
- 2. Press the More 1/2 soft key. The 2/2 soft key screen is displayed.
- **3.** Press the **Mode Diff** soft key. The screen for setting the minimum peak/bottom difference of the mode judgment reference is displayed.
- **4.** Enter a peak/bottom difference using the rotary knob, arrow keys, or numeric key pad.
- 5. Press nm/ENTER.



Auto Search

- 1. Press PEAK SEARCH. The menu for searching for the peak value is displayed.
- 2. Press the More 1/2 soft key. The 2/2 soft key screen is displayed.
- 3. Press the Auto Search soft key.



Explanation

The instrument detects the peak (the maximum level value) or bottom (the minimum level value) of the measured waveform.

Peak Search

Executes a peak search (a search for a maximum level value) on the active trace waveform. A moving marker is placed, and the marker value is displayed in the data area. If the peak level is above the screen top or below the screen bottom, a marker is displayed at the screen top or bottom, but the actual (correct) marker value is displayed in the data area. After measurement the marker can be moved with the rotary knob. Or, if you press an arrow key, you can scroll the data area.

Bottom Search

Executes a bottom search (a search for a minimum level value) on the active trace waveform. A moving marker is placed, and the marker value is displayed in the data area. If the bottom level is above the screen top or below the screen bottom, a marker is displayed at the screen top or bottom, but the actual (correct) marker value is displayed in the data area. After measurement the marker can be moved with the rotary knob. Or, if you press an arrow key, you can scroll the data area.

Next Level Search

Sets a moving marker at the peak (maximum level value) or bottom (minimum level value) which follows the currently set moving marker value (level value) in the active trace waveform. If there is no such peak or bottom, a warning data is displayed.

WARNING 103: No data in active trace

Next Search Right

Sets a moving marker at the peak (maximum level value) or bottom (minimum level value) to the right of the currently set moving marker value (level value) in the active trace waveform. If there is no such peak or bottom, a warning data is displayed.

WARNING 103: No data in active trace

Next Search Left

Sets a moving marker at the peak (maximum level value) or bottom (minimum level value) to the left of the currently set moving marker value (level value) in the active trace waveform. If there is no such peak or bottom, a warning data is displayed.

WARNING 103: No data in active trace

Set Marker Set

Sets the moving marker as a fixed marker with the specified number.

A number from 001 to 1024 can be specified. The default is one greater than the highest fixed marker number among the currently set markers, or the number 001 if no markers have been set). If the Marker Active soft key turns OFF, the Set Marker soft key is disabled.

Clear Marker Clear

Clears the specified fixed marker number. The marker value in the data area is also cleared. The fixed marker number to be cleared (default value) is the last set fixed marker number.

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All Marker Clear

This key is used to clear all currently displayed moving markers and fixed markers.

Mode Diff *.**dB

This key is used to set the minimum peak/bottom difference (dB) serving as a basis for mode determination during mode detection.

When you press this key, the setting screen and current setting value are displayed. The available setting range is 0.01 to 50.00 dB (in 0.01 steps, coarse: steps of 1), and the value is set in the DATA ENTRY section. (Initial value: 3.00 dB.)

Search/Ana Marker L1-L2 OFF / ON

When set to ON and wavelength line markers WL1 and WL2 are set, peak searching, bottom searching (PEAK SEARCH key), and analysis function (ANALYSIS key) calculations are only applied between line markers 1 and 2.

The setting applies to the MARKER and PEAK SEARCH keys, and the Search/Ana Marker L1-L2 key. If wavelength line markers WL1 and WL2 are not set, the Search/Ana Marker L1-L2 OFF / ON key is disabled. (Initial value: OFF.)

When this key is set to ON, $\frac{SRC}{1-2}$ is displayed at the very bottom of the screen in reverse video.

Note -

- If both WL1 and WL2 are set, execution applies over the span between line markers 1 and 2.
- If just WL1 is set, execution applies over the span from line marker 1 to the right edge of the screen.
- If just WL2 is set, execution applies over the span from the left edge of the screen to line marker 2.

Search/Ana Zoom Area OFF / ON

When set to ON, peak searching, bottom searching (PEAK SEARCH key), and analysis function (ANALYSIS key) are only applied to data in the Zoom Span range.

The setting applies to the MARKER and PEAK SEARCH keys, and the Search/Ana Marker L1-L2 key. When this key and the Search/Ana Marker L1-L2 key are set to ON, calculations are applied to data that are both within the Zoom Span range and between line markers 1 and 2. (Initial value: ON.)

When this key is set to ON, SRC is displayed at the very bottom of the screen in reverse video.

Auto Search

You can automatically detect the peak or bottom value every time a sweep is performed. The following explains the soft keys related to auto searches.

Auto Search ON/OFF

Turns ON/OFF peak/bottom searching to be performed every sweep.

When set to ON, a peak/bottom search is performed automatically and a moving marker is set automatically after sweeping ends. (Initial value: OFF.)

When this key is set to ON, AUT is displayed at the very bottom of the screen in reverse video.

5.14 Multi Search

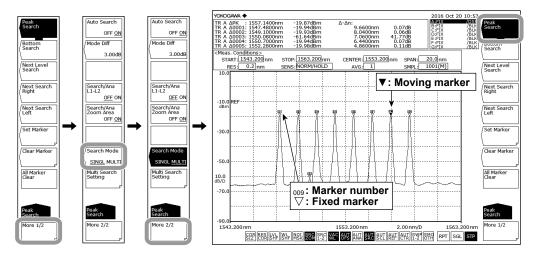
Procedure

Selecting the Multi Search

- 1. Press PEAK SEARCH. The menu for detecting peak values is displayed.
- 2. Press the More 1/2 soft key.
- 3. Press the Search Mode soft key and select MULTI. In the default settings, SINGL (single search) is selected. When you select MULTI, a peak search or a bottom search is executed. Which search is executed depends on which soft key, Peak Search or Bottom Search, has been pressed on the More 1/2 menu.
- 4. Press the More 2/2 soft key.

Finding Multiple Peak Wavelengths/Levels

5. Press the Peak Search soft key. Fixed markers are set on the multiple peaks of the waveform, and the marker values are displayed in the data area. The moving marker is set on the highest peak.



Finding Multiple Bottom Wavelengths/Levels

5. Continuing from step 4, press the **Bottom Search** soft key. Fixed markers are set on the multiple bottoms of the waveform, and the marker values are displayed in the data area. The moving marker is set on the lowest bottom.

Note:

- If the active trace is not set to DISP, the moving marker cannot be used. Set the trace VIEW
 @ DISP/BLANK soft key setting to DISP.
- Even if you press Peak Search the moving marker is displayed.

Finding the Next Peak/Bottom Level

The procedure is the same as the procedure shown for the single search in the previous section.

Finding the Level Peak/Bottom to the Right of the Moving Marker

The procedure is the same as the procedure shown for the single search in the previous section.

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Finding the Level Peak/Bottom to the Left of the Moving Marker

The procedure is the same as the procedure shown for the single search in the previous section.

Setting the Mode (Peak/Bottom) Detection Threshold and the Detection List Sort Order

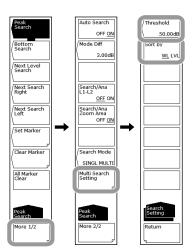
- 1. Press PEAK SEARCH. The menu for detecting peak values is displayed.
- 2. Press the More 1/2 soft key.
- Press the Multi Search Setting soft key. The menu for setting the mode (peak/ bottom) detection threshold and the marker number assignment order is displayed.

Setting the Mode (Peak/Bottom) Detection Threshold

- 4. Press the Threshold soft key. The screen for setting the threshold appears.
- **5.** Enter the detection threshold using the rotary knob, arrow keys, or numeric keypad.
- 6. Press nm/ENTER.

Setting the Detection List Sort Order

4. Press the Sort by soft key. Each time you press the soft key, the setting toggles between WL and LVL.



Explanation

The instrument detects multiple peaks (maximum level values) or bottoms (minimum level values) of the measured waveform at the same time.

Threshold

Set the threshold (detection range level) that is used when the multi search detects modes (peaks/bottoms).

For peak searches, the peak detection range is defined as being the levels from the measured waveform's maximum peak to the threshold value.

For bottom searches, the bottom detection range is defined as being the levels from the measured waveform's minimum bottom to the threshold value.

Sort By

The detected marker values are displayed as a list in the data area. This setting sets the sort order of the detection list.

WL: Wavelengths are displayed in order starting from the shortest wavelength.

LVL: For the peak search, levels are displayed in order starting from the highest level. For the bottom search, levels are displayed in order starting from the lowest level.

Peak Search

A peak search (a search for the maximum level values) is performed on the active trace waveform. Fixed markers are displayed on the peak points. The moving marker is displayed on the maximum peak (the maximum level value). The marker values are displayed in the data area. If the peaks are off the screen, their markers are displayed at the top or bottom edge of the screen. Even in this situation, the correct marker values are displayed.

After the measurement has completed, you can use the rotary knob to move the moving marker. You can use the arrow keys to scroll through the data area.

Bottom Search

A bottom search (a search for the minimum level values) is performed on the active trace waveform. Fixed markers are displayed on the bottom points. The moving marker is displayed on the minimum bottom (the minimum level value). The marker values are displayed in the data area. If the bottoms are off the screen, their markers are displayed at the top or bottom edge of the screen. Even in this situation, the correct marker values are displayed.

After the measurement has completed, you can use the rotary knob to move the moving marker. You can use the arrow keys to scroll through the data area.

Other Soft Keys

The functions of the following soft keys displayed on the Peak Search menu are the same as the functions explained in the previous section on the single search. For details, see the explanation in the previous section.

Next Level Search

Next Search Right

Next Search Left

Set Marker

Set

Clear Marker

Clear

All Marker Clear

Mode Diff

Search/Ana Marker L1-L2

Search/Ana Zoom Area

Auto Search

Note

The Mode Diff (mode judgment reference)—the peak/bottom difference—setting is shared between the multi search and single search.

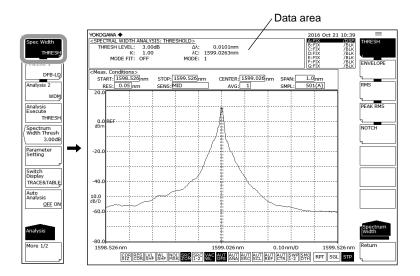
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6.1 Spectrum Width Measurement

Procedure

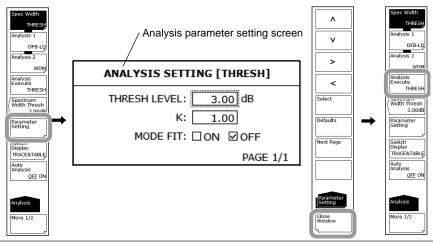
Spectrum width can be measured from the measured waveform.

- **1.** Press **ANALYSIS**. The soft key menu for analyzing measured waveforms appears.
- **2.** Press the **Spec Width** soft key. The analysis algorithm selection menu is displayed.
- **3.** Press the **THRESH**, **ENVELOPE**, **RMS**, or **PEAK RMS** soft key. Analysis is performed, and the results are displayed in the data area.



When changing the analysis parameters

- **4.** Continuing on from step 3, press the **Parameter Setting** soft key. The analysis parameter setting screen is displayed.
- **5.** Move the cursor with the arrow keys, and enter a setting value with the numeric key pad.
- **6.** Press the **Close Window** soft key. The analysis parameter setting screen closes, and the soft key menu returns to the previous stage.
- 7. Press the **Analysis Execute** soft key. Analysis is performed according to the changed parameters, and the results are displayed in the data area.



If you only want to change the THRESH LEVELI, you can also do so with the Spec Width Thresh soft key.

Changing the Threshold Value for Each Algorithm

- **4.** Continuing on from step 3, press the **Spec Width Thresh** soft key. The threshold setting screen is displayed.
- **5.** Enter a value using the rotary knob, arrow keys, or numeric key pad.
- 6. Press ENTER.

Automatic Analysis on Each Sweep

4. Continuing on from step 3, press the Auto Analysis OFF ON soft key to select ON. At the end of each sweep, the Spec Width, Analysis 1, or Analysis 2 function that was selected is executed automatically.

Note.

- If the Auto Search soft key is ON when the Auto Analysis soft key is turned ON, Auto Search is automatically turned OFF.
- When the Auto Analysis soft key is set to ON, ANA is displayed at the bottom of the screen in inverse video.

Saving Analysis Results

- 2. Continuing on from step 1, press the More 1/2 soft key.
- 3. Press the **Result Save** soft key. The file list is displayed.
- **4.** For the subsequent steps, see section 8.5, "Saving/Loading Analysis Results Data."

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Explanation

Algorithms

Algorithms for Spectrum Width Analysis

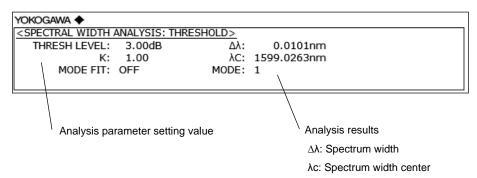
Algorithm	Description
THRESH	Determines spectrum width from the width between points where the waveform crosses the threshold value.
ENVELOPE	Determines spectrum width from waveform envelope.
RMS	Determines spectrum width from waveform standard deviation.
PEAK RMS	Determines spectrum width from waveform mode peak standard deviation.

Note -

- For details about the spectrum width analysis algorithms and parameters, see appendix 2, "Data Calculation Algorithms for Spectrum Widths."
- For information on NOTCH, see section 6.2, "Notch Width Measurement."

Results Display

The analysis results are displayed in the data area.



Spec Width THRESH

You can set threshold values for each spectrum width analysis algorithm. After the setting is made, analysis is executed and the display is updated.

The setting range is 0.01 to 50.00 dB. Settings can be adjusted in steps of 0.01. The value changes in steps of 1.00 if you press the COARSE key. The value is set in the DATA ENTRY section. This setting is held independently by each analysis algorithm. If the Spec Width soft key is OFF, this soft key is disabled.

The value set by this soft key is shared by the analysis parameter setting screen under the Parameter Setting soft key.

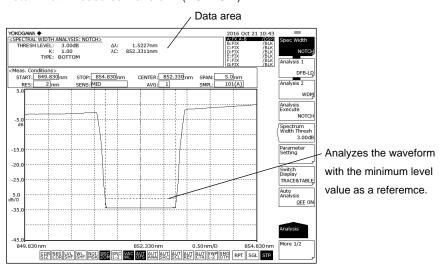
6.2 Notch Width Measurement

Procedure

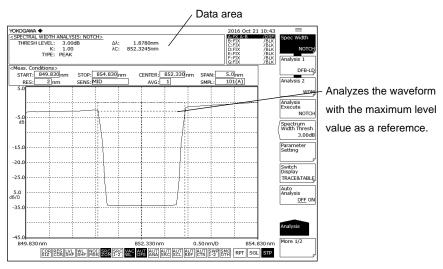
With notch width measurement, it is possible to measure notch width (pass band width/ notch width) from the measured waveform of a filter with V-character type or U-character type wavelength characteristics.

- Press ANALYSIS. The soft key menu for analyzing measured waveforms appears.
- **2.** Press the **Spec Width** soft key. The analysis algorithm selection menu is displayed.
- **3.** Press the **NOTCH** soft key. Analysis is performed, and the results are displayed in the data area.

Notch width measured waveform (BOTTOM)



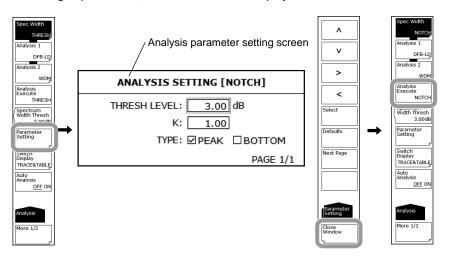
Notch width measured waveform (PEAK)



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When changing the analysis parameters

- **4.** Continuing on from step 3, press the **Parameter Setting** soft key. The notch analysis parameter setting screen is displayed.
- **5.** Move the cursor with the arrow keys or soft keys, and enter a setting value with the numeric key pad. To switch PEAK and BOTTOM, press the **Select** soft key.
- **6.** Press the **Close Window** soft key. The analysis parameter setting screen closes, and the soft key menu returns to the previous stage.
- **7.** Press the **Analysis Execute** soft key. Analysis is performed according to the changed parameters, and the results are displayed in the data area.



Note

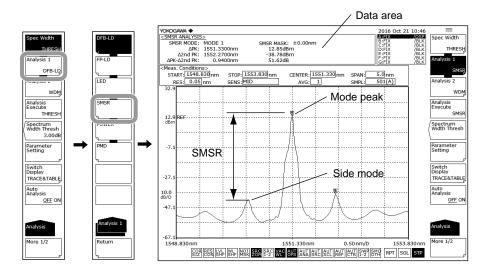
For details about the notch width analysis algorithms and parameters, see appendix 2, "Data Calculation Algorithms for Spectrum Widths."

6.3 SMSR Measurement

Procedure

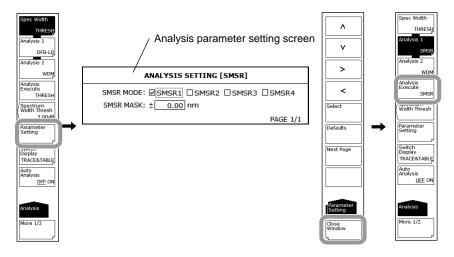
You can measure SMSR from the measured waveform of a DFB-LD.

- **1.** Press **ANALYSIS**. The soft key menu for analyzing measured waveforms appears.
- 2. Press the Analysis 1 soft key. The analysis function selection menu is displayed.
- **3.** Press the **SMSR** soft key. Analysis is performed, and the results are displayed in the data area.



When changing the analysis parameters

- **4.** Continuing on from step 3, press the **Parameter Setting** soft key. The SMSR measurement parameter setting screen is displayed.
- **5.** Move the cursor with the arrow keys or soft keys, and enter a setting value with the numeric key pad. To switch SMSR1 and SMSR2, press the **Select** soft key.
- **6.** Press the **Close Window** soft key. The SMSR measurement parameter setting screen closes, and the soft key menu returns to the previous stage.
- **7.** Press the **Analysis Execute** soft key. Analysis is performed according to the changed parameters, and the results are displayed in the data area.



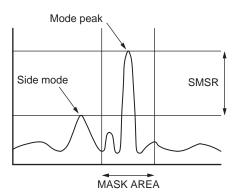
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Explanation

SMSR

SMSR stands for side-mode suppression ratio.

SMSR represents the difference between the mode peak and the side-mode level. It is one of the parameters used to evaluate the performance of DFB-LDs and the like.

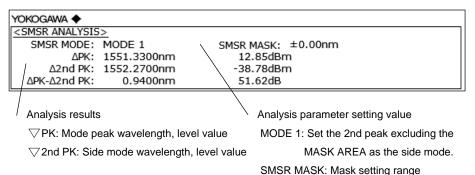


Note

For details on SMSR analysis algorithms, see appendix 3, "Details of Analysis Functions."

Results Display

The analysis results are displayed in the data area.

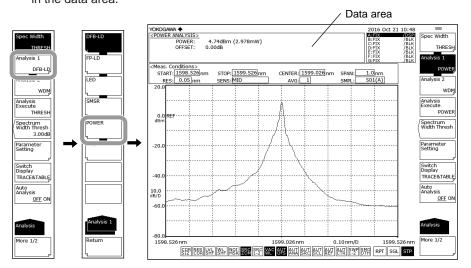


6.4 POWER Measurement

Procedure

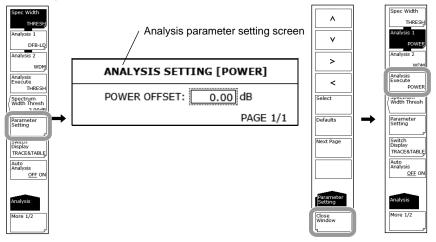
Optical power can be measured by integrating the measured waveform level values.

- **1.** Press **ANALYSIS**. The soft key menu for analyzing measured waveforms appears.
- 2. Press the Analysis 1 soft key. The analysis function selection menu is displayed.
- **3.** Press the **POWER** soft key. Analysis is performed, and the results are displayed in the data area.



When changing the analysis parameters

- **4.** Continuing on from step 3, press the **Parameter Setting** soft key. The power offset setting screen is displayed.
- 5. Enter a setting value with the numeric key pad.
- **6.** Press the **Close Window** soft key. The power offset setting screen closes, and the soft key menu returns to the previous stage.
- **7.** Press the **Analysis Execute** soft key. Analysis is performed according to the changed parameters, and the results are displayed in the data area.



For details on POWER analysis algorithms, see appendix 3, "Details of Analysis Functions."

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Note

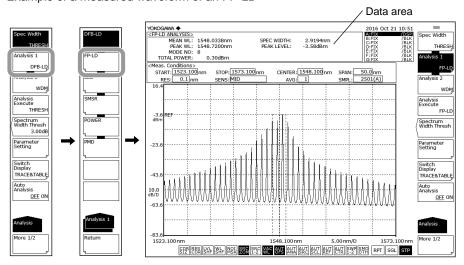
6.5 DFB-LD, FP-LD, and LED Measurement

Procedure

Light source parameters can be analyzed from the measured waveform of each light source (DFB-LD, FP-LD, LED).

- Press ANALYSIS. The soft key menu for analyzing measured waveforms appears.
- 2. Press the Analysis 1 soft key. The analysis function selection menu is displayed.
- Press the DFB-LD, FP-LD, or LED soft key according to the type of light source to be analyzed. Analysis is performed, and the results are displayed in the data area.

Example of a measured waveform of an FP-LD



When changing the analysis parameters

- 4. Continuing on from step 3, press the Parameter Setting soft key. The measurement parameter setting screen for the type of light source selected is displayed.
- 5. Move the cursor with the arrow keys or soft keys, and enter a setting value with the numeric key pad. To select a check box, align the cursor then press the Select soft key.
- **6.** Press the **Close Window** soft key. The measurement parameter setting screen closes, and the soft key menu returns to the previous stage.
- 7. Press the **Analysis Execute** soft key. Analysis is performed according to the changed parameters, and the results are displayed in the data area.

Note:

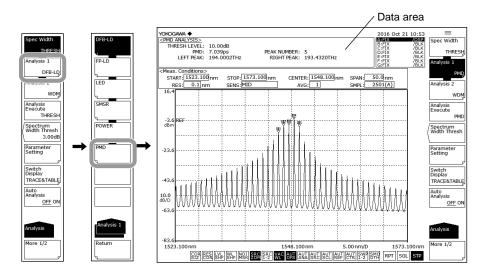
For details on the analysis algorithms for the DFB-LD, FP-LD, and LED light sources, see appendix 3, "Details of Analysis Functions."

6.6 PMD Measurement

Procedure

It is possible to measure the polarization mode dispersion (PMD) from a measured waveform by using the instrument in combination with a wideband light source and a polarizer, polarization controller, and an analyzer.

- Press ANALYSIS. The soft key menu for analyzing measured waveforms appears.
- 2. Press the Analysis 1 soft key. The analysis function selection menu is displayed.
- **3.** Press the **PMD** soft key. Analysis is performed, and the results are displayed in the data area.



When changing the analysis parameters

- **4.** Continuing on from step 3, press the **Parameter Setting** soft key. The thresh level setting screen is displayed.
- 5. Enter a setting value with the numeric key pad.
- **6.** Press the **Close Window** soft key. The thresh level setting screen closes, and the soft key menu returns to the previous stage.
- **7.** Press the **Analysis Execute** soft key. Analysis is performed according to the changed parameters, and the results are displayed in the data area.

Note

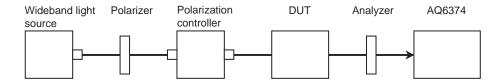
- When PMD measurement is performed, waveform data at or below the threshold level from the peak are not used in analysis. The threshold level is entered in the threshold level setting screen.
- The mode-determination threshold level during PMD analysis execution is set using the Mode Diff soft key in the Peak Search menu. The level difference which exceeds the value set with the Mode Diff soft key is recognized as a mode.
- See section 6.12 for how to set the mode judgment threshold value.
- For an explanation on the PMD analysis algorithms, see appendix 3, "Details of Analysis Functions."

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PMD measurement is performed after loading of the waveform used for PMD measurement.

Load the waveform for PMD measurement.

The following explains the structure of, and acquisition procedure for PMD measurement.



- 1. Enter measurement conditions so that the entire wavelength range of the wideband light source is measured. Set the resolution to about 0.050 nm.
- 2. Press SWEEP. Next, press the Repeat soft key. Repeat sweeping begins.
- **3.** While watching the waveform during repeat sweeping, adjust the polarization controller so as to maximize the waveform's peak/bottom difference (the level difference between the maximum and minimum values).
- 4. After the polarization controller has been adjusted, press the Single soft key to perform a single sweep. Acquisition of measured waveforms is complete.

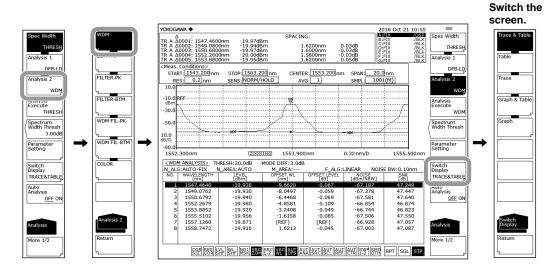
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6.7 WDM Transmission Signal Analysis

Procedure

You can measure the center wavelength, level, and SNR of each channel from the measured waveform of a WDM transmission signal.

- **1.** Press **ANALYSIS**. The soft key menu for analyzing measured waveforms appears.
- 2. Press the Analysis 2 soft key. The analysis function selection menu is displayed.
- Press the WDM soft key. Analysis is performed, and the results are displayed in a list. The analysis results display screen is switched with the Switch Display soft key.



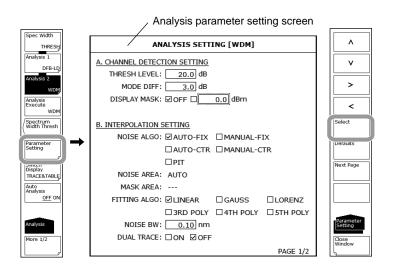
Note

When zooming a waveform, if you click in the list of analysis results, the waveform of the selected channel is displayed in the center of the waveform screen.

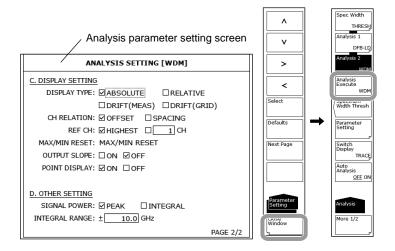
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When changing the analysis parameters

- 4. Continuing on from step 3, press the Parameter Setting soft key. The WDM analysis parameter setting screen is displayed. If a setting screen has multiple pages, press the Next Page soft key to display the next screen.
- 5. Move the cursor with the arrow keys or soft keys, and enter a setting value with the numeric key pad. To select a check box, align the cursor then press the Select soft key.



- **6.** Press the **Close Window** soft key. The WDM analysis parameter setting screen closes, and the soft key menu returns to the previous stage.
- 7. Press the **Analysis Execute** soft key. Analysis is performed according to the changed parameters, and the results are displayed in a list.

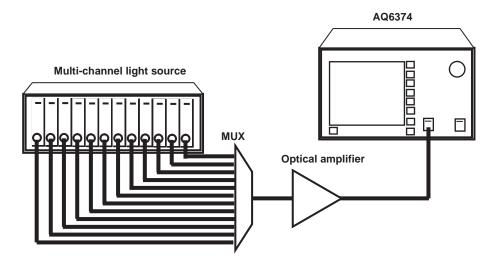


Note

See appendix 4, "WDM Analysis Function" for a description of the WDM analysis algorithms and parameters.

Explanation

The following configuration is used to measure WDM transmission signals.



Measure the input optical spectrum and write the waveform to the active trace.

Setting Analysis Parameters

The WDM analysis function parameters may be broadly divided into the following three configurations.

Parameter settings may be changed as desired according to the details of the particular analysis.

- Parameters related to channel detection (CHANNEL DETECTION SETTING)
- Parameters related to noise level measurement (INTERPOLATION SETTING)
- Parameters related to analysis results display method (DISPLAY SETTING)

These are explained below. See appendix 4, "WDM Analysis Function" for a description of the parameters.

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Parameter Settings Related to Channel Detection

These parameters are used to set threshold level and the like for WDM channel detection.

THRESH LEVEL

This parameter is used to set the threshold level for channel detection.

This setting determines how far down in decibels from the peak level to detect a mode peak as a channel.

MODE DIFF

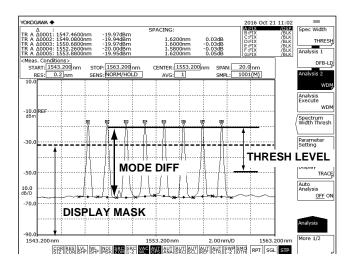
This parameter sets the minimum value for the peak/bottom difference during channel peak detection.

If the waveform peak/bottom difference equals or exceeds this value, it is detected as a mode peak.

DISPLAY MASK

This parameter sets the mask level value for channel masking.

Channels at a level equal to or below this setting are masked.



Parameter Settings Related to Noise Level Measurement

These parameters are used to set the interpolation method and bandwidth for noise level measurement.

NOISE ALGO

Select one of the five algorithms shown below for measuring the noise level.

If AUTO-FIX or AUTO-CTR is set, the measurement parameters at another noise level are set automatically. To set the values manually, select MANUAL-FIX or MANUAL-CTR.

AUTO-FIX Automatic settings (FIX type)
 MANUAL-FIX Manual settings (FIX type)
 AUTO-CTR Automatic settings (CENTER type)
 MANUAL-CTR Manual settings (CENTER type)
 PIT Automatic settings (PIT type)

Note

- If AUTO-FIX, AUTO-CTR, or PIT is selected, the NOISE AREA and MASK AREA parameters are set automatically according to the measured waveform. FITTING ALGO is set to LINEAR
- See appendix 4, "WDM Analysis Function" for a description of the WDM analysis algorithms and parameters.

FITTING ALGO

This parameter is used to select the interpolation algorithm for determining the noise level

This parameter is only set when NOISE ALGO is set to MANUAL-FIX or MANUAL-CTR.

Interpolation algorithms

Fitting Algorithm	Description
LINER	Linear interpolation
GAUSS	Normal distribution curve
LORENZ	Lorenz curve
3RD POLY	3rd polynomial
4TH POLY	4th polynomial
5TH POLY	5th polynomial

Note

If NOISE ALGO is AUTO-FIX or AUTO-CTR, then FITTING ALGO is automatically set to LINEAR and does not need to be set manually.

NOISE AREA

This parameter is used to set the range of waveform data to be used in determining the noise level through interpolation.

This parameter is only set when NOISE ALGO is set to MANUAL-FIX.

MASK AREA

This parameter is used to set the range of signal light to be masked when determining the noise level through interpolation.

This parameter is only set when FITTING ALGO is not set to LINEAR.

NOISE BW

This parameter is used to set the noise bandwidth.

DUAL TRACE

This parameter is used to turn the dual trace function ON/OFF.

When the dual trace function is used, the signal level and noise level during SNR measurement can each be determined from different traces.

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Parameter Settings for Analysis Results Display

These parameters are set with respect to the display format for displaying analysis results on the screen.

DISPLAY TYPE

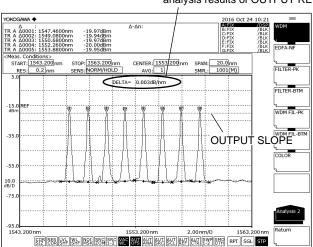
This parameter is used to select the analysis results display format.

Display Type Settings

DISPLAY TYPE	Description and Procedure
ABSOLUTE (Absolute value display)	Set CH RELATION as OFFSET or SPACING. OFFSET: Displays the relative value, channel to the reference channel. SPACING: Displays the wavelength difference and level difference compared to the following adjacent channel. If OFFSET is selected, the reference channel is set through "REF CH". If the highest channel is used as a reference Set to HIGHEST. If any desired channel is used as a reference Set the reference channel number in "***CH".
RELATIVE (Relative value display relative to grid)	There are no setting fields for this display type. (See appendix 1, "WDM Wavelength GRID Table" for information on changing the grid table.)
DRIFT(MEAS) (Drift display using past measurement wavelength as a reference)	The procedure for this display type varies depending on the reference. Press the MAX/MIN RESET key if you want to use the waveform data of the current active trace as a reference. To change the measurement conditions and set the initially measured waveform as the reference There are no parameter setting items since the data that was measured first becomes the reference.
DRIFT(GRID) (Drift display using grid wavelength as a reference)	The procedure for this display type varies depending on the reference. Press the MAX/MIN RESET key if you want to use the waveform data of the current active trace as a reference. To change the measurement conditions and set the initially measured waveform as the reference There are no parameter setting items since the data that was measured first becomes the reference. (See appendix 1, "WDM Wavelength GRID Table" for information on changing the grid wavelength.)

OUTPUT SLOPE

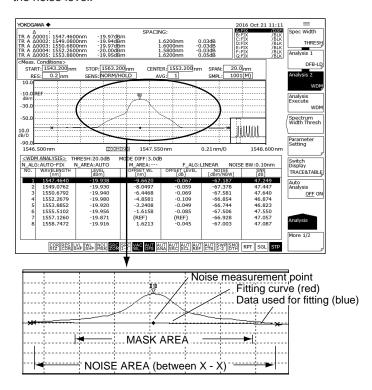
Displays the least square approximation line passing through the detected channel peak. The channel slope can be obtained as a numerical value.



analysis results of OUTPUT RESULTS

POINT DISPLAY

This parameter is used to display the range of data used in interpolation for determining the noise level.



Other parameter settings

SIGNAL POWER

You can set the signal power calculation method.

INTEGRAL RANGE

You can set the integral range for determining signal power.

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6.8 Chromaticity coordinate analysis (COLOR analysis)

Procedure

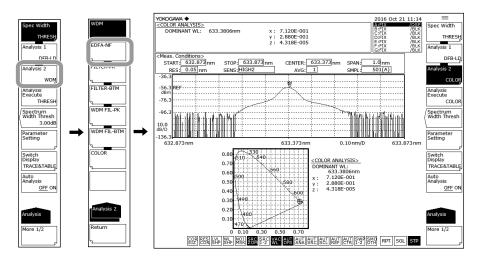
From the measured waveform, you can determine the following values and display a chromaticity diagram.

Chromaticity coordinates (x, y, z)

Dominant wavelength

JIS Z 8701 is used for the chromaticity diagram peripheral coordinate data (spectrum locus).

- Press ANALYSIS. The soft key menu for analysis of measured waveforms appears.
- 2. Press the Analysis 2 soft key. A selection menu for the Analysis function appears.
- 3. Press the COLOR soft key. Analysis is performed, and the chromaticity diagram is displayed on screen. The display screens for analysis results can be switched with the Switch Display soft key.

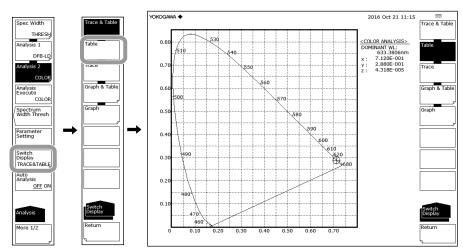


Switching the display

4. Press the Switch Display soft key.

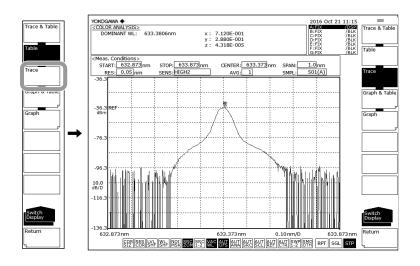
Displaying the chromaticity diagram

5. Press the Table soft key.



Displaying the spectrum

5. Press the Trace soft key.



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Explanation

Chromaticity measurement

The COLOR analysis function performs a color analysis of the active trace waveform using a color matching function, determines the chromaticity coordinates, and displays a chromaticity diagram.

The color of light is determined by the correlation between the spectral radiance of the light source and the spectral luminous efficacy of the eye of the person viewing the light. According to the CIE (international commission on illumination), the spectral responsivity of the human eye is defined by three color matching functions: $\overline{x}(\lambda)$, $\overline{y}(\lambda)$, and $\overline{z}(\lambda)$. The outputs when measuring a light source via these light matching functions are expressed as X, Y, and Z, which are called the tristimulus values.

The instrument measures the spectral distribution using a monochromator to determine the tristimulus values employing JIS Z 8701. The chromaticity coordinates x, y, and z can be determined from the tristimulus values. There are two color matching functions: CIE 1931 based on a 2-degree field of view, and CIE 1964 based on a 10-degree field of view. The instrument uses the color matching function based on the 2-degree field of

Chromaticity diagram

This is a diagram that expresses the characteristics of color through chromaticity coordinates and spectrum loci.

Chromaticity coordinates

This is the numerical rendering of the characteristics of a light source's color according to the spectral luminous efficacy of the human eye. It is determined from the tristimulus values.

Dominant wavelength

Like the chromaticity coordinates, this is a numerical rendering of the characteristics of an input optical spectrum's color according to the spectral luminous efficacy of the human eye. If a straight line connecting point N (0.333, 0.333) of the chromaticity coordinates of the achromatic color of a chromaticity diagram and point C of the chromaticity coordinates of the input optical spectrum is extended, the dominant wavelength is the point at which the line intersects with the spectrum locus. It is the wavelength that represents the color of the measured spectrum, and is sometimes called the main wavelength.

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6.9 Optical Amp Gain and NF Measurement

Procedure

Measurement can be performed of the optical amp gain and noise figure from the measured waveform of the signal light going into the optical amp, and the measured waveform of the output light leaving the optical amp.

- Press ANALYSIS. The soft key menu for analyzing measured waveforms appears.
- 2. Press the Analysis 2 soft key. The analysis function selection menu is displayed.
- Press the EDFA-NF soft key. Analysis is performed, and the results are displayed in a list. The analysis results display screen is switched with the Switch Display soft key.

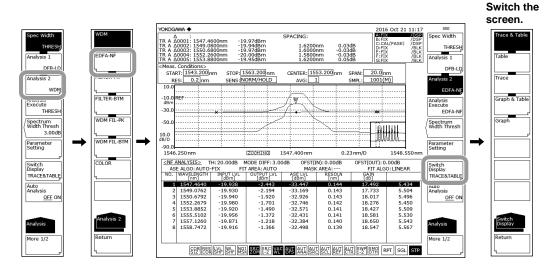
Trace & Table: A waveform and table are displayed.

Trace: Only the waveform is displayed.

Table: Only the table is displayed.

Graph & Table: A graph and table are displayed.

Graph: Only the graph is displayed.



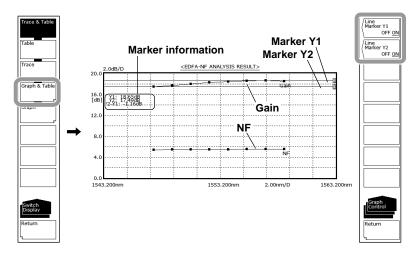
Note

When zooming a waveform, if you click in the list of analysis results, the waveform of the selected channel is displayed in the center of the waveform screen.

- Displaying the Gain (Gain) and Noise Factor (NF) Graphs
 - **4.** Press the **Graph & Table** or **Graph** soft key. A soft key menu for the graph display and markers appears.
 - 5. Press the Line Marker Y1 soft key. Marker Y1 appears on the graph.
 - 6. Enter the value using the rotary knob, arrow keys, or numeric keypad.
 - 7. Press ENTER.
 - 8. Press the Line Marker Y2 soft key. Marker Y2 appears on the graph.
 - 9. Enter the value using the rotary knob, arrow keys, or numeric keypad.

10. Press ENTER.

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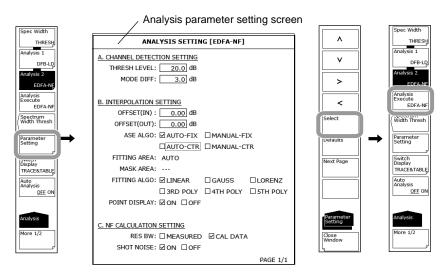


Note:

If both markers Y1 and Y2 are turned on, the difference between the markers are displayed in the marker information.

When changing the analysis parameters

- 4. Continuing on from step 3, press the Parameter Setting soft key. The EDFA-NF analysis parameter setting screen is displayed.
- 5. Move the cursor with the arrow keys or soft keys, and enter a setting value with the numeric key pad. To select a check box, align the cursor then press the Select soft key.
- **6.** Press the **Close Window** soft key. The EDFA-NF analysis parameter setting screen closes, and the soft key menu returns to the previous stage.
- 7. Press the **Analysis Execute** soft key. Analysis is performed according to the changed parameters, and the results are displayed in a list.



Note:

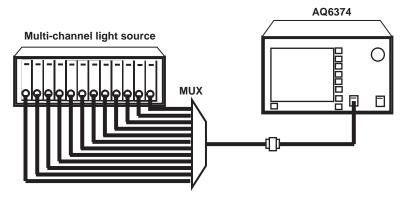
See appendix 5, "Optical Amp Analysis Function" for a description of the optical amp analysis algorithms and parameters.

Analysis of optical amp gain and NF is performed after measuring the signal light going into the optical amp and the output light leaving the optical amp.

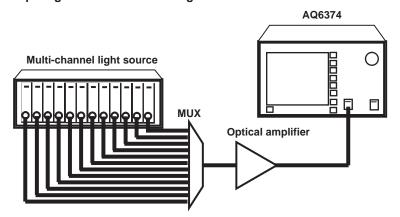
Acquiring Waveforms Required for Analysis

The following configuration and general procedure is used to measure optical amp gain and NF.

Signal light measurement configuration



Output light measurement configuration



Writing the Waveform of the Signal Light Input to the Optical Amp on Trace A

- 1. Input the signal light sent to the optical amp into the instrument.
- 2. Press TRACE followed by the Active Trace soft key, then select A.
- 3. Press the View A soft key and select DISP.
- 4. Press the Write A soft key. Trace A enters write mode.
- Measure the signal light waveform according to measurement conditions matching the signal light waveform.(For details on the measuring procedure, see chapter 5, "Measurement.")
- 6. Press the Fix A soft key under TRACE. Trace A enters fixed mode.

Note.

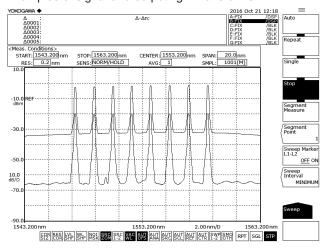
If all traces from Trace A to Trace G have been set to fix mode (Fix) as a result of this action, a warning is displayed. However, this does not pose a problem because Trace B is set to write mode in the next step.

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Writing the Waveform of the Output Light from the Optical Amp to Trace B

- 7. Input the light output from the optical amp into the instrument.
- 8. Press TRACE followed by the Active Trace soft key, then select B.
- 9. Press the View B soft key and select DISP.
- 10. Press the Write B soft key. Trace B enters write mode.
- 11. Measure the waveform of the output light with the same measurement conditions used for measuring the signal light waveform.

Examples of signal and output light waveforms



Explanation

Setting EDFA-NF Analysis Parameters

The EDFA-NF analysis function parameters may be broadly divided into the following two configurations.

Parameter settings may be changed as desired according to the details of the particular analysis.

- Parameters related to channel detection (CHANNEL DETECTION SETTING)
- · ASE level measurement (INTERPOLATION SETTING).

Below is an explanation of each.

See appendix 3, "Analysis Function Details" for a description of the parameters.

Parameter Settings Related to Channel Detection

These parameters are used to set the threshold level and the like for WDM channel detection.

THRESH LEVEL

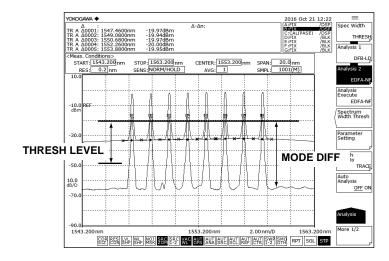
This parameter is used to set the threshold level for channel detection.

This setting determines how far down in decibels from the peak level to detect a mode peak as a channel.

MODE DIFF

This parameter sets the minimum value for the peak/bottom difference during channel peak detection.

If the waveform peak/bottom difference equals or exceeds this value, it is detected as a mode peak.



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Parameters Related to ASE Level Measurement

These parameters are used to set the waveform level, offset, and interpolation method for ASE level measurement.

OFFSET(IN)

A level offset can be set on a signal light waveform (trace A).

Set "0.00" if a level offset is not needed.

OFFSET(OUT)

A level offset can be set on an output light waveform (trace B). Set "0.00" if a level offset is not needed.

ASE ALGO

Select one of the four algorithms shown below for measuring the ASE level. If AUTO-FIX or AUTO-CTR is set, the measurement parameters at another ASE level are set automatically. To set the values manually, select MANUAL-FIX or MANUAL-CTR.

AUTO-FIX Automatic settings (FIX type)
 MANUAL-FIX Manual setting (FIX type)
 AUTO-CTR Automatic setting (CENTER type)
 MANUAL-CTR Manual setting (CENTER type)

Note -

- If AUTO-FIX or AUTO-CTR is selected, the FITTING AREA and MASK AREA parameters are set automatically according to the measured waveform. FITTING ALGO is set to LINEAR
- See appendix 5, "Optical Amp Analysis Function" for a description of the parameters.

FITTING ALGO

This parameter is used to select the interpolation algorithm for determining the ASE level. This parameter is only set when "ASE ALGO" is set to MANUAL-FIX or MANUAL-CTR. Interpolation algorithms

Fitting Algorithm	Description
LINER	Linear interpolation
GAUSS	Normal distribution curve
LORENZ	Lorenz curve
3RD POLY	3rd polynomial
4TH POLY	4th polynomial
5TH POLY	5th polynomial

Note:

If NOISE ALGO is AUTO-FIX or AUTO-CTR, then FITTING ALGO is automatically set to LINEAR and does not need to be set manually.

FITTING AREA

This parameter is used to set the range of waveform data to be used in determining the ASE level through interpolation.

This parameter is only set when "ASE ALGO" is set to MANUAL-FIX.

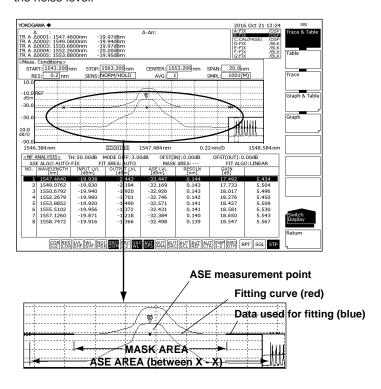
MASK AREA

This parameter is used to set the range of signal light to be masked when determining the ASE level through interpolation.

This parameter is only set when "FITTING ALGO" is not set to LINEAR.

POINT DISPLAY

This parameter is used to display the range of data used in interpolation for determining the noise level.



NF computation related parameters

RES BW

Set the method for calculating the measurement resolution RBi of each channel used in computing the NF value.

The default is MEASURED.

If the measuring resolution varies greatly from channel to channel, or in other such cases, set to CAL DATA.

- MEASURED: Determine the value of the THRESH 3dB width for each channel from the Trace B waveform and set to RBi.
- CAL DATA: Set the actual resolution value stored in the instrument to RBi.

SHOT NOISE

Sets whether the Shot Noise component is included in computation of the NF value. The default is ON.

- ON: Shot Noise component included in computation of the NF value.
- OFF: Shot Noise component not included in computation of the NF value.

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6.10 Optical Filter Characteristics Measurement

Procedure

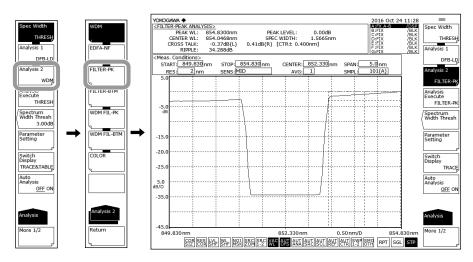
Optical filter characteristics can be measured from the measured waveform of the light input to the optical filter from the light source, as well as from the measured waveform light output from the optical filter.

Filter Measurement (Single Channel)

You can analyze a waveform whose number of modes is 1.

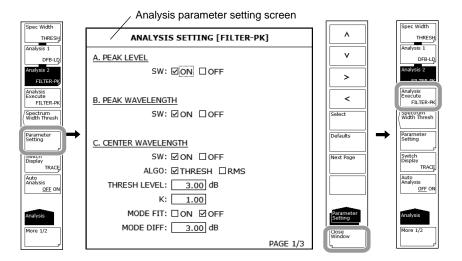
FILTER-PK Analysis

- Press ANALYSIS. The soft key menu for analyzing measured waveforms appears.
- 2. Press the Analysis 2 soft key. The analysis function selection menu is displayed.
- **3.** Press the **FILTER-PK** soft key. Analysis is performed, and the results are displayed in the data area.



When changing the analysis parameters

- **4.** Continuing on from step 3, press the **Parameter Setting** soft key. The FILTER-PK analysis parameter setting screen is displayed. If a setting screen has multiple pages, press the **Next Page** soft key to display the next screen.
- 5. Move the cursor with the arrow keys or soft keys, and enter a setting value with the numeric key pad. To select a check box, align the cursor then press the Select soft key.
- **6.** Press the **Close Window** soft key. The FILTER-PK analysis parameter setting screen closes, and the soft key menu returns to the previous stage.
- 7. Press the **Analysis Execute** soft key. Analysis is performed according to the changed parameters, and the results are displayed in a list.



Note

See appendix 6, "Optical Filter Analysis Function" for a description of the optical filter analysis algorithms and parameters.

FILTER-BTM Analysis

This is used if the optical filter is of a notch type rather than a pass band type.

- **1.** Press **ANALYSIS**. The soft key menu for analyzing measured waveforms appears.
- 2. Press the Analysis 2 soft key. The analysis function selection menu is displayed.
- **3.** Press the **FILTER-BTM** soft key. Analysis is performed, and the results are displayed in the data area.

When changing the analysis parameters

- 4. Continuing on from step 3, press the Parameter Setting soft key. The FILTER-BTM analysis parameter setting screen is displayed. If a setting screen has multiple pages, press the Next Page soft key to display the next screen.
- 5. Move the cursor with the arrow keys or soft keys, and enter a setting value with the numeric key pad. To select a check box, align the cursor then press the Select soft key.
- **6.** Press the **Close Window** soft key. The FILTER-BTM analysis parameter setting screen closes, and the soft key menu returns to the previous stage.
- **7.** Press the **Analysis Execute** soft key. Analysis is performed according to the changed parameters, and the results are displayed in a list.

See appendix 6, "Optical Filter Analysis Function" for a description of the optical filter analysis algorithms and parameters.

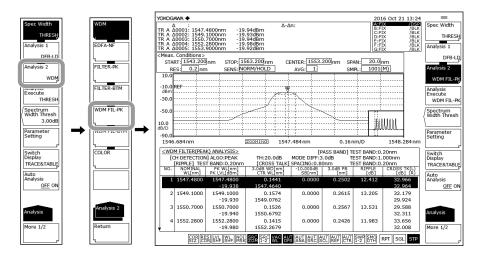
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Filter Measurement for WDM (Multi Channel)

You can analyze multi-mode waveforms.

WDM FIL-PK Analysis

- Press ANALYSIS. The soft key menu for analyzing measured waveforms appears.
- 2. Press the Analysis 2 soft key. The analysis function selection menu is displayed.
- Press the WDM FILTER-PK soft key. Analysis is performed, and the results are displayed in a list. The analysis results display screen is switched with the Switch Display soft key.

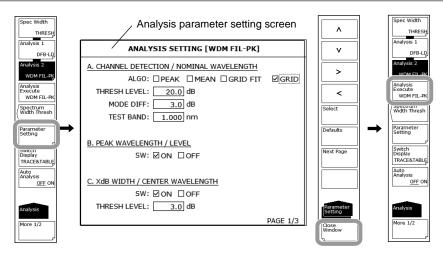


Note

When zooming a waveform, if you click in the list of analysis results, the waveform of the selected channel is displayed in the center of the waveform screen.

When changing the analysis parameters

- **4.** Continuing on from step 3, press the **Parameter Setting** soft key. The WDM FIL-PK analysis parameter setting screen is displayed. If a setting screen has multiple pages, press the **Next Page** soft key to display the next screen.
- 5. Move the cursor with the arrow keys or soft keys, and enter a setting value with the numeric key pad. To select a check box, align the cursor then press the Select soft key.
- **6.** Press the **Close Window** soft key. The WDM FIL-PK analysis parameter setting screen closes, and the soft key menu returns to the previous stage.
- 7. Press the **Analysis Execute** soft key. Analysis is performed according to the changed parameters, and the results are displayed in a list.



Note

See appendix 6, "Optical Filter Analysis Function" for a description of the optical filter analysis algorithms and parameters.

WDM FIL-BTM Analysis

This is used if the optical filter is of a notch type rather than a pass band type.

- **1.** Press **ANALYSIS**. The soft key menu for analyzing measured waveforms appears.
- 2. Press the Analysis 2 soft key. The analysis function selection menu is displayed.
- Press the WDM FIL-BTM soft key. Analysis is performed, and the results are displayed in a list. The analysis results display screen is switched with the Switch Display soft key.

Note .

When zooming a waveform, if you click in the list of analysis results, the waveform of the selected channel is displayed in the center of the waveform screen.

When changing the analysis parameters

- 4. Continuing on from step 3, press the Parameter Setting soft key. The WDM FIL-BTM analysis parameter setting screen is displayed. If a setting screen has multiple pages, press the Next Page soft key to display the next screen.
- **5.** Move the cursor with the arrow keys or soft keys, and enter a setting value with the numeric key pad. To select a check box, align the cursor then press the **Select** soft key.
- **6.** Press the **Close Window** soft key. The WDM FIL-BTM analysis parameter setting screen closes, and the soft key menu returns to the previous stage.
- 7. Press the **Analysis Execute** soft key. Analysis is performed according to the changed parameters, and the results are displayed in a list.

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See appendix 6, "Optical Filter Analysis Function" for a description of the optical filter analysis algorithms and parameters.

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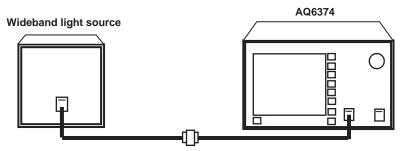
First measure the waveform of the wideband light source as a reference waveform, then subtract the WDM optical filter's output waveform from the reference waveform to measure the characteristics of the WDM optical filter.

Acquiring Waveforms Required for Analysis

The following configuration and general procedure is used to measure WDM optical filter characteristics.

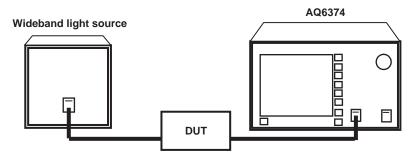
A pass band type WDM optical filter is used as an example.

Reference spectrum



ex. Trace A

Spectrum measurement after passing through the filter



ex. Trace B

Writing the Waveform of the Light Source Input to the Optical Filter on Trace A

- 1. Input the emitted light from the light source that is input to the optical filter into the instrument.
- 2. Press TRACE followed by the Active Trace soft key, then select A.
- 3. Press the View A soft key and select DISP.
- 4. Press the Write A soft key. Trace A enters write mode.
- 5. Measure the light source waveform according to measurement conditions matching the light source waveform.
 (For details on the measuring procedure, see chapter 5, "Measurement.")
- **6.** Press the **Fix A** soft key under **TRACE**. Trace A enters fixed mode.

Note:

If all traces from Trace A to Trace G have been set to fix mode (Fix) as a result of this action, a warning is displayed. However, this does not pose a problem because Trace B is set to write mode in the next step.

Writing the Waveform of the Output Light from the Optical Filter to Trace B

- 1. Input the emitted light from the light source to the optical filter, then input the light that is output from the optical filter into the instrument.
- 2. Press TRACE followed by the Active Trace soft key, then select B.
- 3. Press the View B soft key and select DISP.
- 4. Press the Write B soft key. Trace B enters write mode.
- **5.** Measure the waveform of the output light with the same measurement conditions used for measuring the light source waveform.

Writing the Difference between Traces to Trace C

- 2. Press TRACE followed by the Active Trace soft key, then select C.
- 3. Press the View C soft key and select DISP.
- 4. Press the Calculate C soft key.
- 5. Press the Log Math soft key. The math function selection menu is displayed.
- **6.** Press the **C** = **A-B** (**LOG**) soft key. The waveform which is obtained by subtracting the trace B waveform from the trace A waveform is displayed on trace C.

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Explanation

Setting WDM Filter Analysis Parameters

The WDM FIL-PK analysis function parameters may be broadly divided into the two types shown below.

Parameter settings may be changed as desired according to the details of the particular analysis.

- · Parameters related to channel detection
- · Parameter settings for each analysis item

The following is an explanation of each of the parameters.

See appendix 6, "Optical Filter Analysis Function" for a description of the parameters.

Parameter Settings Related to Channel Detection

These parameters are used to set algorithms and threshold level for WDM channel detection.

ALGO

Depending on the selected algorithm, select one of the following four algorithms for WDM channel detection and reference wavelength analysis on each channel.

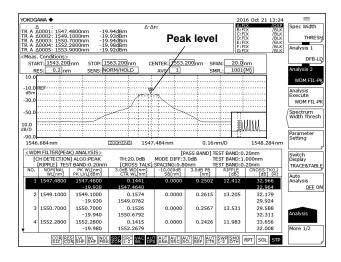
- PEAK
- MEAN
- GRID FIT
- GRID

The channel detection and reference wavelength analysis results for each channel vary depending on the algorithm selected.

· When PEAK is selected

Each mode peak is detected as a channel.

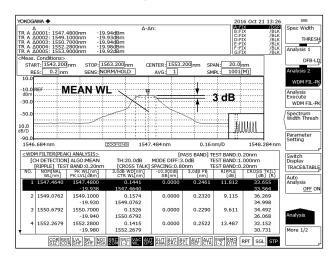
The peak wavelength of each channel is the reference wavelength.



· When MEAN is selected

Each mode peak is detected as a channel.

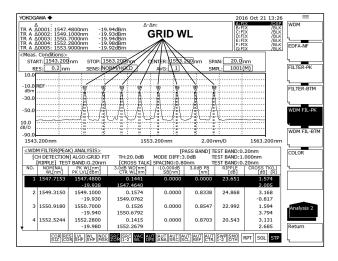
The 3dB center wavelength of each channel is the reference wavelength.



When GRID FIT is selected

The mode peak detected within GRID WL [PLUSMINUS SYMBOL] (TEST BAND/2) is set as the channel.

The GRID wavelength nearest to each channel is the reference wavelength.

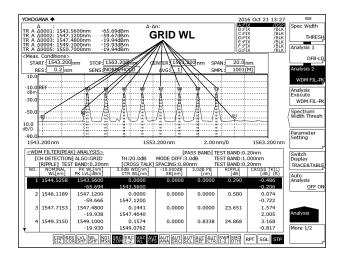


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· When GRID is selected

The wavelengths registered in the GRID table wavelength are recognized as channels.

GRID WL is set as the reference wavelength.



THRESH LEVEL

This parameter is used to set the threshold level for channel detection.

MODE DIFF

This parameter sets the minimum value for the peak/bottom difference during channel peak detection.

TEST BAND

This parameter is used to set the bandwidth for reference wavelength analysis.

Parameter Settings for the Analysis Items

These parameters are set for each WDM optical filter analysis item.

The analysis parameter setting screen is displayed.

Note -

See appendix 6, "Optical Filter Analysis Function" for a description of the optical filter analysis algorithms and parameters.

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6.11 Editing the Grid Table

Procedure

Editing a Standard Grid Table

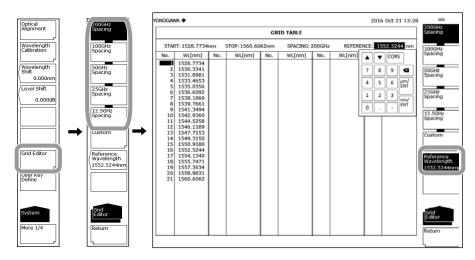
- 1. Press SYSTEM.
- 2. Press the Grid Editor soft key. The Grid table edit screen appears.

Setting the Frequency Spacing

3. Press one of the keys from 200 GHz Spacing to 12.5 GHz Spacing. Depending on the selected soft key, a frequency spacing table of 200 GHz, 100 GHz, 50 GHz, 25 GHz, or 12.5 GHz can be used.

Setting the Reference Wavelength

- **4.** Press the **Reference Wavelength** soft key. A screen for specifying the standard wavelength is displayed.
- **5.** Enter the standard wavelength using the rotary knob or arrow keys, then press **nm/ENTER**.



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Editing a Custom Grid Table

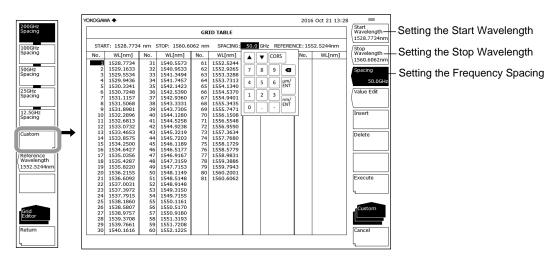
- 1. Press SYSTEM.
- 2. Press the Grid Editor soft key. The Grid table edit screen appears.
- 3. Press the **Custom** soft key. The custom Grid table edit screen appears.

Setting the Start/Stop Wavelength

- **4.** Press the **Start Wavelength** or **Stop Wavelength** soft key. A screen for specifying the start or stop wavelength is displayed.
- Enter the start or stop wavelength using the rotary knob or arrow keys, then press nm/ENTER.

Setting the Frequency Spacing

- Press the Spacing soft key. A screen for specifying the frequency spacing is displayed.
- Enter the frequency spacing using the rotary knob or arrow keys, then press nm/ ENTER.
- **8.** Press the **Execute** soft key. The settings entered up to this point are finalized, and the previous menu is displayed allowing setting of the reference wavelength.



Setting the Reference Wavelength

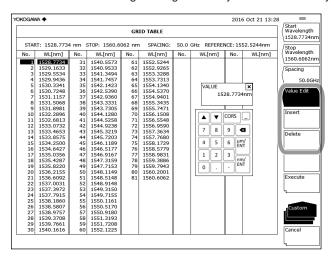
- **9.** Press the **Reference Wavelength** soft key. A screen for specifying the standard wavelength is displayed.
- **10.** Enter the standard wavelength using the rotary knob or arrow keys, then press nm/ENTER.

Note.

- If this Grid Table is edited and then the Cancel soft key is pressed without pressing the Execute soft key, the edits made to the custom Grid table are canceled.
- Press the Execute soft key to apply the edits in the custom Grid table to the analysis function.

Setting Channel Point Wavelength

- **4.** Continuing on from step 3, place the cursor on the channel point you wish to change using the rotary knob, arrow keys, or numeric key pad.
- **5.** Press the **Value Edit** soft key. The setting screen for changing the channel point wavelength is displayed.
- **6.** Enter the wavelength using the rotary knob or arrow keys, then press **nm/ENTER**.



Inserting Channel Points

- **4.** Continuing on from step 3, place the cursor on the channel point you wish to insert using the rotary knob, arrow keys, or numeric key pad.
- **5.** Press the **Insert** soft key. A channel point having the same value as the wavelength of the cursor-selected channel point is inserted. Subsequent channel points are shifted down by one point.

Deleting Channel Points

- **4.** Continuing on from step 3, place the cursor on the channel point you wish to delete using the rotary knob, arrow keys, or numeric key pad.
- **5.** Press the **Delete** soft key. The channel point at the cursor is deleted. Subsequent channel points are shifted up by one point.

Switching the Units of the Wavelength Axis on the Grid Table to Frequency

- 1. Press MARKER.
- 2. Press the More soft key repeatedly until the More 3/3 menu is displayed.
- **3.** Press the **Marker Unit nm THz** soft key. Each time you press the soft key, the units toggle between nm and THz.

Note.

For a diagram of soft key operation, see section 5.9, "Displaying Markers."

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Explanation

Grid Table

A grid table lists wavelengths (frequencies) that are referenced by part of the analysis function when it is executed. There is a standard Grid table and a custom Grid table.

Standard Grid Table

This Grid table is created with pre-defined wavelength (frequency) ranges.

It can be created in the following manner by setting the reference wavelength (frequency) and frequency spacing.

200 GHz SPACING-12.5 GHz SPACING

Creates a grid table with 200 GHz-12.5 GHz grid spacing.

Reference Wavelength

Sets the grid table reference wavelength. This can be set in the range of 1000.0000 to 1700.0000 nm.

Custom Grid Table

Users can edit this Grid table freely.

It is created automatically by setting the start/stop wavelength (frequency), reference wavelength (frequency), and frequency spacing.

Users can add or delete an arbitrary channel to/from the created Grid table or edit wavelength (frequency) values for each channel there.

Start Wavelength

Sets the start wavelength.

Stop Wavelength

Sets the stop wavelength.

Spacing

Sets the frequency spacing.

Reference Wavelength

Sets the grid table reference wavelength. This can be set in the range of 1000.0000 to 1700.0000 nm.

Value Edit

You can edit channel points.

Note -

For details on the Grid table, see appendix 1, "WDM Wavelength Grid Table."

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6.12 Measurement of Level Fluctuations in Single-Wavelength Light (0 nm Sweeping)

Procedure

This function measures changes over time in the level of a specific wavelength level. It is useful for purposes such as optical axis alignment when connecting an optical fiber to a light source. The following discussion pertains to an example in which the spatial light of an He-Ne gas laser (632.991 nm) is input to an optical fiber.

Setting the Center Wavelength to 632.991 nm

- 1. Press CENTER. The soft key menu for setting the center wavelength appears.
- Press the Center Wavelength soft key. The center wavelength setting screen is displayed.
- **3.** Enter a center wavelength of 632.991 nm using the rotary knob or numeric key pad.
- 4. Press nm/ENTER.

Setting the Resolution to 2 nm

- **5.** Press **SETUP**. The soft key menu for sweep condition settings appears.
- 6. Press the Resolution soft key. The resolution selection menu is displayed.
- 7. Press the 2nm soft key.
- 8. Press nm/ENTER.

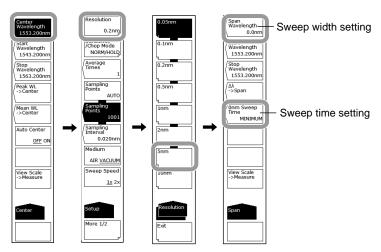
Setting the Sweep Width to 0 nm

- 9. Press SPAN. The soft key menu for setting the sweep width appears.
- Press the Span Wavelength soft key. The sweep width setting screen is displayed.
- 11. Enter a sweep width of 0 nm using the rotary knob or numeric key pad.
- 12. Press nm/ENTER. Set the sweep width to 0 nm. The measurement start wavelength, measurement center wavelength, and measurement stop wavelength are all set to 632.991 nm.

Setting the Sweep Time

- 13. Press the 0 nm Sweep Time soft key. A screen for specifying the sweep time is displayed.
- 14. Enter a numerical value using the rotary knob or numeric key pad, then press nm/ ENTER.
- 15. Press SWEEP, followed by the Repeat soft key. Sweeping begins.

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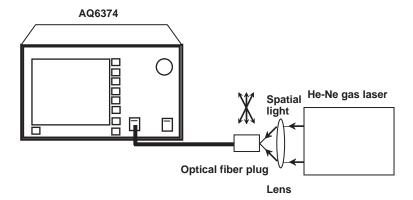
Note.

- When the sweep range is set to 0 nm, the horizontal axis is set as the time axis as a result.
- $\bullet \quad \text{The sweeping time varies depending on the measurement sensitivity} \ (\text{Sensitivity/Chop}$ Mode soft key under SETUP). If the setting for this key is less than the sweeping time for each sensitivity, the setting for the key is invalid and the MINIMUM setting is used.

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Explanation

The following is the structure in which the spatial light of an He-Ne gas laser (632.991 nm) is input to an optical fiber.



The sweep width is set to 0 nm, the center wavelength is fixed, and measurement of the single-wavelength light only is taken. Finely adjust the optical fiber plug while observing the displayed waveform so as to set the light source input level to the peak.

Onm Sweep Time

When the sweep width is 0 nm, the horizontal axis is set as the time axis. The time required to measure from the left edge to the right edge of the screen is set. The allowed settings are MINIMUM and the range of 1 to 50 s. The value changes in 1 s steps. If you press the COARSE key, you can change the setting in 1-2-5 steps. If 0 is entered, MINIMUM is shown on the display. Also, the sweeping time varies depending on the measurement sensitivity (Sensitivity/Chop Mode soft key under SETUP). If the setting for this key is less than the sweeping time for each sensitivity, the setting for the key is invalid and the MINIMUM setting is used. The sampling points are automatically set to 1001.

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6.13 Go/No-Go Judgment (Template)

Procedure

This function compares preset reference data (template data) with a measured waveform, and makes a Go/No-Go judgment.

Creating Template Data on the Instrument

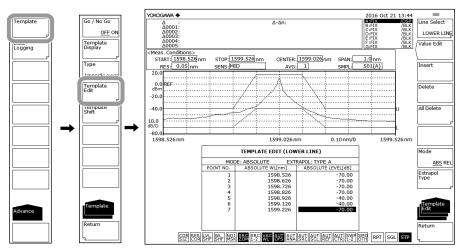
- 1. Press ADVANCE followed by the Template soft key.
- 2. Press the **Template Edit** soft key. The template creation screen is displayed.
- 3. Press the Line Select soft key.
- 4. Press the soft key corresponding to the type of template you wish to create.

Upper Line: Upper limit line Lower Line: Lower limit line Target Line: Target value line

- **5.** Press the **Mode ABS/REL** soft key to select either ABS (absolute) or REL (relative) as the type (template data types).
- **6.** Press the **Extrapol Type** soft key to select the extrapolation method.

Type A: Extrapolation type A
Type B: Extrapolation type B
None: No extrapolation

- 7. To edit template data, move the cursor to the location of the data to be edited using the rotary knob or arrow keys, then press the Value Edit soft key. Enter a value using the numeric key pad, rotary knob, or arrow keys.
- **8.** To add template data, press the **Insert** soft key. The data at the cursor location is added. Edit the value using the procedure in step 7 and set it as new data.
- 9. To delete template data, move the cursor to the location of the data to be deleted using the rotary knob or arrow keys, then press the **Delete** soft key. To delete all template data points, press the **All Delete** soft key.



Note

- · For information about extrapolation methods, see the explanation.
- The same wavelength/level data prior to insertion are inserted as data in the points that were inserted using the Insert soft key.
- When the target line is turned OFF with the Template Display soft key, if you edit the template data at the target line, the target line Template Display turns ON.

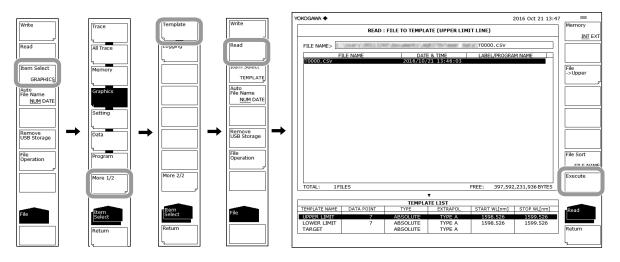
Executing Go/No Go Judgment

- After creating or loading template data, press ADVANCE followed by the Template soft key.
- 2. Press the **Type** soft key. The judgment condition setting menu is displayed.
- 3. Press the Upper, Lower, or Upper &Lower soft key once.
- 4. Press the Return soft key. The screen returns to the previous stage.
- **5.** Press the **Go/No Go** soft key to select ON. The judgment results are displayed on screen as PASS or FAIL.

Loading Template Data

Load template data on the instrument.

- 1. Press FILE, followed by the **Item Select** soft key. The soft key menu for selecting the data type appears.
- 2. Press the More 1/2 soft key
- 2. Press the Template soft key.
- 3. Press the Read soft key.
- **4.** Press the **File ->**@@@@ soft key. The load target line selection menu is displayed (where @@@@@ is the currently set contents).
- **5.** Press the **Upper Line**, **Lower Line**, or **Target Line** soft key once. The screen returns to the previous stage.
- **6.** Move the cursor to the template data file to load from the file list, then press the **Execute** soft key.



Template Data Types

The following types of template data are available.

- CSV (comma delimited) files created on an external PC
- · Waveform files of the instrument (.CSV or .BIN files)

Note.

- After loading data, Wavelength Shift and Level Shift in the template are set to zero.
- For information about data formats when creating template data on an external PC, see the Explanation subsection.

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Setting the Shift Amount and Shifting the Template

The template data wavelength/level can be shifted without changing the template data. The procedure for doing this is shown below.

- 1. Press ADVANCE followed by the Template soft key.
- 2. Press the **Template Shift** soft key. The shift item selection menu is displayed.
- To shift the wavelength, press the Wavelength Shift ****.***nm soft key. To shift the level, press the Level Shift ***.**dB soft key.
- 4. Enter a shift amount using the rotary knob, arrow keys, or numeric key pad.

Note .

- Use of this function does not change the template data.
- Use of this function does not query the template type. Both absolute and relative are supported.
- Shifts set by this function apply to all three line types (Upper Limit Line, Lower Limit Line, and Target Line). To shift just one line, edit the template data.

Switching Absolute and Relative Value, and Shifting the Template

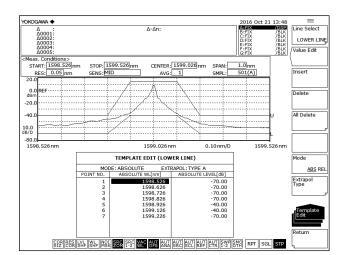
This function shifts the wavelength/level based on the template data Absolute/Relative switching function. The template data themselves can be shifted by changing the Zoom Center Wavelength or Reference Level.

The following settings are an example.

Zoom Center Wavelength: 1599.026 nmReference Level: 0.00 dBm

Creating a Template in Absolute Mode

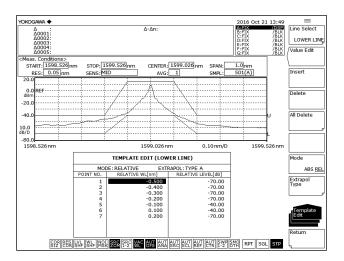
TEMPLATE EDIT (LOWER LINE)			
MOI	MODE: ABSOLUTE EXTRAPOL: TYPE A		
POINT NO.	ABSOLUTE WL[nm]	ABSOLUTE LEVEL[dB]	
1	1598.526	-70.00	
2	1598.626	-70.00	
3	1598.726	-70.00	
4	1598.826	-70.00	
5	1598.926	-40.00	
6	1599.126	-40.00	
7	1599.226	-70.00	



Switching to Relative Mode

- 1. Press ADVANCE followed by the Template soft key.
- 2. Press the Template Edit soft key. The edit menu is displayed.
- Press the Mode ABS/REL soft key to select REL. The instrument enters Relative mode.

TEMPLATE EDIT (LOWER LINE)		
MODE: RELATIVE EXTRAPOL: TYPE A		RAPOL: TYPE A
POINT NO.	RELATIVE WL[nm]	RELATIVE LEVEL[dB]
1	-0.500	-70.00
2	-0.400	-70.00
3	-0.300	-70.00
4	-0.200	-70.00
5	-0.100	-40.00
6	0.100	-40.00
7	0.200	-70.00



Changing Zoom Center Wavelength and Reference Level

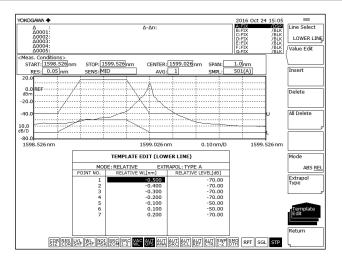
Zoom Center Wavelength: 1598.826 nmReference Level: 0.00 dBm

- 4. Press ZOOM, followed by the Zoom Center Wavelength soft key.
- **5.** Enter 1598.826 using the rotary knob or arrow keys, then press **nm/ENTER**.
- 6. Press LEVEL, followed by the Reference Level soft key.
- **7.** Enter 0.00 using the rotary knob or arrow keys, then press **nm/ENTER**.

TEMPLATE EDIT (LOWER LINE)		
MODE: RELATIVE EXTRAPOL: TYPE A		
POINT NO.	RELATIVE WL[nm]	RELATIVE LEVEL[dB]
1	-0.500	-70.00
2	-0.400	-70.00
3	-0.300	-70.00
4	-0.200	-70.00
5	-0.100	-50.00
6	0.100	-50.00
7	0.200	-70.00

The template relative value does not change after editing.

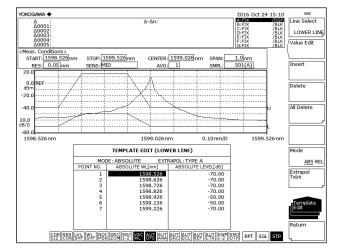
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Switching to Absolute Mode

- 8. Press ADVANCE followed by the Template soft key.
- 9. Press the Template Edit soft key. The edit menu is displayed.
- 10. Press the Mode ABS/REL soft key, then select ABS. The instrument enters Absolute mode.

TEMPLATE EDIT (LOWER LINE)		
MODE: ABSOLUTE EXTRAPOL: TYPE A		
POINT NO.	ABSOLUTE WL[nm]	ABSOLUTE LEVEL[dB]
1	1598.526	-70.00
2	1598.626	-70.00
3	1598.726	-70.00
4	1598.826	-70.00
5	1598.926	-50.00
6	1599.126	-50.00
7	1599.226	-70.00



The results and template are shifted 0.2 nm to the left on screen.

Turning the Template Data Display ON/OFF

- 1. Press ADVANCE followed by the Template soft key.
- **2.** Press the **Template Display** soft key. The display ON/OFF switch menu is displayed.
- 3. Press the soft keys for each of the three lines (Upper Line Display, Lower Line Display, and Target Line Display), and select ON or OFF. The selection changes each time you press the key.

Note -

If the Go/No Go soft key is set to ON, a Go/No Go test is performed according to the Test Type, even if the Template Display soft key indicator is set to OFF.

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Explanation

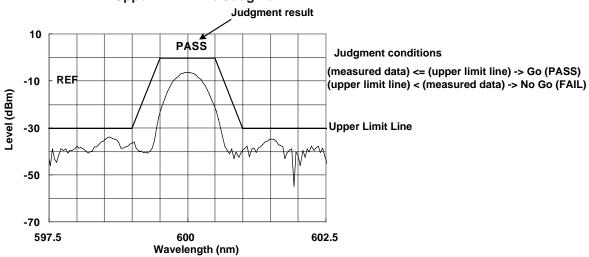
Go/No Go Judgment

The following are the three types of template.

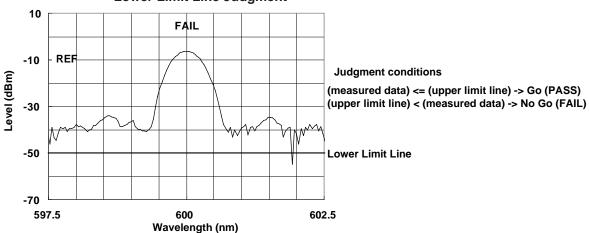
- · Upper limit line
- · Lower limit line
- · Target line

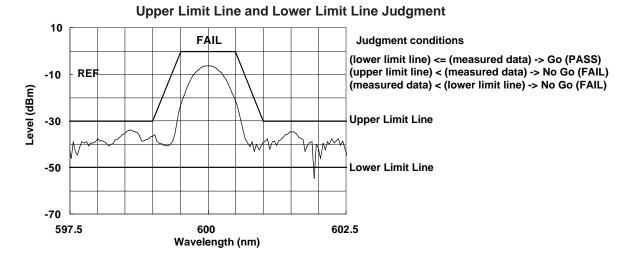
Upper and lower limit lines are used for Go/No Go judgment. For target line only, the function displays the targeted spectrum on the measurement screen without comparing it to the measured waveform.





Lower Limit Line Judgment





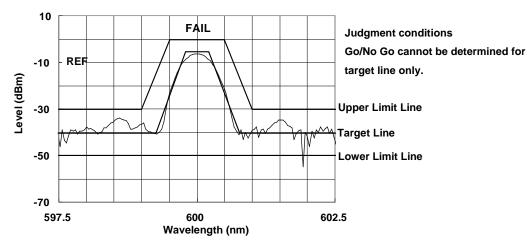
Note.

- Go/No Go judgment is executed within the wavelength range shown on the screen.
- During execution, the line marker search (<Search/Ana L1-L2> key) and zoom area search function (<Search/Ana Zoom Area> key) are enabled.

Target Line

The target line function displays the targeted spectrum on the measurement screen without comparing it to the measured waveform.

This function can be used for displaying and adjusting the target spectrum serving as a reference for adjustments such as adjusting the optical axis of an optical device. Target Line Display

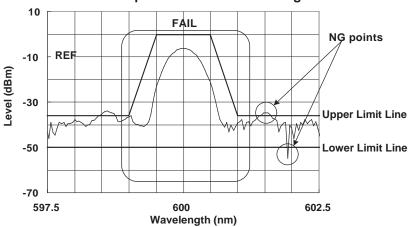


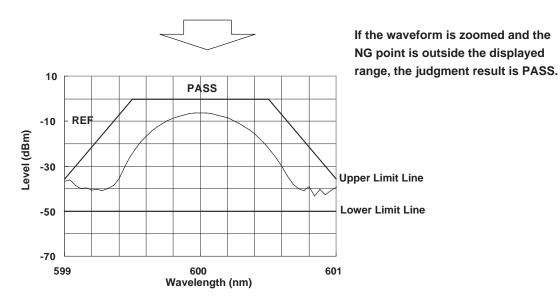
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Template Data

- Template data consist of wavelength and level data. Up to 50,001 points of data may be defined.
- An upper limit, lower limit, and target line can be set.
- The on-screen template data display range and the Go/No Go test function execution range follow the display scale wavelength range.

Relationship between Go/No Go Judgment and Wavelength Range





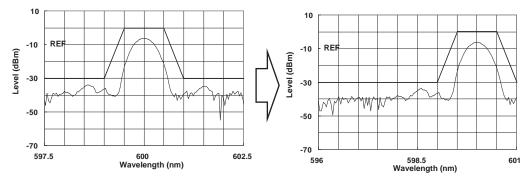
When performing Go/No Go judgment, display the wavelength range on the screen. The Go/No Go testing process is not performed on wavelength ranges that are not displayed.

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Template Data Types

Absolute Templates

Absolute template data specify both wavelengths and levels as absolute values. The waveform and template data change in conjunction with changes to the center wavelength or display sweep width on the display scale.

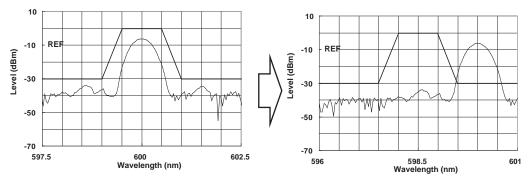


When Zoom Center Wavelength = 600 nm

When Zoom Center Wavelength is changed to 598.5 nm (template also moves in synch with the waveform)

Relative Templates

Relative template data are specified as relative values with respect to the display scale. These template data are fixed to the scale position even if the center wavelength or display sweep width of the display scale is changed (not linked to the waveform).



When Zoom Center Wavelength = 600 nm

When Zoom Center Wavelength is changed to 598.5 nm (template not moved)

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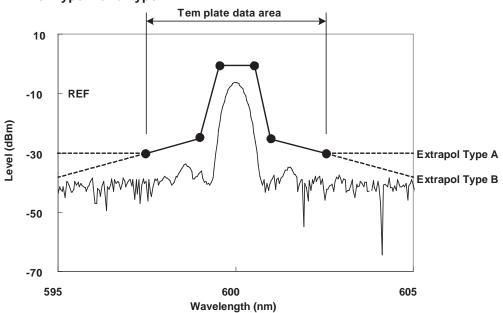
Extrapolating Template Data

In cases where the display scale is outside the defined range for template data, the template data outside the range can be extrapolated.

The following three types of extrapolation are available in these situations.

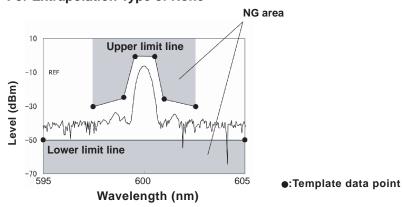
- Type A Extends the outermost data point of the template data to the outside.
- Type B Extends, to the outside, a line joining the outermost template data and the adjacent data point.
- · None No extrapolation.

For Type A and Type B



: Template data point

For Extrapolation Type of None



Note

- · Data created through extrapolation is limited by the LOG LIMIT setting.
- For templates set to None, the Go/No Go judgment range from the template can be
 narrower than the waveform display screen. Pay attention to the judgment execution ranges
 for the upper limit and lower limit lines.

Template Data Format

The file extension for template data file names is always .CSV.

The template data format is shown below. Here, all capital letters are used. As many as 100,001 template data points can be defined.

Save the template data created on an external PC to a USB storage device for loading in the instrument.

	А	В	
1	AQ6374		
2	TEMPLATE		
3	TYPE	ABSOLUTE	
4	EXTRAPOL	Α	
5	405.782	-30	-
6	406.182	-30	
7	406.232	-5	
8	406.332	-5	
9	406.382	-30	
10	406.782	-30	_

- <- Header for the AQ6374
- <- Header indicating template data
- <- Header indicating the template type (ABSOLUTE or RELATIVE)
- <- Extrapolation type (A or B or None)

Wavelength and level data

Up to 100001 points of data sorted in order starting from the data of the smallest wavelength

.CSV file containing the above template data

```
AQ6374,
TEMPLATE,
TYPE,ABSOLUTE
EXTRAPOL,A
405.782, -30.00
406.182, -30.00
406.232, -5.00
406.332, -5.00
406.382, -30.00
406.782, -30.00
```

Note -

- Only English capital letters and numbers are supported for all template data.
- · Like normal templates, template data can contain up to 100001 points.
- · The .CSV extension must be used when saving.
- If the format is not unified, the instrument will not be able to load the template data.

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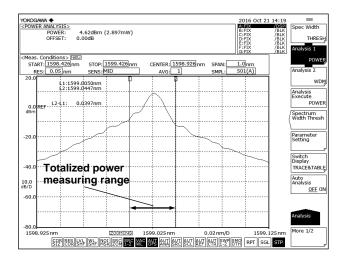
6.14 Specifying an Analysis Range

Analysis between Line Markers

Power Measurement between Line Markers

You can determine the totalized power for the area enclosed by wavelength line marker 1 and wavelength line marker 2.

- 1. Set wavelength line marker 1 and wavelength line marker 2 at either end of the range where you want to measure the totalized power.
- 2. Press the MARKER switch. The soft key menu for marker settings appears.
- 3. Press the More 1/3, More 2/3 soft keys in succession.
- **4.** Press the **Search/Ana Marker L1-L2** soft key, and select ON. When this key is set to ON, $\begin{bmatrix} SRC \\ 1-2 \end{bmatrix}$ is displayed at the very bottom of the screen.
- **5.** Press **ANALYSIS**. The soft key menu for analyzing measured waveforms appears.
- 6. Press the Analysis 1 soft key. The analysis function selection menu is displayed.
- **7.** Press the **POWER** soft key. Analysis is performed between line markers, and the results are displayed in the data area.
- **8.** To cancel, press the **Search/Ana Marker L1-L2** soft key, and select OFF. Analysis is performed over the entire screen.



Note:

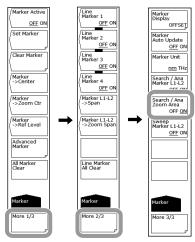
- If both L1 and L2 are set, measurement is executed between line markers 1 and 2.
- If just L1 is set, the measurement occurs over the span from line marker 1 to the right edge
 of the screen.
- If just L2 is set, the measurement occurs over the span from the left edge of the screen to line marker 2.
- If neither L1 nor L2 is set, measurement is performed from the set start wavelength to the stop wavelength.

Analysis in the Zoom Area

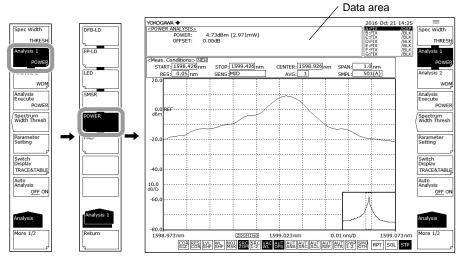
Power Measurement in the Zoom Area

Optical power can be measured by integrating the measured waveform level measurements in the zoom area.

- Zoom in on the measured waveform. Set the range you want to measure to the display scale. For the procedure on zooming in on the waveform, see section 5.1, "Zooming In/Out on a Waveform."
- 2. Press the MARKER switch. The soft key menu regarding the markers appears.
- 3. Press the More 1/3, More 2/3 soft keys in succession.
- 4. Press the Search/Ana Zoom Area soft key, and select ON.



- **5.** Press **ANALYSIS**. The soft key menu for analyzing measured waveforms appears.
- **6.** Press the **Analysis 1** soft key. The analysis function selection menu is displayed.
- 7. Press the **POWER** soft key. Analysis is performed between display scales, and the results are displayed in the data area.



Note

- When the zoom area search function is enabled, SRC is displayed in inverse video.
- If the Search/Ana Zoom Area key is OFF, analysis is performed over the entire range of the measurement scale.
- For details on the POWER analysis function, see appendix 3, "Details of Analysis Functions."

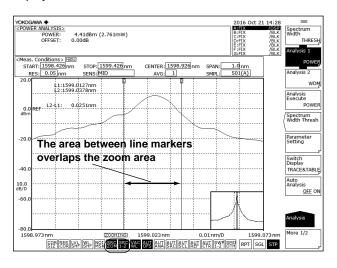
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Explanation

When the line marker search function and zoom area search functions are enabled at the same time, the intersection of the two ranges is the range for analysis.

The following shows the POWER measurement analysis range when both the **Search/ Ana Marker L1-L2** and **Search/Ana Zoom Area** soft keys are ON.

As both of these soft keys are ON, SRC and SRC at the bottom of the screen are displayed in inverse video.

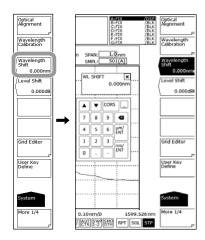


6.15 Correcting Displayed Values

Procedure

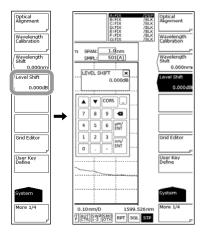
Setting the Wavelength Shift Amount

- 1. Press SYSTEM.
- 2. Press the **Wavelength Shift** soft key. The wavelength shift setting screen is displayed.
- **3.** Enter a wavelength shift amount using the rotary knob, arrow keys, or numeric key pad.
- 4. Press ENTER.



Setting the Level Shift Amount

- 1. Press SYSTEM.
- 2. Press the Level Shift soft key. The level shift setting screen is displayed.
- 3. Enter a level shift amount using the rotary knob, arrow keys, or numeric key pad.
- 4. Press ENTER.



Note

After entering the wavelength or level shift amount, the setting is applied to the displayed values upon the next measurement.

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Determining the Level Shift Amount

Even if NA of the optical fiber used is unknown, the level shift amount enabling correct level measurements can be determined.

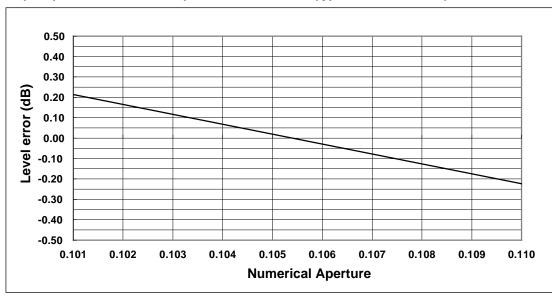
- 1. Set up a light source such as a DFB-LD with a spectrum width that is narrower than the instrument's resolution (with a wavelength of 1310 nm or 1550 nm).
- 2. Connect the light source and the instrument using an optical fiber cord and set the instrument's resolution to 2 nm.
- 3. Execute measurement and determine the peak level.
- **4.** Disconnect the optical fiber cord from the instrument and connect it to a light power meter to measure the light power.
- 5. Calculate the difference between the peak level value obtained from the instrument and the power value obtained from the light power meter, and set this amount as the instrument's level shift.

Explanation

Input Optical Fiber Numerical Aperture (NA) and Level Measurement Values

The level measurement error of the instrument changes as shown in the figure below, according to the numerical aperture (NA) of the optical fiber connected to the input connector. The instrument's absolute level is calibrated using a 9.5/125 μ m single-mode optical fiber (SSMA type in JIS C6835, with PC polishing, 9.5 μ m mode field diameter, and 0.104 to 0.107 NA). Even if a single-mode optical fiber is used, the level accuracy will be outside the specifications if the NA is not in the range shown above.

Input optical fiber numerical aperture and level error (typical characteristics)



Explanation

Absolute Level Accuracy

The instrument's absolute level is calibrated with a 9.5 μ m single-mode optical fiber. In terms of actual capability, even single-mode optical fibers that do not have a core diameter of 9.5 μ m provide nearly the same level of accuracy.

Multimode (GI) fiber provides a relatively accurate spectrum if the light source is low-coherent light such as white light, natural light, or an LED. If the light source has high coherency as in the case of a laser beam, interference will occur inside the optical fiber, and the intensity distribution of light radiating from the fiber tip will vary according to the fiber form. As a result, the spectrum (measurement level) may fluctuate if the fiber is moved.

When an optical fiber with a large core diameter or large NA value is used, a low fraction of the light emitted from the optical fiber is received. Therefore, the measurement level is lower than the true value, but the optical spectrum is accurate in relative terms.

Wavelength Shift **.**nm

This key is used to set the wavelength shift.

When the wavelength shift is changed, the set value is added to the display value on the wavelength axis. This key is used for purposes such as correcting differences in wavelength display values among different measurement instruments.

The setting range is -5.000 to 5,000 nm. Settings can be adjusted in steps of 0.001 nm. The value changes in steps of 0.1 nm if you press the COARSE key.

When setting the wavelength shift amount, SHF is displayed at the bottom of the screen in inverse video.

Level Shift***.***dB

This key is used to set the level shift.

When the level shift is changed, the set value is added to the display value on the level axis.

This key is used for purposes such as correcting level errors due to differences in the NA values of $9.5/125~\mu m$ SM optical fibers connected to the instrument, and correcting loss on externally connected isolators, filters and the like.

The setting range is -60.00 to 60.00 dB. Settings can be adjusted in steps of 0.01 dB. The value changes in steps of 0.1 dB if you press the COARSE key.

When setting the wavelength shift amount, SHF is displayed at the bottom of the screen in inverse video.

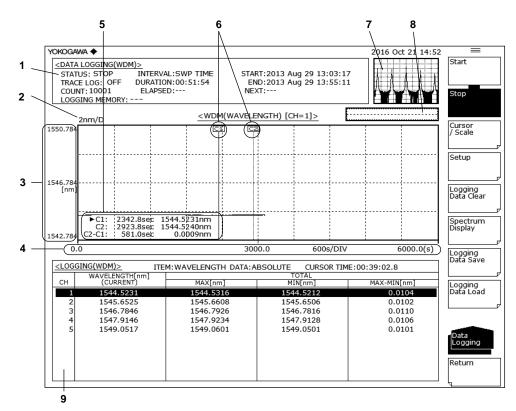
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6.16 Analysis Data Logging

Procedure

The analysis data logging function measures and records WDM analysis, DFB-LD analysis, and peak data at regular intervals and displays the data in tables and graphs on the screen. The contents in the table and the optical spectrum data of each measurement can be saved to files.

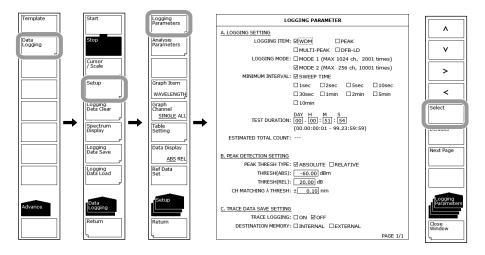
Logging Screen



Number	Function
1	Parameter display area
2	Wavelength scale (per division)
3	Displays different scales depending on the displayed item, such as
	wavelength, power, and SNR.
4	Time scale
5	Cursor information (C1, C2, C2-C1)
6	Cursors (C1, C2)
7	Thumbnail area. Displays the waveform data at the current cursor position.
8	Overview display. The current graph area is indicated with a dotted frame.
9	Logging data list

Setting the Data Logging Conditions

- · Setting the Logging Parameters
 - Press ADVANCE and then the Data Logging soft key. The soft key menu for data logging appears.
 - 2. Press the **Setup** soft key. A menu for setting the data logging conditions appears.
 - **3.** Press the **Logging Parameter** soft key. The logging parameter setting screen appears.
 - **4.** Move the cursor using the arrow keys or soft keys, and enter the value using the numeric keypad.
 - To select a check box, align the cursor, and then press the **Select** soft key.
 - **5.** Press the **Close Window** soft key. The logging parameter setting screen closes, and the soft key menu returns to the previous level.



Note

The Logging Parameter soft key cannot be used while logging measurement is in progress.

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Setting the Analysis Conditions

- Press ADVANCE and then the Data Logging soft key. The soft key menu for data logging appears.
- 2. Press the **Setup** soft key. A menu for setting the data logging conditions appears.

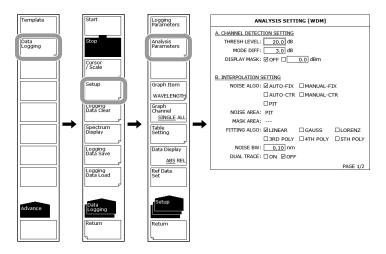
When the Logging Item Is WDM

3. Press the **Analysis Parameter** soft key. The WDM analysis parameter setting screen appears.

For the operating procedure, see steps 4 to 6 in "When changing the analysis parameters" of section 6.7.

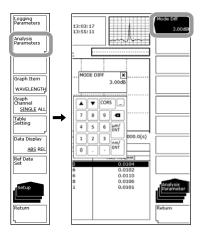
For parameter descriptions, see section 6.7.

If you change a parameter, the value specified in section 6.7 will also change (because the parameter is shared).



When the Logging Item Is PEAK

- Setting the Minimum Peak/Bottom Difference of the Mode Judgment Reference
 - **3.** Press the **Analysis Parameter** soft key. The menu for detecting peak values is displayed.
 - **4.** Press the **Mode Diff** soft key. The screen for setting the mode judgment reference is displayed.
 - **5.** Enter the mode judgment reference using the rotary knob, arrow keys, or numeric keypad.
 - 6. Press nm/ENTER.



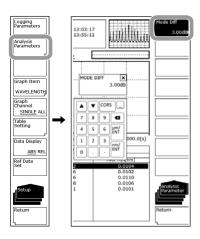
Note .

- For a description of the mode judgment reference, see "MODE DIFF" in section 5.13.
- If you change a setting, the value specified in section 5.13 will also change (because the parameter is shared).

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When the Logging Item Is MULTI-PEAK

- Setting the Minimum Peak/Bottom Difference of the Mode Judgment Reference
 - **3.** Press the **Analysis Parameter** soft key. The menu for detecting peak values is displayed.
 - **4.** Press the **Mode Diff** soft key. The screen for setting the mode judgment reference is displayed.
 - **5.** Enter the mode judgment reference using the rotary knob, arrow keys, or numeric keypad.
 - 6. Press nm/ENTER.



Note.

• For a description of the mode judgment reference, see "Mode Diff" in section 5.12.

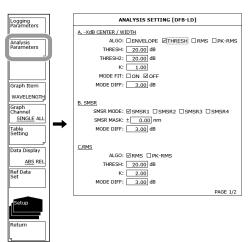
When the Logging Item Is DFB-LD

3. Press the **Analysis Parameter** soft key. The DFB-LD analysis parameter setting screen appears.

For the operating procedure, see steps 4 to 6 in section 6.5.

For parameter descriptions, see appendix 3.

If you change a parameter, the value specified in section 6.5 will also change (because the parameter is shared).



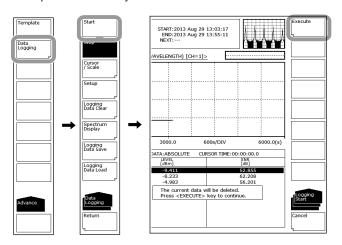
Executing and Stopping Data Logging

- Press ADVANCE and then the Data Logging soft key. The soft key menu for data logging appears.
- **2.** Press the **Start** soft key. A confirmation message for deleting the existing logging data and the Execute and Cancel soft keys appear.
- **3.** Press the **Execute** soft key. The existing logging data is deleted, and a new data logging session begins.

When the specified number of measurements is reached, data logging automatically stops.

If you press the **Stop** soft key while data logging is in progress, data logging will be stopped.

If you do not want to delete the existing logging data, press the **Cancel** soft key. The previous soft key menu will return.



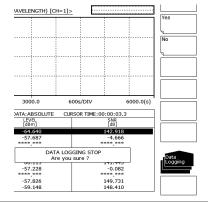
Note

 When TRACE LOGGING is ON, the AQ6374 checks the amount of free space in the temporary trace data storage space before starting to log. If there is insufficient free memory space, a warning will appear.

WARNING 151: Disk space is not enough for logging

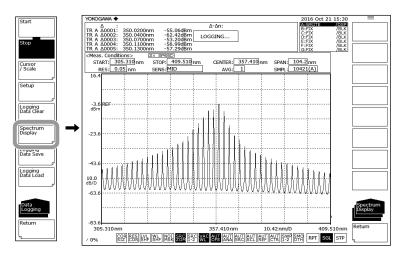
If this happens, reduce the number of waveform data values (Sampling Points) or reduce the logging time to decrease the waveform data size.

- If there is no existing logging data, the confirmation message for deleting the data will not appear, and data logging will begin immediately.
- Only the Stop soft key is valid while data logging is in progress.
 If you press a soft key other than the Stop soft key, a confirmation message for stopping the data logging will appear. If you do not want to stop data logging, press the No soft key.



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- Displaying the Waveform Data Being Logged on the Screen
 If necessary, you can view the measured waveform during data logging.
 - **4.** Press the **Spectrum Display** soft key. The waveform of the data being logged appears on the screen (normal spectrum waveform display).



Note

You cannot use the Spectrum Display soft key when data logging is stopped.

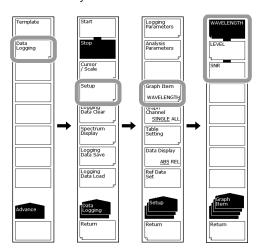
- Returning to the Previous Screen
 - **5.** Press the **RETURN** soft key. The AQ6374 returns to the previous screen.

Selecting the Data to Graph

- Press ADVANCE and then the Data Logging soft key. The soft key menu for data logging appears.
- 2. Press the **Setup** soft key. A menu for setting the data logging conditions appears.
- **3.** Press the **Graph Item** soft key. The displayed menu varies depending on what is being logged.

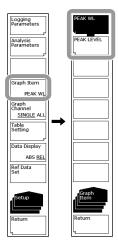
When the Logging Item Is WDM

4. To display the wavelength graph, press the WAVELENGTH soft key. To display the level graph, press the LEVEL soft key. To display the SNR graph, press the SNR soft key.



When the Logging Item Is PEAK/MULTI-PEAK

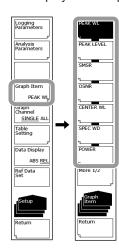
4. To display the wavelength graph, press the **PEAK WL** soft key. To display the level graph, press the **PEAK LEVEL** soft key.



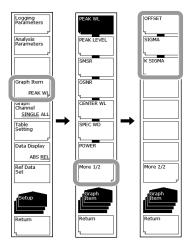
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When the Logging Item Is DFB-LD

- 4. To display the graph of DFB-LD analysis items, press the soft keys below.
 - · To display the peak wavelength graph: PEAK WL
 - To display the peak level graph: PEAK LEVEL
 - To display the side mode suppression ratio graph: SMSR
 - · To display the signal-to-noise ratio graph: OSNR
 - To display the center wavelength graph: CENTER WL
 - To display the spectral width graph of the center wavelength based on the -XdB WIDTH (Center WL/SPWD) parameter: SPEC WD
 - To display the total power graph: More1/2 and then POWER

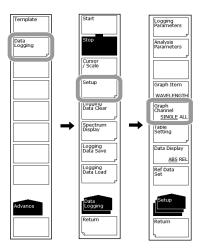


- · To display the mode offset graph: More1/2 and then OFFSET
- To display the spectral width (σ) graph of the center wavelength based on the RMS parameter: **More1/2** and then **SIGMA**
- To display the spectral width (K σ) graph of the center wavelength based on the RMS parameter: **More1/2** and then **K SIGMA**



Selecting Whether to Display the Graph of One Channel or All Channels

- Press ADVANCE and then the Data Logging soft key. The soft key menu for data logging appears.
- 2. Press the **Setup** soft key. A menu for setting the data logging conditions appears.
- **3.** Press the **Graph Channel SINGLE/ALL** soft key. The mode changes to SINGLE or ALL.



Note.

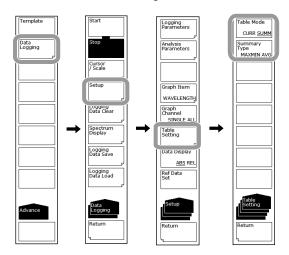
You cannot use the Graph Channel SINGLE/ALL soft key when the following settings are used.

- When the logging parameter is DFB-LD
- When the logging parameter is PEAK

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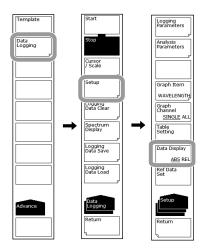
Setting the Table Data Display Mode

- 1. Press ADVANCE and then the Data Logging soft key. The soft key menu for data logging appears.
- 2. Press the **Setup** soft key. A menu for setting the data logging conditions appears.
- **3.** Press the **Table Setting** soft key. The table data display method setting menu appears.
- 4. Press the Table Mode CURR/SUMM soft key. The display mode changes to CURR (displays current values) or SUMM (summary display: MAX, MIN, MAX/ MIN).
- 5. If you select summary display in step 4, press the Summary Type MAXMIN/ AVG soft key. The items shown in the summary display switches to maximum/ minimum values or average/standard deviation values.



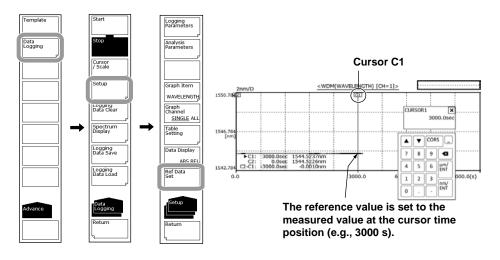
Setting the Table Data Value Display Mode

- Press ADVANCE and then the Data Logging soft key. The soft key menu for data logging appears.
- 2. Press the **Setup** soft key. A menu for setting the data logging conditions appears.
- **3.** Press the **Data Display ABS/REL** soft key. The value display mode changes to ABS (absolute value) or REL (relative value).



Setting the Reference Value for Displaying the Table Data Values Using Relative Values

- **1.** Move cursor C1 or C2 to the graph value that you want to make the reference value (time).
 - For instructions on how to move the cursors, see "Displaying Graph Values Using Cursors" on the next page.
- 2. Press ADVANCE and then the Data Logging soft key. The soft key menu for data logging appears.
- 3. Press the **Setup** soft key. A menu for setting the data logging conditions appears.
- **4.** Press the **Ref Data Set** soft key. The reference value is set to the measured value at the cursor time position.



Note

You cannot use the Ref Data Set soft key if data logging has not been executed and no data exists.

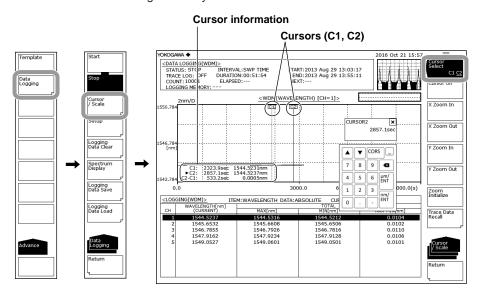
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Displaying the Data Logging Results

- Displaying Graph Values Using Cursors
 - 1. Press ADVANCE and then the **Data Logging** soft key. The soft key menu for data logging appears.
 - 2. Press the Cursor/Scale soft key. The cursor/scale soft key menu appears.
 - Press the Cursor Select C1 C2 soft key. Cursors C1 and C2 appear in the graph display area, and the cursor values are displayed at the lower right of the graph area.

Each time you press the Cursor Select C1 C2 soft key, the current cursor toggles between cursor C1 and C2.

4. Move the cursor using the rotary knob.



Note

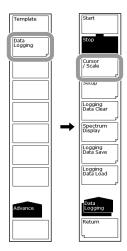
The difference between the two cursor values (C2-C1) is displayed below the cursor values.

The horizontal axis shows the logging time.

The vertical axis shows the value of the graph data (Graph Item).

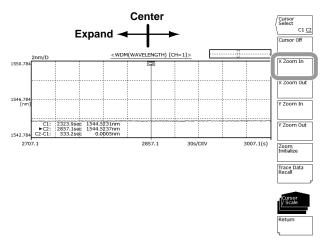
You cannot move the cursors to an area where there is no logging data.

- · Clearing the Cursor Display
 - 5. Press the Cursor Off soft key. Both cursors, C1 and C2, are cleared.
- · Zooming the Graph Display
 - Press ADVANCE and then the Data Logging soft key. The soft key menu for data logging appears.
 - 2. Press the Cursor/Scale soft key. The cursor/scale soft key menu appears.



Zooming in on the Horizontal Scale

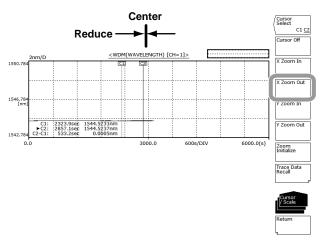
3. Press the **X Zoom In** soft key. The horizontal scale is expanded in 1-2-5 steps at the current cursor (cursor C1 or C2) position.



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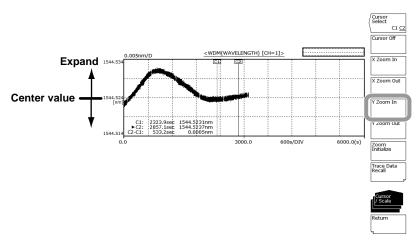
Zooming out from the Horizontal Scale

3. Press the X Zoom Out soft key. The horizontal scale is reduced in 1-2-5 steps at the current cursor (cursor C1 or C2) position.



Zooming in on the Vertical Scale

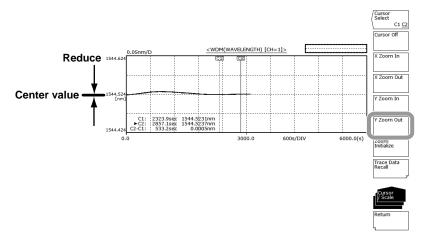
3. Press the Y Zoom In soft key. The vertical scale is expanded in 1-2-5 steps at the current cursor (cursor C1 or C2) position.



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Zooming out of the Vertical Scale

3. Press the **Y Zoom Out** soft key. The vertical scale is reduced in 1-2-5 steps at the current cursor (cursor C1 or C2) position.



Initializing the Graph Display Zoom

4. Press the Zoom Initialize soft key.



Note

Zooming of the vertical and horizontal scales will be initialized if you perform any of the following operations.

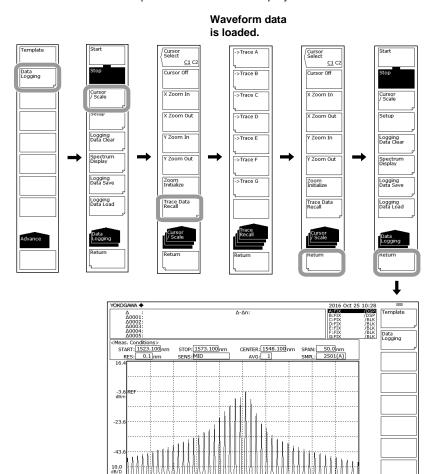
- If you clear the logging data
- If you start a new data logging session
- If you initialize the data (section 9.2)

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Loading the Waveform Data of the Logging Data into the Specified Trace (only when the TRACE LOGGING parameter is set to ON)

- Press ADVANCE and then the Data Logging soft key. The soft key menu for data logging appears.
- 2. Press the Cursor/Scale soft key. The cursor/scale soft key menu appears.
- **3.** Press the **Trace Data Recall** soft key. A soft key menu for selecting the trace to load appears.
- **4.** Press the soft key of the trace you want to load the data into. The waveform data at the current cursor position (cursor C1 or C2) is loaded into the selected trace, and the menu returns to the previous level.

If you press the **Return** soft key a few times to return to the Advance level, the waveform data of the specified trace will be displayed.



Note

You cannot use the Trace Data Recall soft key in the following situations.

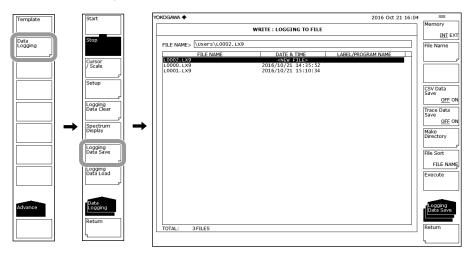
- If data logging has not been executed and no data exists
- If the TRACE LOGGING parameter is set off and no waveform data exists.

COR RES LYL WL NOI SRC STC WAC ANT ANT ANT AUT AUT SWF SMC RPT SGL STP

Saving the Data Logging Results

- Press ADVANCE and then the Data Logging soft key. The soft key menu for data logging appears.
- **2.** Press the **Logging Data Save** soft key. The soft key menu for saving the data and File List appear.

For the operating procedure, see step 4 and subsequent steps in section 7.10.

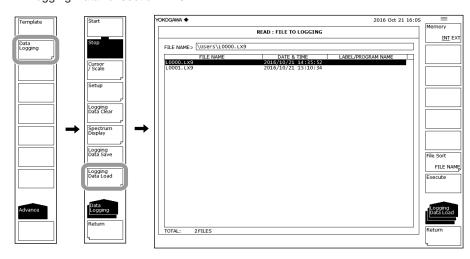


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Loading the Data Logging Results

- Press ADVANCE and then the Data Logging soft key. The soft key menu for data logging appears.
- **2.** Press the **Logging Data Load** soft key. The soft key menu for loading the data and File List appear.

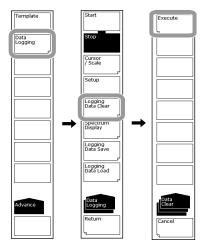
For the operating procedure, see step 4 and subsequent steps in "Loading the Logging Data" of section 7.10.



Deleting the Logging Data

- Press ADVANCE and then the Data Logging soft key. The soft key menu for data logging appears.
- **2.** Press the **Logging Data Clear** soft key. The Execute and Cancel soft keys appear.
- 3. Press the **Execute** soft key. The logging data is deleted.

If you do not want to delete the logging data, press the **Cancel** soft key. The previous soft key menu will return.



Note:

This function is the same as the deletion performed for the data deletion confirmation message that appears when data logging is executed.

Description

Parameter Display

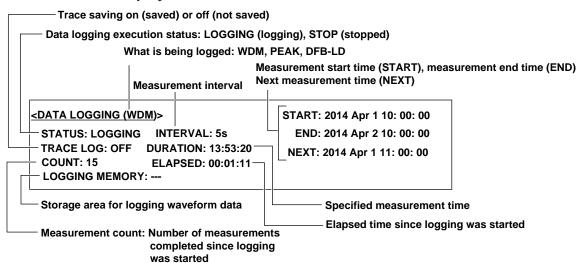
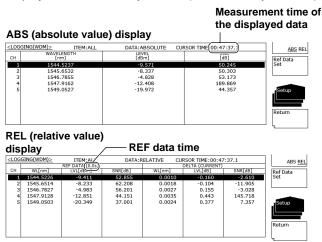


Table Data Display

Current Display

Displays the current analysis data (list of all analysis items) in a table.

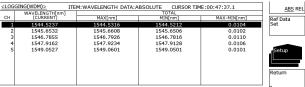


· Summary Display

Displays the current analysis data and the analysis data of MAX, MIN, MAX-MIN values from the start of data logging to the current.

The summary display can display just one of the analysis items that you choose.

ABS (absolute value) display



REL (relative value) display

_						1 1
<logging(wdm)></logging(wdm)>		ITEM: WAVELENGT	'H DATA:RELATIVE	CURSOR TIME: 00	:47:37.1	ABS REL
СН	REF WL[nm] (0.0s)	DELTA WL[nm] (CURRENT)		TOTAL		
Ch		(CORRENT)	MAX[nm]	MIN[nm]	MAX-MIN[nm]	Ref Data
1	1544.5226	0.0010	0.0090	-0.0014	0.0104	Set
2	1545.6514	0.0018	0.0094	-0.0008	0.0102	
3	1546.7827	0.0027	0.0098	-0.0012	0.0110	
4	1547.9128	0.0035	0.0106	0.0000	0.0106	_
5	1549.0503	0.0024	0.0099	-0.0002	0.0101	Setup
						Return
						4

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• Summary Display (AVG)

Displays the current analysis data and the analysis data of average and standard deviation values from the start of data logging to the current.

The summary display can display just one of the analysis items that you choose

ABS (absolute value) display



REL (relative value) display

	•	,			
<logging(wdm)></logging(wdm)>		ITEM:WAVELENGTH DATA:F		E:00:47:37.1	ABS REL
	REF_WL[nm]	DELTA WL[nm]	TO		
CH	(0.0s)	(CURRENT)	AVERAGE[nm]	SIGMA[nm]	Ref Data
1	1544.5226	0.0010	1544.5260	0.0027	Set
2	1545.6514	0.0018	1545.6549	0.0027	
3	1546.7827	0.0027	1546.7872	0.0029	
4	1547.9128	0.0035	1547.9178	0.0029	
5	1549.0503	0.0024	1549.0550	0.0027	Setup
					Return
					L I

Logging Parameters

LOGGING ITEM

Selects the logging item.

WDM

Records the WL (channel center wavelength), LEVEL (channel level (peak level – noise level)), SNR (channel signal-to-noise ratio) of WDM analysis.

· MULTI-PEAK, PEAK

Records the WL (peak center wavelength) and LEVEL (peak level).

• DFB-LD

Records all DFB-LD analysis items listed in appendix 3.

LOGGING MODE

If you want to log many channels, use MODE1.

If you want to log many values, use MODE2.

The AQ6374 automatically detects the number of channels.

MODE1: Up to 1024 channels can be logged. The maximum number log entries is 2001.

MODE2: The maximum number log entries is 10001. Up to 256 channels can be logged.

Note -

If you want to execute logging with TRACE LOGGING set to ON when there are more than 50001 sample points, select MODE1. If you execute logging with MODE2 selected, a warning will be displayed (WARNING104).

MINIMUM INTERVAL

Sets the logging interval (the time duration from the start of a measurement to the start of the next measurement). Set the logging interval in seconds.

Setting range: SWEEP TIME, 1 s, 2 s, 5 s, 10 s, 30 s, 1 min, 2 min, 5 min, 10 min In a single measurement, if the sweep time is longer than the measurement interval due to the sweep conditions, the logging interval is set to SWEEP TIME. If this happens, a warning appears. (WARNING 153:Sweep time exceeds the set interval) If this message appears, check the logging interval.

TEST DURATION

Sets the total logging duration of one test.

The setting range depends on the LOGGING MODE setting (maximum logging count) and logging interval. The minimum logging duration is the logging interval. The logging interval for SWEEP TIME is 1 second.

Note:

If the auto offset function is on, auto offset is executed at regular intervals even during logging. When auto offset is progress, logging measurement is paused. When an auto offset is performed at a time when logging measurement would normally occur, a warning appears. (Warning 152 Logging was skipped for Auto zeroing)

If this message appears, check the auto offset function setting or logging interval setting as necessary.

ESTIMATED TOTAL COUNT

Displays the estimated measurement count during logging.

• PEAK THRESH TYPE

Sets how the threshold for detecting the data logging mode (peak or bottom) is specified. Modes whose level is greater than equal to the threshold specified here are logged.

ABS: Specifies the threshold using an absolute value (peak level)

REL: Specifies the threshold using a relative value (difference from the highest peak level)

• THRESH(ABS)

The absolute value threshold. You can set this when PEAK THRESH TYPE is set to ABS.

Selectable range: +20.00 to -100.00 dBm

THRESH(REL)

The relative value threshold. You can set this when PEAK THRESH TYPE is set to REL.

Selectable range: 0.01 to 99.99 dB

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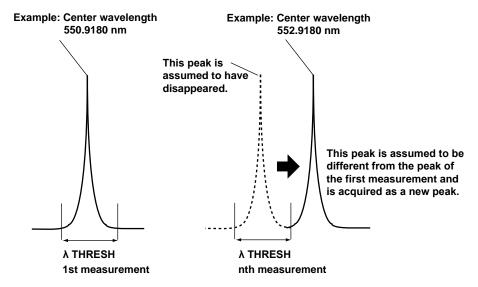
• CH MATCHING ATHRESH

Sets the effective range from the center wavelength of data for determining whether the peak of the analysis data of the logging item is the same as that of the analysis data measured the last time.

If the analysis data during measurement is within the effective range, it will be logged as the same peak.

If it is not, the AQ6374 assumes that the previous peak has disappeared and a new peak has appeared and adds a new peak.

Selectable range: 0.1 nm to 10 nm. You must enter the wavelength even when the display mode is set to frequency.



Channel matching range (e.g. λ THRESH = ±1.00 nm) 549.9180 nm to 551.9180 nm

Note

For the following logging items, CH MATCHING λ TERESH cannot be used.

- DFB-LD
- PEAK

TRACE LOGGING

When this setting is on, the trace waveform is also saved when logging data is saved. This waveform data is saved temporarily to a single file in the internal memory or USB storage medium.

Temporary save directory

Internal memory (INTERNAL): \INT\AQLOGDAT\LOGTMP.LX9 USB storage medium \EXT\AQLOGDAT\LOGTMP.LX9

If you restart data logging, the files and directories in the temporary save directory will be deleted.

For instructions on how to save the temporarily saved waveform data to a normal file, see section 7.10.

DESTINATION MEMORY

Selects where the temporary trace waveform data will be saved to.

INTERNAL: Internal memory EXTERNAL: USB storage medium

If the size of waveform data will be large, use the USB storage medium.

Note

 If you also want to save trace waveforms when logging is in progress (TRACE LOGGING = ON), the temporary storage area must have sufficient free space for saving waveform data of all logging measurements.

If there is insufficient free memory space at the start of logging, a warning will appear. (Warning 151 Disk space is not enough for logging)

If this happens, reduce the number of waveform data values (SAMPLING POINT) or reduce the logging time to decrease the waveform data size.

Temporary saved data (LOGTMP.LG8) cannot be loaded as a logging file.
 If you want to load it, save it to a normal logging file.

Cursors

If you turn on the cursors, cursor values will appear in the lower right of the graph area. Cursor C1 and C2 will appear simultaneously. The value of C2 - C1 will appear below the cursor values.

Scales

The horizontal and vertical scales are automatically set according to the logging parameter conditions and logging data values.

Zooming is performed in 1-2-5 steps.

Example: The horizontal scale settings change like this: 5 s/div, 2 s/div, 1 s/div

The vertical scale settings change like this: 500 nm/div, 200 nm/div, 100 nm/ $\,$

div

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Naving/Loading Data

USB Storage Media 7.1

Supported USB Storage Media

The instrument supports USB 1.0 or USB 2.0 compliant USB memory devices or hard disks. For details, contact your nearest Yokogawa representative.

Removing USB Storage Media

Always follow the procedure below when removing USB storage media.

storage media can be safely removed.

- 1. Press FILE. The file menu is displayed. Check whether the Remove USB Storage soft key is enabled or disabled (dimmed). If the Remove USB Storage soft key is disabled (dimmed), the USB
- 2. If the Remove USB Storage soft key is enabled, press the Remove USB Storage soft key. If the Remove USB Storage soft key is disabled (dimmed), the USB storage media can be safely removed.



Note:

- If there are 2 or more USB storage devices, only the first connected device is recognized. If you restart the instrument, it the USB storage devices that were connected afterward will be recognized.
- For other precautions, please read the user's manual of your USB memory device.

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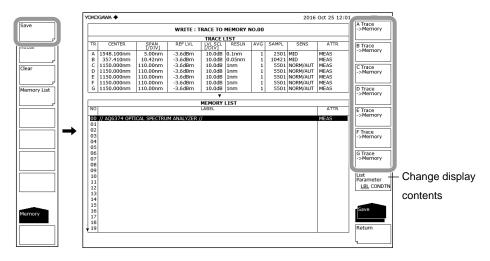
7.2 Temporarily Saving and Redisplaying Traces to and from Internal Memory

Procedure

You can save waveforms being displayed by the instrument to the instrument's internal memory, and redisplay data that has been saved to the internal memory.

Temporarily Saving Trace Data to Internal Memory

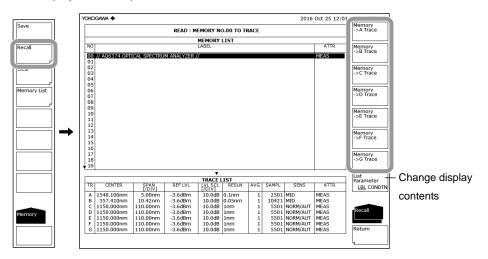
- 1. Press **MEMORY**. The soft key menu for the internal memory appears.
- 2. Press the Save soft key. The internal memory list and trace list are displayed.
- **3.** Select a destination memory number using the **rotary knob**, **arrow keys**, or **numeric key pad**.
- **4.** Press the soft key corresponding to the trace to be saved. The trace data is saved to the selected memory number.



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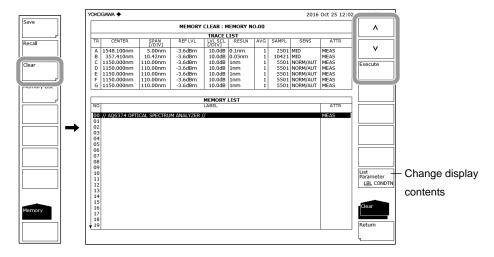
Redisplaying Trace Data

- 1. Press **MEMORY**. The soft key menu for the internal memory appears.
- 2. Press the Recall soft key. The internal memory list and trace list are displayed.
- **3.** Select a source memory number using the **rotary knob**, **arrow keys**, or **numeric key pad**.
- **4.** Press the soft key corresponding to the trace number to assign to the data of the selected memory number.
- **5.** Returning to the waveform display screen, data of the selected memory number is displayed in the specified trace number.



Clearing Memory Data

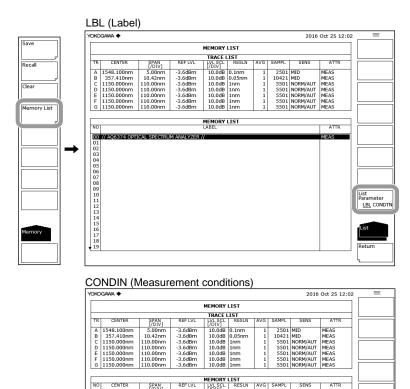
- 1. Press MEMORY. The soft key menu for the internal memory appears.
- 2. Press the Clear soft key. The internal memory list and trace list are displayed.
- Select the memory number of the data to be cleared using the rotary knob, arrow keys, or the UP/DOWN arrow soft keys.
- 4. Press the **Execute** soft key. The data of the selected memory number is cleared.



Displaying and Changing the Memory List

- 1. Press **MEMORY**. The soft key menu for the internal memory appears.
- 2. Press the Memory List soft key. The internal memory list and trace list are displayed.
- 3. Press the List Parameter soft key, then select either LBL (label) or CONDTN (data measurement condition).

The displayed items of the memory list change to labels or measurement conditions. You can also change the display contents of the memory list by using the SAVE, RECALL, and CLEAR menus.



SPAN REF LVL

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Explanation

Up to 64 data can be saved.

It is often useful to temporarily save waveform data for redisplay at a later time. The following data can be saved.

Types of Data	Display in List (ATTR Field)		
Measured waveforms	MEAS		
Normalized displayed waveforms	NORM A, NORM B, NORM C		
Maximum value detection display waveforms	MAX_H		
Minimum value detection display waveforms	MIN_H		
Curve-fit waveforms	CRV FIT A, CRV FIT B, CRV FIT C		
Peak curve fit waveforms	PKCVFIT A, PKCVFIT B, PKCVFIT C		
LOG calculation display waveforms	A-B, B-A, A+B, C-D, D-C, C+D, D-E, E-D, D+E, C-F, F-C, C+F, E+F, F-E, E+F, F-E, E+F		
Linear calculation display waveforms	A+B LIN, A-B LIN, B-A LIN, 1-k(A/B), 1-k(B/A), C+D LIN, C-D LIN, D-C LIN, D+E LIN, D-E LIN, E-D LIN, C+F LIN, C-F LIN, F-C LIN, E+F LIN, E-F LIN, F-ELIN		
Power spectram density waveforms	Pwr/NBW A, Pwr/NBW B, Pwr/NBW C, Pwr/NBW D, Pwr/NBW E		

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7.3 Saving/Loading Displayed Data

Procedure

Waveforms displayed by the instrument and waveforms temporarily saved to internal memory can be saved to a USB storage medium or the internal memory, and loaded from the USB storage medium.



CAUTION

Do not remove the USB storage medium or turn the power OFF while the USB storage medium access indicator is blinking. This can damage the data on the medium or the device itself. Also, always place a USB storage medium in the removable state (following the procedure in section 7.1) before removing it.

French



ATTENTION

Ne retirez pas le dispositif de stockage USB et ne coupez pas l'alimentation lorsque le voyant d'accès au dispositif de stockage USB clignote.

Cela risquerait d'endommager le dispositif ou les données se trouvant sur ce dernier. De plus, toujours faire passer un support de stockage USB à l'état de retrait en toute sécurité (en suivant la procédure figurant à la section 7.1) avant de le retirer.

Saving Trace Data

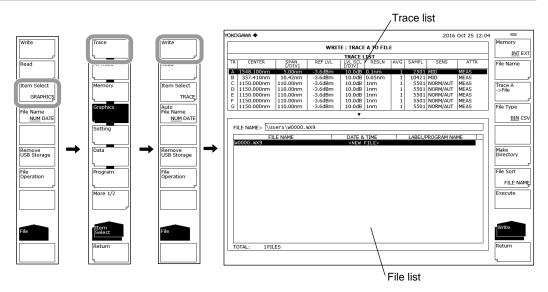
Selecting the Method of Automatically Setting the File Name

- 1. Press FILE. The soft key menu for saving and loading data appears.
- 2. Press the Auto File Name soft key. Select NUM (serial number) or DATE.

Setting the Type of the File to Be Saved to Trace

- **3.** Press the **Item Select** soft key. The menu for selecting the type of files to be saved is displayed.
- **4.** Press the **Trace** soft key. TRACE is selected, and the screen returns to the previous stage.
- 5. Press the Write soft key. The TRACE LIST is displayed on screen.

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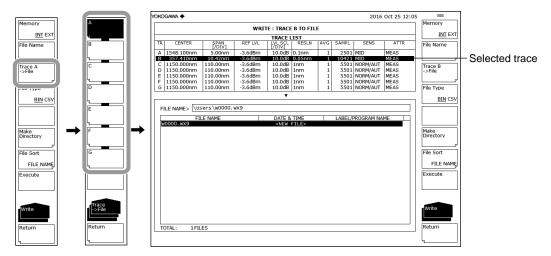
Selecting the Save Destination and Data Format

- **6.** Press the **MEMORY** soft key and specify a save destination of INT (internal memory) or EXT (USB storage medium).
- Press the File Type soft key and specify a data format of BIN (binary) or CSV (ASCII format).



Selecting a Trace to Save

- **8.** Press the **Trace @->File** soft key (where **@** is the currently selected trace number). The trace selection menu is displayed.
- **9.** Press the soft key corresponding to the trace to be saved.

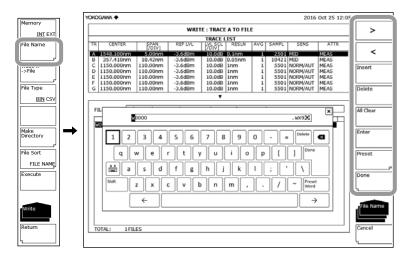


Entering a File Name (When Saving to an Arbitrary File Name)

If you do not set a file name, the file will automatically be assigned a name using a serial number or date.

For creating a directory and sorting the file list, see the next page.

- 10. Using the rotary knob, move the cursor to the line in the file list displaying NEW FILE.
- 11. Press the File Name soft key. The text entry window and corresponding soft key menu are displayed.
- **12** Follow the instructions in section 3.3 to enter a file name.
- **13.** Press the **Done** soft key. The file name is confirmed, and the screen returns to the previous stage.



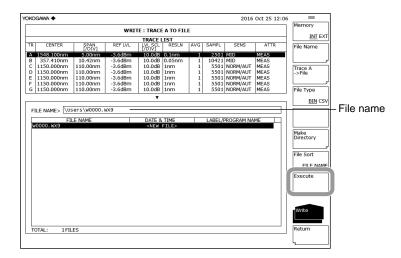
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Executing the Save

- **14.** To overwrite an existing file, move the cursor to the file name to be overwritten.
- 15. Press the Execute soft key. The save executes.
 When the Return soft key is pressed, the data is saved. The screen returns to the
 - previous stage.

16. When overwriting during a save, a confirmation message appears. Press the Yes

To cancel the save press NO soft key.

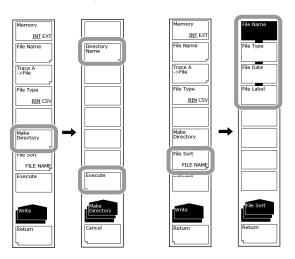


Creating a Directory and Sorting Files

soft key.

Perform the following procedure if needed.

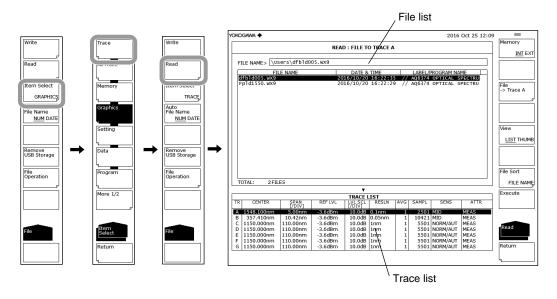
- 17. Press the Make Directory soft key. The menu for creating directories is displayed.
- 18. Press the Directory Name soft key. The text entry window and corresponding soft key menu are displayed. Enter a directory name in the same manner as when entering a file name.
- 19. Press the Execute soft key. The directory is created. Press the Cancel soft key to cancel creation of the directory.
- 20. Press the File Sort soft key. The file sort menu is displayed.
- **21.** Press the soft key corresponding to the item by which to sort. The files are sorted in ascending order by the selected item.



Loading Trace Data

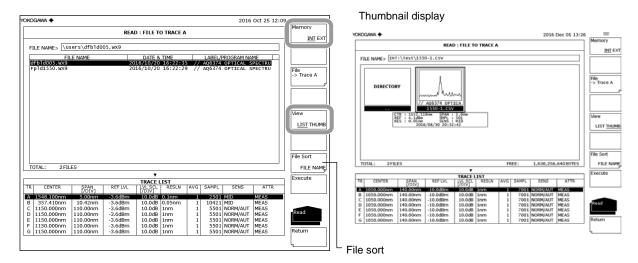
Setting the Type of the File to Be Loaded to Trace

- 1. Press FILE. The soft key menu for saving and loading data appears.
- 2. Press the **Item Select** soft key. The menu for selecting the type of files to be saved is displayed.
- **3.** Press the **Trace** soft key. TRACE is selected, and the screen returns to the previous stage.
- 4. Press the Read soft key. The file list is displayed on screen.



Selecting the File to Be Loaded

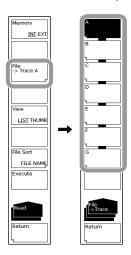
- **5.** Press the **Memory** soft key and specify INT (internal memory) or EXT (USB storage medium). A file list of the selected medium is displayed.
- 6. Select a file to load from the file list using the rotary knob or the arrow keys.
 If the View soft key is pressed, the display toggles between list and thumbnail display. To sort the files, see page 7-9.



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Selecting a Trace from the Loaded Data

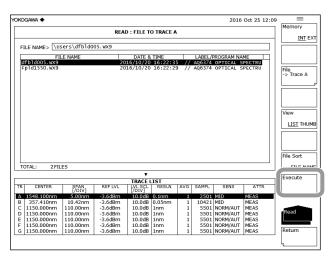
- 7. Press the File -> Trace @ soft key (where @ is the currently selected trace number). The trace selection menu is displayed.
- **8.** Press the soft key corresponding to the trace to be assigned.



Executing the Load

9. Press the Execute soft key. The file is loaded and displayed as the specified trace

When the Return soft key is pressed, the file is not loaded. The screen returns to the previous stage.



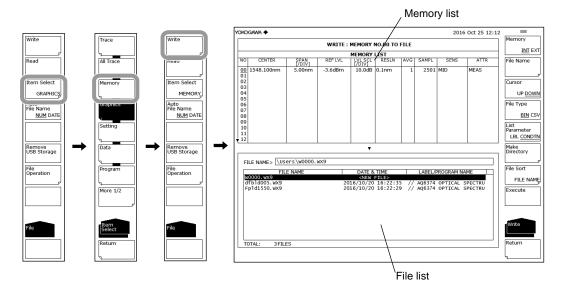
Note:

If a program file saved with the CHOPPER command parameter set to CHOP is loaded into the AQ6374, the parameter after loading will be SWITCH. For example, this applies to the case when a program file created on the AQ6370, AQ6375B, or AQ6376 is loaded into the AQ6374.

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Saving the Data Temporarily Saved to Internal Memory Setting the Type of the File to Be Saved to Memory

- 1. Press FILE.
- 2. Press the Item Select soft key. The soft key menu switches.
- **3.** Press the **Memory** soft key. MEMORY is selected, and the screen returns to the previous stage.
- 4. Press the Write soft key. The memory list and file list are displayed.



Selecting the Save Destination and Data Format

- **5.** Press the **Memory** soft key and specify a save destination of INT (internal memory) or EXT (USB storage medium).
- **6.** Press the **File Type** soft key and specify a data format of BIN (binary) or CSV (ASCII format).

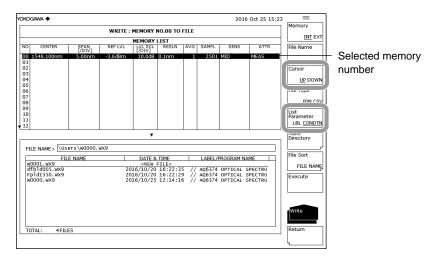


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Selecting a Memory Number to Save

- **7.** Press the **Cursor** soft key, then set the cursor selection to UP (on the memory list side).
- **8.** Select the memory number of the data to save using the **rotary knob**, **arrow keys**, or **numeric key pad**.

Press the **List Parameter** soft key, allowing you to change the information displayed in the memory list to label names or measurement conditions. For more information, see section 7.2.

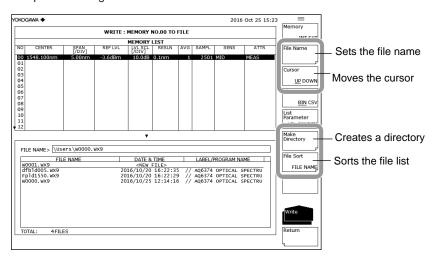


Entering the Name of the File to Be Saved

If you do not set a file name, the file will automatically be assigned a name using a serial number or date.

For creating a directory and sorting the file list, see the page 7-9.

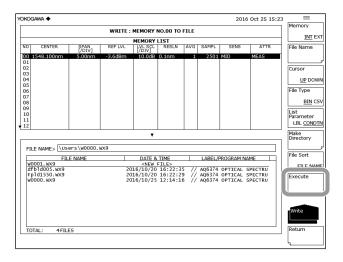
- **9.** Press the **Cursor** soft key, then set the cursor selection to DOWN (on the file list side). An underscore is displayed with the memory number selected in step 8.
- 10. Using the rotary knob or arrow keys, move the cursor to the line in the file list displaying NEW FILE.
- 11. Press the File Name soft key. The text entry window and corresponding soft key menu are displayed.
- 12 Follow the instructions in section 3.3 to enter a file name.
- **13.** Press the **Done** soft key. The file name is confirmed, and the screen returns to the previous stage.



Executing the Save

- 14. To overwrite an existing file, move the cursor to the file name to be overwritten.
- 15. Press the Execute soft key. The save executes.
 When the Return soft key is pressed, the data is saved. The screen returns to the previous stage.
- 16. When overwriting during a save, a confirmation message appears. Press the Yes soft key.

To cancel the save press No soft key.

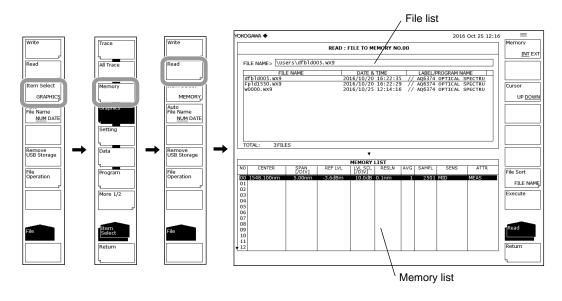


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Loading from the Temporary Save Memory

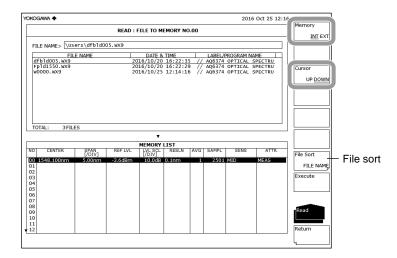
Setting the Type of the File to Be Loaded to Memory

- 1. Press FILE.
- 2. Press the Item Select soft key. The soft key menu switches.
- **3.** Press the **Memory** soft key. MEMORY is selected, and the screen returns to the previous stage.
- 4. Press the Read soft key. The memory list and file list are displayed.



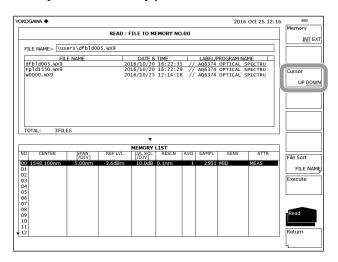
Selecting the File to Be Loaded

- **5.** Press the **Memory** soft key and specify INT (internal memory) or EXT (USB storage medium). A file list of the selected medium is displayed.
- **6.** Press the **Cursor** soft key, then set the cursor selection to UP (on the file list side).
- 7. Select a file to load from the file list using the rotary knob or the arrow keys.
 You can also press the File Sort soft key to sort the files. For more information, see page 7-9.



Selecting a Memory Number to Save

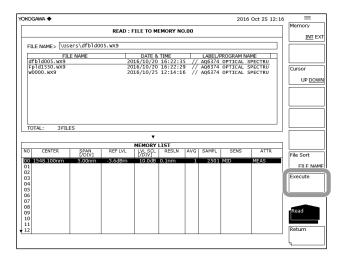
- **8.** Press the **Cursor** soft key, then set the cursor selection to DOWN (on the memory list side).
- **9.** Select the memory number of the load destination using the **rotary knob**, **arrow keys**, or **numeric key pad**.



Executing the Load

10. Press the Execute soft key. The file is loaded and registered into the specified memory number.

When the **Return** soft key is pressed, the file is not loaded. The screen returns to the previous stage.



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Explanation

You can save data from traces A–G to internal memory or a USB storage medium, or assign previously saved data to trace A–G and display it.

Also, you can save (MEMORY) data that was temporarily saved to internal memory or a USB storage medium, or register previously saved data to the temporary save memory.

Extensions

The extensions used when saving Trace and Memory data are as follows.

BIN (binary format): .WX9 CSV (ASCII format): .CSV

File Name

You can have a file name automatically assigned, or specify an arbitrary name for the save. If you do not assign a file name, a file name is automatically assigned as follows.

When Auto File Name is set to NUM

File name: WXXXX.CSV (or .WX9)

XXXX is a serial number from 0000 to 9999

When Auto File Name is set to DATE

File name: Wyyymmdd_hhmmss.CSV (or .WX9)

yyyymmdd: Year (Gregorian) month day hhmmss: Hour (24 hours) minute second (Date/time when the file list was updated)

Note -

- The date/time used when file names are assigned based on the date through remote commands or program commands is the date/time when the file is created.
 - Only use the characters allowed in file names by MS-DOS when changing a file name. The maximum file name length is 56 characters (including the extension). The following characters can be used in file names.

!#\$%&'()-

0123456789@

ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ^

abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz{}

Data Format

Data can be saved in the following two formats.

BIN

Saves the file in binary format.

With this selection, the waveform data cannot be directly checked using an external application. The file size is smaller than that obtained with ASCII format.

CSV

Saves the file in CSV (Comma Separated Value) ASCII format.

With this selection, the waveform data can be directly checked using an external application. The file size is larger than that obtained with binary format.

File Size

The file size differs depending on the data saved. Be sure to check whether sufficient space is available before saving.

File Sort

You can sort the file list in ascending order by file name, file type, file date, or label.

CSV Data Format

CSV data is saved in the following format.

```
74CSV
// AQ6374 OPTICAL SPECTRUM ANALYZER //
                                          Header
"CTRWL",1551.330000
"SPAN", 5.000000
"START WL",1548.830000
"STOP WL",1553.830000
"WLFREQ", 0
"REFL",+12.9
"LSCL",10.0
"RESLN",0.050
"AVG", 1
"SMPLAUTO",
"SMPL", 501
                                          Measurement condition parameters
"SMPLINTVL",0.0100
"MID"
"MEAS"
"LSUNT",0
"NMSKH","OFF"
"RESCOR",0
"SMOOTH",0
"MEASWL",1
"SWPSPD",0
"MODELNAME", "AQ6374"
"CHGPT", 0
             9711
"RESCAL0_0",
"RESCAL0_1",
               337
"RESCAL0_2", -523654
"RESCAL1_0",
               9672
"RESCAL1_1",
                0
"RESCAL1_2",
                 0
"CORESIZE", 0
[TRACE DATA]
1548.8300, -52.596
1548.8400, -52.642
                                          Waveform data
1553.8300, -49.871
```

Header

```
73CSV File header
// AQ6374 OPTICAL SPECTRUM ANALYZER // Label (57 characters)
35 No. of measurement condition parameters
```

Measurement Condition Parameters

"CTRWL",1551.330000	Center wavelength
"SPAN", 5.000000	Span
"START WL",1548.830000	Measurement start wavelength
"STOP WL",1553.830000	Measurement stop wavelength
"WLFREQ", 0	Horizontal axis scale mode
	(0: wavelength mode, 1: frequency mode)
"REFL",+12.9	Reference level
"LSCL",10.0	Main level scale

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"RESLN",0.050 "AVG", 1 "SMPLAUTO", 1	Measurement resolution Averaging times Sampling points setting mode (0: MANUAL, 1: AUTO, 2: SMPL INTVL)
"SMPL", 501	The number of sampling points for measurements
"SMPLINTVL", 0.0100	Measurement sampling interval
"MID"	Measurement sensitivity
"MEAS"	Measurement identifier
"LSUNT", 0	Vertical axis scale mode (0: dBm, 1: dBm/nm)
"NMSKH","OFF"	Noise mask setting
	(NMSKV:VERTICAL, NMSKH:HOLIZONTAL)
"RESCORE",0	Resolution correction setting (0: OFF, 1: ON)
"SMOOTH", 0	Smoothing function setting (0: OFF,1: ON)
"MEASWL", 1	Wavelength in the air or in a vacuum
	(0: AIR, 1: VACUUM)
"SWPSPD", 0	Sweep speed (0: 1x, 1: 2x)
"MODELNAME", "AQ6374"	Model name
"CHGPT", 0	Point where the order of diffraction changes from 2nd to 1st.
	(if the order of diffraction does not change,
	-1: measure all using 2nd order light,
	0: measure all using 1st order light)
"RESCAL0_0", 9711	Resolution effective value correction coefficient
"RESCAL0_1", 337	Resolution effective value correction coefficient
"RESCAL0_2", -523654	Resolution effective value correction coefficient
"RESCAL1_0", 9672	Resolution effective value correction coefficient
"RESCAL1_1", 0	Resolution effective value correction coefficient
"RESCAL1_2", 0	Resolution effective value correction coefficient
"CORESIZE", 0	Fiber core size setting
	(0: Standard mode, 1: Large core size fiber mode)

The reference level and main level scale are saved to one of the following depending on the vertical scale.

Main level scale

Vertical Axis Scale	Save Format	Description
LOG	"REFL",***.* "LSCL",***.*	Reference level Level scale
Linear	"REFL",***.* "LSCL",***.* "BASEL",****.**	Reference level Level scale Base level

Sub-level scale

Save Format	Description		
"REFL",***.*	Reference level		
"SSCLLOG",***.*	Level scale		
"LOFST",***.*	Level offset		
"REFL",***.*	Reference level		
"SSCLN",***.*	Level scale		
"SMIN",****.**	Base level		
"REFL",***.*	Reference level		
"SSKM",**.*	Level scale		
"OFSKM",***.*	Offset level		
"LENG",**.***	Optical fiber length		
"REFL",***.*	Reference level		
"SSPS",***.*	Level scale		
"SMINP",***.*	Base scale		
	"REFL",*** * "SSCLLOG",*** * "LOFST",*** * "REFL",*** * "SSCLN",*** * "SMIN",*** * "REFL",*** * "SSKM",** * "OFSKM",** * "LENG",** * "REFL",*** * "REFL",*** * "SSPS",*** *		

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Measurement Sensitivity

The data below is saved as measurement sensitivity depending on the measurement sensitivity type.

Format	Measurement Sensitivity Type
"NORM-HOLD"	NORM/HOLD
"NORM-AUTO"	NORM/AUTO
"NORMAL"	NORMAL
"MID"	MID
"HIGH 1"	HIGH 1 (CHOP OFF)
"HIGH 2"	HIGH 2 (CHOP OFF)
"HIGH 3"	HIGH 3 (CHOP OFF)
"MID_SW"	MID (SWITCH ON)
"HI1_SW"	HIGH1 (SWITCH ON)
"HI2D_SW"	HIGH2 (SWITCH ON)
"HI3D_SW"	HIGH3 (SWITCH ON)

Note -

If Peak Hold is selected in pulse light measurement mode, a P- is added to the front of the data above. Similarly, if Ext Trigger Mode is selected, an E- is added.

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Measurement Identifier

The data below is saved as a waveform identifier depending on the waveform type.

Format	Waveform	Format	Waveform	Format	Waveform Type	
	Туре		Type			
"MEAS"	WRITE	"C+DL"	C+D(LIN)	"NORM A"	NORMALIZE A	
"MAXH"	MAX HOLD	"C-DL"	C-D(LIN)	"NORM B"	NORMALIZE B	
"MINH"	MIN HOLD	"D-CL"	D-C(LIN)	"NORM C"	NORMALIZE C	
"RAVG"	ROLL AVG	"D+EL"	D+E(LIN)	"CVFT A",**	CURVE FIT A	
"A-B"	A-B(LOG)	"D-EL"	D-E(LIN)	"CVFT B",**	CURVE FIT B	
"B-A"	B-A(LOG)	"E-DL"	E-D(LIN)	"CVFT C",**	CURVE FIT C PK CURVE FIT A	
"A+B"	A+B(LOG)	"C-F"	C-F(LOG)	"CVFTPK A",**		
"A-BL"	A-B(LIN)	"F-C"	F-C(LOG)	"CVFTPK B",**	PK CURVE FIT B	
"B-AL"	B-A(LIN)	"E-F"	E-F(LOG)	"CVFTPK C",**	PK CURVE FIT C	
"A+BL"	A+B(LIN)	"F-E"	F-E(LOG)	"PWRNBW A" **	Power NBW A	
"1-K(A/B)",****.***	1-k(A/B)	"C+F"	C+F(LOG)	"PWRNBW B" **	Power NBW B	
"1-K(B/A)",****.***	1-k(B/A)	"E+F"	E+F(LOG)	"PWRNBW C" **	Power NBW C	
"C-D"	C-D(LOG)	"C+FL"	C+F(LIN)	"PWRNBW D" **	Power NBW D	
"D-C"	D-C(LOG)	"C-FL"	C-F(LIN)	"PWRNBW E" **	Power NBW E	
"D-E"	D-E(LOG)	"F-CL"	F-C(LIN)			
"E-D"	E-D(LOG)	"E+FL"	E+F(LIN)			
"C+D"	C+D(LOG)	"E-FL"	E-F(LIN)			
"D+E"	D+E(LOG)	"F-EL"	F-E(LIN)			

Waveform Data

Measures waveform data are stored as wavelength values and level values for the number of measurement sampling points.

A waveform measured in frequency mode is also stored as wavelength values. Level values are stored as log values if the vertical axis scale is LOG, and as linear values if the vertical axis scale is linear.

(For LOG Scale)	
[TRACE DATA]	Header indicating the start of the trace data
****.****, ±***.***(CR)(LF)	Wavelength value and level value (LOG) of first point
****.***, ±***.***(CR)(LF)	Wavelength value and level value (LOG) of second point
:	
****.***, ±***.***(CR)(LF)	Wavelength value and level value (LOG) of final point
(For LINEAR Scale)	
(For LINEAR Scale) [TRACE DATA]	Header indicating the start of the trace data
,	Header indicating the start of the trace data Wavelength value and level value (LINEAR) of first point
[TRACE DATA]	<u> </u>
[TRACE DATA] ****.****,*.***E±***(CR)(LF)	Wavelength value and level value (LINEAR) of first point
[TRACE DATA] ****.****,*.***E±***(CR)(LF)	Wavelength value and level value (LINEAR) of first point

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7.4 Saving/Loading Displayed Data(All Trace)

Procedure

Waveform data displayed by the instrument (all completely-measured trace data) can be saved to or loaded from USB storage media.



CAUTION

Do not remove the USB storage medium or turn OFF the power when the USB storage medium's access indicator is blinking. Doing so can damage the medium or destroy the data on the medium. Also, when removing the USB storage medium, you must first place the medium in a removable state by following the instructions in section 7.1.

French



ATTENTION

Ne retirez pas le dispositif de stockage USB et ne coupez pas l'alimentation lorsque le voyant d'accès au dispositif de stockage USB clignote. Cela risquerait d'endommager le dispositif ou les données se trouvant sur ce dernier. De plus, toujours faire passer un support de stockage USB à l'état de retrait en toute sécurité (en suivant la procédure figurant à la section 7.1) avant de le retirer.

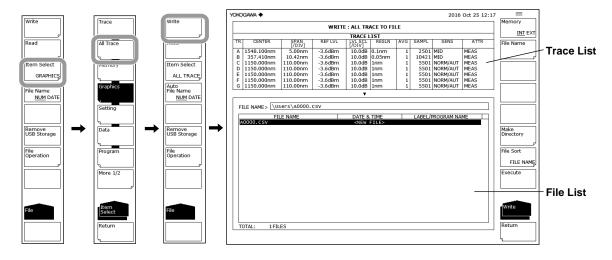
Saving all trace data

Selecting the Method of Automatically Setting the File Name

Select the method of automatically setting the file name by referring to page 7-6.

Setting the file type of files to save to All Trace

- 1. Press the FILE key. The soft key menu for data saving and loading appears.
- 2. Press the Item Select soft key. A menu for selecting files to save appears.
- **3.** Press the **All Trace** soft key. ALL TRACE becomes selected, and the screen returns to the previous menu.
- 4. Press the Write soft key. TRACE LIST is displayed on screen.



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Selecting a save destination

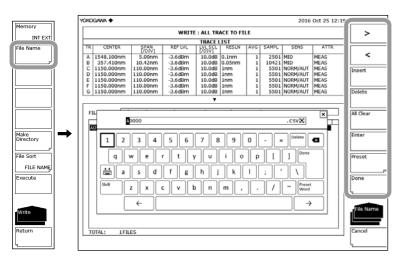
5. Press the **Memory** soft key, then specify a save destination of **INT** (internal memory) or **EXT** (USB storage medium).



Entering a file name (when saving to an arbitrary file name)

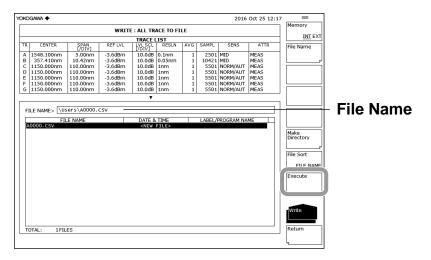
If you do not set a file name, the file will automatically be assigned a name using a serial number or date.

- **6.** Using the **rotary knob**, move the cursor to the row on the file list that displays NEW FILE.
- 7. Press the File Name soft key. The text input window and corresponding soft key menu appear.
- 8. Enter a file name according to the instructions in section 3.3.
- **9.** Press the **Done** soft key. The file name is entered, and you are returned to the previous screen.



Executing the Save

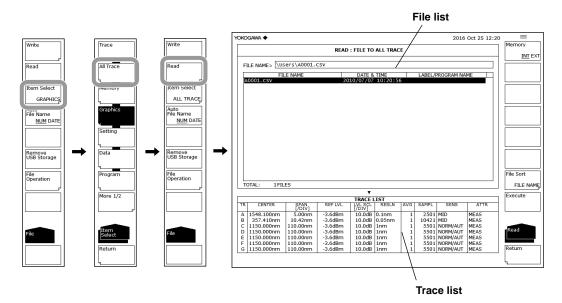
- **10.** To overwrite previously saved files, place the cursor on the existing file name.
- 11. Press the Execute soft key. Saving executes.
 If you press the Return soft key, saving is cancelled. The screen returns to the previous menu.
- **12.** When overwriting during a save, a confirmation message appears. Press the **Yes** soft key. To cancel saving (overwriting), press the **No** soft key.



Loading all trace data

Setting the file type of files to load to ALL TRACE

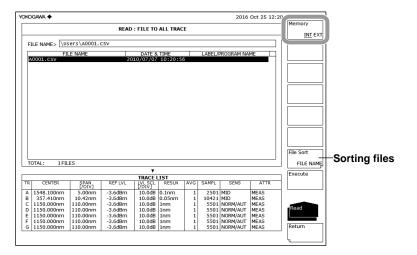
- 1. Press the FILE key. The soft key menu for data saving and loading appears.
- 2. Press the Item Select soft key. A menu for selecting files to save appears.
- **3.** Press the **All Trace** soft key. ALL TRACE becomes selected, and the screen returns to the previous menu.
- 4. Press the Read soft key. The file list is displayed on screen.



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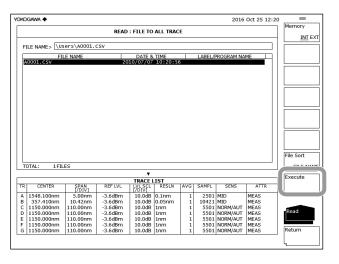
Selecting a file to load

- **5.** Press the **Memory** soft key, then specify _{INT} (internal memory) or **EXT** (USB storage medium). The file list for the selected medium is displayed.
- **6.** Using the **rotary knob** or **arrow** keys, select the file to load from the file list. See page 7-9 for information on file sorting.



Executing the load

7. Press the **Execute** soft key. The file is loaded, and the specified trace number is displayed. If you press the **Return** soft key, loading is cancelled. The screen returns to the previous menu.



Explanation

You can save measured waveform data as a single file in internal memory or USB storage media, or load previously saved data into traces A through G for display.

Extension

Files are saved under the extension CSV.

File Name

File names can be assigned automatically, or arbitrarily by the user. If a file name is not set, it is saved automatically under the following name.

When Auto File Name is set to NUM

File name: AXXXX.CSV

XXXX is a serial number from 0000 to 9999

When Auto File Name is set to DATE

File name: Wyyyymmdd_hhmmss.CSV

yyyymmdd: Year (Gregorian) month day hhmmss: Hour (24 hours) minute second (Date/time when the file list was updated)

Note -

- The date/time used when file names are assigned based on the date through remote commands or program commands is the date/time when the file is created.
- Only use the characters allowed in file names by MS-DOS when changing a file name.
 The maximum file name length is 56 characters (including the extension). The following characters can be used in file names.

!#\$%&'()-

0123456789@

ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ^

abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz{}

File Size

The maximum file size differs depending on the data being saved. Make sure the save destination has sufficient space before saving.

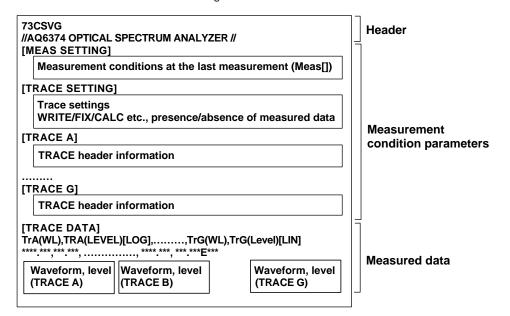
Sorting files

The file list can be sorted in ascending order by FILE NAME, FILE DAT, or FILE LABEL.

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CSV data format

CSV data is saved in the following format.



Header

73CSVG File header

// AQ6374 OPTICAL SPECTRUM ANALYZER // label (57 characters)

Measurement condition parameters

Measurement conditions of each trace, measurement conditions when files were saved, and trace settings are saved.

[MEAS SETTING] section: Measurement settings when files were saved [TRACE SETTING] section: Trace settings (active trace information, each trace's settings, presence (sheepes of measured data)

settings, presence/absence of measured data)

Measurement conditions for each trace

The format of the measurement conditions is the same as that of waveform files. See 7.3, "Saving and Loading Waveform Data."

Measured data

[TRACE A] to [TRACE G]:

The measured waveform data of traces A through G are saved as wavelength and level vales of the measured number of samples. Unmeasured trace data is not saved. Waveforms measured in Frequency mode are also saved as wavelength values.

7.5 Saving/Loading Setting Data

Procedure

The measurement conditions set on the instrument and soft key set statuses are saved in binary format.



CAUTION

Do not remove the USB storage medium or turn the power OFF while the USB storage medium access indicator is blinking. This can damage the data on the medium or the device itself. Also, always place a USB storage medium in the removable state (following the procedure in section 7.1) before removing it.

French



ATTENTION

Ne retirez pas le dispositif de stockage USB et ne coupez pas l'alimentation lorsque le voyant d'accès au dispositif de stockage USB clignote.

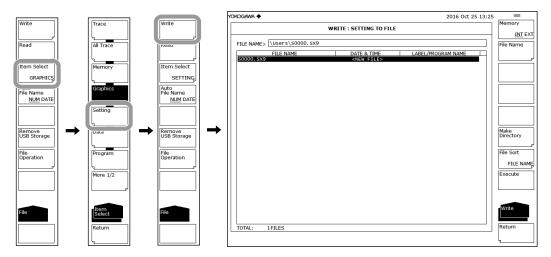
Cela risquerait d'endommager le dispositif ou les données se trouvant sur ce dernier. De plus, toujours faire passer un support de stockage USB à l'état de retrait en toute sécurité (en suivant la procédure figurant à la section 7.1) avant de le retirer.

Selecting the Method of Automatically Setting the File Name

Select the method of automatically setting the file name by referring to page 7-6.

Setting the Type of the File to Be Saved to Setting

- 1. Press FILE.
- 2. Press the Item Select soft key. The soft key menu switches.
- **3.** Press the **Setting** soft key. SETTING is selected, and the screen returns to the previous stage.
- 4. Press the Write soft key. The file list is displayed.



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Selecting the Save Destination Medium

5. Press the Memory soft key and specify INT (internal memory) or EXT (USB storage medium). A file list of the selected medium is displayed.

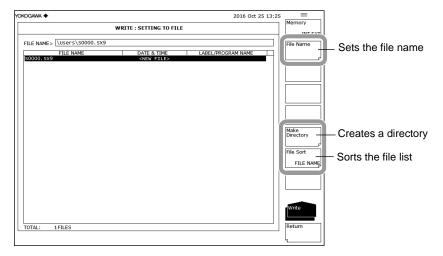


Entering the Name of the File to Be Saved

If you do not set a file name, the file will automatically be assigned a name using a serial number or date.

For creating a directory and sorting the file list, see the page 7-9.

- 6. Using the rotary knob or arrow keys, move the cursor to the line in the file list displaying NEW FILE.
- 7. Press the File Name soft key. The text entry window and corresponding soft key menu are displayed.
- 8 Follow the instructions in section 3.3 to enter a file name.
- 9. Press the **Done** soft key. The file name is confirmed, and the screen returns to the previous stage.

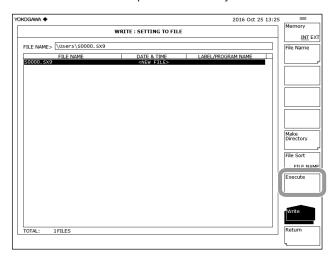


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Executing the Save

- 10. To overwrite an existing file, move the cursor to the file name to be overwritten.
- 11. Press the Execute soft key. The save executes.
 - When the **Return** soft key is pressed, the data is saved. The screen returns to the previous stage.
- **12.** When overwriting during a save, a confirmation message appears. Press the **Yes** soft key.

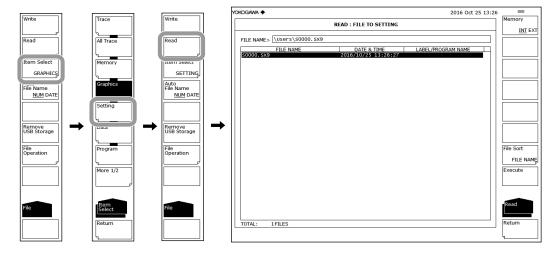
To cancel the save press No soft key.



Loading Settings

Setting the Type of the File to Be Loaded to Setting

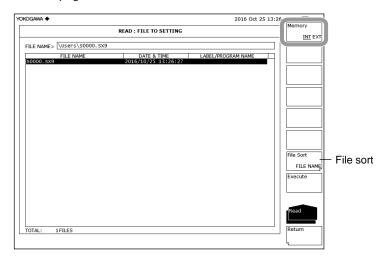
- 1. Press FILE.
- 2. Press the Item Select soft key. The soft key menu switches.
- **3.** Press the **Setting** soft key. SETTING is selected, and the screen returns to the previous stage.
- 4. Press the Read soft key. The file list is displayed.



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Selecting the File to Be Loaded

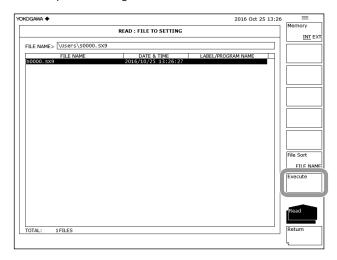
- **5.** Press the **Memory** soft key and specify INT (internal memory) or EXT (USB storage medium). A file list of the selected medium is displayed.
- 6. Select a file to load from the file list using the rotary knob or the arrow keys.
 You can also press the File Sort soft key to sort the files. For more information, see page 7-9.



Executing the Load

7. Press the **Execute** soft key. The file is loaded and the settings on the instrument are changed.

When the **Return** soft key is pressed, the file is not loaded. The screen returns to the previous stage.



Explanation

You can save instrument setting data to internal memory or a USB storage medium, or load previously saved setting data and modify the settings.

Extension

The extension used when loading is .SX9.

File Name

You can have a file name automatically assigned, or specify an arbitrary name for the save. If you do not assign a file name, a file name is automatically assigned as follows. When Auto File Name is set to NUM

File name: SXXXX.SX9

XXXX is a serial number from 0000 to 9999

When Auto File Name is set to DATE

File name: Wyyyymmdd_hhmmss.SX9

yyyymmdd: Year (Gregorian) month day hhmmss: Hour (24 hours) minute second (Date/time when the file list was updated)

Note:

- The date/time used when file names are assigned based on the date through remote commands or program commands is the date/time when the file is created.
- Only use the characters allowed in file names by MS-DOS when changing a file name.
 The maximum file name length is 56 characters (including the extension). The following characters can be used in file names.

!#\$%&'()-

0123456789@

ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ^

abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz{}

File Size

The file size is approximately 74 KB.

File Sort

You can sort the file list in ascending order by file name, file type, file date, or label.

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7.6 Saving/Loading Analysis Results Data

Procedure

You can save analysis results including the time and waveform data of the original save in ASCII or binary format.



CAUTION

Do not remove the USB storage medium or turn the power OFF while the USB storage medium access indicator is blinking. This can damage the data on the medium or the device itself. Also, always place a USB storage medium in the removable state (following the procedure in section 7.1) before removing it.

French



ATTENTION

Ne retirez pas le dispositif de stockage USB et ne coupez pas l'alimentation lorsque le voyant d'accès au dispositif de stockage USB clignote.

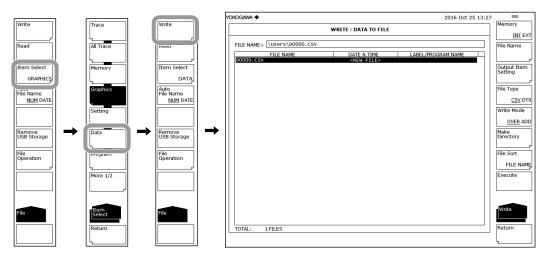
Cela risquerait d'endommager le dispositif ou les données se trouvant sur ce dernier. De plus, toujours faire passer un support de stockage USB à l'état de retrait en toute sécurité (en suivant la procédure figurant à la section 7.1) avant de le retirer.

Selecting the Method of Automatically Setting the File Name

Select the method of automatically setting the file name by referring to page 7-6.

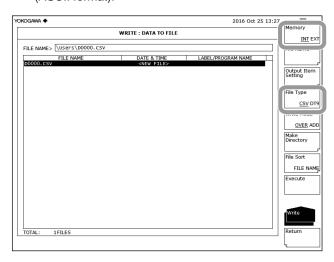
Setting the Type of the File to Be Saved to Data

- 1. Press FILE.
- 2. Press the Item Select soft key. The soft key menu switches.
- **3.** Press the **Data** soft key. DATA is selected, and the screen returns to the previous stage.
- 4. Press the Write soft key. The file list is displayed.



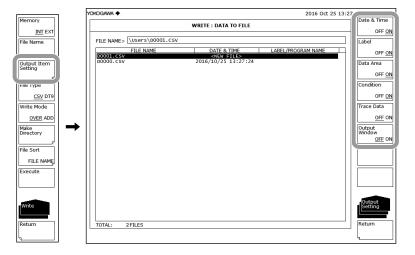
Selecting the Save Destination Medium and Data Format

- **5.** Press the **Memory** soft key and specify INT (internal memory) or EXT (USB storage medium). A file list of the selected medium is displayed.
- 6. Press the File Type soft key and specify a data format of DT9 (ASCII) or CSV (ASCII format).



Selecting Data Items to Save

- **7.** Press the **Output Item Setting** soft key. The menu for selecting data items to be saved is displayed.
- 8. Press the Data Item soft key and specify ON (save) or OFF (do not save).



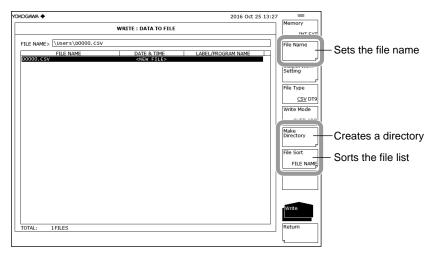
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Entering the Name of the File to Be Saved

If you do not set a file name, the file will automatically be assigned a name using a serial number or date.

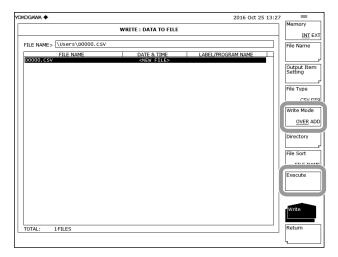
For creating a directory and sorting the file list, see the page 7-9.

- **9.** Using the **rotary knob** or **arrow keys**, move the cursor to the line in the file list displaying NEW FILE.
- 10. Press the File Name soft key. The text entry window and corresponding soft key menu are displayed.
- 11 Follow the instructions in section 3.3 to enter a file name.
- **12.** Press the **Done** soft key. The file name is confirmed, and the screen returns to the previous stage.



Setting the Save Method and Executing the Save

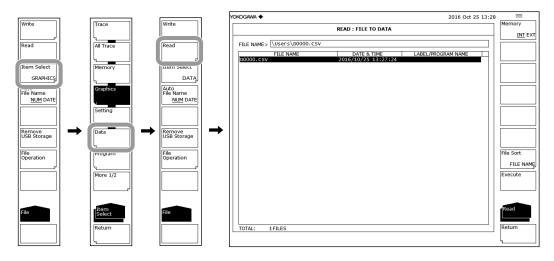
- 13. Press the Write Mode soft key and specify OVER (overwrite) or ADD (add).
- 14. To overwrite an existing file, move the cursor to the file name to be overwritten.
- 15. Press the Execute soft key. The save executes.
 When the Return soft key is pressed, the data is saved. The screen returns to the previous menu.
- 16. When overwriting during a save, a confirmation message appears. Press the Yes soft key. To cancel the save press No soft key.



Loading Analysis Data

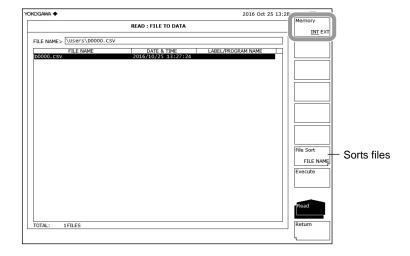
Setting the Type of the File to Be Loaded to Data

- 1. Press FILE.
- 2. Press the Item Select soft key. The soft key menu switches.
- **3.** Press the **Data** soft key. DATA is selected, and the screen returns to the previous stage.
- 4. Press the Read soft key. The file list is displayed.



Selecting the File to Be Loaded

- **5.** Press the **Memory** soft key and specify INT (internal memory) or EXT (USB storage medium). A file list of the selected medium is displayed.
- 6. Select a file to load from the file list using the rotary knob or the arrow keys.
 You can also press the File Sort soft key to sort the files. For more information, see page 7-9.

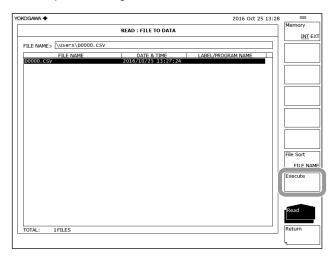


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Executing the Load

7. Press the **Execute** soft key. The file is loaded.

When the Return soft key is pressed, the file is not loaded. The screen returns to the previous stage.



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Explanation

Extensions

The extensions used when saving are as follows.

DAT (ASCII format): .DT9
CSV (ASCII format): .CSV

File Name

You can have a file name automatically assigned, or specify an arbitrary name for the save. If you do not assign a file name, a file name is automatically assigned as follows. When Auto File Name is set to NUM

File name: DXXXX.CSV (or .DT9)

XXXX is a serial number from 0000 to 9999

When Auto File Name is set to DATE

File name: Wyyyymmdd_hhmmss.CSV (or .DT9)

yyyymmdd: Year (Gregorian) month day hhmmss: Hour (24 hours) minute second (Date/time when the file list was updated)

Note .

- The date/time used when file names are assigned based on the date through remote commands or program commands is the date/time when the file is created.
- Only use the characters allowed in file names by MS-DOS when changing a file name.
 The maximum file name length is 56 characters (including the extension). The following characters can be used in file names.

!#\$%&'()-

0123456789@

ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ^

abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz{}

Saveable Data

The following data can be saved.

Saved Item	Initial Value	Description				
Date & Time	ON	Date and time				
Label	ON	Label				
Data Area	ON	Data area value				
Condition	ON	Measurement conditions				
Trace Data	OFF	Trace data				
Output Window	OFF	OUTPUT WINDOW data used by program function				

File Size

The file size differs depending on the data saved. Be sure to check whether sufficient space is available before saving.

File Sort

You can sort the file list in ascending order by file name, file type, file date, or label.

Overwrite Method

If files of the same name reside in the save destination, you can select whether to overwrite them or add the data.

OVER: Overwrites the file.

ADD: Adds the data to be saved to the existing file data.

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Data Format

You can save in ASCII format.

DT9

Saves as text data.

CSV

Saves the file in CSV (comma separated value) ASCII format.

Data Format

DT9 format is as follows.

"73DAT	п	,	Label					
" <nf an<="" td=""><td>r 07 16:42 IALYSIS> TH:20.0 LGO:AUTO-FIX F WAVELENGTH [nm] 1544.4983 1545.3041</td><td>TIT AREA:AU</td><td></td><td>ST(IN):0.0 A: FIT A ASE LVL [dBm] -22.281</td><td>ALGO:LINE RESOLN [nm] 0.102</td><td>,</td><td>OdB" NF" [dB]" 8.533 8.619</td><td>Header and data analysis results</td></nf>	r 07 16:42 IALYSIS> TH:20.0 LGO:AUTO-FIX F WAVELENGTH [nm] 1544.4983 1545.3041	TIT AREA:AU		ST(IN):0.0 A: FIT A ASE LVL [dBm] -22.281	ALGO:LINE RESOLN [nm] 0.102	,	OdB" NF" [dB]" 8.533 8.619	Header and data analysis results
"SPAN "REFL -' "LSCL 1 "RESLN "AVG", 1 "SMPL 2	"CTRWL 1551.670000"							
1541.67	00, -23.200		Sampling po (wavelength	•		veform d	lata	

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7.6 Saving/Loading Analysis Results Data

CSV format is as follows. 73DAT2 Label TEST 2005 Apr 07 16:42 □ Date/time data saved <NF ANALYSIS> TH[dB],20.00 MODE DIFF[dB],3.00 OFST(IN)[dB],0.00 OFST(OUT)[dB],0.00 ASE ALGO, AUTO-FIX Analysis results FIT AREA, AUTO header MASK AREA,---FIT ALGO,LINEAR and data $NO., WAVE LENGTH [nm], INPUT\ LVL [dBm], OUTPUT\ LVL [dBm],$ $ASE\ LVL[dBm], RESOLN[nm], GAIN[dB], NF[dB]$ $1,\!1544.4983,\!-29.320,\!-2.260,\!-22.281,\!0.102,\!27.017,\!8.533$ 2,1545.3041,-29.530,-2.420,-22.184,0.101,27.064,8.619 CTRWL,1551.670000 SPAN,20.000000 REFL[dBm],-10.0 Measurement condition parameter LSCL,10.0 RESLN,0.100 AVG,1 SMPL,2001 HIGH 2 NMSK,OFF Sampling point portion of the waveform data (wavelength and level value) 1541.6700, -23.200

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7.7 Saving/Loading Program Data

Procedure

Programs created with the program function are saved in binary format.



CAUTION

Do not remove the USB storage medium or turn the power OFF while the USB storage medium access indicator is blinking. This can damage the data on the medium or the device itself. Also, always place a USB storage medium in the removable state (following the procedure in section 7.1) before removing it.

French



ATTENTION

Ne retirez pas le dispositif de stockage USB et ne coupez pas l'alimentation lorsque le voyant d'accès au dispositif de stockage USB clignote.

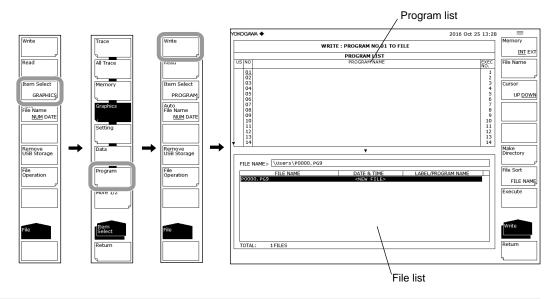
Cela risquerait d'endommager le dispositif ou les données se trouvant sur ce dernier. De plus, toujours faire passer un support de stockage USB à l'état de retrait en toute sécurité (en suivant la procédure figurant à la section 7.1) avant de le retirer.

Selecting the Method of Automatically Setting the File Name

Select the method of automatically setting the file name by referring to page 7-6.

Setting the Type of the File to Be Saved to Program

- 1. Press FILE.
- 2. Press the Item Select soft key. The soft key menu switches.
- **3.** Press the **Program** soft key. PROGRAM is selected, and the screen returns to the previous stage.
- 4. Press the Write soft key to display the program list and file list.



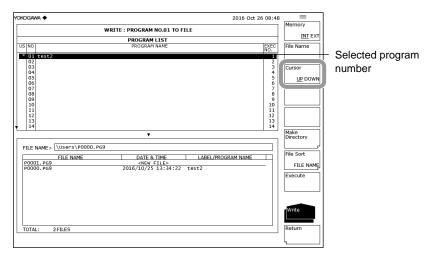
Selecting the Save Destination and Data Format

5. Press the **Memory** soft key and specify a save destination of INT (internal memory) or EXT (USB storage medium).



Selecting a Memory Number to Save

- **6.** Press the **Cursor** soft key, then set the cursor selection to UP (on the program list side).
- 7. Select the program number of the data to save using the **rotary knob**, **arrow keys**, or **numeric key pad**.



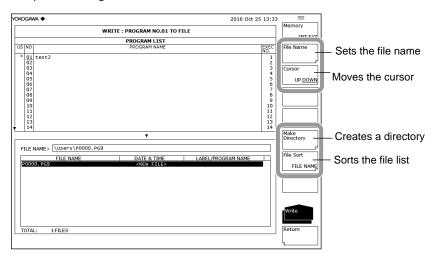
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Entering the Name of the File to Be Saved

If you do not set a file name, the file will automatically be assigned a name using a serial number or date.

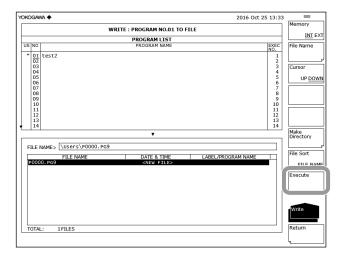
For creating a directory and sorting the file list, see the page 7-9.

- **8.** Press the **Cursor** soft key, then set the cursor selection to DOWN (on the file list side). An underscore is displayed with the program number selected in step 7.
- **9.** Using the **rotary knob** or **arrow keys**, move the cursor to the line in the file list displaying NEW FILE.
- 10. Press the File Name soft key. The text entry window and corresponding soft key menu are displayed.
- 11 Follow the instructions in section 3.3 to enter a file name.
- **12.** Press the **Done** soft key. The file name is confirmed, and the screen returns to the previous stage.



Executing the Save

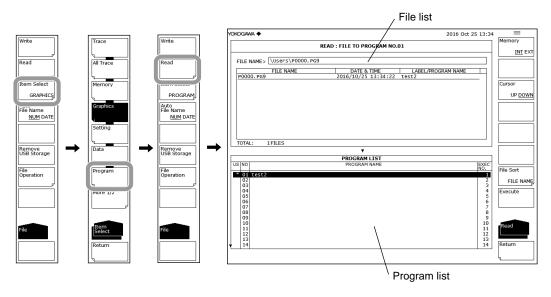
- **13.** To overwrite an existing file, move the cursor to the file name to be overwritten.
- 14. Press the Execute soft key. The save executes.
 When the Return soft key is pressed, the data is saved. The screen returns to the previous menu.
- **15.** When overwriting during a save, a confirmation message appears. Press the **Yes** soft key. To cancel the save press **No** soft key.



Loading a Program File

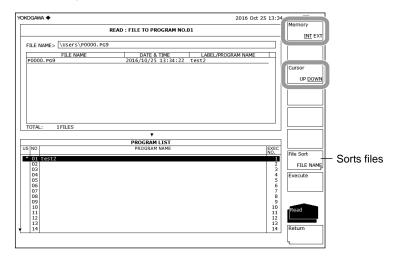
Setting the Type of the File to Be Loaded to Program

- 1. Press FILE.
- 2. Press the Item Select soft key. The soft key menu switches.
- **3.** Press the **Program** soft key. PROGRAM is selected, and the screen returns to the previous stage.
- 4. Press the Read soft key. The program list is displayed.



Selecting the File to Be Loaded

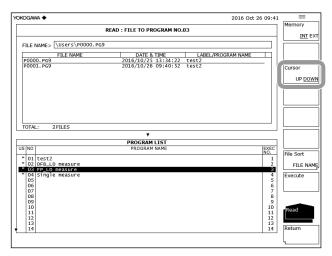
- **5.** Press the **Memory** soft key and specify INT (internal memory) or EXT (USB storage medium). A file list of the selected medium is displayed.
- **6.** Press the **Cursor** soft key, then set the cursor selection to UP (on the file list side).
- 7. Select a file to load from the file list using the rotary knob or the arrow keys.
 You can also press the File Sort soft key to sort the files. For more information, see page 7-9.



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Selecting a Program Number to Save

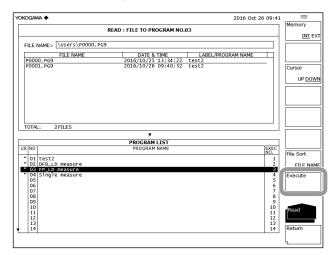
- **8.** Press the **Cursor** soft key, then set the cursor selection to DOWN (on the program list side).
- **9.** Select the program number of the load destination using the **rotary knob**, **arrow keys**, or **numeric key pad**.



Executing the Load

10. Press the **Execute** soft key. The file is loaded and registered to the specified program number.

When the **Return** soft key is pressed, the file is not loaded. The screen returns to the previous stage.



Note.

If a program file saved with the CHOPPER command parameter set to CHOP is loaded into the AQ6374, the parameter after loading will be SWITCH. For example, this applies to the case when a program file created on the AQ6370, AQ6375B, or AQ6376 is loaded into the AQ6374.

Explanation

Extension

The extension used when saving is as follows.

BIN (binary format): .PG9

File Name

You can have a file name automatically assigned, or specify an arbitrary name for the save. If you do not assign a file name, a file name is automatically assigned as follows.

When Auto File Name is set to NUM

File name: PXXXX.PG9

XXXX is a serial number from 0000 to 9999

When Auto File Name is set to DATE

File name: Wyyyymmdd_hhmmss.PG9

yyyymmdd: Year (Gregorian) month day hhmmss: Hour (24 hours) minute second (Date/time when the file list was updated)

Note -

- The date/time used when file names are assigned based on the date through remote commands or program commands is the date/time when the file is created.
- Only use the characters allowed in file names by MS-DOS when changing a file name.
 The maximum file name length is 56 characters (including the extension). The following characters can be used in file names.

!#\$%&'()-

0123456789@

ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ^

abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz{}

File Size

The file size is approximately 13 KB.

Data Format

Saves the file in binary format.

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7.8 Saving Screen Image Data

Procedure

You can save the screen as an image file.

For the screen image data output, see section 9.5, "Other Settings."



CAUTION

Do not remove the USB storage medium or turn the power OFF while the USB storage medium access indicator is blinking. This can damage the data on the medium or the device itself. Also, always place a USB storage medium in the removable state (following the procedure in section 7.1 before removing it.

French



ATTENTION

Ne retirez pas le dispositif de stockage USB et ne coupez pas l'alimentation lorsque le voyant d'accès au dispositif de stockage USB clignote.

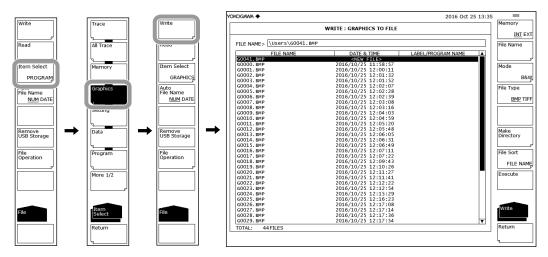
Cela risquerait d'endommager le dispositif ou les données se trouvant sur ce dernier. De plus, toujours faire passer un support de stockage USB à l'état de retrait en toute sécurité (en suivant la procédure figurant à la section 7.1) avant de le retirer.

Selecting the Method of Automatically Setting the File Name

Select the method of automatically setting the file name by referring to page 7-6.

Setting the Type of the File to Be Saved to Graphics

- 1. Press FILE.
- 2. Press the Item Select soft key. The soft key menu switches.
- **3.** Press the **Graphic** soft key. GRAPHIC is selected, and the screen returns to the previous stage.
- 4. Press the Write soft key to display the file list.



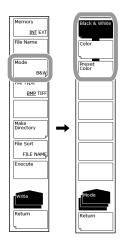
Selecting the Save Destination and Data Format

5. Press the **Memory** soft key and specify a save destination of INT (internal memory) or EXT (USB storage medium).



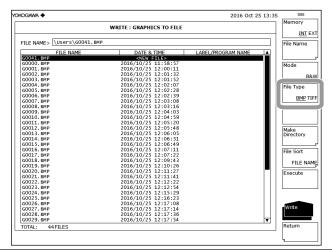
Selecting the Color

- 6. Press the Mode soft key to select BMP or TIFF.
- 7. Press the **Black & White**, Color, or Preset Color (only waveform markers in color) soft key.



Selecting the File Format

8. Press the File Type soft key and specify BMP or TIFF.



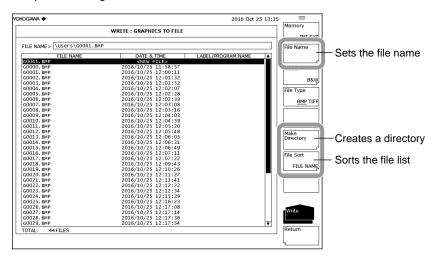
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Entering the Name of the File to Be Saved

If you do not set a file name, the file will automatically be assigned a name using a serial number or date.

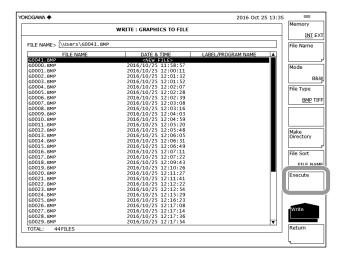
For creating a directory and sorting the file list, see the page 7-9.

- **9.** Press the **Cursor** soft key, then set the cursor selection to DOWN (on the file list side). An underscore is displayed with the program number selected in step 7.
- **10.** Using the **rotary knob** or **arrow keys**, move the cursor to the line in the file list displaying NEW FILE.
- 11. Press the File Name soft key. The text entry window and corresponding soft key menu are displayed.
- 12 Follow the instructions in section 3.3 to enter a file name.
- **13.** Press the **Done** soft key. The file name is confirmed, and the screen returns to the previous stage.



Executing the Save

- **14.** To overwrite an existing file, move the cursor to the file name to be overwritten.
- 15. Press the Execute soft key. The save executes.
 When the Return soft key is pressed, the data is saved. The screen returns to the previous stage.
- 16. When overwriting during a save, a confirmation message appears. Press the Yes soft key. To cancel the save press No soft key.



Explanation

Extensions

The extensions used when saving are as follows.

BMP (bit-mapped format): .BMP TIFF: .TIF

File Name

You can have a file name automatically assigned, or specify an arbitrary name for the save. If you do not assign a file name, a file name is automatically assigned as follows. When Auto File Name is set to NUM

File name: GXXXX.BMP (or .TIF)

XXXX is a serial number from 0000 to 9999

When Auto File Name is set to DATE

File name: Wyyyymmdd_hhmmss.CSV (or .TIF)

yyyymmdd: Year (Gregorian) month day hhmmss: Hour (24 hours) minute second (Date/time when the file list was updated)

Note.

- The date/time used when file names are assigned based on the date through remote commands or program commands is the date/time when the file is created.
- Only use the characters allowed in file names by MS-DOS when changing a file name.
 The maximum file name length is 56 characters (including the extension). The following characters can be used in file names.

!#\$%&'()-

0123456789@

ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ^

abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz{}

Color

Black & White: You can save the file in black and white.

Color: You can save the file in color.

Preset Color: Only waveforms and markers are saved in color; all other items (e.g.,

soft keys, grid, text, background) are saved in black & white.

Data Format

You can save the file as a bit-mapped (BMP) or TIFF file.

File Size

The file size differs depending on the data format and color specified.

BMP (color): Approximately 1.6 MB
BMP (B&W): Approximately 400 KB
TIFF (color/B&W): Approximately 1.2 MB

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7.9 Saving/Loading Template Data

Procedure

You can save or load template file in CSV format.



CAUTION

Do not remove the USB storage medium or turn the power OFF while the USB storage medium access indicator is blinking. This can damage the data on the medium or the device itself. Also, always place a USB storage medium in the removable state (following the procedure in section 7.1) before removing it.

French



ATTENTION

Ne retirez pas le dispositif de stockage USB et ne coupez pas l'alimentation lorsque le voyant d'accès au dispositif de stockage USB clignote.

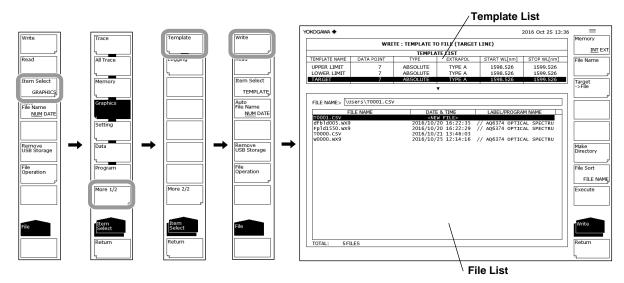
Cela risquerait d'endommager le dispositif ou les données se trouvant sur ce dernier. De plus, toujours faire passer un support de stockage USB à l'état de retrait en toute sécurité (en suivant la procédure figurant à la section 7.1) avant de le retirer.

Selecting the Method of Automatically Setting the File Name

Select the method of automatically setting the file name by referring to page 7-6.

Setting the Type of the File to Be Saved to Template

- 1. Press FILE.
- 2. Press the Item Select soft key. The soft key menu switches.
- **3.** Press the **Template** soft key. TEMPLATE is selected, and the screen returns to the previous stage.
- 4. Press the Write soft key to display the template list and file list.



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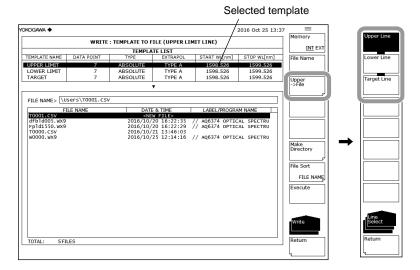
Selecting the Save Destination and Data Format

5. Press the **Memory** soft key and specify a save destination of INT (internal memory) or EXT (USB storage medium).



Selecting a Template to Save

- **6.** Press the @@@@->File soft key (where @@@@ is Upper, Lower, or Target). The template selection screen appears.
- 7. Press the soft key corresponding to the template to be saved.



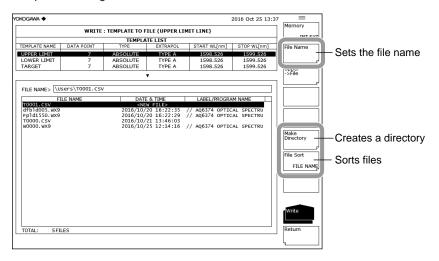
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Entering the Name of the File to Be Saved

If you do not set a file name, the file will automatically be assigned a name using a serial number or date.

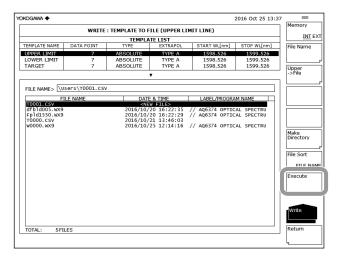
For creating a directory and sorting the file list, see the page 7-9.

- **8.** Press the **Cursor** soft key, then set the cursor selection to DOWN (on the file list side). An underscore is displayed with the program number selected in step 7.
- **9.** Using the **rotary knob** or **arrow keys**, move the cursor to the line in the file list displaying NEW FILE.
- 10. Press the File Name soft key. The text entry window and corresponding soft key menu are displayed.
- 11 Follow the instructions in section 3.3 to enter a file name.
- **12.** Press the **Done** soft key. The file name is confirmed, and the screen returns to the previous stage.



Executing the Save

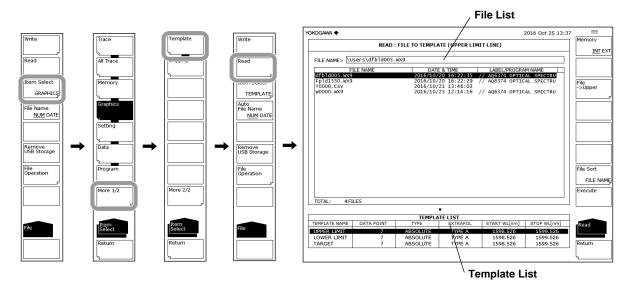
- **13.** To overwrite an existing file, move the cursor to the file name to be overwritten.
- 14. Press the Execute soft key. The save executes.
 When the Return soft key is pressed, the data is saved. The screen returns to the previous stage.
- **15.** When overwriting during a save, a confirmation message appears. Press the **Yes** soft key. To cancel the save press **No** soft key.



Loading a Template File

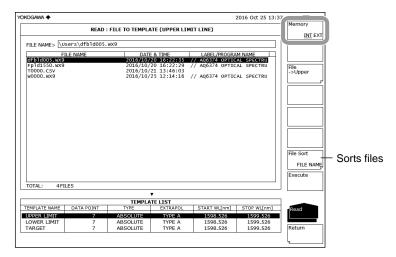
Setting the Type of the File to Be Loaded to Template

- 1. Press FILE.
- 2. Press the Item Select soft key. The soft key menu switches.
- **3.** Press the **Template** soft key. TEMPLATE is selected, and the screen returns to the previous stage.
- 4. Press the Read soft key. The template list is displayed.



Selecting the File to Be Loaded

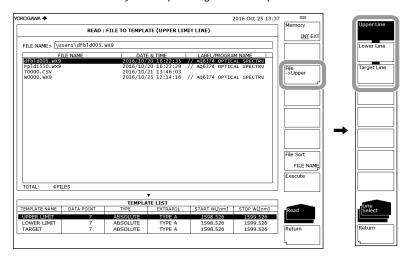
- **5.** Press the **Memory** soft key and specify INT (internal memory) or EXT (USB storage medium). A file list of the selected medium is displayed.
- 6. Select a file to load from the file list using the rotary knob or the arrow keys.
 You can also press the File Sort soft key to sort the files. For more information, see page 7-9.



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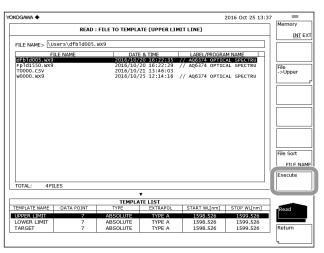
Selecting a Template

- **8.** Press the **File->**@@@@ soft key (where @@@@ is Upper, Lower, or Target). The template selection screen appears.
- **9.** Press the soft key corresponding to the template to be loaded to.



Executing the Load

10. Press the Execute soft key. The file is loaded as the specified template.
When the Return soft key is pressed, the file is not loaded. The screen returns to the previous stage.



Explanation

Extension

The extension used when saving is .CSV.

File Name

You can have a file name automatically assigned, or specify an arbitrary name for the save. If you do not assign a file name, a file name is automatically assigned as follows.

When Auto File Name is set to NUM

File name: TXXXX.CSV

XXXX is a serial number from 0000 to 9999

When Auto File Name is set to DATE

File name: Wyyyymmdd_hhmmss.CSV

yyyymmdd: Year (Gregorian) month day hhmmss: Hour (24 hours) minute second (Date/time when the file list was updated)

Note.

- The date/time used when file names are assigned based on the date through remote commands or program commands is the date/time when the file is created.
- Only use the characters allowed in file names by MS-DOS when changing a file name.
 The maximum file name length is 56 characters (including the extension). The following characters can be used in file names.

!#\$%&'()-

0123456789@

ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ^

abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz{}

File Size

The file size differs depending on the data.

Data Format

You can save the file in CSV format.

Data Format

AQ6374 Header indicating the AQ6374, TEMPLATE, Header indicating template data

TYPE,ABSOLUTE Template type (ABSOLUTE or RELATIVE)

EXTRAPOL,A Extrapolation type (A, B, or NONE)

1540.000,-20.00 Wavelength and level data

1550.000,-10.00 Data starting with the smallest wavelength

1560.000,-20.00 Sorts up to 100001 points of data

Template Types

The following types of templates are available for saving or loading.

Upper: Upper Line
Lower: Lower Line
Target: Target Line

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7.10 Saving and Loading Logging Data

Procedure

You can save and load logging data and the corresponding trace waveforms.



CAUTION

Do not remove the USB storage medium or turn off the power when the USB storage media access indicator is blinking.

Doing so may damage the USB storage medium or corrupt its data.

Before you remove a USB storage medium, be sure to follow the procedure in section 7.1 to make the USB storage medium ready to be removed.

French



ATTENTION

Ne retirez pas le dispositif de stockage USB et ne coupez pas l'alimentation lorsque le voyant d'accès au dispositif de stockage USB clignote.

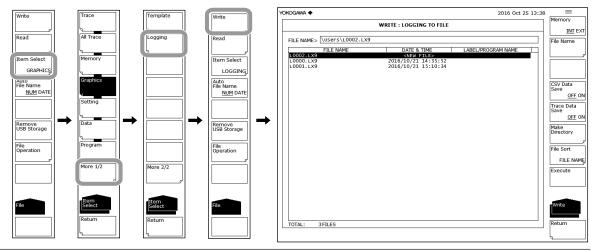
Cela risquerait d'endommager le dispositif ou les données se trouvant sur ce dernier. De plus, toujours faire passer un support de stockage USB à l'état de retrait en toute sécurité (en suivant la procédure figurant à la section 7.1) avant de le retirer.

Selecting the Method of Automatically Setting the File Name

Select the method of automatically setting the file name by referring to page 7-6.

Setting the Type of File to Save to Logging

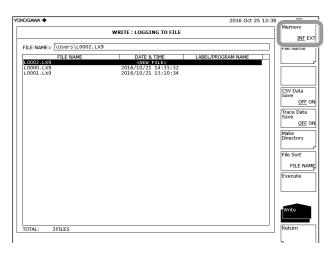
- 1. Press FILE.
- 2. Press the Item Select soft key. The soft key menu changes.
- 3. Press the More 1/2 soft key.
- Press the Logging soft key. LOGGING is selected, and the menu returns to the FILE level.
- 5. Press the Write soft key. A file list appears.



Selecting the Storage Medium

6. Press the **Memory** soft key to select INT (internal memory) or EXT (USB storage media).

The file list of the selected medium appears.

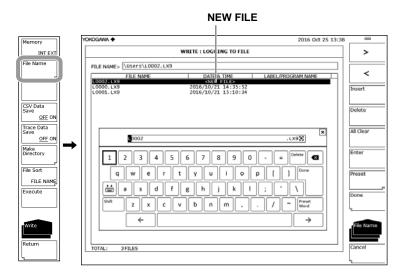


Entering the Name of a File to Save

If you do not set a file name, the file will automatically be assigned a name using a serial number or date.

For instructions on how to create directories and sort the file list, see page 7-9.

- **7.** Using the rotary knob or arrow keys, move the cursor to the line in the file list displaying NEW FILE.
- **8.** Press the **File Name** soft key. The text entry window and corresponding soft key menu appear.
- **9.** Follow the instructions in section 3.3 to enter a file name.
- 10. Press the Done soft key. The file name is confirmed, and the screen returns to the previous level.



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Configuring to Also Save Data in CSV Format When Logging Data Is Saved

 Press the CSV Data Save ON/OFF soft key to select ON (save) or OFF (not save).

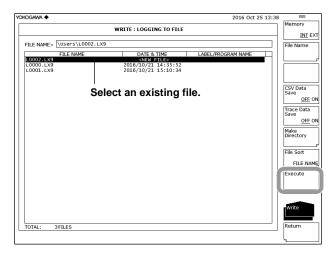
Configuring to Also Save the Temporarily Saved Waveform Data When Logging Data Is Saved

12. Press the **Trace Data Save ON/OFF** soft key to select ON (save) or OFF (not save).

If you don't save the waveform data, it will be deleted when data logging is restarted.

Saving the File

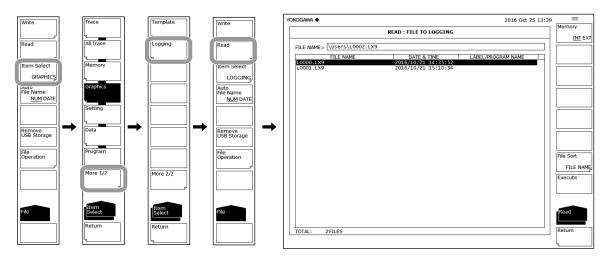
- **13.** To overwrite an existing file, move the cursor to the name of the file you want to overwrite.
- 14. Press the Execute soft key. The file is saved.
 If you press the Return soft key, the data will not be saved. The menu returns to the previous level.
- 15. When overwriting a file, a confirmation message appears. Press the Yes soft key.
 To cancel, press the No soft key.



Loading Setting Data

Setting the Type of File to Load to Logging

- 1. Press FILE.
- 2. Press the Item Select soft key. The soft key menu changes.
- 3. Press the More 1/2 soft key.
- **4.** Press the **Logging** soft key. LOGGING is selected, and the menu returns to the previous level.
- 5. Press the Read soft key. A file list appears.



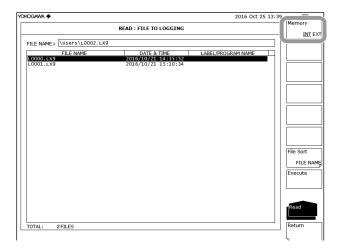
Selecting the File to Load

6. Press the **Memory** soft key to select INT (internal memory) or EXT (USB storage media).

The file list of the selected medium appears.

Using the rotary knob or arrow keys, select the file you want to load from the file list.

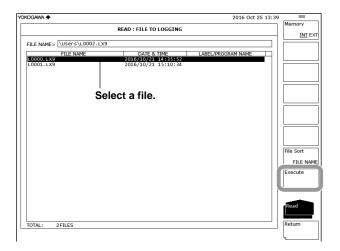
You can sort the files by pressing the **File Sort** soft key. For the operating procedure, see page 7-9.



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Loading the File

8. Press the **Execute** soft key. The file is loaded. If you press the **Return** soft key, the file will not be loaded. The menu returns to the previous level.



Description

You can save logging data to the internal memory or USB storage media and also load logging data saved previously.

Extension

The file name extensions of logging data are shown below.

LX9 (binary format): .LX9 CSV (ASCII format): .CSV

Logging data saved to CSV format cannot be loaded into the AQ6374.

If waveform data is also saved (TRACE LOGGING is set to ON), waveform data will be included in the LX9 file, and thus the file size will be large.

File Name

You can save files by assigning their names automatically or with specific names. If you do not specify a file name, the following file name will be assigned automatically. When Auto File Name is set to NUM

File name: LXXXX.CSV (or .LX9)

XXXX is a serial number from 0000 to 9999

When Auto File Name is set to DATE

File name: Wyyyymmdd_hhmmss.CSV (or .LX9)

yyyymmdd: Year (Gregorian) month day hhmmss: Hour (24 hours) minute second (Date/time when the file list was updated)

Note.

- The date/time used when file names are assigned based on the date through remote commands or program commands is the date/time when the file is created.
- Only use the characters allowed in file names by MS-DOS when changing a file name.
 The maximum file name length is 56 characters (including the extension). The following characters can be used in file names.

!#\$%&'()-

0123456789@

ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ^

abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz{}

Sorting Files

You can sort the file list in descending order by file name, file type, date, or label.

File Size

The file size varies depending on the data that you are saving.

Check that there is sufficient free space at the storage destination before saving the data. The approximate file size when waveform data is saved along with logging data is shown below.

File size = (number of waveform samples) × (logging measurement count) × 4 (bytes) + logging data (approx. 100 MB max.)

CSV Data Format

CSV data is saved in the following format.

Header

70C LOG1		File header
// AQ6374 OPTICAL SPECTRUM ANALYZER //		Label (57 characters)
S/N	*****	Instrument number
Software Version	Rxx.xx.xx	Firmware version

Waveform Condition Parameters

The waveform condition format is the same as that of the waveform file.

See section 7.3, "Saving and Loading Waveform Data."

Logging Condition Parameters

INTERVAL	1	Measurement interval
DURATION	00.01.59.59	Measurement duration
COUNT	1	Measurement count
START TIME	2014 Apr 1 10:30:15	Measurement start time
END TIME	2014 Apr 2 10:30:15	Measurement end time
REF NUM	1	Reference data position for relative value display

Measured Data

· WDM analysis

NUM	Time(sec)	СН	WL[nm]	POWER[dBm]	SNR[dB]
1	0.0	1	1548.065	-20.071	42.131

• MULTI-PEAK analysis

NUM	Time(sec)	СН	WL[nm]	POWER[dBm]
1	0.0	1	306.822	-27.715

· PEAK analysis

NUM	Time(sec)	WL[nm]	POWER[dBm]
1	0.0	1577.848	-56.466

· DFB-LD analysis

N	UM		PEAK WL [nm]	PEAK LEVEL [dBm]	SMSR [dB]		CENTER WL [dB]	SPEC WD [nm]	POWER [dBm]	OFFSET [nm]	SIGMA [nm]	K SIGMA [nm]
1		0.0	1530.332	9.888	59.637	63.203	1530.3322	0.0968	10.013	-0.99	0.0139	0.0278

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7.11 Creating Files

Procedure

You can change file names, copy files, and perform other file manipulations.



CAUTION

Do not remove the USB storage medium or turn the power OFF while the USB storage medium access indicator is blinking. This can damage the data on the medium or the device itself. Also, always place a USB storage medium in the removable state (following the procedure in section 7.1) before removing it.

French



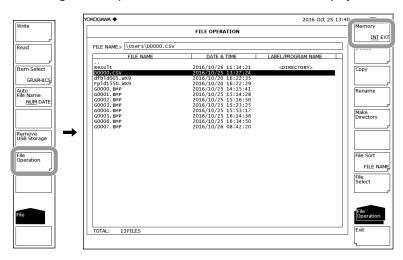
ATTENTION

Ne retirez pas le dispositif de stockage USB et ne coupez pas l'alimentation lorsque le voyant d'accès au dispositif de stockage USB clignote.

Cela risquerait d'endommager le dispositif ou les données se trouvant sur ce dernier. De plus, toujours faire passer un support de stockage USB à l'état de retrait en toute sécurité (en suivant la procédure figurant à la section 7.1) avant de le retirer.

Selecting Medium of the File

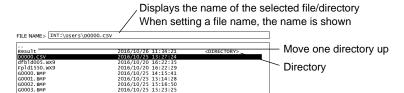
- 1. Press FILE.
- 2. Press the File Operation soft key. The file operation menu is displayed.
- **3.** Press the **Memory** soft key and specify INT (internal memory) or EXT (USB storage medium). A file list of the selected medium is displayed.



Selecting the File/Directory

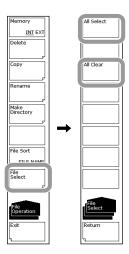
4. Select a file or directory using the rotary knob or the arrow keys. To move to a directory, select the directory and press ENTER. The instrument moves to the selected directory.

Select ".." and press ENTER to move up one directory.



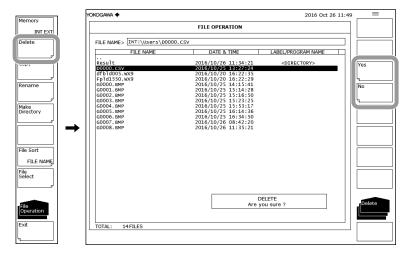
Selecting All Files

- **5.** Press the **File Select** soft key. The file selection menu is displayed.
- 6. Press the All Select soft key. All files are selected.
 Press the All Clear soft key to clear the file selection.



Deleting a File/Directory

- 5. Select a file or directory to delete using the procedure in step 4.
- 6. Press the **Delete** soft key. A deletion confirmation message appears.
- 7. Press the Yes soft key. The selected file or directory is deleted. Press the No soft key to cancel deletion of the file or directory. The screen returns to the previous state.



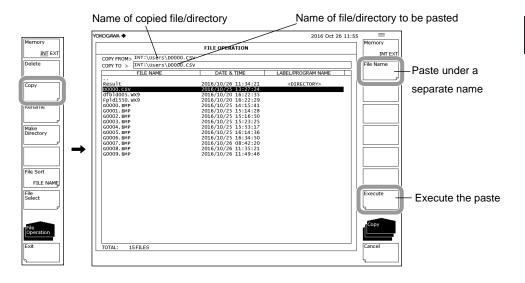
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Copying a File/Directory

- **5.** Select a file or directory to copy using the procedure in step 4.
- 6. Press the Copy soft key.
- 7. Display the copy destination file list using steps 3 and 4. If the copy source and copy destination media are not the same, press the **Memory** soft key to select the copy destination medium.
- **8.** When pasting to the same name, press the **Execute** soft key. The selected file or directory is pasted.
 - When pasting under a different name from the copy source, press the **File Name** soft key. The text entry window and corresponding soft key menu are displayed.
- **9.** Follow the instructions in section 3.3 to enter a file name.
- **10.** Press the **Done** soft key. The file name is confirmed, and the screen returns to the previous stage.
- **11.** Press the **Execute** soft key. The data is pasted under the specified file or directory name. Press the **Cancel** soft key to cancel changing of the file or directory name.

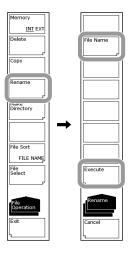
Note

When pasting in the same directory as the copy source, change the name before pasting.



Changing a File/Directory Name

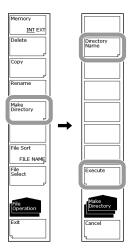
- **5.** Select a file or directory name to change using the procedure in step 4.
- **6.** Press the **Rename** soft key. The menu for setting names appears.
- **7.** Press the **File Name** soft key. The text entry window and corresponding soft key menu are displayed.
- 8. Follow the instructions in section 3.3 to enter a file name.
- **9.** Press the **Done** soft key. The file or directory name is confirmed, and the screen returns to the previous stage.
- 10. Press the Execute soft key. The data is changed to the specified file or directory name. Press the Cancel soft key to cancel changing of the file or directory name.



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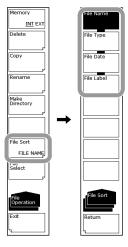
Creating a Directory

- **5.** Display the directory file list for creating directories using the procedure in step 4.
- 6. Press the Make Directory soft key. The menu for setting names appears.
- Press the **Directory Name** soft key. The text entry window and corresponding soft key menu are displayed.
- 8. Follow the instructions in section 3.3 to enter a directory name.
- **9.** Press the **Done** soft key. The directory name is confirmed, and the screen returns to the previous stage.
- 10. Press the Execute soft key. A new directory is created. Press the Cancel soft key to cancel creation of the directory.



Sorting Files

- 5. Press the File Sort soft key. The file sort menu is displayed.
- **6.** Press the soft key corresponding to the item by which to sort. The files are sorted in ascending order by the selected item.



Explanation

File/Directory Name

When changing file/directory names, only use the characters allowed by MS-DOS for file and directory names. The maximum file name length is 56 characters (including the extension).

The following characters can be used in file names.

!#\$%&'()-0123456789@ ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ^ abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz{}

File Sort

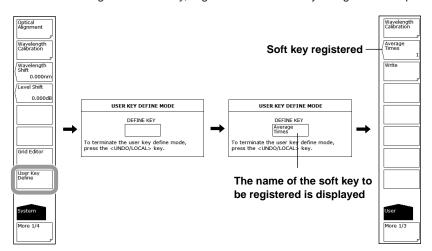
You can sort the file list in ascending order by file name, file type, file date, or label.

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8.1 Registering Soft keys

Procedure

- 1. Press **SYSTEM**. The soft key menu regarding the system appears.
- Press the User Key Define soft key. A registration screen (USER KEY DEFINE MODE) key is displayed.
 - To exit the soft key registration mode, press UNDO/LOCAL.
- **3.** Press the panel key corresponding to the soft key to register.
- **4.** Press the soft key to register. The name of the soft key you pressed is displayed in the registered key display area of the registration screen.
- 5. Press USER. The soft key menu switches to the USER menu.
- **6.** Press soft key into which you wish to register the soft key selected in step 4. It switches to the name of the soft key to register. At the same time, the registration key display area goes blank again. If a soft key has already been registered, it is overwritten.
- 7. To clear a registered soft key, register a blank soft key using the same procedure.



Note

- In principle, only soft keys that are displayed after pressing a function key can be registered.
 Subsequent soft keys cannot be registered. Soft keys that cannot be registered are not displayed in the registered key display area.
- Like the soft keys of other function keys, registered soft keys execute actions based on the registered contents.

Explanation

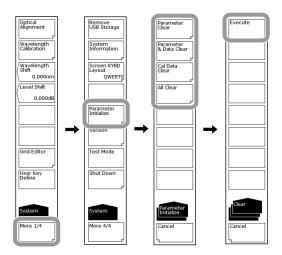
Any soft key can be registered as one of up to 24 user keys.

Frequently used functions can be registered to a user soft key for easy access in the USER menu.

8.2 Data Initialization

Procedure

- 1. Press SYSTEM. The soft key menu regarding the system appears.
- 2. Press the More 1/4 soft key to display 4/4.
- **3.** Press the **Parameter Initialize** soft key. The initialization item setting menu is displayed.
- 4. Set the initialization type according to the items to be initialized.
- **5.** Press the **Execute** soft key. The initialization executes. To cancel, press the Cancel soft key.



Explanation

You can restore all settings to their factory defaults.

The following four types of initialization are available depending on the items to be initialized.

· Parameter Clear

The parameter setting value of each function is initialized.

Waveform data of Trace A - G is also initialized.

Use this to return the settings of the instrument to the already-known states.

· Parameter & Data Clear

Parameter setting values as well as data including MEMORY and PROGRAM are initialized.

· Cal Data Clear

Alignment adjustment values and wavelength calibration values are initialized.

All Clear

Current parameter setting values and data as well as alignment adjustment values and wavelength calibration values are initialized.

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The initial values for each setting are shown below.

SWEEP

Function	Initial Value	Maximum Value	Minimum Value
Segment Point*****	1	100001	1
Sweep Marker L1-L2 OFF/ON	OFF	-	-
Sweep Interval *****s	MINIMUM=0	99999	MINIMUM=0

CENTER

Function	Initial Value	Maximum Value	Minimum Value
Center Wavelength ****.***nm	775.000	1200.000	350.000
Center Frequency ***.****THz	553.2500	856.5000	250.0000
Start Wavelength ****.***nm	350.000	1200.000	1.000
Start Frequency ***.***THz	250.0000	856.5000	10.0000
Stop Wavelength ****.***nm	1200.000	1625.000	350.000
Stop Frequency ***.****THz	856.5000	999.9000	250.0000
Auto Center OFF/ON	OFF	-	-

SPAN

Function	Initial Value	Maximum Value	Minimum Value
Span Wavelength****.*nm	850.00	850.00	0 / 0.5
Span Frequency***.**THz	610.00	610.00	10.05
Start Wavelength****.***nm	350.000	1200.000	1.000
Start Frequency***.****THz	250.0000	856.5000	10.0000
Stop Wavelength****.***nm	1200.000	1625.000	350.000
Stop Frequency***.****THz	856.5000	999.9000	250.0000
0 nm Sweep Time**s	MINIMUM	50	MINIMUM

LEVEL

Function		Initial Value	Maximum Value	Minimum Value
Deference Level	Log Scale	-10.0	30.0	-90.0
Reference Level	Linear Scale	100μW	1000mW	1.00pW
Log Scale**.*dB/D		10.0 , ON	10.0	0.1
Linear Scale		OFF	-	-
Linear Base Level**.*mW		0	REF×0.9	0
Auto Ref Level OFF/ON		OFF	-	-
Level Unit dBm / dBm/nm /	dBm/THz	dBm	-	-
V Casla Catting	Y Scale Division 8/10/12	10	12	8
Y Scale Setting	Ref Level Position **DIV	8	12	0
Sub Log**.*dB/D		5.0 , ON	10	0.1
Sub Linear*.***/D		0.125 , OFF	1.250	0.005
Sub Scale**.*dB/km		5.0 , OFF	10.0	0.1
Sub Scale**.*%/D		10.0 , OFF	125.0	0.5
Offset Level**.*dB		0.0	99.9	-99.9
Scale Minimum *.**		0.00	1.25	0.00
Offset Level**.*dB/km		0.0	99.9	-99.9
Scale Minimum **.*%		0.0	100.0	0.0
Length**.***km		1.000	99.999	0.001
Auto Sub Scale OFF/ON		OFF	-	-
Sub Ref level Position **DIV		5	10	0

SETUP

Function		Initial Value	Maximum Value	Minimum Value
Resolution @@@@nm		1.000	10.000	0.01
	NORM/HOLD	OFF	-	-
	NORM/AUTO	ON	-	-
	NORMAL	OFF	-	-
Sensitivity/Chop	MID	OFF	-	-
Mode	HIGH1	OFF	-	-
Node	HIGH2	OFF	-	-
	HIGH3	OFF	-	-
	Chop Mode OFF/SWITCH	OFF	-	-
Average Times ***	•	1	999	1
Sampling Points AU	TO	ON	-	-
Sampling Points *****		<sampling auto="" points=""> calculated value, OFF</sampling>	50001	101
Sampling Interval *.	****nm	<sampling auto="" points=""> calculated value, OFF</sampling>	SPAN/100	0.001
Medium AIR/VACUL	JM	VAC	-	-
Sweep Speed 1x/2x	(1x	-	-
Horizontal Scale nm	n/THz	nm	-	-
Pulse Light Measure	e	OFF	-	-
	Edge RISE/FALL	RISE	-	-
Triagor Cotting	Delay ****.*ms	0.0	1000.0	0.0
Trigger Setting	Trigger Input Mode ******	SMPL TRG		
	Trigger Output Mode ******	OFF		
Resolution Correction	on OFF/ON	OFF	-	-
Smoothing OFF/ON		OFF	-	-
Fiber Core Size SM	ALL/LARGE	SMALL	-	-

ZOOM

Function	Initial Value	Maximum Value	Minimum Value
Zoom Center Wavelength ****.***nm	Center wavelength during measurement of the trace that was measured or read last	1200.000	350.000
Zoom Center Frequency ***.****THz	Center frequency during measurement of the trace that was measured or read last	856.5000	250.0000
Zoom Span Wavelength****.*nm	Measurement span of the trace that was measured or read last	850.0	0.1
Zoom Span Frequency***.***THz	Measurement span of the trace that was measured or read last	610.00	0.01
Zoom Start Wavelength ****.***nm	Measurement start wavelength of the trace that was measured or read last	1199.950	1.000
Zoom Start Frequency ***.***THz	Measurement start frequency of the trace that was measured or read last	856.4950	10.0000
Zoom Stop Wavelength ****.***nm	Measurement stop wavelength of the trace that was measured or read last	1625.000	350.050
Zoom Stop Frequency ***.***THz	Measurement stop frequency of the trace that was measured or read last	999.9000	250.0050
Overview Display OFF/L/R	R	-	-
Overview Size LARGE/SMALL	LARGE	-	-

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DISPLAY

Function			Initial Value	Maximum Value	Minimum Value
Normal Display			ON	-	-
Split Display			OFF	-	-
	Trace A UP/LC)W	UP	-	-
	Trace B UP/L0	OW	UP	-	-
	Trace C UP/L	OW	LOW	-	-
	Trace D UP/LOW		UP	-	-
	Trace E UP/LOW		UP	-	-
Split Display	Trace F UP/LOW		LOW	-	-
	Trace G UP/LOW		LOW	-	-
	Hold	Upper Hold OFF/ON	OFF	-	-
		Lower Hold OFF/ON	OFF	-	-
Label		// AQ6374 OPTICAL SPCTRUM ANALYZER //	-	-	
Noise Mask ***dB		OFF	0	OFF(-999)	
Mask Line VE	RT / HRZN		HRZN	-	-

TRACE

Function			n	Initial Value	Maximum Value	Minimum Value
Active Trace A/B/C/D/E/F/G				Trace A	-	-
View @ DISP/BLANK				Trace A=DISP, Trace B/C/D/E/ F/G =BLANK	-	-
Fix @				Trace B/C/D/E/F/G	-	-
Hold @	Max I	Hold		No Trace , Trace A,C,E,G	-	-
⊓oiu ⊌	Min H	łold		No Trace , Trace B,D,F	-	-
Roll Avera	ige *			No Trace , 2	100	2
Calculat	e C	Log Math @	@@@	C=A-B(LOG), ON	-	-
@@@	@ [Lin Math @	@@@	C=A+B(LIN), OFF	-	-
		Log Math@	@@@	F=C-D(LOG), ON	-	-
Calculat	e F	Lin Math @	@@@	F=C+D(LIN), OFF	-	-
		Power/NBW	0@@@	F=Pwr/NBW A, OFF	-	-
		Log Math @	@@@	G=C-F(LOG), ON	-	-
		Lin Math @@@@		G=C+F(LIN), OFF	-	-
		Normalize @	0000	G=NORM A , OFF	-	-
		Curve Fit @@@@		G=CRVFIT A, OFF	-	-
			Thresh **dB	20	99	0
Calculate	0		Operation Area ALL / INSIDE L1-L2 / OUTSIDE L1-L2	ALL	-	-
	İ		Fitting Algorhythm	GAUSS	-	-
	Ī			G=PKCVFIT A , OFF	-	-
	İ		Thresh **dB	20	99	0
		Peak Curve Fit @@@@	Operation Area ALL / INSIDE L1-L2 / OUTSIDE L1-L2	ALL	-	-
			Fitting Algorhythm	GAUSS	-	-
Trace Co	201/	Source Trac	e @	A	-	-
Hace Co	уру Г	Destination	Trace @	В	-	-

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MARKER

	Function	Initial Value	Maximum Value	Minimum Value
Marker Active OFF/0	ON	OFF	-	-
Set Marker	Set	1	1024	1
Line Marker 1 OFF/	ON	OFF	WL=1200.000 FREQ=856.5000	WL=350.000 FREQ=250.0000
Line Marker 2 OFF/	ON	OFF	WL=1200.000 FREQ=856.5000	WL=350.000 FREQ=250.0000
Line Marker 3 OFF/	ON	OFF	LOG=30.0 LINEAR=1000mW	LOG=-90.0 LINEAR=1.00pW
Line Marker 4 OFF/	Line Marker 4 OFF/ON		LOG=30.0 LINEAR=1000mW	LOG=-90.0 LINEAR=1.00pW
Marker Display OFF	SET/SPACING	OFFSET	-	-
Marker Auto Update	OFF/ON	OFF	-	-
Marker Unit nm/THz		nm	-	-
Search/Ana Marker	L1-L2 OFF/ON	OFF	-	-
Search/Ana Zoom A	rea OFF/ON	ON	-	-
	Adv. Marker Active OFF/ON	OFF		
	Marker 1 Select	OFF		
Advanced Marker	Marker 2 Select	OFF		
Auvanceu Marker	Marker 3 Select	OFF		
	Marker 4 Select	OFF		
	Bandwidth	0.1 nm		

PEAK SEARCH

Function		Initial Value	Maximum Value	Minimum Value
Peak Search		ON	-	-
Bottom Search		OFF	-	-
Set Marker		1	1024	1
Auto Search OFF/ON		OFF	-	-
Mode Diff **.**dB		3.00	50.00	0.01
Search/Ana Marker L1-L	2 OFF/ON	OFF	-	-
Search/Ana Zoom Area	OFF/ON	ON	-	-
Search Mode SINGL/MULTI		SINGL	-	-
Multi Coarch Cotting	Threshold **.**dB	50.00	99.99	0.01
Multi Search Setting	Sort by WL/LVL	WL	-	-

ANALYSIS

		Function	Initial Value	Maximum Value	Minimum Value
		THRESH LEVEL *.**dB	3.00	50.00	0.01
	THRESH	К	1.00	10.00	1.00
		MODE FIT OFF/ON	OFF	-	-
(e)		THRESH LEVEL1 *.**dB	3.00	50.00	0.01
(8)	ENVELOPE	THRESH LEVEL2 *.**dB	13.00	50.00	0.01
00		К	1.00	10.00	1.00
Width	RMS	THRESH LEVEL *.**dB	20.00	50.00	0.01
		К	2.00	10.00	1.00
Spec	PEAK RMS	THRESH LEVEL *.**dB	20.00	50.00	0.01
\ S	PEAK KIVIS	К	2.00	10.00	1.00
		THRESH LEVEL *.**dB	3.00	50.00	0.01
	NOTCH	К	1.00	10.00	1.00
		TYPE PAEK/BOTTOM	BOTTOM	-	-

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			Function	Initial Value	Maximum Value	Minimum Value				
		I	ALGO ENVELOPE/THRESH/RMS/PK-RMS	THRESH	-	-				
		DT	THRESH **.**dB	20.00	50.00	0.01				
		-XdB WIDTH	THRESH2 **.**dB	20.00	50.00	0.01				
		XdB	К	1.00	10.00	1.00				
		$\hat{}$	MODE FIT OFF/ON	OFF	-	-				
			MODE DIFF *.**dB	3.00	50.00	0.01				
		Α.	SMSR MODE SMSR1/SMSR2/SMSR3/SMSR4	SMSR1	-	-				
		SMSR	SMSR MASK **.**nm	0.00	99.99	0.00				
		0)	MODE DIFF **.**dB	3.00	50.00	0.01				
			ALGO RMS/PK-RMS	RMS	-	-				
		RMS	THRESH	20.00	50.00	0.01				
	DFB-LD	쮼	K	2.00	10.00	0.01				
	PF		MODE DIFF	3.00	50.00	0.01				
		POWER	SPAN	0.40	10.00	0.01				
			MODE DIFF	3.0	50.00	0.01				
			NOISE ALGO	PIT	-	-				
			NOISE AREA	AUTO	10.00	0.01				
		~	MASK AREA	<u> </u>	10.00	0.01				
(a)		OSNR	FITTING ALGO	LINEAR	-	-				
@		O	NOISE BW	0.10	1.00	0.01				
00			SIGNAL POWER	PEAK	-	-				
(8)			INTEGRAL RANGE	10	999	10				
0 0		SPECTRUM WIDTH	ALGO ENVELOPE/THRESH/RMS/PK-RMS	PK-RMS	-	-				
is 1				20.00	50.00	0.04				
Analysis 1			THRESH **.**dB	20.00	50.00	0.01				
An			THRESH2 **.**dB	20.00	50.00	0.01				
			K	2.00	10.00	1.00				
			MODE FIT OFF/ON	OFF	-	-				
			MODE DIFF *.**dB	3.00	50.00	0.01				
		VELENGTH	ALGO ENVELOPE/THRESH/RMS/PK-RMS	PK-RMS	-	-				
			THRESH **.**dB	20.00	50.00	0.01				
				\ 	NEI	\ \	\\	THRESH2 **.**dB	20.00	50.00
	9	W	К	2.00	10.00	1.00				
	FP-LD	MEAN WAVEI	MODE FIT OFF/ON	OFF	-	-				
		ME	MODE DIFF *.**dB	3.00	50.00	0.01				
		TOTAL	OFFSET LEVEL *.**dB	0.00	10.00	-10.00				
			ALGO ENVELOPE/THRESH/RMS/PK-RMS	PK-RMS	-	-				
		<u>o</u>	THRESH **.**dB	20.00	50.00	0.01				
		MODE NO	THRESH2 **.**dB	20.00	50.00	0.01				
		OD	K	2.00	10.00	1.00				
		Σ	MODE FIT OFF/ON	OFF		-				
					50.00					
			MODE DIFF *.**dB	3.00	50.00	0.01				

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8.2 Data Initialization

			Function	Initial Value	Maximum Value	Minimum Value			
		SPECTRUM WIDTH	ALGO ENVELOPE/THRESH/RMS/PK-RMS	THRESH	-	-			
		×	THRESH **.**dB	3.00	50.00	0.01			
		Σ	THRESH2 **.**dB	20.00	50.00	0.01			
		TRI	K	1.00	10.00	1.00			
		C	MODE FIT OFF/ON	OFF	-	-			
		SP	MODE DIFF *.**dB	3.00	50.00	0.01			
	LED	I	ALGO ENVELOPE/THRESH/RMS/PK-RMS	RMS	-	-			
(8)	=	MEAN WAVELENGTH	THRESH **.**dB	20.00	50.00	0.01			
©		AN EN	THRESH2 **.**dB	20.00	50.00	0.01			
@		ME ÆL	K	2.00	10.00	1.00			
s 1		\\	MODE FIT OFF/ON	OFF	-	-			
lysi		>	MODE DIFF *.**dB	3.00	50.00	0.01			
Analysis 1		TOTAL	OFFSET LEVEL *.**dB	0.00	10.00	-10.00			
	SMSR		SMSR MODE SMSR1/SMSR2/SMSR3/SMSR4	SMSR1	-	-			
			SMSR MASK *.**nm	0.00	99.99	0.00			
			OFFSET LEVEL *.**dB	0.00	10.00	-10.00			
	PMD		THRESH LEVEL *.**dB	3.00	50.00	0.01			
		CHANNEL SETTING DETECTION SETTING	THRESH LEVEL *.**dB	3.00	50.00	0.01			
			MODE DIFF *.**dB	3.00	50.00	0.01			
			DISPLAY MASK OFF/*.*dB	OFF	0.00	-100.00			
			NOISE ALGO AUTO-FIX/MANUAL-FIX/ AUTO-CTR/MANUAL-CTR	AUTO-FIX	-	-			
			NOISE AREA *.**nm	0.40	10.00	0.01			
			ERPOLATAION	RPOLATAION	<u>8</u>	MASK AREA *.**nm	0.20	10.00	0.01
2 @ @ @ @	WDM				FITTING ALGO LINEAR/GAUSS/LORENZ/ 3RD POLY/4TH POLY/5TH POLY	LINEAR	-	-	
/sis	>	INTE	NOISE BW *.**nm	0.10	1.00	0.01			
Analysis 2		_	DUAL TRACE OFF/ON	OFF	-	-			
A		ING	DISPLAY TYPE ABSOLUTE/RELATIVE/ DRIFT(MEAS)/DRIFT(GRID)	ABSOLUTE	-	-			
		DISPLAY SETTING	CH RELATION OFFSET/SPACING	OFFSET	-	-			
		DISPLA	REF CH HIGHEST/***CH	HIGHEST	1024	1			
		_	OUTPUT SLOPE OFF/ON	OFF	-	-			
			POINT DISPLAY OFF/ON	ON	-	-			

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		Function	Initial Value	Maximum Value	Minimum Value
	NEL	THRESH LEVEL *.**dB	3.00	50.00	0.01
	CHANNEL DETECTION SETTING	MODE DIFF *.**dB	3.00	50.00	0.01
		OFFSET(IN) *.**dB	0.00	99.99	-99.99
	N S	OFFSET(OUT) *.**dB	0.00	99.99	-99.99
	N SETT	ASE ALGO LINEAR/GAUSS/LORENZ/ 3RD POLY/4TH POLY/5TH POLY	LINEAR	-	-
FDFA-NF	N N	FITTING AREA *.**nm	0.40	10.00	0.01
J.F.	3 3	MASK AREA *.**nm	0.20	10.00	0.01
"	INTERPOLATAION SETTING	FITTING ALGO LINEAR/GAUSS/LORENZ/ 3RD POLY/4TH POLY/5TH POLY	LINEAR	-	-
		POINT DISPLAY OFF/ON	ON	-	-
	CULA- TTING	RES BW MEASURED/CAL DATA	CAL DATA	-	-
	NF CALCULA- TION SETTING	SHOT NOISE OFF/ON	ON	-	-
8	PEAK LEVEL	SW OFF/ON	ON	-	-
2 @ @	PEAK WAVE LENGTH	SW OFF/ON	ON	-	-
Analysis		SW OFF/ON	ON	-	-
Ä	CENTER	ALGO THRESH/RMS	THRESH	-	-
	CENTER	THRESH LEVEL *.**dB	3.00	50.00	0.01
		К	1.00	10.00	1.00
	0 €	MODE FIT OFF/ON	OFF	-	-
	>	MODE DIFF *.**dB	3.00	50.00	0.01
		SW OFF/ON	ON	-	-
	-	ALGO THRESH/RMS	THRESH	-	-
I TER-PK	ECTRUM	THRESH LEVEL *.**dB	3.00	50.00	0.01
	ŽĘC WI	К	1.00	10.00	1.00
"	SPECTRUN	MODE FIT OFF/ON	OFF	-	-
		MODE DIFF "."" aB	3.00	50.00	0.01
	RIPPLE WIDTH	SW OFF/ON	ON	-	-
	₹ ON	THRESH LEVEL *.**dB	3.00	50.00	0.01
	L >	MODE DIFF *.***dB	0.500	50.000	0.001
	×	SW OFF/ON ALGO THRESH/PK LEVEL/GRID	ON THRESH	-	-
	<u> </u>	THRESH LEVEL *.**dB	3.00	50.00	0.01
	CROSS TALK	К	1.00	10.00	1.00
	SS	MODE FIT OFF/ON	OFF	-	-
	<u>2</u>	MODE DIFF *.**dB	3.00	50.00	0.01
		CH SPACE ±*.**nm	0.40	50.00	0.00
		SEARCH AREA ±*.**nm	0.01	10.00	0.01

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8.2 Data Initialization

			Function	Initial Value	Maximum Value	Minimum Value
		BOTTOM LEVEL	SW OFF/ON	ON	-	-
		BOTTOM WAVE LENGTH	SW OFF/ON	ON	-	-
			SW OFF/ON	ON	-	-
		CENTER WAVE LENGTH	ALGO PEAK/BOTTOM	BOTTOM	-	-
		N W W	THRESH LEVEL *.**dB	3.00	50.00	0.01
	M		MODE DIFF *.**dB	3.00	50.00	0.01
	FILTER-BTM	T T	SW OFF/ON	ON	-	-
	直	NOTCH WIDTH	ALGO PEAK/BOTTOM	BOTTOM	-	-
	E.		THRESH LEVEL *.**dB	3.00	50.00	0.01
			MODE DIFF *.**dB	3.00	50.00	0.01
			SW OFF/ON	ON	-	-
		CROSS TALK	ALGO PEAK/BOTTOM/BOTTOM LVL/GRID	воттом	-	-
		SO	THRESH LEVEL *.**dB	20.00	50.00	0.01
		CR	MODE DIFF *.**dB	3.00	50.00	0.01
			CH SPACE ±*.**nm	0.40	50.00	0.00
@			SEARCH AREA ±*.**nm	0.01	10.00	0.01
0 0 0	FIL-PK	CHANNEL DETECTION/ NOMINAL WAVELENGTH	ALGO PEAK/MEAN/GRID FIT/GRID	MEAN	-	-
is 2	1 FI		THRESH LEVEL *.*dB	3.0	50.0	0.1
Analysis 2	WDM		MODE DIFF *.*dB	3.0	50.0	0.1
Ang	>		TEST BAND *.***nm	0.100	9.999	0.001
		PEAK WAVELENGTH / LEVEL	SW OFF/ON	ON	-	-
	Ϋ́	XdB WIDTH/ CENTER WAVELENGTH	SW OFF/ON	ON	-	-
	H	B P P P P	SW OFF/ON	ON	-	-
	WDM FIL-PK	XdB STOP BAND	THRESH LEVEL *.***dB	-10.000	30.000	-90.000
	M		SW OFF/ON	ON	-	-
		XdB PASS BAND	THRESH LEVEL *.*dB	3.0	50.0	0.1
		A A A	TEST BAND *.**nm	0.20	99.99	0.01
			SW OFF/ON	ON	-	-
		RIPPLE	TEST BAND *.**nm	0.20	99.99	0.01
			SW OFF/ON	ON	-	-
		JSS LK			+	
		CROSS TALK	SPACING *.**nm	0.80	99.99	0.01
			TEST BAND *.**nm	0.20	99.99	0.01

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			Function	Initial Value	Maximum Value	Minimum Value	
		CHANNEL DETECTION / NOMINAL WAVELENGTH	ALGO BOTTOM/NOTCH(P)/NOTCH(B)/ GRID FIT/GRID	NOTCH(B)	-	-	
		- DE: WA\	THRESH LEVEL *.*dB	20.0	50.0	0.1	
		NAL NAL	MODE DIFF *.*dB	20.0	50.0	0.1	
		CHAN	TEST BAND *.***nm	0.100	9.999	0.001	
		BOTTOM WAVELENGTH / LEVEL	SW OFF/ON	ON	-	-	
0000	WDM FIL-BTM	ВТМ	XdB NOCH WIDTH / CENTER WAVELENGTH	SW OFF/ON	ON	-	-
Analysis 2 (XdB NC :NTER	ALGORHYTHM NOTCH(P)/NOTCH(B)	NOTCH(B)	-	-	
Anal		2	THRESH LEVEL *.*dB	3.0	50.0	0.1	
		TOP	SW OFF/ON	ON	-	-	
		XdB STO BAND	THRESH LEVEL *.***dB	-10.000	30.000	-90.000	
		ELIMINATION XdB STOP BAND BAND	SW OFF/ON	ON	-	-	
			LIMINA: BAND	THRESH LEVEL *.*dB	3.0	50.0	0.1
		XdB E	TEST BAND *.**nm	0.20	99.99	0.01	
		J.	SW OFF/ON	ON	-	-	
		RIPPLE	TEST BAND *.**nm	0.20	99.99	0.01	
		ω	SW OFF/ON	ON	-	-	
		CROSS TALK	SPACING *.**nm	0.80	99.99	0.01	
		? L	TEST BAND *.**nm	0.20	99.99	0.01	
Spe	c Wic	th Thresh	*.**dB	3.00	50.00	0.01	
ج ج	Tra	ace & Tabl	e/Table/Trace/Graph & Table/Graph	TRACE&TABLE	-	-	
Switch	Gr	aph & Tab	le/ Line Marker Y1 OFF/ON	OFF	-	-	
		aph	Line Marker Y2 OFF/ON	OFF	-	-	
		lysis OFF		OFF	-	-	
_			r L1-L2 OFF/ON	OFF	-	-	
Sea	rch/A	na Zoom	Area OFF/ON	ON	-	-	

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MEMORY

Fun	ction	Initial Value	Maximum Value	Minimum Value
Save	List Parameter LBL/ CONDTN	LBL	-	-
Recall	List Parameter LBL/ CONDTN	LBL	-	-
Clear	List Parameter LBL/ CONDTN	LBL	-	-
Memory List	List Parameter LBL/ CONDTN	LBL	-	-

FILE

	Function			Initial Value	Maximum Value	Minimum Value
	Memory INT/E>	KT		INT	-	-
	T	Trace@ -> Fi	le	А	-	-
	Trace	File Type BIN	/CSV	BIN	-	-
		Cursor UP/D0	OWN	DOWN	-	-
	Memory	File Type BIN	/CSV	BIN	-	-
	Memory	List Paramete	er LBL/CONDTN	LBL	-	-
	0 1:	Mode Black&	White/ Color/ Preset Color	COLOR	-	-
	Graphics	File Type BM	P/TIFF	BMP	-	-
			Date & Time OFF/ON	ON	-	-
			Label OFF/ON	ON	-	-
Write		Output Item	Data Area OFF/ON	ON	-	-
	Data	Setting	Condition OFF/ON	ON	-	-
			Trace Data OFF/ON	OFF	-	-
			Output Window OFF/ON	OFF	-	-
		File Type CSV/DT9		CSV	-	-
		Write Mode OVER/ADD		OVER	-	-
	Program	Cursor UP/D0	OWN	DOWN	-	-
	Template	@@@@ -> File		UPPER LINE	-	-
	Logging	CSV Data Sa	ve OFF/ON	OFF	-	-
	Logging	Trace Data Save OFF/ON		OFF	-	-
	File Sort @@@	@		FILE NAME	-	-
	Memory INT/E>	(T		INT	-	-
Read	Trace	File -> Trace	@	Α	-	-
Re	Memory	Cursor UP/D0	NWC	DOWN	-	-
	File Sort @@@	000000	@	FILE NAME	-	-
Iten	n Select @@@@	0 0		TRACE	-	-
tion	Memory INT/E>	Memory INT/EXT			-	-
File Operation	Сору	ppy Memory INT/EXT		INT	-	-
File	File Sort @@@	000000	@	FILE NAME	-	-

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PROGRAM

Function	Initial Value	Maximum Value	Minimum Value
Execute 1 **	01 (Program number)	-	-
Execute 2 **	02 (Program number)	-	-
Execute 3 **	03 (Program number)	-	-
Execute **	04 (Program number)	-	-
Execute 5 **	05 (Program number)	-	-
Execute 6 **	06 (Program number)	-	-
Execute 7 **	07 (Program number)	-	-
Execute 8 **	08 (Program number)	-	-
Execute 9 **	09 (Program number)	-	-
Execute 10 **	10 (Program number)	-	-
Execute 11 **	11 (Program number)	-	-
Execute 12 **	12 (Program number)	-	-
Execute 13 **	13 (Program number)	-	-
Execute 14 **	14 (Program number)	-	-
Execute 15 **	15 (Program number)	-	-
Execute 16 **	16 (Program number)	-	-
Execute 17 **	17 (Program number)	-	-
Execute 18 **	18 (Program number)	-	-
Execute 19 **	19 (Program number)	-	-
Execute 20 **	20 (Program number)	-	-
Execute 21 **	21 (Program number)	-	-

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ADAVANCE

Function				Initial Value	Maximum Value	Minimum Value
	Go/No Go OF	F/ON		OFF	-	-
			Upper Line Display OFF/ON	OFF	-	-
	Template Disp	lay	Lower Line Display OFF/ON	OFF	-	-
Template			Target Line Display OFF/ON	OFF	-	-
emp	Test Type @@	@@		Upper&Lower	-	-
_		Line	Select @@@@	UPPER LINE	-	-
	Template Edit	Mode	ABS/REL	ABS	-	-
		Extra	pol Type	TYPE A	-	-
	Template Shift	Wave	elength Shift **.***nm	0	999.999	-999.999
	Template Shift	Leve	Shift *.**dB	0	99.99	-99.99
	Cursor/Scale	Cursor Select C1/C2/OFF		OFF	-	-
			GING ITEM WDM/ <td>WDM</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td>	WDM	-	-
		LOG	GING MODE MODE1/ E2	MODE2	-	-
		SWE sec/1	MUM INTERVAL EP TIME/1sec/2sec/5 0sec/30sec/1min/2mi in/10min	1sec	-	-
ging	Logging	TES7	T DURATION	00.00:00:10	*2	*1
Data Logging	Parameter		K THRESH TYPE OLUTE/RELATIVE	ABSOLUTE	-	-
Jata		THRI	ESH(ABS) ***.**	-60.00	+20.00	-100.0
_		THRI	ESH(REL) **.**	20.00	99.99	0.01
			MATCHING λ ESH ± *.**	0.10	1.00	0.01
		TRAC ON	CE LOGGING OFF/	OFF	-	-
			TINATION MEMORY RNAL/EXTERNAL	INTERNAL	-	-
	Setup	Grap ALL	h Cnannel SINGLE/	SINGLE	-	-
		Table	Mode CURR/SUMM	CURR	-	-

¹ INTERVAL parameter value (the same as that for 1sec when SWEEP TIME is used)

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^{2 99.23:59:59 (}when the INTERVAL parameter is set to SWEEP TIME)

Maximum measurement count × minimum interval (when the INTERVAL parameter is not set to SWEEP TIME)

SYSTEM

		Function	Initial Value	Maximum Value	Minimum Value
Built-in Source		е	ON	-	-
Wavelength Calibration	External Laser ****.***nm		1523.488, OFF	1750.000	350.000
Wavelength	External Gas	Cell ****.***nm	1530.372, OFF	1750.000	350.000
	Emission Line	e ****.***nm	435.956	1750.000	350.000
Waveleng	th Shift **.***nm	1	0.000	5.000	-5.000
Level Shif	t ***.***dB		0.000	60.000	-60.000
Remote In	terface @@@	@	GP-IB		
GP-IB Setting	My Address *	*	1	-	-
GP-IB	Command Fo	ormat @@@@	AQ6374	-	-
	Boud Rate @	@@@	9600BPS	115200BPS	1200BPS
RS-232 Setting	Parity @@@	@	NONE	-	-
RS	Flow @ @ @ @		NONE	-	-
	Command Fo	ormat @@@@	AQ6374	-	-
	TCP/IP Settin	g	AUTO(DHCP)	-	-
<u></u> 6	Remote Port	No.	10001	65535	1024
ettir	Command Fo	ormat @@@@	AQ6374	-	-
Network Setting	Remote	Monitor Port OFF/ON	ON	-	-
etwo	Monitor	Port No.	20001 (FIX)	-	-
ž	Folder Sharin	g Disable/Read Only	DISABLE	-	-
	Firewall OFF/ON		OFF	-	-
Trigger Inp	out Mode		SMPL TRIG	-	-
	itput Mode		OFF	-	-
Auto Offset Setting	Auto Offset O	DFF/ON	ON	-	-
Auto	Interval *** m	nin	10	999	10
Uncal Warning OFF/ON			ON	-	-
Buzzer	Click OFF/ON	1	ON	-	-
Bu	Warning OFF	/ON	ON	-	-
Level Display Digit *			2	3	1
Window T	ransparent OFF	F/ON	ON	-	-
Эc	YR-MO-DY		ON	-	-
Set Clock	MO-DY-YR		OFF	-	-
	DY-MO-YR		OFF	-	-
Color Mode COLOR/B&W			COLOR	-	-

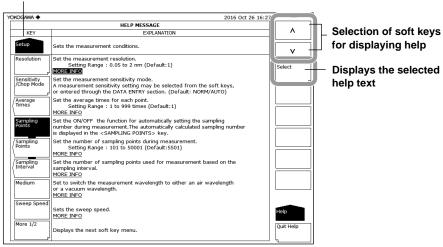
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8.3 Help

Procedure

- 1. Displays a menu for displaying help.
- 2. Press **HELP**. An explanation for the displayed menu appears.
- **3.** Select the soft key of the help text to display, then press the **Select** soft key. The help information is displayed.
- 4. To quit, press the Quit Help soft key.

Menu after pressing HELP



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8.4 Registering and Loading Character Strings

In menus such as File Name that have Preset Word soft keys, you can register input character strings and load previously registered strings.

Procedure

Registering Strings

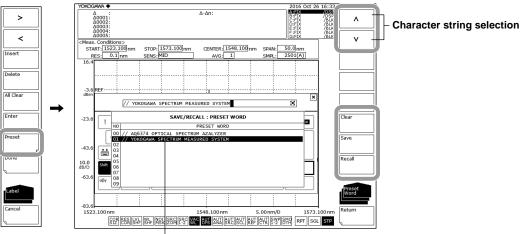
- After a string has been entered in the string name entry screen, press the Preset Word soft key.
 - The character string registering/loading menu appears.
- 2. Select a registration number using the UP and DOWN arrow keys.
- **3.** Press the **Save** soft key. The character string is registered to the specified number.

Loading Character Strings

- After moving the cursor over the place to enter a string in the string name entry screen, press the **Preset Word** soft key.
 - The character string registering/loading menu appears.
- **2.** Select the registration number of the string to load using the UP and DOWN arrow keys.
- Press the Recall soft key. The character string is registered to the specified number.

Deleting Character Strings

- In the string name entry screen, press the Preset Word soft key.
 The character string registering/loading menu appears.
- **2.** Select the registration number of the string to delete using the UP and DOWN arrow keys.
- **3.** Press the **Clear** soft key. The character string is registered to the specified number.



List of registered character strings

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8.5 Locking Keys

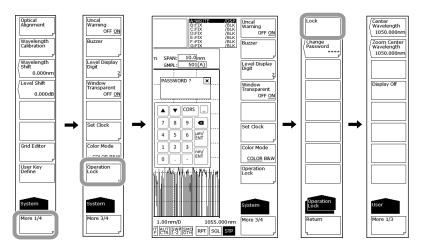
This function prevents the AQ6374 from being operated using keys other than those registered as user keys.

For details on how to register user keys, see section 8.1, "Registering Soft Keys."

Procedure

Locking the Keys

- 1. Press SYSTEM. The soft key menu regarding the system appears.
- 2. Press the More soft key repeatedly until the More 3/4 menu is displayed.
- **3.** Press the **Operation Lock** soft key. A password input screen appears. To cancel this screen press another soft key or panel key.
- 4. Enters the password. The default password is 1234.
- **5.** Press the **Lock** soft key. A message stating that the keys have been locked appears, and the soft key menu changes to a User menu.



Note

- If no user keys are registered, nothing appears on the USER soft key menu. In the screen example, three soft keys, Center Wavelength, Zoom Center Wavelength, and Display Off, are registered.
- While the keys are locked, only the following panel keys can be used.
 USER, LOCAL (release remote mode), HELP, COPY, POWER switch
- If you forget the password, initialize the data (All Clear). For the procedure, see section 8.2, "Data Initialization."
- The power switch is enabled even while the keys are locked. If you turn off the AQ6374 in the lock mode, the AQ6374 will start in lock mode when the power is turned back on.

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· Changing the Password

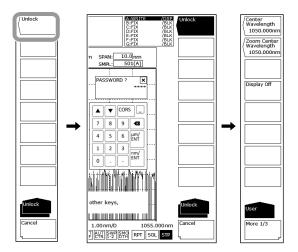
- 5. Press the Change Lock Password soft key. A password input screen appears.
- **6.** Enters a new 4-digit password. A screen to reenter the password appears.
- **7.** Reenter the password entered in step 6. A password change completion message appears.

Note.

- The characters that can be used for the password are numbers from 0 to 9.
- If you forget the password when the keys are locked, you will not be able to unlock.
 If you change the password from the default, manage your password carefully.

Unlocking the Keys

- 1. Press any of the locked keys (other than USER, LOCAL, COPY, or HELP keys or POWER switch). A soft key menu for unlocking the keys appears.
- 2. Press the Unlock soft key. A password input screen appears.
- **3.** Enters the password. A message stating that the keys have been unlocked appears, and the soft key menu changes to a USER menu.



Note

Even when the keys are locked, you can still use the AQ6374 remote commands and program commands as usual. However, if the AQ6374 is in remote mode as a result of receiving REN (Remote Enable) or a listen address with ATN set to True from the controller, the key lock cannot be released. In such a case, press the LOCAL key to switch the AQ6374 to remote mode, and then release the key lock.

For details on switching between local and remote modes, see section 1.2 in the AQ6374 Optical Spectrum Analyzer Remote Control User's Manual, IMAQ6374-17EN.

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8.6 Other Settings

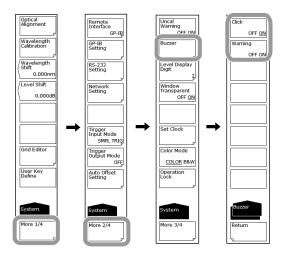
Procedure

UNCAL mark and Warning Display Settings

- 1. Press SYSTEM.
- 2. Press the More 1/4 soft key two times to display the More 3/4 screen.
- **3.** Press the **Uncal Warning OFF ON** soft key. The settings turns ON and OFF each time you press the key. When ON, the UNCAL mark and a warning is displayed.

Buzzer Settings

- 1. Press SYSTEM.
- 2. Press the More 1/4 soft key two times to display the More 3/4 screen.
- **3.** Press the **Buzzer** soft key. The menu for turning the click sound and warning sound ON/OFF is displayed.
- **4.** Press the **Click** or **Warning** soft key. The settings turn ON and OFF each time you press the selected soft key. When ON, the buzzer sound is enabled.



Setting the Test Mode

The test mode is adjusted at the factory, and is not typically changed by end users.

- 1. Press SYSTEM.
- 2. Press the More 1/4 soft key three times to display the More 4/4 screen.
- 3. Press the **Test Mode** soft key. The password entry screen is displayed.
- 4. To cancel this screen press another soft key or panel key.

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Turning Automatic Offset ON/OFF

You can specify whether to have the instrument perform automatic offset adjustment on its internal amplifier circuit.

- 1. Press SYSTEM.
- 2. Press the More soft key repeatedly until the More 2/4 menu is displayed.
- Press the Auto Offset Setting soft key. The automatic offset setup menu appears.
- **4.** Press the **Auto Offset OFF ON** soft key. The settings turns ON and OFF each time you press the key. When this is set to ON, the offset is adjusted automatically.
- Press the Interval soft key to set the automatic offset execution interval.(We recommend the default value of 10min.)

Note -

- If the Auto Offset is OFF, the offset can fluctuate over time, and the level axis performance can degrade. Always have it turned ON.
- When the Auto Offset is set to ON, OFS is displayed at the bottom of the screen.

Setting the Remote Monitor

This function can be used to monitor the instrument's screen and control the instrument from a remote PC that is connected over TCP/IP. To use this function, you need remote monitoring software (not included).

- 1. Press SYSTEM.
- 2. Press the More soft key repeatedly until the More 2/4 menu is displayed.
- 3. Press the Network Setting soft key. The Ethernet setup menu is displayed.
- 4. Press the Remote Monitor soft key. The remote monitor setup menu is displayed.
- 5. Press the Monitor Port soft key. Each time you press the soft key, the setting toggles between ON and OFF. When this is set to ON, the remote monitor is enabled.

Sharing Directories

The user area directory of the AQ6374 internal memory can be shared on a PC.

- 1. Press SYSTEM.
- 2. Press the More soft key repeatedly until the More 2/4 menu is displayed.
- 3. Press the **Network Setting** soft key. The Ethernet setup menu appears.
- 4. Press the Folder Sharing soft key. A directory sharing setup menu appears.
- Press the Read Only soft key. Directory sharing is enabled.Pressing the Disable soft key disables directory sharing.

Turning the Display OFF

This function can be used to temporarily turn the display OFF.

- 1. Press DISPLAY.
- 2. Press the **Display Off** soft key. The display turns OFF.

If you press a panel key or move the mouse, the display will turn ON

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Configuring a Firewall

You can close the TCP port when the communication interface (ETHERNET), remote monitoring, and directory sharing are not in use.

- 1. Press SYSTEM.
- 2. Press the More soft key repeatedly until the More 2/4 menu is displayed.
- **3.** Press the **Network Setting** soft key.

The Ethernet setup menu appears.

4. Press the Firewall soft key.

Each time you press the soft key, the setting toggles between ON and OFF. When this is set to ON, the firewall is enabled.

Clearing Measured Data, Analysis Conditions, Parameters, Etc.

The PRESET key clears all internal settings of the AQ6374 except for the remote interface (ETHERNET, GP-IB, and RS232) settings.

- **1.** Press **PRESET**. A confirmation message for clearing the message and Yes and No soft keys appear.
- 2. Press the Yes soft key. The measured data and parameter settings are cleared.
 If you do not want to clear them, press the No soft key. The previous soft key menu will return.

Setting the Keyboard Display

Set the type of keyboard that appears on the screen when entering character strings.

- 1. Press SYSTEM.
- 2. Press the More soft key repeatedly until the More 4/4 menu is displayed.
- Press the Screen KYBD Layout soft key. A keyboard display setup menu appears.
- 4. Press the QWERTY soft key. A QWERTY keyboard display is selected.
 Press the QWERTZ soft key. A QWERTZ keyboard display is selected.

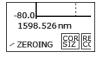
Explanation

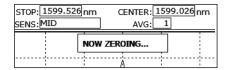
Automatic Offset

When the Auto Offset is set to ON, the offset of the internal amplifier circuit is adjusted at time intervals of approximately 10 minutes. (Default: ON)

If the Auto Offset is OFF, the auto-offset adjustment operation is not performed. When you switch from OFF to ON, the offset adjustment is executed immediately. When switched to ON, the offset adjustment is performed during repeat sweeping when sweeping reaches 100%. During a single sweep, the offset adjustment is performed when the sweep is completed.

During offset adjustment, a message indicating that the offset is being adjusted is displayed in the lower-left corner and in the center of the top part of the screen.





Note

If, during offset adjustment, you use key operations or remote commands to execute a sweep, the sweep will start after the offset adjustment is completed.

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Remote Monitor

This function can be used to monitor the instrument's screen and control the instrument from a remote PC that is connected to the instrument through a TCP/IP port.

To use this function, you need remote monitoring software (not included). You cannot use the remote monitoring port to perform remote control with normal remote commands.

User Name and Password

A user name and password are required to access the instrument using this function. Use the menu that is displayed when you press the Remote User Account soft key in the Ethernet setup to specify these settings. See the remote control user's manual, IM AQ6374-17EN.

Monitor Port

Enables and disables the remote monitor TCP/IP port.

If you set this to OFF, the remote monitor is disabled.

Port No.

This is the remote monitor TCP/IP port number. It is fixed to 20001. You cannot use this port to perform remote control with normal remote commands.

Disconnect

During remote monitoring, press this soft key to disconnect the instrument from the remote PC.

This soft key can only be used when the instrument is connected to a PC.

Sharing Directories

The user area directory of the AQ6374 internal memory can be shared on a PC. When the user area directory is shared, the files in the directory can be copied to the PC over the network. You cannot save files to the AQ6374.

Turning the Display OFF

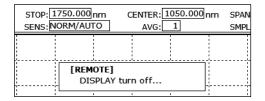
This function can be used to temporarily turn the display OFF. Use this function when you are using the instrument in a darkroom or similar environment in which the light from the screen has an effect on the work.

Display Off

Press this soft key to turn OFF the backlight, which will also turn the display OFF.

When Remote Commands Have Been Used to Turn the Display OFF

If remote commands have been used to turn the display OFF, even if you perform panel key or mouse operations to turn the display ON, the following message will be displayed and the display will be turned OFF after approximately 5 seconds.



To keep the display turned ON, use a remote command, or press LOCAL to switch the instrument from remote to local mode.

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Clearing Measured Data, Analysis Conditions, Parameters, Etc.

This function clears all measurement parameters, display parameters, analysis parameters, and the waveform display. It is the same operation as when the AQ6374 receives an *RST remote command.

The following data is not cleared.

- Remote interface (ETHERNET, GP-IB, and RS232C) settings
- · Wavelength calibration data and alignment adjustment data
- · Various type of data saved to internal memory
- · Registered programs created using the program function

Firewall

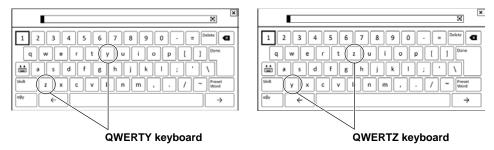
This feature closes the TCP port to cut off the communication when features that use the TCP port are set to off.

. e. per all e est to ell				
Feature Name	Operation			
Soft Key Name				
Directory sharing	DISABLE: Communication is cut off (the TCP port is closed).			
<folder sharing=""></folder>	READ ONLY: Communication is not cut off (the TCP port is			
	open).			
Remote monitoring	OFF: Communication is cut off (the TCP port is closed).			
<monitor off="" on="" port=""></monitor>	ON: Communication is not cut off (the TCP port is open).			
Communication interface	GP-IB, RS232: Communication is cut off (the TCP port is closed).			
<remote interface=""></remote>	ETHERNET: Communication is not cut off (the TCP port is open).			

Setting the Keyboard Display

You can select a QWERTY keyboard or QWERTZ keyboard.

The positions of the Y and Z keys on the keyboard display are switched.



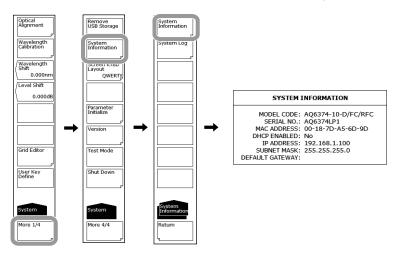
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8.7 Displaying System Information

Procedure

Displaying system information

- 1. Press SYSTEM.
- 2. Press the MORE 1/4 soft key to display More 4/4.
- **3.** Press the **System Information** soft key. The system information menu is displayed.
- Press the System Information soft key. The system information is displayed on screen.
- **5.** If you press the **Return** soft key, you are returned to the original menu.



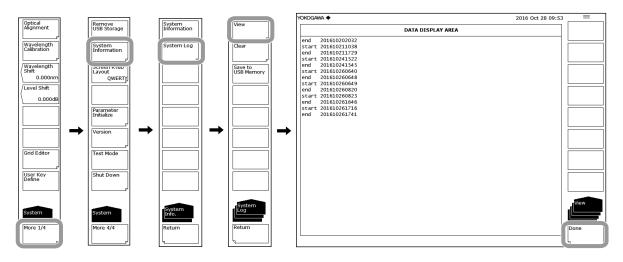
Display Contents

Display Contents	
MODEL	Model No.
SPECIAL CODE	Special Code
(not always displayed)	
SERIAL NO.	Serial No.
MAC ADDRESS	MAC address of the Ethernet port
DHCP ENABLED	
IP ADDRESS	TCD/ID acttings
SUBNET MASK	TCP/IP settings
DEFAULT GATEWAY	

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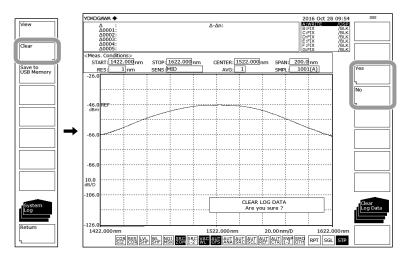
Displaying/clearing the system log/copying the log to USB memory Displaying the system log

- 1. Press SYSTEM.
- 2. Press the More 1/4 soft key to display More 4/4.
- **3.** Press the **System Information** soft key. The system information menu is displayed.
- 4. Press the **System Log** soft key. The system log menu is displayed.
- 5. Press the View soft key. The system log is displayed on screen.
- **6.** If you press the **Done** soft key, you are returned to the original menu.



Clearing the system log

7. Press the Clear soft key , followed by the Yes soft key The system log is cleared.



Copying the system log to USB memory

8. After connecting the USB memory, press the Save to USB Memory soft key.
The USB system log is copied to USB memory.

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9.1 Updating the Firmware

When there is a firmware update, such as when new functions are added, you can update the firmware in the AQ6374. Download the update firmware from the YOKOGAWA website.

http://www.yokogawa.com/ymi/

CAUTION

- When the firmware is being updated, do not manually turn the power off. If you do, you may not be able to start the AQ6374.
- If there are multiple update firmware files in the USB memory device, the AQ6374 will not be updated.

French

ATTENTION

- Lorsque le micrologiciel est en cours de mise à jour, ne pas mettre manuellement l'instrument hors tension. Le cas échéant, l'AQ6374 risque de ne pas démarrer.
- L'AQ6374 ne sera pas mis à jour en cas de présence de plusieurs fichiers de mise à jour micrologicielle sur la clé USB, l'AQ6374 n'est pas mis à jour.

Preparing to Update the Firmware

The AQ6374 can read the update firmware (.UPD extension) in one of two ways. Prepare the update firmware according to your environment.

Reading the Firmware from a USB Memory Device

Create a directory named "UPDATE" in the USB memory device, and save the update firmware (.upd extension) in that directory.

Check that the AQ6374 is not connected to a network. If it is, you will not be able to update.

· Reading the Firmware from an External PC

Save the update firmware (.upd extension) in the external PC, and connect the PC to the AQ6374 over a network.

Procedure

Reading the Firmware from a USB Memory Device

- 1. Press SYSTEM. A system menu appears.
- 2. Press the More soft key repeatedly until the More 4/4 menu is displayed.
- 3. Press the **Version** soft key. The firmware version is displayed.
- 4. Press the Update(USB) soft key. The "Insert Update Files" message appears.
- 5. Connect a USB memory device containing the update firmware to the AQ6374.
- 6. Press the Continue soft key. A list of update firmware is displayed.
- 7. The message "Please disconnect LAN CABLE and remove USB storage device" appears. Remove the USB memory device.

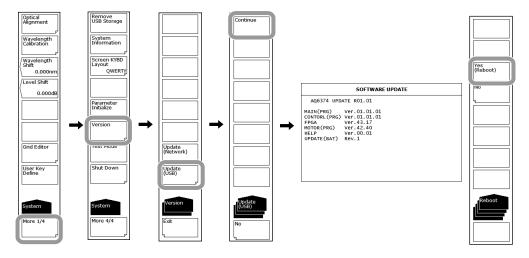
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Note

Do not reconnect the network cable that you removed from the ETHERNET port until the updating is complete.

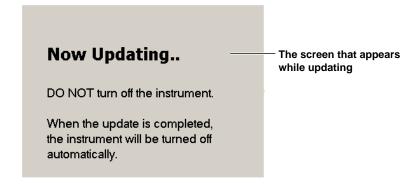
8. Press the Yes(Reboot) soft key.

The AQ6374 automatically restarts and starts updating. A update-in-progress screen appears while the firmware is being updated. When updating is complete, the AQ6374 automatically shuts down. This completes the update procedure. Turn the power on, and the AQ6374 will start normally.



Note

- If the AQ6374 is connected to a network, you will not be able to update the firmware.
 If it is connected to a network, the message "Please disconnect LAN CABLE and remove USB storage device" will appear, and the Yes soft key will be unavailable.
 When you remove the cable from the ETHERNET port, the message "Please remove USB storage device" will appear, and the Yes soft key will become available.
- Once updating starts, you cannot abort the process until it is complete. You can cancel using
 the No soft key or another key in any of the steps before step 7.



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Reading the Firmware from a PC

- 1. Press SYSTEM. A system setup menu appears.
- 2. Press the More soft key repeatedly until the More 4/4 menu is displayed.
- 3. Press the **Version** soft key. The firmware version is displayed.
- 4. Press the Update(NETWORK) soft key. The "Insert Update Files (NETWORK)" message appears.
- **5.** Connect the PC containing the update firmware to the AQ6374 over a network.
- 6. Use a file management software on the PC to copy the update software (.upd extension) to the UPDATE directory of the AQ6374 internal memory.
- 7. For the remaining of the procedure, follow the steps from step 6 in "Reading the Firmware from a USB Memory Device."

Note:

When you update the firmware, the setup data will be initialized. If necessary, save the setup data. For the operating procedure, see section 7.5.

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9.2 Mechanical Inspection

WARNING

When performing inspection, turn OFF the MAIN POWER switch on the rear panel and remove the power cable.

CAUTION

- If any foreign particles become trapped in the various connectors, malfunction or damage can result.
- If any of the various types of connectors do not fit snugly, the instrument may not operate normally.
- If any abnormalities occur, please contact your nearest Yokogawa representative.

French

AVERTISSEMENT

Lors de la réalisation d'une inspection, mettre l'instrument hors tension en plaçant l'interrupteur MAIN POWER sur OFF sur le panneau arrière, puis débrancher le cordon d'alimentation.

ATTENTION

- Si des corps étrangers se retrouvent emprisonnés dans les différents connecteurs, un dysfonctionnement ou un endommagement risque de se produire.
- Si l'ajustement de l'un des différents types de connecteurs n'est pas parfait, l'instrument risque de ne pas fonctionner normalement.
- En cas d'anomalie, contacter le représentant Yokogawa le plus proche.

Check the following:

- · That the instrument's exterior is not damaged or deformed.
- That all switches, connectors, and other assembled parts are not loose.
- · That switches can be operated smoothly.

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9.3 Operational Inspection

Checking the Operations of Each Switch

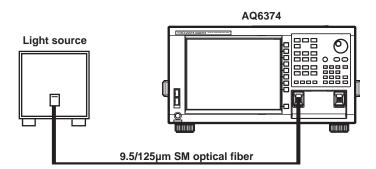
With the power to the instrument turned ON, operate each switch once briefly to check that the unit functions properly.

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9.4 Inspection of Wavelength Accuracy

Perform a check of the instrument's wavelength accuracy.

Use a light source such as a gas laser whose wavelength accuracy is known.



Procedure

- 1. Connect a light source to the instrument as shown in the figure above, then measure spectrums of the light source.
 - Confirm that the THRESH 3 dB center wavelength of the measured spectrum matches the wavelength of the light source (is within the wavelength accuracy standard). For more information, see section 6.1, "Spectrum Width Measurement".
- **2.** If the wavelength error is large, use the reference light source to calibrate wavelengths.
 - For the calibration procedure, see section 2.2, "Wavelength Calibration."
- **3.** For performing wavelength calibration, check wavelength accuracy again according to procedure.

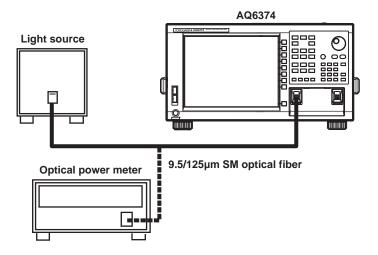
Note.

If the wavelength error of the instrument is outside of [+/-] 5 nm, you cannot perform wavelength calibration with the reference light source. In this case, readjustment is necessary. Please contact your nearest Yokogawa representative.

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9.5 Inspection of Level Accuracy

Perform a check of the instrument's level accuracy. Use A stable single-wavelength light source of 1550 nm.



Procedure

- 1. Execute the alignment adjustment function on the unit's internal monochromator. For details, see section 2.1, "Alignment Adjustment."
- 2. Connect the light source and instrument with a $9.5/125~\mu m$ SM optical fiber and turn the light source ON.
- 3. Press SWEEP.
- 4. Press the Auto soft key. The spectrum of the light source is automatically measured.
- When automatic measurement is complete and REPEAT sweep begins, press SETUP.
- **6.** Press the **Resolution** soft key then set the instrument's wavelength resolution to 2 nm.
- Press PEAK SEARCH or MARKER then measure the peak level of the waveform.
- **8.** Remove the SM optical fiber from the instrument and connect the light source to an optical power meter.
- **9.** Use the optical power meter to measure power values of the light source.
- 10. Check that peak level values obtained in step 7 agree with the ones obtained by the optical power meter (within the specified level accuracy). For information on level accuracy, see chapter 9 of the Getting Started Guide, IM AQ6374-02EN.

Note.

- Please use a light source with a spectrum width of less than 1 nm, such as a gas laser or DFB-LD. If a wide spectrum light source is used, the power measurements may not be accurate.
- The level measurement error of the instrument changes as shown in the figure below, according to the numerical aperture (NA) of the optical fiber connected to the input connector. The instrument's absolute level is calibrated using a 9.5/125 µm single-mode optical fiber (SSMA type in JIS C6835, with PC polishing, 9.5 µm mode field diameter, and 0.104 to 0.107 NA). Even if a single-mode optical fiber is used, the level accuracy will be outside the specifications if the NA is not in the range shown above.

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9.6 Replacing Fuses

There is a fuse inside the instrument. However, you should not replace the fuse yourself. It could indicate additional internal damage.

If you believe the fuse is blown, please contact your nearest YOKOGAWA dealer.

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9.7 Daily Maintenance

Cleaning the Exterior of the Instrument

When removing dirt from the case or operation panel, remove the power cord from the power outlet, then wipe gently with a clean, dry cloth. Do not use volatile chemicals since this might cause discoloring and deformation.

Cleaning the output connector of the alignment light source



WARNING

The instrument has a built-in reference light source for alignment adjustments, and infrared light is always being output from the optical output connector. Never look into the optical output connector. Infrared light entering the eyes can cause severe injury and loss of vision.

CAUTION

Wiping with a soiled cleaner can damage the optical outputs.

French



AVERTISSEMENT

Cet instrument dispose d'une source de lumière de référence intégrée pour les ajustements d'alignement. La lumière infrarouge est toujours émise depuis le connecteur de sortie optique. Ne regardez jamais directement dans le connecteur de sortie optique. La lumière infrarouge risquerait de gravement vous blesser ou de provoquer une perte de vision.

ATTENTION

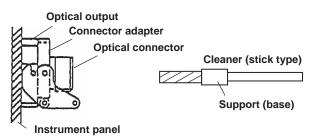
L'utilisation d'un écouvillon sale peut endommager les sorties optiques.

Cleaning the Optical Connector Connection Section of the Connector Adapter

It is recommended that the following cleaner be used for this procedure.

Recommended cleaner: "Cletop Stick Type" (NTT-ME)

Open the optical connector cover at the front of the unit. Use the cleaner to clean the optical connector connection section. Grasp it as close to the cleaner support (base) as possible. Insert the cleaner straight into the optical connector connection section and rotate it.



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Cleaning the Optical Output



WARNING

The instrument has a built-in reference light source for alignment adjustments, and infrared light is always being output from the optical output connector. Never look into the optical output connector. Infrared light entering the eyes can cause severe injury and loss of vision.

CAUTION

- When attaching or removing a connector adapter, be careful not to damage the ferrule edge or adapter.
- Wiping with a soiled swab can damage the optical outputs.

French



AVERTISSEMENT

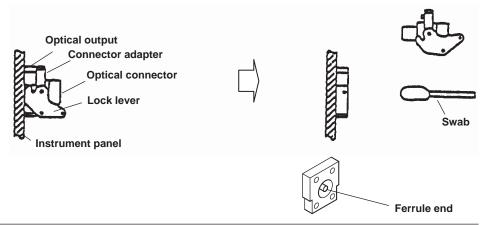
Cet instrument dispose d'une source de lumière de référence intégrée pour les ajustements d'alignement. La lumière infrarouge est toujours émise depuis le connecteur de sortie optique. Ne regardez jamais directement dans le connecteur de sortie optique. La lumière infrarouge risquerait de gravement vous blesser ou de provoquer une perte de vision.

ATTENTION

- Lorsque vous branchez ou retirez un adaptateur de connecteur, veillez à ne pas endommager le bord de la férule ou l'adaptateur.
- · L'utilisation d'un écouvillon sale peut endommager les sorties optiques.

Turn the power OFF, then remove the connector adapter from the instrument. Remove the connector adapter, then use a swab dipped into a small quantity of undiluted alcohol to clean the ferrule end of the optical output section. Be sure to use a new swab each time. Remove the connector adapter from the unit. For removal, see chapter 6 of the *Getting Started Guide*, IM AQ6374-02EN. Use a swab dipped into a small quantity of undiluted alcohol to clean the ferrule end of the optical output section.

After the cleaning is finished, connect the connector adapter to the instrument.



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9.8 Care during Storage

If the instrument is stored for a long time, sufficient care should be taken of the following:

- · Wipe off any dust, fingerprints, or other dirt that has adhered to the instrument.
- Perform the inspections given in section 9.3, "Operational Inspection" to check that the instrument operates properly.
- Do not store the unit in the following locations:

Where it would be exposed to direct sunlight or excessive dust

Where water droplets can contact the instrument, or where high humidity can cause them to form on the instrument

Where active gas is present, or where the instrument may be subject to corrosion

Where the humidity indicated below can occur

Where temperatures can exceed 50 [DEGC]

Where the temperature can fall below -10 [DEGC]

Where the humidity can exceed 80%

For extended storage, it is recommended that the instrument be stored within the range of the following environmental conditions while, at the same time, the above conditions are met.

• Temperature 5-30[DEGC]

• Humidity 40%-70%

· Daily fluctuations of temperature/humidity are small.

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9.9 Recommended Replacement Parts

The following parts are wearable. It is recommended to replace them after the time period indicated below. For replacement of parts, please contact your nearest Yokogawa representative.

Part Name	Replacement Period
Cooling fan	7 years
Backup battery (lithium)	7 years
LCD backlight	At normal operating conditions, approximately 70000 hours

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9.10 Warning Display Function

No.	Message	Cause of Warning
No.1	- 49: Message generation after the executio	n of functions
1	Unsuitable Resolution	Data may not be extracted completely, because the resolution setting is not appropriate for the span and the sampling number.
2	Unsuitable Level Scale	A level scale larger than 5 dB/DIV has been set in the range fixed mode (SENS:NORM HOLD). If a level scale is set to 5 dB/DIV or more in the range fixed mode, data from the top and bottom of the screen may not be properly displayed.
3	Unsuitable Ref Level	Although an attempt was made to set the peak level of a waveform to the reference level, the nearest value within the range was chosen because the peak level value was outside the setting range of the reference level values.
4	Unsuitable Marker Value	Although an attempt was made to set a maker value to the reference level, the nearest value within the range was chosen because the marker value was outside the setting range of the reference level values.
5	<auto analysis=""> off</auto>	Selection of the <auto analysis=""> key was canceled.</auto>
6	<auto search=""> off</auto>	Selection of the <auto search=""> key was canceled.</auto>
7	Each Trace resolution mismatch	When the calculation between traces was performed, resolutions of traces were set differently.
8	<hold> off</hold>	HOLD was canceled because the allocation of traces to the divided screen was changed.
9	Trace * state changed	The HOLD state was canceled because the state of traces under HOLD was changed from FIX to another state.
10	<auto level="" ref=""> off</auto>	Selection of the <auto level="" ref=""> key was canceled.</auto>
11	<auto scale="" sub=""> off</auto>	Selection of the <auto scale="" sub=""> key was canceled.</auto>
12	<resolution correct=""> off</resolution>	The <resolution correct=""> key was set to OFF.</resolution>
15	ADVANCED MARKER off	An assigned advanced marker was set to off.
16	<advanced marker=""> off</advanced>	The advanced marker function was turned off.
17	<level unit=""> changed</level>	The <level unit=""> key setting was changed.</level>
18	<power nbw=""> trace state changed</power>	The <power nbw=""> trace setting in trace settings was changed to FIX mode.</power>
19	Analysis result is not correct	Because analysis was performed on a POWER/NBW trace, a correct analysis result may not be displayed.
No.50	- 199: Generation of a reason why a function	on cannot be executed
54	Unsuitable logging item setting	Logging item setting is not correct.
101	All traces in	FIXed state Waveforms cannot be re-written, because all traces have been set to FIX.
102	Sweep stopped	Sweep was stopped, because all traces were set to FIX during the sweep.
103	No data in active trace	An attempt was made to execute analysis functions when there was no data in an active trace.
104	Logging Mode2 is not applicable	An attempt was made to execute logging in LOGGING MODE 2 with TRACE LOGGING set to ON, but execution is not possible because the number of samples exceeds 50001 pt.
107	Unsuitable memory number	A number other than 0 - 99 was specified when the memory was saved or recalled. Or, an attempt was made to recall data from a memory where waveforms have not been saved.
108	Marker setting out of range	An attempt was made to execute the analysis function between markers in the state where both line marker 1 and line marker 2 were set outside the measurement range.
109	Auto sweep failed	Although the AUTO sweep started, the sweep stopped because optimum conditions were not found.
110	No data between line markers	An attempt was made to execute the analysis function in a state where there was no data in the line markers of an active trace.

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9.10 Warning Display Function

No.	Message	Cause of Warning
111	<g=mkr fit=""> failed</g=mkr>	Trace G cannot write fitting curve because numbers of data is not sufficient during <g=mkr fit="">.</g=mkr>
120	USB Storage not inserted	USB storage medium not inserted.
121	USB Storage not initialized	SUB storage not initialized.
122	USB Storage is write protected	The USB storage device is write protected.
123	File not found	The specified file cannot be read because it has not been found. On the file does not exist on the disk.
124	Illegal directory name	Directory cannot be created because the name is not valid.
125	Illegal file name	A file cannot be saved due to an incorrect file name.
126	Directory already exists	Directory cannot be created because a directory of the same name already exists.
128	File is write protected	The file cannot be re-written or deleted because its property has been set to READ ONLY.
129	Storage full	The file cannot be saved, because the hard disk or the USB storage device is full.
130	Directory full	No files can be created because the directory area is full.
131	No data	There was no data to be saved, although an attempt was made to save the file.
132	File is not a trace file	The file cannot be read because it is not a waveform file.
133	File is not a program file	The file cannot be read because it is not a program file.
134	File is not a data file	The file cannot be read because it is not a data file.
135	File is not a settings file	The file cannot be read because it is not a settings file.
137	File is not a template file	File cannot be loaded since it is not a template file or there is a problem with the format of the template data.
138	Cannot copy	The file copy cannot be executed because the "copy from" file and the "copy to" file have the same name.
140	No paste possible	The paste operation cannot be executed during the editing of programs because the number of blank rows is not sufficient.
141	No merge possible	It is not possible to execute a merge during the editing of programs because the merged result would exceed the maximum number of rows.
142	WL calibration failed	Calibration cannot be executed because the level of a light source is not sufficient during the wavelength calibration or because wavelength deviations exceed the calibration range.
143	Optical Alignment failed	Alignment adjustment cannot be executed because the level of a light source is not sufficient during the alignment adjustment.
144	Go/No go judgment stopped	Go/No go judgment stopped because template data reading or AUTO sweep was carried out with Go/No go judgment function set to ON.
145	No template data	Go/No go judgment or template data display was attempted to be made with no template data provided.
150	File is not a logging file	The file cannot be loaded because it is not a logging file.
151	Disk space is not enough for logging	Logging cannot be started because there is not enough space for saving waveform files with the logging function.
152	Logging was skipped for Auto zeroing	Unable to log at the specified interval because auto offset was in progress at the time logging would have occurred (displayed only the first time after logging is started).
153	Sweep time exceeds the set interval	Unable to log at the specified interval because the sweep time is longer than the interval (displayed only the first time after logging is started).
154	This file is not compatible	The file could not be loaded because the model does not support it
170	Illegal character	An illegal character was entered for a network name.
171	Illegal address	An illegal address was set to an IP address.
172	This version is not compatible	Attempted to load an incompatible update file.
173	Update file read error	An incorrect number of files or file corruption was found when attempting to load the update file.
174	Invalid password	The password entered for the key lock is not correct.

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No.	Message	Cause of Warning
175	Re-entered password is not matched	The two passwords entered for the key lock do not match.
176	Password needs to be 4-digit number	The password entered for the key lock is not a 4-digit number.
No. 2	00 - 299: Warnings for hardware failures	
200	Fan motor stopped!	The fan motor (CPU fan or rear panel fan) stopped. Automatically shuts down after 10 seconds from occurrence.
201	Calibration data failed!	Started up in emulation mode because there was a problem with the instrument's calibration data.
205	Internal communication error!	An abnormality occurred during instrument-internal communication.
206	Internal communication error!	An abnormality occurred during instrument-internal communication.
207	Internal Temperature Over!	Internal temperature is abnormally high. Automatically shuts down after 10 seconds from occurrence.
210	Internal Temperature warning!	Warning for rising internal temperature.
211	Auto offset error!	Obtained an abnormal value during AUTO OFFSET operation.
212	Auto offset error!	Obtained an abnormal value during AUTO OFFSET operation.
213	Auto temperature control error!	Problem with the light detector temperature control.
214	Measurement sequence error!	The sweep stopped because measurement sequence fell into disorder during the sweep.
215	System optimization required	System optimization is required. Restart the system.
220	Boot sequence error!	Started up in emulation mode because an abnormality occurred upon start-up
221	Boot sequence error!	Started up in emulation mode because an abnormality occurred upon start-up
222	Emulation Mode.	Entered emulation mode because an abnormality occurred.
223	Boot sequence error!	Started up in emulation mode because an abnormality occurred upon start-up
224	Internal communication error!	An abnormality occurred during instrument-internal communication.
225	Internal communication error!	An abnormality occurred during instrument-internal communication.
226	Internal communication error!	An abnormality occurred during instrument-internal communication.
227	Internal communication error!	An abnormality occurred during instrument-internal communication.
228	Memory allocation error!	Data memory initialization failed.
230	Monochromator error!	Entered emulation mode because an abnormality with the operation of the monochromator occurred.
231	Monochromator error!	Entered emulation mode because an abnormality with the operation of the monochromator occurred.
232	Monochromator error!	Entered emulation mode because an abnormality with the operation of the monochromator occurred.
233	Monochromator error!	Entered emulation mode because an abnormality with the operation of the monochromator occurred.
234	Monochromator error!	Entered emulation mode because an abnormality with the operation of the monochromator occurred.
235	Monochromator error!	Entered emulation mode because an abnormality with the operation of the monochromator occurred.
236	Monochromator error!	Entered emulation mode because an abnormality with the operation of the monochromator occurred.
237	Monochromator error!	Monochromator connection error

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9.10 Warning Display Function

No.	Message	Cause of Warning
No.3	00 - 399: Errors during the execution of p	rogram functions
300	Parameter out of range	A variable value is out of range or is not defined for a command that sets a parameter using variables.
302	Scale unit mismatch	There is a difference between the Y-axis scale of the active trace and the unit of a parameter in the "LINE MKR 3 or 4" command.
303	No data in Active trace	Setting of the moving marker, a peak (or bottom) search, or activation of the analysis function was made with no data in the active trace.
304	Marker value out of range	Specified wavelength was out of the sweep range in the moving marker or line wavelength marker setting command.
305	No data in trace A or B	No waveform data in traces A or B when executing the "EDFA NF" command
306	Invalid data	Trace had no data when attempting to save it to memory or to write it to FD/HDD.
307	Unsuitable Write item	All data items were OFF at execution of "WRITE DATA".
320	Undefined variable	A command containing an undefined variable was executed.
321	Variable unit mismatch	The unit of each variable does not agree within a command containing two or more variables.
322	Overflow	An overflow occurred in an arithmetic operation.
323	Undefined marker variable	A command containing a marker-value variable was executed when no marker had been displayed.
324	Invalid marker variable	A command containing the corresponding variable was executed at a time other than immediately after execution of a spectrum width search, peak search, etc.
325	Undefined line number	GOTO command's jumping destination is a number other than 1 to 200.
326	F1 greater than F2	F1>F2 when the "IF F1 ≤ @@@@@ ≤ F2" command was executed.
345	Option does not respond	No response from an external device.
346	Option is not connected	No external device is connected.
360	Storage full	No file can be created due to insufficient free space on the USB storage medium.
361	USB Storage not inserted	USB storage medium not inserted.
362	USB Storage is write protected	The USB storage device is write protected.
363	USB Storage not initialized	USB storage not initialized. Or, it has been formatted in a format not supported by this instrument.
364	Directory full	Directory is full, therefore no file can be created.
365	File not found	The specified file cannot be read because it has not been found. Or, the file does not exist on the disk.
366	File is write protected	The file is specified to be read only, so that it cannot be rewritten or deleted.
367	No data	No data to store.
368	File is not a trace file	A file cannot be read because it is not a trace file.
369	Illegal file name	A file cannot be saved due to an incorrect file name.
370	File type mismatch	Loading or saving the file is not possible because the specified type of file does not match that of the command.
380	Undefined program	An attempt was made to run a program that is not defined.
381	Syntax error	Command incorrect (a program has been rewritten for some reason).

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App Appendix

Appendix 1 GRID Table for WDM Wevelength

Some analytical functions refer to the GRID table for analysis(See the following table.) The AQ6374 contains the nominal center frequencies specified by the ITU-T (International Telecommunication Union-Telecommunication sector) G692 as the GRID table. It also contains two tables: the standard GRID table created according to the pre-defined wavelength (frequency) range and the custom GRID table that users can edit freely.

List of Analytical Functions with GRID Tables

Function	Item	Parameter Name	Setting Parameter
WDM	DISPLAY SETTING	DISPLAY TYPE	DRIFT(GRID)
FILTER-PK	CROSS TALK	ALGO	GRID
FILTER-BTM	CROSS TALK	ALGO	GRID
WDM FIL-PK	CAHNEL DETECTION/	ALGO	GRIF FIT
	NOMINAL WAVELENGTH		GRID
WDM FIL-BTM	CAHNEL DETECTION/	ALGO	GRIF FIT
	NOMINAL WAVELENGTH		GRID

Note.

Concerning the units of wavelength axis for GRID tables, wavelength values and frequency values can be changed by the setting of marker units.

The two GRID tables (standard and custom) have different parameter ranges, which are shown in the following table.

	Туре	Parameter Range
Standard GRID Table		
	Start frequency	192.1000 THz(fixed)
	Stop frequency	196.1000 THz(fixed)
	Reference frequency	88.0000 to 200.0000 THz
	Frequency spacing	To be selected from among
		200 GHz/100 GHz/50 GHz/25 GHz/12.5GHz
Fixed GRID Table		
	Start frequency	176.3486 to 229.7924 THz
	Stop frequency	176.3486 to 299.7924 THz
	Reference frequency	88.0000 to 200.0000 THz
	Frequency spacing	0.1 to 999.9 GHz

Standard GRID Table

This GRID table is created with pre-defined wavelength (frequency) ranges. It can be created in the following manner by setting the reference wavelength (frequency) and frequency spacing.

Custom GRID Table

Users can edit this GRID table freely. It is created automatically by setting the start/stop wavelength (frequency), reference wavelength (frequency), and frequency spacing. Users can add or delete an arbitrary channel to/from the created GRID table or edit wavelength (frequency) values for each channel there.

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Appendix 2 Data Calculation Algorithms for Spectrum Widths

The AQ6374 can calculate spectrum widths of waveforms being displayed. This section provides four types of spectrum width calculation methods as well as algorithms for the NOTCH width calculation.

THRESH Method

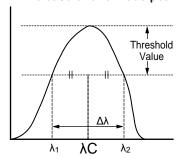
This method is used to obtain the spectrum widths of two points, which are lower than the peak level by a threshold value (THRESH [dB]) specified by a parameter, as well as their center wavelengths.

The followin table shows the details of parameters for the THRESH method.

Parameter	Abbreviation	Default Value	Setting Range	Unit	Description
THRESH	TH	3.00	0.01 to 50.00	dB	Threshold value
THRESH K	K	1.00	1.00 to 10.00	-	Multiplying factor
MODE FIT	MODE FIT	OFF	ON / OFF	-	Set whether the half of maximum point is aligned to the mode peak or not.

Algorithms differ depending on the number of mode peaks. Algorithms for these numbers are described below.

In the case of one mode peak



- · Perform a mode search to obtain the mode peak.
- Set the wavelengths, which cross the line below the mode peak by the threshold value (THRESH[dB]), to λ_1 and λ_2 .
- Use the following equations, which incorporate multiplication by the multiplying factor K for λ_1 and λ_2 , to obtain new λ_1 and λ_2 .

$$\lambda$$
'C = $(\lambda_2 + \lambda_1)/2$

$$\lambda_1 = K \times (\lambda_1 - \lambda'C) + \lambda'C$$

$$\lambda_2$$
= K × (λ_2 - λ 'C) + λ 'C

· Obtain the spectrum width from the following equation.

$$\Delta \lambda = \lambda_2 - \lambda_1$$

• Obtain the center wavelength λC from the following equation.

$$\lambda C = (\lambda_2 + \lambda_1)/2$$

Note:

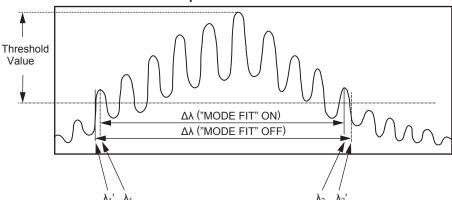
If "MODE FIT" is set to ON in the case of a one mode peak, the spectrum width $\Delta\lambda$ and the center wavelength λC will become as follows.

 $\Delta \lambda = 0.0000$ nm

λC = center wavelength of the mode peak

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In the case of two or more mode peaks



- If "MODE FIT" is ON, set the wavelengths of the mode peaks, which are outmost from
 the threshold value (THRESH[dB]) among the mode peaks, to λ₁ and λ₂. If "MODE
 FIT" is OFF, set the wavelengths, which are located outside λ₁ and λ₂, and which cross
 the line below the mode peak with the largest mode peak level by the threshold value
 (THRESH[dB]), to λ'₁ and λ'₂.
- If "MODE FIT" is ON, use the following equations, which incorporate multiplication by the multiplying factor K for λ_1 and λ_2 , to obtain new λ_1 and λ_2 .

When "MODE FIT" is ON

$$\lambda$$
'C = $(\lambda_2 + \lambda_1)/2$

$$\lambda_1 = K \times (\lambda_1 - \lambda'C) + \lambda'C$$

$$\lambda_2 = K \times (\lambda_2 - \lambda'C) + \lambda'C$$

When "MODE FIT" is OFF

$$\lambda'C = (\lambda'_2 + \lambda'_1)/2$$

$$\lambda'_1 = K \times (\lambda'_1 - \lambda'C) + \lambda'C$$

$$\lambda'_2 = K \times (\lambda'_2 - \lambda'C) + \lambda'C$$

· Obtain spectrum widths from the following equations.

$$\Delta \lambda = \lambda_2 - \lambda_1$$
 (when "MODE FIT" is ON)

$$\Delta \lambda = \lambda'_2 - \lambda'_1$$
 (when "MODE FIT" is OFF)

• Obtain center frequencies λC from the following equations

$$\lambda C = (\lambda_2 + \lambda_1)/2$$
 (when "MODE FIT" is ON)

$$\lambda C = (\lambda'_2 + \lambda'_1)/2$$
 (when "MODE FIT" is OFF)

MODE displayed in the data area shall be the number of mode peaks between λ_1 and λ_2 .

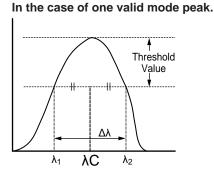
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ENVELOPE Method

This method is used in conjunction with a straight line (envelope) connecting mode peaks to obtain the spectrum widths of the two points, which are lower than the peaks by a configured threshold value (THRESH [dB]), as well as their center wavelengths. The following table shows the details of parameters for the ENVELOPE method.

Parameter	Abbreviation	Default Value	Setting Range	Unit	Description
THRESH 1	TH1	3.00	0.01 to 50.00	dB	Threshold value
THRESH 2	TH2	13.00	0.01 to 50.00	dB	Lower limit value when the number of modes is calculated
K	K	1.00	1.00 to 10.00	-	Multiplying factor

Algorithms differ depending on the number of valid mode peaks. Valid mode peaks mean the mode peaks, among the mode peaks obtained from a mode search, whose level (LOG) is equal to or greater than the line that is below the peak level by the lower limit (THRESH2). Algorithms for these numbers of valid modes are described below.



- Perform a mode search to obtain the mode peak.
- Set the wavelengths, which cross the line below the mode peak by the threshold value (THRESH[dB]), to λ_1 and λ_2 .
- Use the following equations, which incorporate multiplication by the multiplying factor K for λ_1 and λ_2 , to obtain new λ_1 and λ_2 .

$$\begin{split} \lambda'C &= (\lambda_2 + \lambda_1)/2 \\ \lambda_1 &= K \times (\lambda_1 - \lambda'C) + \lambda'C \end{split}$$

$$\lambda_2 = K \times (\lambda_1 - \lambda'C) + \lambda'C$$

· Obtain the spectrum width from the following equation.

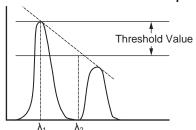
$$\Delta \lambda = \lambda_2 - \lambda_1$$

• Obtain the center wavelength λC from the following equation.

$$\lambda C = (\lambda_2 + \lambda_1)/2$$

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In the case of two valid mode peaks.



- Set the levels (LOG) of the two valid mode peaks to LG1 and LG2 in order from the left.
- Obtain λ_1 and λ_2 in the following manner.
 - In the case of |LG2-LG1| is threshold value (THRESH1[dB]) or less. λ becomes λ_1 and λ_2 from the left in order.
 - In the case of |LG2-LG1| is larger than threshold value (THRESH1[dB]) Connect two valid mode peaks with a straight line (envelope).

In the case of LG1>LG2, set the wavelength for the left mode peak to λ_1 . Set the wavelength of the point, where the line below the peak level by the threshold value (THRESH[dB]) and the straight line (envelope) cross, to λ_2 .

In the case of LG1<LG2, set the wavelength for the right mode peak λ_2 . Set the wavelength of the point, where the line below the peak level by the threshold value (THRESH[dB]) and the straight line (envelope) cross, to λ_1 .

• Use the following equations, which incorporate multiplication by the multiplying factor K for λ_1 and λ_2 , to obtain new λ_1 and λ_2 .

 $\lambda'C = (\lambda_2 + \lambda_1)/2$

 $\lambda_1 = K \times (\lambda_1 - \lambda'C) + \lambda'C$

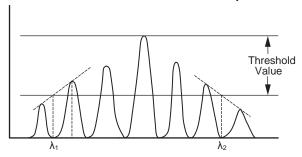
 $\lambda_2 = K \times (\lambda_2 - \lambda'C) + \lambda'C$

• Obtain the spectrum width from the following equation.

 $\Delta \lambda = \lambda_2 - \lambda_1$

• Obtain the center wavelength λC from the following equation $\lambda C = (\lambda_2 + \lambda_1)/2$

In the case of three or more valid mode peaks.



- Set the levels (LOG) of three or more valid mode peaks to LG1, LG2 • LGn in order from the left. Set the level of the mode peak at the highest level to LGp.
- Obtain λ_1 in the following manner:
 - In the case of |LGp-LG1| is threshold value (THRESH1[dB]) or less Set the wavelength of the LG1 mode peak to λ_1 .
 - In the case of |LGp-LG1| is larger than threshold value (THRESH1[dB])
 - i Obtain the leftmost mode peak with |LGp-THRESH1| or more.
 - ii Use a straight line to connect the mode peak obtained in (i) with the mode peak on the left of (i) and also at the highest level.
 - iii Set the point, where the line of |LGp-THRESH1| and the straight line (envelope) cross, to λ_1 .
- Obtain λ₂ in the following manner:
 - In the case of |LGp-LGn| is threshold value (THRESH1[dB]) or less. Set the wavelength of the LG1 mode peak to λ_2 .
 - In the case of |LGp-LGn| is larger than threshold value (THRESH1[dB])
 - i Obtain the rightmost mode peak with |LGp-THRESH1| or more.
 - ii Use a straight line to connect the mode peak obtained in (i) with the mode peak on the right of (i) and also at the highest level.
 - iii Set the point, where the line of |LGp-THRESH1| and the straight line (envelope) cross, to λ_2 .
- Use the following equations, which incorporate multiplication by the multiplying factor K for λ_1 and λ_2 , to obtain new λ_1 and λ_2 .

$$\lambda'C = (\lambda_2 + \lambda_1)/2$$

$$\lambda_1 = K \times (\lambda_1 - \lambda'C) + \lambda'C$$

$$\lambda_2 = K \times (\lambda_2 - \lambda'C) + \lambda'C$$

Obtain the spectrum width from the following equation.

$$\Delta \lambda = \lambda_2 - \lambda_1$$

• Obtain the center wavelength λC from the following equation.

$$\lambda C = (\lambda_2 + \lambda_1)/2$$

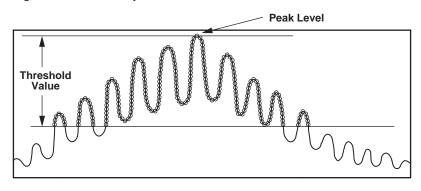
App-6

RMS Method

Use the RMS method to obtain the spectrum width and its center wavelength. Following table shows the details of parameters for the RMS method.

Parameter	Abbreviation	Default Value	Setting Range	Unit	Description
THRESH	TH	20.00	0.01 to 50.00	dB	Threshold value
K	K	2.00	1.00 to 10.00	-	Multiplying factor

Algorithms for the analysis are described below.



- Take out the data points exceeding the threshold value TH, within the displayed waveform, and find the spectrum width by the following calculation.
- When the wavelength at beach point is λ i and the level at the point is Pi, the mean wavelength λ c can be found by the following expression.

$$\lambda c = \frac{\sum Pi \times \lambda i}{\sum Pi}$$

• By using the mean wavelength λc , find the spectrum width $\Delta \lambda$ by the following expression.

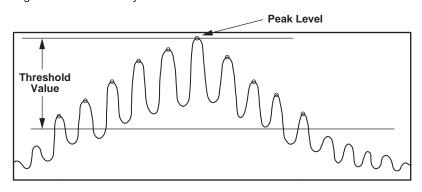
$$\Delta \lambda = K x \sqrt{\frac{\sum Pi x (\lambda i - \lambda c)^{2}}{\sum Pi}}$$

PEAK RMS Method

Use the PEAK RMS method to obtain the spectrum width and its center wavelength. Following table shows the details of the parameters for the PEAK RMS method.

Parameter	Abbreviation	Default Value	Setting Range	Unit	Description
THRESH	TH	20.00	0.01 to 50.00	dB	Threshold value
K	K	2.00	1.00 to 10.00	-	Multiplying factor

Algorithms for the analysis are described below.



- Take out the data points exceeding the limit value TH, within the displayed waveform, and find the spectrum width by the following calculation.
 - The mode peak count above the TH is shown in the MODE data area.
- When the wavelength at beach point is λi and the level at the point is Pi, the mean wavelength λc can be found by the following expression.

$$\lambda c = \frac{\sum Pi \times \lambda_i}{\sum Pi}$$

• By using the mean wavelength λc obtained in above discription, find the spectrum width $\Delta \lambda$ by the following expression.

$$\Delta \lambda = \kappa x \sqrt{\frac{\sum Pi x (\lambda i - \lambda c)^{2}}{\sum Pi}}$$

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NOTCH Width Measurement

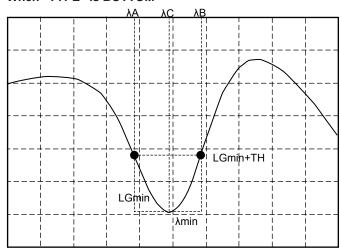
Obtain a bottom level. Then, obtain the NOTCH width for the bottom level and its center wavelength.

Following table shows the details of parameters for NOTCH analyses.

Parameter	Abbreviation	Default Value	Setting Range	Unit	Description
THRESH	TH	3.00	0.01 to 50.00	dB	Threshold value
K	K	1.00	1.00 to 10.00	-	Multiplying factor
TYPE	TYPE	BOTTOM	BOTTOM / PEAK	-	Reference position for search

Algorithms for analyses are described here. They differ depending on the types of analysis (BOTTOM/PEAK). Algorithms for each type of analysis are described below.

When "TYPE" is BOTTOM



- Obtain the minimum level "LGmin." Also, set the wavelength of this point to λ min.
- Set the rightmost wavelength, which is located on the left of λmin and which crosses the level (LOG) of |LGmin + threshold value (THRESH[dB])|, to λA .
- Set the leftmost wavelength, which is located on the right of λmin and which crosses the level (LOG) of |LGmin + threshold value (THRESH[dB])|, to λB.
- Obtain λA and λB through multiplication by the value which is set to the multiplying factor K.

$$\lambda'C = (\lambda B + \lambda A)/2$$

$$\lambda A = K \times (\lambda A - \lambda'C) + \lambda'C$$

$$\lambda B = K \times (\lambda B - \lambda'C) + \lambda'C$$

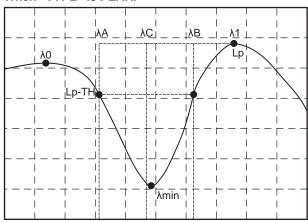
• Obtain the NOTCH width from the following equation.

 $\Delta \lambda = \lambda A - \lambda B$

 Obtain the center wavelength λC from the following equation. $\lambda C = (\lambda A + \lambda B)/2$

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When "TYPE" is PEAK.



- Obtain the minimum level "LGmin." Also, set the wavelength of this point to λmin.
- Obtain LG0 at the peak level (LOG) on the left of LGmin. Also, set the wavelength of this point to $\lambda 0$.
- Obtain LG1 at the peak level (LOG) on the right of LGmin. Also, set the wavelength of this point to $\lambda 1$.
- · Of LG0 and LG1, set whichever is greater to Lp.
- Between $\lambda 0$ and $\lambda 1$, set the leftmost wavelength crossing the level (LOG) of |Lp-threshold value (THRESH[dB])| to λA .
- Between $\lambda 0$ and $\lambda 1$, set the rightmost wavelength crossing the level (LOG) of |Lp-threshold value (THRESH[dB])| to λB .
- Obtain λA and λB through multiplication by the value which is set to the multiplying factor K.

 $\lambda'C = (\lambda B + \lambda A)/2$

 $\lambda A = K \times (\lambda A - \lambda'C) + \lambda'C$

 $\lambda \mathsf{B} = \mathsf{K} \times (\lambda \mathsf{B} - \lambda' \mathsf{C}) + \lambda' \mathsf{C}$

• Obtain the NOTCH width from the following equatio.

 $\Delta \lambda = \lambda A - \lambda B$

• Obtain the center wavelength λC from the following equation.

 $\lambda C = (\lambda A + \lambda B)/2$

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Appendix 3 Details of Each Analytical Functions

This section describes the algorithms for analyses using the ANALYSIS 1 soft key in the ANALYSIS. ANALYSIS 1 provides such functions as collective analysis of various light sources, POWER analysis, SMSR analysis, and PMD analysis.

SMSR Analysis Function

Use the optical spectrum after the measurement of DFB-LD to analyze the SMSR (Side Mode Suppression Ratio) of DFB-LD.

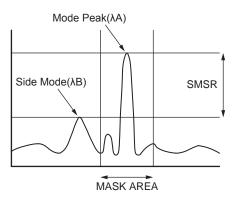
Following table shows the details of parameters for NOTCH analyses.

Parameter	Abbreviation	Default Value	Setting Range	Unit	Description
SMSR MODE	MODE	SMSR1	SMSR1/SMSR2/ SMSR3/SMSR4	-	Execution mode during SMSR measurement
SMSR MASK	MASK	±0.00	0.00 to 99.99	nm	Setting of near-peak mask range during SMSR1 or SMSR3 measurement

Algorithms for analyses are described here. They differ depending on the SMSR modes. Algorithms for each mode of analysis are described below.

SMSR1

The next highest mode peak after excluding the highest mode peak level and the mask setting range is defined as the side mode.

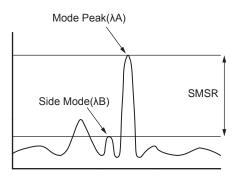


Algorithms of analysis for the SMSR1 mode are as follows:

- · Perform a mode search to obtain the mode peak.
- Of the obtained mode peaks, set the point of the mode peak at the highest level (LOG) to PA. Also, set the wavelength value of this point to λA.
- Except for the mode peaks within the range of PA ±1000 × (SMSR MASK)/SPAN, set
 the wavelength of the highest mode peak, which is next to PA, to λB. If a relevant point
 does not exist, set the wavelength value at the highest level outside the range of PA
 ± 1000 × (SMSR MASK)/SPAN to λB. If there is more than one λB, set the leftmost
 wavelength value to λB. Also, set the levels (linear values) for each point of λA and λB
 to LA and LB.
- Obtain SMSR and Δλ from the following equations.
 SMSR = LA / LB
 Δλ = λB λA

SMSR2

Of the highest mode peak level and the mode peaks on either side, whichever is higher is defined as the side mode.



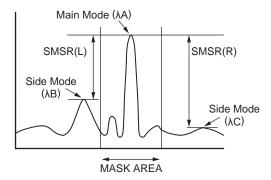
Algorithms of analysis for the SMSR1 mode are as follows.

- · Perform a mode search to obtain the mode peak.
- Of the obtained mode peaks, set the wavelength value of the mode peak at the highest level (LOG) to λA.
- Of the mode peaks on either side of λA , set the wavelength value at the higher level to λB . If there is no mode peak other than λA , $\lambda B = \lambda A$ shall be applicable.
- Also, set the levels (linear values) for each point of λA and λB to LA and LB.
- Obtain SMSR and $\Delta\lambda$ from the following equations. SMSR = LA / LB

 $\Delta \lambda = \lambda B - \lambda A$

SMSR3

The main mode is defined as the highest mode peak. The side modes are defined as the highest mode peaks outside of the mask area—one on the left side and one on the right side of the mask area.



The analysis algorithm for the SMSR3 mode is as follows:

- 1. A mode search is performed to obtain the mode peaks.
- 2. The main mode point is set to PA. The wavelength of this point is set to λA .
- 3. The wavelength of the side mode that has a wavelength shorter than PA is set to λB . The wavelength of the side mode that has a wavelength longer than PA is set to λC . If relevant points do not exist, for the levels outside the mask area, the wavelength at the highest level whose wavelength is shorter than PA is set to λB and the wavelength at the highest level whose wavelength is longer than PA is set to λC .
- 4. The levels (linear values) of λA , λB , and λC are set to LA, LB, and LC, respectively.
- 5. The SMSR and $\Delta\lambda$ are obtained from the following equations.

SMSR(L) = LA / LB

SMSR(R) = LA / LC

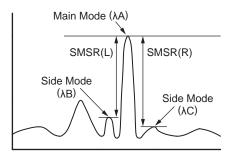
 $\Delta\lambda(L) = \lambda B - \lambda A$

 $\Delta\lambda(R) = \lambda C - \lambda A$

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SMSR4

The main mode is defined as the highest mode peak. The side modes are defined as the mode peaks adjacent to the main mode.



The analysis algorithm for the SMSR4 mode is as follows:

- 1. A mode search is performed to obtain the mode peaks.
- 2. The main mode point is set to PA. The wavelength of this point is set to λA .
- 3. The wavelength of the side mode that has a wavelength shorter than PA is set to λB . The wavelength of the side mode that has a wavelength longer than PA is set to λC . If there is no mode peak whose wavelength is shorter than PA, λB is set to λA . If there is no mode peak whose wavelength is longer than PA, λC is set to λA .
- 4. The levels (linear values) of λA , λB , and λC are set to LA, LB, and LC, respectively.
- 5. The SMSR and $\Delta\lambda$ are obtained from the following equations.

SMSR(L) = LA / LB

SMSR(R) = LA/LC

 $\Delta\lambda(L) = \lambda B - \lambda A$

 $\Delta\lambda(R) = \lambda C - \lambda A$

POWER Analysis Function

This function allows the user to add up level values of measured waveforms, thereby enabling the calculation of total power. It would be more convenient if the between line markers search function and the zoom area search function were also used for the POWER analysis.

Following table shows the details of the parameters for POWER analysis.

Parameter	Abbreviation	Default Value	Setting Range Unit	Description
POWER OFFSET	OFST	0.00	-10.00 to 10.00 dB	Compensation value in
				power measurement

Algorithms for the analysis are as follows.

• Obtain actual wavelength resolutions for all display points. (Use the table to interpolate the values for $\lambda x = \lambda SHIFT + \lambda OFST$.)

While in the vacuum wavelength mode (**MEAS WL AIR/VACUUM** soft key in the **SET UP**), use the following equation to obtain λx .

$$\lambda 0 = \lambda + \lambda SHIFT$$

 $\lambda x = \lambda 0 / N(\lambda 0) + \lambda OFST$

If the display mode on the **X** axis (**HORIZON SCALE nm/THz** soft key in the **SET UP**) is the frequency display mode, use the equation below to convert an actual resolution (frequency) Ri for all display points to a wavelength value.

$$Ri = (\lambda i \times \lambda i \times Rfi)/C$$

λi: Wavelength (nm) at each point

Rfi: Actual resolution(THz)

C: Speed of light in the vacuum(2.99792458 x 108[m/s])

· Set the actual resolution for the ith point to Ri, while setting the level to Li.

· Obtain the total power in the equation below.

$$POWER = \frac{SPAN}{SAMPLE - 1} \times \sum \frac{Li}{Ri} \times POWEROFFSET$$

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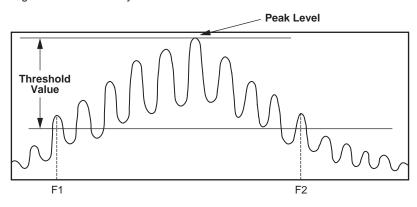
PMD Analysis Function

Measured waveforms are used to analyze PMD values.

Following table shows the details of the parameter for PMD analysis.

Parameter	Abbreviation	Default Value	Setting Range	Unit	Description
THRESH	TH	10.00	0.01 to 50.00	dB	Threshold value

Algorithms of the analysis are as follows.



- · Perform a mode search to obtain mode peaks.
- Of these mode peaks, set the ones whose level (LOG) is equal to or greater than the line that is below the peak level by the lower limit (THRESH), to the valid mode peaks.
- Set the frequency of the leftmost valid mode peak to F1(THz).
- Set the frequency of the rightmost valid mode peak to F2(THz).
- Set the number of mode peaks between F1 and F2 to N.
- Obtain the PMD value from the following equation.

PMD = (N-1) / (F2-F1)

DFB-LD Analysis Function

The following parameters for DFB-LD light sources are analyzed collectively.

- -XdB WIDTH
- SMSR
- RMS
- POWER
- OSNR

Following table shows the details of parameters for DFB-LD analysis.

Parameter	Abbreviation	Default Value	Setting Range	Unit	Description
	ALGO	THRESH	ENVELOPE/ THRESH/RMS/ PK-RMS	-	
	THRESH	20.00	0.01 to 50.00	dB	
-XdB WIDTH (Center WL/	THRESH2	20.00	0.01 to 50.00	dB	Valid only when ALGO is ENVELOPE.
SPWD)	K	1.00	1.00 to 10.00	-	
	MODE FIT	OFF	ON / OFF	-	Valid only when ALGO is THRESH.
	MODE DIFF	3.00	0.01 to 50.00	dB	Invalid when ALGO is RMS.
01405	SMSR MODE	SMSR1	SMSR1/SMSR2/ SMSR3/SMSR4	-	
SMSR	SMSR MASK	±0.00	0.00 to 99.99	nm	
	MODE DIFF	3.00	0.01 to 50.00	dB	
	ALGO	RMS	RMS/PK-RMS	-	-
	THRESH	20.00	0.01 to 50.00	dB	-
RMS	K	2.00	0.01 to 10.00	-	-
	MODE DIFF	3.00	0.01 to 50.00	dB	Invalid when ALGO is RMS.
POWER	SPAN	0.40	0.01 to 10.00	nm	Designation of the integration range with the analyzed center wavelength at the center
	MODE DIFF	3.00	0.01 to 50.00	dB	-
	NOISE ALGO	PIT	AUTO-FIX/ MANUAL-FIX/ AUTO-CTR/ MANUAL-CTR/ PIT	-	-
	NOISE AREA	AUTO	AUTO/ 0.01 to 10.00	nm	-
OSNR	MASK AREA	-	-/ 0.01 to 10.00	nm	-
	FITTING ALGO	LINEAR	LINEAR/GAUSS/ LORENZ/3RD POLY/4TH POLY/5TH POLY	-	-
	NOISE BW	0.10	0.01 to 1.00	nm	-
	SIGNAL POWER	PEAK	PEAK/INTEGRAL	-	-
	INTEGRAL RANGE	10	10 to 999	GHz	-

Concerning the algorithms for DFB-LD analysis, refer to data calculation algorithms for spectrum widths and SMSR analysis algorithms.

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FP-LD Analysis Function

The following parameters for FP-LD light sources are analyzed collectively

- SPECTRUM WIDTH
- MEAN WAVELENGTH
- TOTAL POWER
- MODE NO.

Following table shows the details of parameters for FP-LD analysis.

Parameter	Abbreviation	Default Value	Setting Range	Unit	Description
	ALGO	PK-RMS	ENVELOPE / THRESH / RMS / PK-RMS	-	
ODEOTDUM	THRESH	20	0.01 to 50.00	dB	
SPECTRUM WIDTH	THRESH2	20	0.01 to 50.00	dB	Valid only when ALGO is ENVELOPE.
	K	2	1.00 to 10.00	-	
	MODE FIT	OFF	ON / OFF	-	Valid only when ALGO is THRESH.
	MODE DIFF	3	0.01 to 50.00	dB	
	ALGO	PK-RMS	ENVELOPE / THRESH / RMS / PK-RMS	-	
MEAN	THRESH	20	0.01 to 50.00	dB	
WAVELENGTH	THRESH2	20	0.01 to 50.00	dB	Valid only when ALGO is ENVELOPE.
	K	2	1.00 to 10.00	-	
	MODE FIT	OFF	ON / OFF	-	Valid only when ALGO is THRESH.
	MODE DIFF	3	0.01 to 50.00	dB	
TOTAL POWER	OFFSET LEVEL	0	-10.00 to 10.00	dB	
	ALGO	PK-RMS	ENVELOPE / THRESH / RMS / PK-RMS	-	
	THRESH	20.00	0.01 to 50.00	dB	
MODE NO.	THRESH2	20.00	0.01 to 50.00	dB	Valid only when ALGO is ENVELOPE.
	K	2.00	1.00 to 10.00	-	
	MODE FIT	OFF	ON / OFF	-	Valid only when ALGO is THRESH.
	MODE DIFF	3.00	0.01 to 50.00	dB	

Concerning the algorithms for FP-LD analysis, refer to data calculation algorithms for spectrum widths and power analysis algorithms.

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LED Analysis Function

The following parameters for LED light sources are analyzed collectively.

- SPECTRUM WIDTH
- MEAN WAVELENGTH
- TOTAL POWER

Following table shows the details of parameters for LED analysis.

Parameter	Abbreviation	Default Value	Setting Range	Unit	Description
	ALGO	THRESH	ENVELOPE / THRESH / RMS / PK-RMS	-	
ODEOTOUM	THRESH	3	0.01 to 50.00	dB	
SPECTRUM WIDTH	THRESH2	20	0.01 to 50.00	dB	Valid only when ALGO is ENVELOPE.
WIDIN	K	1	1.00 to 10.00	-	
	MODE FIT	OFF	OFF ON/OFF		Valid only when ALGO is THRESH.
	MODE DIFF	3	0.01 to 50.00	dB	
	ALGO	RMS	ENVELOPE / THRESH / RMS / PK-RMS	-	
MEAN	THRESH	20	0.01 to 50.00	dB	
=/	THRESH2	20	0.01 to 50.00	dB	Valid only when ALGO is ENVELOPE.
WAVELENGTH	K	2	1.00 to 10.00		
	MODE FIT	OFF	ON / OFF	-	Valid only when ALGO is THRESH.
	MODE DIFF	3	0.01 to 50.00	dB	
TOTAL POWER	OFFSET LEVEL	0	-10.00 to 10.00	dB	

Concerning the algorithms for LED analysis, refer to data calculation algorithms for spectrum widths and power analysis algorithms.

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Appendix 4 Detailed Explanations of WDM Analysis Function

This function provides the analyses of NOISE level and SNR in each mode within the measurement range of WDM waveforms.

Items for analysis

NO.: Channel No. i

WAVELENGTH: Center wavelength λi of the channel

LEVEL: Level (peak level – noise level) Li of the channel

OFFSET WL: Relative wavelength to the wavelength of the reference channel (REF)

OFFSET LVL: Relative level to the level of the reference channel (REF)

SPACING: Wavelength spacing to the adjacent channel LVL DIFF: Level difference from then adjacent channel

NOISE: Noise level LNi of the channel SNR: SNR value SNi of the channel

GRID WL: Nearest GRID wavelength to the channel MEAS WL: Center wavelength λi of the channel

REL WL: Relative wavelength to the nearest GRID wavelength of the channel

Note.

Indications of dBm/nm and dBm/THz are forcibly changed to dBm indications before execution.

List of Parameters

Related to Channel Detection

Parameter	Default	Setting Range	Unit	Description
THRESH	20.0	0.1 to 99.9	dB	Threshold value for channel detection.
MODE DIFF	MODE DIEE 2.0 0.0 to 50.0		dB	Minimum value for peak/bottom
MODE DIFF	3.0	0.0 to 50.0	aB	difference during channel detection.
DISPLAY MASK	OFF	OFF,	dBm	Levels equal to or below this level are not
	OFF	-100.0 to 0.0	UDIII	detected as WDM channels.

Related to SNR Analysis

Parameter	Default	Setting Range	Unit	Description
NOISE ALGO	AUTO-FIX	AUTO-FIX MANUAL-FIX AUTO-CTR MANUAL-CTR PIT	-	Selection of algorithms for noise level measurement.
NOISE AREA	0.40nm	0.01 to 10.00nm	nm	A range of waveform data for use in noise level analysis is specified as a range centering on channel wavelengths. When N_ALGO is: AUTO-FIX "AUTO" MANUAL-FIX **.** AUTO-CTR "Between Ch" MANUAL-CTR "Between Ch" PIT "-"
MASK AREA	0.20nm	0.01 to 10.00nm	nm	Specify the signal optical spectrum range to be masked within the waveform data, while using the channel wavelength as its center. When N_ALGO is: • AUTO-FIX "-" • MANUAL-FIX When F_ALGO is LINEAR: "-" Other cases: input of parameter values • AUTOL-CTR "-" • MANUAL-CTR When F_ALGO is LINEAR: "-" Other cases: input of parameter values Limiter is applied during input to ensure NOISE AREA is MASK AREA or more.
FITTING ALGO	LINEAR	LINEAR GAUSS LORENZ 3RD POLY 4TH POLY 5TH POLY	-	Selection of a fitting algorithm for obtaining noise levels.
NOISE BW	0.10nm	0.01 to 1.00nm	nm	Setting of noise bandwidth.
DUAL TRACE	OFF	ON/OFF	-	OFF: Active trace is handled as the target for analysis. ON: Wavelengths and levels are calculated from TRACE A. Noise levels are calculated from TRACE B.

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App

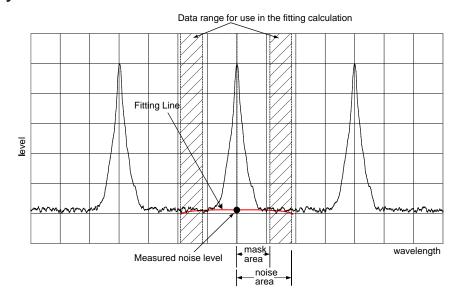
Related to display

Parameter	Default	,	Unit	Description
Parameter	Detault	Setting Range	Unit	Description
DISPLAY TYPE	ABSOLUTE	ABSOLUTE RELATIVE DRIFT(MEAS) DRIFT(GRID)	-	Setting of the format to display wavelengths, levels, noises, and SNRs, which are the results of analyses. ABSOLUTE: display of absolute values RELATIVE: display of relative values compared to GRID. DRIFT(MEAS): display of drift values by using wavelengths measured previously as references. DRIFT(GRID): display of drift values by using the grid wavelengths as references.
CH RELATION	OFFSET	OFFSET SPACING	-	Setting of the format to display wavelengths between channels and level relative values during DISPLAY: ABSOLUTE. This parameter is valid only when DISPLAY is set to ABSOLUTE. OFFSET: Display of offset values by using one arbitrary channel as the reference. SPACING: Display of offset values compared to an adjacent channel
REF CH	HIGHEST	HIGHEST ****	-	Setting of the reference channel when CH RELATION is set to OFFSET. This parameter is valid only when DISPLAY is set to ABSOLUTE and also when CH RELATION is set to OFFSET. HIGHEST: A channel at the highest level is used as the reference. *****: A *****th channel is used as the reference.
MAX/MIN RESET	-	-	-	If pressed, MAX/MIN is RESET. Button valid only when DISPLAY is set to DRIFT
OUTPUT SLOPE	OFF	ON/OFF	-	ON/OFF of the function to obtain the least square approximation line of the channel peak.
POINT DISPLAY	ON	ON/OFF	-	ON/OFF of the function to display the data range used for fitting into the waveform window.

Other settings

other outlings					
Parameter	Default	Setting Range	Unit	Description	
SIGNAL POWER	PEAK	PEAK INTEGRAL	-	Setting of the signal power calculation method PEAK: Peak level value INTEGRAL: Level value per calculation of integral.	
INTEGRAL RANGE	10	10 to 999	GHz	Setting of the integral range for determining the signal power Valid when the SIGNAL POWER setting is INTEGRAL. If the set value is $\Deltaf,$ the integral is calculated in the range of channel center wavelength $\pm\Deltaf.$	

Algorithm for Analysis



- 1. Apply channel detection to measured waveform data using the following procedure:
 - Find all maximum points and minimum points to obtain mode peaks where peak/ bottom differences between maximum points and minimum points on both sides are equal to or greater than MODE DIFF.
 - Of the obtained mode peaks, choose only the ones whose level difference
 compared to the highest peak is equal to or greater than THRESH. Note, however,
 that mode peaks with a level difference equal to or less than DISPLAY MASK
 shall be excluded. The number of mode peaks chosen in this manner shall be the
 Number of Channels "N."
- 2. Obtain the wavelength λ 'i of each mode peak.
- 3. Determine the center wavelengths λi of each mode peak, which are 2 points down A[dB] to the left and right from mode peak $\lambda'I$ (where A[dB] is 3 dB or the MODE DIFF setting, whichever is smaller).
- 4. Determine the signal level LSi of each mode according to the parameter SIGNAL POWER setting.
 - For "PEAK"
 - LSi = Level LPi of each mode peak
 - For "INTEGRAL"
 - LSi = The integral of the power value in the range of the center wavelength $\pm\Delta$ f [GHz] of each mode
 - (Δ f : parameter INTEGRAL RANGE setting value)
- 5. Follow the setting of the parameter NOISE ALGO to determine the noise area and mask area for performing the NOISE fitting.
 - (If the mask area is set outside the noise area when the channel wavelength λi is the center, the mask area and the noise area will become the same value.)
- 6. Obtain the measurement resolution RBi of each channel from the values stored in the AQ6374.
- According to the setting of the parameter FITTING ALGO, generate fitting waveforms
 from the noise area and mask area determined in 5 and obtain the level at the center
 wavelength λi as the noise level Lni.
- 8. Using the signal level LSi and noise level LNi obtained in 4 and 7, determine the level Li of each channel using the following equation.

Li = LSi(linear) ? LNi(linear)

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App Appendix

9. Obtain the normalized noise level LNNi from the equation below.

 $LNNi = [LNi(LOG) - 10 \times Log(RBi[nm])] + 10 \times Log(NBW)$

NBW =noise bandwidth (configurable parameter)

10. Use the mode peak level Li obtained in 8 and 9 and the normalized noise level LNNi to obtain SNi from the following equation.

```
SNi = Li - LNNi
```

11. Display the results of foregoing analyses according to the settings of the parameter DISPLAY SETTING.

Automatic Parameter Setting Function

This unit provides the noise area/mask area automatic setting function. To activate the automatic setting, set the algorithm to AUTO-FIX or AUTO-CTR.

AUTO-FIX

Noise Algorithm

Obtain the left and right noise areas (NA_Ri, NA_Li) of each channel according to the number of detected WDM channels as follows:

When the number of WDM channels "n" is 1

Internally obtain the measurement resolution of SNi calculation trace and the value of the noise measurement point NOISE AREA in accordance with the resolution, and then obtain the values from the following equations.

```
NA_Ri = \lambda i + NOISE AREA
NA Li = λi - NOISE AREA
```

When the number of WDM channels "n" is 2 or more

Obtain the channel spacing of each channel (spacing of λi .) With the minimum spacing set to SPACING as well as NOISE AREA = SPACING / 2, obtain the NOISE AREA. Finally, obtain the values from the following equations.

```
NA_Ri = \lambda i + NOISE AREA (i = 1,2,...,n)
NA Li = \lambda i - NOISE AREA ( i = 1, 2, ..., n )
```

Fitting Algorithm

While the setting is at AUTO-FIX, LINEAR is used for the fitting algorithm, which is calculated as follows.

- · Obtain ELi and ERi as the level (LOG) of each position of the noise areas NA Li and
- · Use the data of the straight line connecting the two points of ELi and ERi to fill the inside of the fitting range.
- Set the level of λi of the data generated in the fitting to the noise level LNi.

Due to being set to LINEAR, it is not possible to set the mask areas.

AUTO-CTR

Noise Algorithm

Obtain the left and right noise areas (NA_Ri, NA_Li) of each channel according to the number of detected WDM channels as follows (while treating the center points between channels as NA_Ri and NA_Li).

When the number of WDM channels "n" is 1

Internally obtain the measurement resolution of SNi calculation trace and the value of the noise measurement point NOISE AREA in accordance with the resolution, and then obtain the values from the following equations.

NA Ri = λi + NOISE AREA NA Li = λi - NOISE AREA

When the number of WDM channels "n" is 2 or more

```
\begin{split} &\lambda N1 = (3\lambda_1 - \lambda_2)/2 \\ &i=2,3,...,n \\ &\lambda Ni = (\lambda_i - \lambda_{i-1})/2 \\ &\lambda Nn+1 = (3\lambda_n - \lambda_{n}-1)/2 \end{split} If the above values are calculated, the following results will be generated. i=1,2,...,n \\ &NA\_Li = \lambda i - \Delta \lambda \\ &NA\_Ri = \lambda i + \Delta \lambda \\ &(\text{where } \Delta \lambda \text{ is } \Delta \lambda L \text{ or } \Delta \lambda R, \text{ whichever is smaller}) \\ &\Delta \lambda L = \lambda i - \lambda Ni \\ &\Delta \lambda R = \lambda Ni + 1 \end{split}
```

Fitting Algorithm

While the setting to AUTO-CTR, LINEAR is used for the fitting algorithm, which is calculated as follow.

- Obtain ELi and ERi as the level (LOG) of each position of the noise areas NA_Li and NA_Ri
- Use the data of the straight line connecting the two points of ELi and ERi to fill the inside of the fitting range.
- Set the level of λi of the data generated in the fitting to the noise level LNi.

Note

Due to being set to LINEAR, it is not possible to set the mask areas.

PIT

Noise Algorithm

Obtain the noise areas for measured waveform to the minimum level position of a before the next channel in each channel.

When inside noise areas obtain at the left and right noise areas of each channel. outside noise areas is applied.

When the number of WDM channels "n" is 1

Internally obtain the measurement resolution of SNi calculation trace and the value of the noise measurement point NOISE AREA in accordance with the resolution, and then obtain the values from the following equations.

```
NA_Ri = \lambda i + NOISE AREA
NA_Li = \lambda i - NOISE AREA
```

When the number of WDM channels "n" is 2 or more

```
I=1

NA_Li = \lambda i - (\lambda Ni - \lambda i)

NA_Ri = \lambda Ni

i=2,3,...,n-1

NA_Li = \lambda N(i - 1)

NA_Ri = \lambda Ni

i=n

NA_Li = \lambda N(i - 1)

NA_Ri = \lambda N(i - 1)

NA_Ri = \lambda N(i - 1)
```

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Fitting Algorithm

While the setting to PIT, LINEAR is used for the fitting algorithm, which is calculated as follows

- Obtain ELi and ERi as the level (LOG) of each position of the noise areas NA_Li and NA_Ri.
- Use the data of the straight line connecting the two points of ELi and ERi to fill the inside of the fitting range.
- Set the level of λi of the data generated in the fitting to the noise level LNi.

Note:

Due to being set to LINEAR, it is not possible to set the mask areas

Setting of the Parameter "DUAL TRACE"

This function enables more precise analyses by measuring waveforms with different measurement resolutions at trace A and trace B and also by performing measurements with resolutions different in noise level from the signal level of each channel.

When "DUAL TRACE" is ON, targets for the analysis of each trace will be:

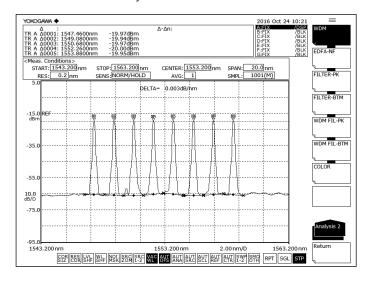
TRACE A: trace subject to channel detection

TRACE A: calculation traces λi and Li

TRACE B: noise level LNi calculation trace

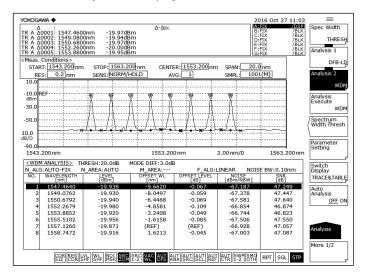
OUTPUT SLOPE Function

The parameter "OUTPUT SLOPE" provides a function to obtain the least square approximation curve of channel peaks. This function makes it possible to measure gain tilts. If "OUTPUT SLOPE" is set to ON, results will be displayed in the waveform display section and in the analysis table.



Items to be Displayed When DISPLAY is Set ABSOLUTE

Results of analyses are displayed in absolute values.



Explanations of display items

NO: Channel number

WAVELENGTH: Center wavelength of the channel

LEVEL: Level of the channel (peak level – noise level)

OFFSET WL: Relative wavelength to the wavelength of the reference channel (REF)

OFFSET LVL: Relative level to the wavelength of the reference channel (REF)

SPACING: Wavelength spacing with the adjacent channel LVL DIFF: Level difference from the adjacent channel

NOISE: Noise level of the channel SNR: SNR value of the channel

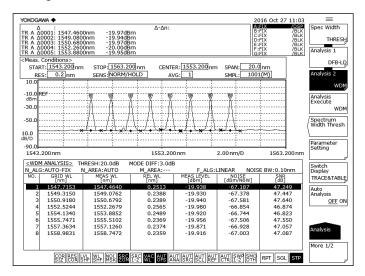
- OFFSET WL/LVL is displayed when the parameter CH RELATION is "OFFSET." SPACING and LVL DIFF are displayed when the parameter CH RELATION is "SPACING."
- When ABSOLUTE and CH RELATION are OFFSET, it is possible either to set the
 reference channel to the mode peak with the highest level or to set a mode peak that
 will become the reference arbitrarily.
 - When REF CH is HIGHEST
 The WDM mode peak with the highest level shall be the reference. The wavelength difference and level difference (LOG) compared to it shall be OFFSET WL and OFFSET LVL of each WDM mode peak.
 - When REF CH is ***

REF CHANNEL*** shall be the reference. The wavelength difference and level difference (LOG) against it shall be OFFSET WL and OFFSET LVL of each WDM mode peak. (If the ***th mode peak does not exist, the WDM mode peak on the longest wavelength shall be the reference.)

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RELATIVE

Of the analytical results, wavelength values are displayed as relative values to the values in the grid table.



Explanations of display items

NO: Channel number

GRID WL: GRID wavelength of the channel MEAS WL: Center wavelength of the channel

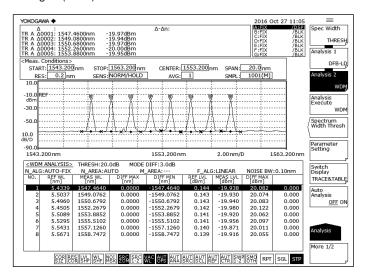
REL WL: Relative wavelength to the GRID wavelengths of the channel

MEAS LVL: Level of the channel (peak level – noise level)

NOISE: Noise level of the channel SNR: SNR value of the channel

DRIFT(MEAS)

Wavelengths measured previously are used as references to display wavelength/level changes (drifts).



Explanations of display items

NO: Channel number

REF WL: Reference wavelength of the channel

(previous wavelength measured)

MEAS WL: Center wavelength of the channel

DIFF MAX (wavelength): Maximum value of the relative wavelength to the reference

wavelength of the channel

DIFF MIN (wavelength): Minimum value of the relative wavelength to the reference

wavelength of the channel

REF LVL: Reference level of the channel (previous measurement level)

MEAS WL: Measurement level of the channel

DIFF MAX (level): Maximum value of the relative level to the reference level of

the channel

DIFF MIN (level): Minimum value of the relative level to the reference level of

the channel

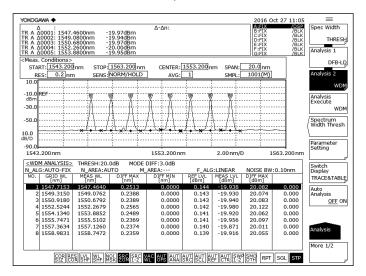
Reference wavelength/level can be changed under the following conditions.

- Active trace waveform data when MAX/MIN RESET is set by the parameter.
- The first waveform data measured when wavelength axes (SPAN WL/START WL/ STOP WL) were changed according to the measurement conditions.

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DRIFT(GRID)

Grid wavelengths are used as references to display wavelength/level changes (drifts). Note that reference levels are previous measurement levels.



Explanations of display items

NO: Channel number

GRID WL: Reference wavelength of the channel (grid wavelength)

MEAS WL: Center wavelength of the channel

DIFF MAX (wavelength): Maximum value of the relative wavelength to the reference

wavelength of the channel

DIFF MIN (wavelength): Minimum value of the relative wavelength to the reference

wavelength of the channel

REF LVL: Reference level of the channel (previous measurement level)

MEAS WL: Measurement level of the channel

DIFF MAX (level): Maximum value of the relative level to the reference level of the

channel

DIFF MIN (level): Minimum value of the relative level to the reference level of the

channel

- Absolute values and reference values to the GRID table are displayed. The GRID table can be freely configured.
- Reference wavelengths/levels can be changed under the following conditions:
 - When MAX/MIN RESET is set by the parameter, reset is performed by the active trace waveform data.
 - Reset is performed by the first waveform data that was measured when wavelength axes (SPAN WL/START WL/STOP WL) were changed by measurement conditions.

Appendix 5 Details of Optical Amplifier Analysis Function

This function enables the analysis of gains and NF (noise figures) of optical fiber amplifiers.

Items to be analyzed

i Center wavelength of each channel. -> Center frequency during the frequency mode.

LINi Signal optical power of each channel (after OFFSET compensation)
LOUTi Output optical power of each channel (after OFFSET compensation)

LASEi ASE power of each channel (after OFFSET compensation)

Rbi Measurement resolution of each channel

Gi Gain of each channel
NFi NF of each channel

List of parameters

Related to channel detection

Parameter	Default	Setting Range	Unit	Description			
THRESH	20.0	0.1 to 99.9	dB	Threshold value for channel detection.			
MODE DIFF	3.0	0.0 to 50.0	dB	Minimum value of the peak/bottom difference during channel detection			
OFFSET(IN)	0.00	-99.99 to 99.99	dB	Level offset value of signal optical power.			
OFFSET(OUT)	0.00	-99.99 to 99.99	dB	Level offset value of output optical power.			
ASE ALGO	AUTO-FIX	AUTO-FIX MANUAL-FIX AUTO-CTR MANUAL-CTR	-	Selection of the algorithm for ASE level measurement.			
				A range of waveform data for use in ASE level analysis is specified as a range centering on channel wavelengths. When A_ALGO is			
FIT AREA	0.40nm	0.01 to 10.00nm	nm	• AUTO-FIX: "AUTO"			
1117414271	0.1011111	0.01 10 10.001111		MANUAL-FIX: **.**			
				AUTO-CTR: "Between Ch"			
				MANUAL-CTR: "Between Ch"			
MASK AREA	0.20nm	0.01 to 10.00nm	nm	Of the waveform data, specify the signal optical spectrum range for masking, which centers on the channel wavelength. When A_ALGO is AUTO-FIX: "-" MANUAL-FIX When F_ALGO is LINEAR: "-" Other cases: input of parameter value. AUTOL-CTR: "-" MANUAL-CTR When F_ALGO is LINEAR: "-" Other cases: input of parameter value. Apply the limiter during input to ensure FITTING AREA is MASK AREA or more.			
FITTING ALGO	LINEAR	LINEAR GAUSS LORENZ 3RD POLY 4TH POLY 5TH POLY	-	Selection of the fitting algorithm for obtaining ASE levels			
POINT DISPLAY	ON	ON / OFF	-	ON/OFF for the function to display data range used for fitting in the waveform window.			
RES BW	CAL DATA	MEASURED CAL DATA	-	Set the method for calculating the measurement resolution RBi of each channel. MEASURED: Determine the value of the THRESH 3dB width for each channel from the TRACE B waveform and set to RBi. CAL DATA: Set the actual resolution value stored in the instrument to RB			
SHOT NOISE	ON	ON / OFF	-	Shot Noise component is included in computation of the NF value. ON: Shot Noise component included in computation of the NF value. OFF: Shot Noise component not included in computation of the NF value.			

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Algorithm for analysis

- 1 Apply the WDM analysis to the signal optical waveform data of Trace A to perform channel detection. Note, however, that the parameter DISPLAY MASK is not used.
- 2 Obtain the center wavelength λi of each channel and signal optical level LIN'i of Trace A optical signal.
- 3 Obtain the output optical level LOUT'i of each channel from the output optical waveform data of Trace B.
- 4 Obtain LINi and LOUTi, which are generated by compensating OFFSET(IN,OUT) for signal optical level and output optical level, respectively.
- 5 According to the setting of the parameter ASE ALGO, determine fitting area and mask area for performing the ASE fitting.
- 6 Set the method for calculating the measurement resolution RBi of each channel.
 - MEASURED: Determine the value of the THRESH 3dB width for each channel from the Trace B waveform and set to RBi.
 - · CAL DATA: Set the actual resolution value stored in the instrument to RBi.
- 7 Remove the signal optical SE elements contained in the output optical spectrum in the following order and write the result into Trace C.
 - Obtain levels (linear) on both sides of the channel of the fitting area that was obtained in 5.
 - Use the obtained levels on both sides to obtain the provisional ASE level LB'i via the linear interpolation.
 - Obtain LBi, which is generated by compensating OFFSET(OUT) for the provisional ASE level LB'i.
 - Obtain the provisional gain G'I using the following equation.
 G'i=(LOUTi LBi)/LINi
 - Multiply the Trace A data (linear) by the provisional gain G'I and subtract the result from the Trace B data (linear). Then, write the result into Trace C.
- 8 In the Trace C data (linear) generated in 7, perform a fitting according to the settings of the parameter FITTING ALGO and create the estimated ASE spectrum in Trace C. The data for use in the fitting is from the range of the center wavelength of each channel ± FIT AREA to the range of MASK AREA. Obtain the level at λi in Trace C as the ASE level LASE'I (linear). Then, obtain LASEi, which is generated by compensating OFFSET (OUT) for it.

Calculate gain G and NF (linear) from the following equations.

Gain G

NF value (during the air wavelength mode)

$$NFi = \frac{N(\lambda i)^2}{h \ x \ c^2} \ x \ \frac{\lambda i^3}{RBi} \ x \ \frac{LASEi}{G} + \frac{1}{G} \qquad \text{(SHOT NOISE parameter:ON)}$$

$$NFi = \frac{N(\lambda i)^2}{h \ x \ c^2} \ x \ \frac{\lambda i^3}{RBi} \ x \ \frac{LASEi}{G}$$
 (SHOT NOISE parameter:OFF)

NF value (during the vacuum wavelength mode)

NFi =
$$\frac{1}{h \times c^2} \times \frac{\lambda^{i3}}{RBi} \times \frac{LASEi}{G} + \frac{1}{G}$$
 (SHOT NOISE parameter:ON)

NFi =
$$\frac{1}{h \times c^2} \times \frac{\lambda^{i3}}{RBi} \times \frac{LASEi}{G}$$
 (SHOT NOISE parameter:OFF)

N(λi): Refraction index of the air

C: Speed of light in the vacuum 2.99792458×108[m/s]

h: Planck's constant 6.6260755×10⁻³⁴[J•s]

Perform LOG conversion for Nfi, Gi, and LASEi.

Automatic Parameter Setting Function

The AQ6374 provides a fit area/mask area automatic setting function.

AUTO-FIX

ASE algorithm

The fitting algorithm is LINEAR.

Since the algorithm is LINEAR, the mask area setting will not be required.

Obtain the left and right fit areas (NA_Ri, NA_Li) of each channel by using the number of detected channels as follows.

When the number of channels "n" is 1

Internally obtain the measurement resolution of trace B and the value of the noise measurement point NOISE AREA in accordance with the resolution, and obtain the fit areas from the following equations.

NA_Ri =
$$\lambda i$$
 + NOISE AREA
NA_Li = λi - NOISE AREA

When the number of channels "n" is 2 or more

Obtain the channel spacing (spacing of λi) of each channel. Set the minimum spacing to SPACING and also use the following to obtain the NOISE AREA.

NA_Ri =
$$\lambda i$$
 + NOISE AREA (i =1,2,..., n)
NA_Li = λi - NOISE AREA (i =1,2,..., n)

AUTO-CTR

ASE algorithm

The fitting algorithm is LINEAR.

Since the algorithm is LINEAR, the mask area setting will not be required.

Obtain the left and right fit areas (NA_Ri, NA_Li) of each channel by using the number of detected channels as follows (center points between channels are treated as NA_Ri, NA_Li.)

When the number of channels "n" is 1

Internally obtain the measurement resolution of trace B and the value of the noise measurement point NOISE AREA in accordance with the resolution, and obtain the fit areas from the following equations.

```
NA_Ri = λi + NOISE AREA
NA_Li = λi - NOISE AREA
```

When the number of channels "n" is 2 or more

```
\begin{split} &\lambda N1 = (3\lambda_1 - \lambda_2)/2 \\ &i=2,3,...,n \\ &\lambda Ni = (\lambda_i + \lambda_{i-1})/2 \\ &\lambda Nn+1 = (3\lambda - \lambda_{n-1})/2 \\ &\text{Perform the calculations.} \\ &i=1,2,...,n \\ &NA\_Li = \lambda i - \Delta \lambda \\ &NA\_Ri = \lambda i + \Delta \lambda \\ &(\text{where } \Delta \lambda \text{ is } \Delta \lambda L \text{ or } \Delta \lambda R, \text{ whichever is smaller)} \\ &\Delta \lambda L = \lambda i - \lambda Ni \\ &\Delta \lambda R = \lambda Ni + 1 \end{split}
```

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Appendix 6 Details of Optical Filter Analysis Function

FILTER-PK Analysis Function

This function enables the collective analysis of measured waveforms of optical filters via multiple parameters.

It can be used for filter analysis only if the number of modes is one. Items and algorithms for analysis are the same as in the AQ6317 series.

Items for analysis

PEAK LEVEL: Peak level
PEAK WAVELENGTH: Peak wavelength
CENTER WAVELENGTH: Center wavelength

SPECTRUM WIDTH: Wavelength width at threshold value TH

RIPPLE WIDTH: Ripple width CROSS TALK: Cross talk

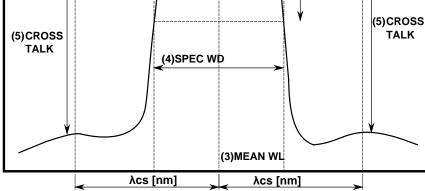
List of Parameters

Item	Parameter	Default	Setting Range	Unit	Description	
PEAK LEVEL	SW	ON	ON or OFF	-	ON/OFF switchover of display.	
PEAL WL	SW	ON	ON or OFF	-	ON/OFF switchover of display.	
,	SW	ON			ON/OFF switchover of display	
			THRESH		Selection of algorithm for spectrum	
	ALGO	THRESH	RMS	-	width.	
	THRESH	THRESH: 3.00		dB	Threshold value for channel detection.	
	LEVEL	RMS: 3.00	0.1 to 50.0		Valid only when ALGO is THRESH.	
	.,	THRESH: 1.00	1.00 to 10.00	-	Multiplying factor.	
CENTER WL	K	RMS : -			Valid only when ALGO is THRESH.	
		THRESH : OFF	ON or OFF		Whether "half of maximum point" is set	
	MODE FIT			-	to the mode peak or not.	
		RMS : -			Valid only when ALGO is THRESH.	
		THRESH: 3.00			Minimum value of the peak/bottom	
	MODE DIFF	RMS : -	0.0 to 50.0	dB	difference during channel detection.	
		IXIVIO			Valid only when ALGO is THRESH.	
	SW	ON	ON or OFF	-	ON/OFF switchover of display.	
	ALGO	THRESH	THRESH	_	Selection of algorithm for spectrum	
			RMS		width.	
	THRESH	THRESH: 3.00	0.1 to 50.0	dB	Threshold for channel detection.	
SPECTRUM	LEVEL	RMS: 3.00			NA III I C	
WIDTH	K	THRESH: 1.00	1.00 to 10.00	-	Multiplying factor.	
		RMS : -			Valid only when ALGO is THRESH.	
		THRESH : OFF RMS : -	011 055		Whether "half of maximum point" is set	
	MODE FIT		ON or OFF	-	to the mode peak or not.	
					Valid only when ALGO is THRESH.	
SPECTRUM	MODE DIFF	THRESH: 3.00 RMS:-	0.0 to 50.0	dB	Minimum value of the peak/bottom	
WIDTH					difference during channel detection.	
	SW	ON	ON or OFF		Valid only when ALGO is THRESH. ON/OFF switchover of display.	
	THRESH	ON	ON OF OFF	-	ON/OFF switchover of display.	
RIPPLE	LEVEL	3	0.1 to 50.0	dB	Threshold value for channel detection.	
WIDTH	MODE DIEE	0.5	0 000 to 50 000	-ID	Minimum value of the peak/bottom	
	MODE DIFF	0.5	0.000 to 50.000 dB		difference during channel detection.	
	SW	ON	ON or OFF	-	ON/OFF switchover of display.	
	ALGO		THRESH		Selection of algorithm for spectrum	
		THRESH	PK LVL	-	width.	
			GRID		Widti.	
	THRESH LEVEL	THRESH: 3.00			Threshold value for channel detection.	
		PK LVL : -	0.1 to 50.0	dB	Valid only when ALGO is THRESH.	
		GRID : -			Valid Offity When ALGO is 11 INCOM.	
	К	THRESH: 1.00		-	Multiplying factor	
CROSS TALK		PK LVL : -	1.00 to 10.00		Multiplying factor. Valid only when ALGO is THRESH.	
		GRID : -				
	MODE FIT	THRESH : OFF			Whether "half of maximum point" is set	
		PK LVL : -	ON or OFF	-	to the mode peak or not.	
		GRID : -			Valid only when ALGO is THRESH.	
		THRESH: 3.00		-	Minimum value of the peak/bottom	
	MODE DIFF	PK LVL : -	0.0 to 50.0		difference during channel detection.	
		GRID : -			Valid only when ALGO is THRESH.	
	CH SPACE	0.4	0.00 to 50.00	nm	Setting of channel spacing	
	SEARCH		0.01 to 10.00		Setting of the analysis range.	
	0 = /	0.01		nm		

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(6)RIPPLE WIDTHY TH[dB]

(1)PEAK_LVL(2)PEAK WL



(1) Peak level (PEAK LVL):

Details of Analyses

value of the level at the waveform peak position

(2) Peak wavelength (PEAK WL):

value of the wavelength at the waveform peak ...

(3) Center wavelength (MEAN WL): value of the center wavelength at the threshold

value of the center wavelength at the threshold value TH

(4) Spectrum width (SPEC WD):

spectrum width at the threshold value TH

(5) Cross talk (CRS TALK)

In the case of THRESH / PEAK LV algorithms

Obtain the value of the level on the reference wavelength (MEAN WL for THRESH and PEAK WL for PEAK LV). Also, obtain the value of the level at the wavelength which is $\pm\lambda$ CH SPACE[nm] away from the reference wavelength. Then, set the difference in level value between the two to the cross talk.

In the case of ITU-T algorithms

Set the ITU-T grid wavelength, which is nearest to the peak wavelength, to the reference wavelength. Set the difference between the bottom level within the range of the reference wavelength $\pm\lambda$ SEARCH AREA[nm] and the peak level within the range of the position $\pm\lambda$ CH SPACE[nm] away from the reference wavelength $\pm\lambda$ SEARCH AREA[nm] to the cross talk.

(6) Ripple width (RIPPLE WD):

Perform a spectrum width search. Set the value of the peak level – bottom level within the obtained spectrum width to the ripple width.

Note

- Unless the parameter "MODE DIFF" is set to a value smaller than uneven portions of a waveform regarded as a ripple, RIPPLE = 0 will result.
- RIPPLE = 0 if the parameter setting is "THRESH" < "MODE DIFF"

FILTER-BTM Analysis Function

This function enables the collective analysis of multiple parameters via the measured waveforms of optical filters.

It is used for filter analysis if the number of modes is one. Items and algorithms for analysis are the same as in the AQ6317 series.

Items for analysis

BOTTOM LEVEL: Bottom level

BOTTOM WAVELENGTH: Bottom wavelength CENTER WAVELENGTH: Center wavelength

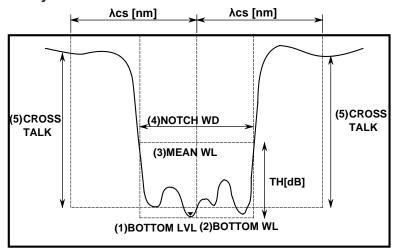
NOTCH WIDTH: Notch width CROSS TALK: Cross talk

List of parameters

Item	Parameter	Default	Setting Range	Unit	Description	
BOTTOM LEVEL	SW	ON	ON or OFF	-	ON/OFF switchover of display.	
BOTTOM WL	SW	ON	ON or OFF	-	ON/OFF switchover of display.	
	SW	ON			ON/OFF switchover of display.	
CENTER WL	ALGO	воттом	PEAK BOTTOM	-	Selection of algorithm for spectrum width.	
	THRESH LEVEL	3	0.1 to 50.0	dB	Threshold value for channel detection.	
	MODE DIFF	3			Minimum value of the peak/bottom difference during channel detection.	
NOTCH	SW	ON	ON or OFF	-	ON/OFF switchover of display.	
	ALGO	воттом	PEAK BOTTOM	-	Selection of algorithm for spectrum width.	
WIDTH	THRESH LEVEL	3	0.1 to 50.0	dB Threshold value for channel detection.		
	MODE DIFF	3	0.0 to 50.0 dB difference during channel dete		Minimum value of the peak/bottom difference during channel detection. Valid only when ALGO is THRESH.	
	SW	ON	ON or OFF	-	ON/OFF switchover of display.	
CROSS TALK	ALGO	воттом	PEAK BOTTOM BOTTOM_LVL GRID	-	Selection of algorithm for spectrum width.	
	THRESH 3		0.1 to 50.0	dB	Threshold value for channel detection. Valid when ALGO is PEAK/BOTTOM.	
	MODE DIFF 3		00 to 50.0	-	Multiplying factor. Valid only when ALGO is THRESH.	
	CH SPACE	0.4	0.0 to 50.00	nm	Setting of channel spacing.	
	SEARCH AREA	0.01	0.01 to 10.00	nm	Setting of the range of analysis. Valid only when ALGO is GRID.	

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Details of Analysis



(1) Bottom level (BTM LVL): Value of level at the waveform bottom position

(2) Bottom wavelength (BTM WL): Value of wavelength at the waveform bottom

position

(3) Center wavelength (MEAN WL): Value of center wavelength at the threshold value

TH

(4) Notch width (NOTCH WD): Notch width at the threshold value TH

(5) Cross talk (CRS TALK)

In the case of PEAK / BOTTOM / BOTTOM LV algorithms

Obtain the level value at the reference wavelength (MEAN WL for PEAK/BOTTOM, BOTTOM WL for BOTTOM LV). Also, obtain the level value at the wavelength which is $\pm\lambda$ CH SPACE[nm] away from the reference wavelength. Then, set the difference in level value between the two to the cross talk.

In the case of ITU-T algorithms

Set the ITU-T grid wavelength, which is nearest the bottom wavelength, to the reference wavelength. Set the difference between the peak level within the range of the reference wavelength $\pm\lambda$ SEARCH AREA[nm] and the bottom level within the range of the position $\pm\lambda$ CH SPACE[nm] away from the reference wavelength $\pm\lambda$ SEARCH AREA[nm] to the cross talk.

WDM FILTER PEAK Analysis Function

This function enables the collective analysis of multiple items for each channel via the measured waveforms of multi-channel optical filters.

It also enables filter analysis for multi-mode waveforms, which is different from FILTER-PK analysis.

Items for analysis

Item for Analysis	Description
NOMINAL WAVELENGTH	Reference wavelength/frequency of each channel.
PEAL WAVELENGTH / LEVEL	Peak wavelength/frequency and level of each channel.
xdB WIDTH / CENTER WAVELENGTH	xdB width of each channel and its center wavelength/frequency.
xdB STOP BAND	Wavelength width/frequency width across xdB of each channel.
xdB PASS BAND	Pass band xdB from the bottom within the TEST BAND of each channel.
RIPPLE	Max-min level (flatness) within the TEST BAND of each channel.
CROSS TALK	Difference in level from the position xnm away from each channel.

List of Parameters

Item	Parameter	Default	Setting Range	Unit
CHANNEL DETECTION/	ALGO	MEAN	PEAK / MEAN / GRID/ GRID FIT	-
NOMINAL	MODE DIFF	3	0.1 to 50.0	dB
	THRESH LEVEL	20	0.1 to 99.9	dB
WAVELENGTH	TEST BAND	0.1	0.001 to 9.999	nm
PEAK WAVELENGTH/ LEVELI	SW	ON	ON / OFF	-
XdB WIDTH	SW	ON	ON / OFF	-
CENTER WAVELENGTH	THRESH LEVEL	3	0.1 to 50.0	dB
XdB STOP BAND	SW	ON	ON / OFF	-
AUD STOP BAIND	THRESH LEVEL	-10	-90.00 to 30.00	dB
	SW	ON	ON / OFF	-
XdB PASS BAND	THRESH LEVEL	3.0	0.1 to 50.0	dB
	TEST BAND	0.20	0.01 to 99.99	nm
RIPPLE	SW	ON	ON / OFF	-
RIFFLE	TEST BAND	0.20	0.01 to 99.99	nm
	SW	ON	ON / OFF	
CROSS TALK	SPACING	0.80	0.01 to 99.99	nm
	TEST BAND	0.20	0.01 to 99.99	nm

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Algorithms for analysis

CHANNEL DETECTION/NOMINAL WAVELENGTH

Parameter

THRESH LEVEL MODE DIFF ALGO TEST BAND

Procedure

PEAK

Channel: Each mode peak detected via a mode search

(Except for the mode peaks at levels which are lower than the mode at the highest level by THRESH[dB] or less.)

· Reference wavelength: Wavelength of each mode peak.

• Peak wavelength/level: Wavelength and level of each mode peak.

MEAN

Channel: Each mode peak detected via a mode search

(Except for the mode peaks at levels which are lower than the mode at the highest level by THRESH[dB] or less.)

Reference wavelength: 3 dB center wavelength at each mode peak.
Peak wavelength/level: Wavelength and level of each mode peak.

GRID FIT

Channel: Modes within the range of GRID wavelength ± (TEST)

BAND/2) among the mode peaks detected via a mode search (except for the mode peaks at levels which are lower than the mode at the highest level by THRESH[dB]

or less).

If the number of relevant modes in one GRID is more than one, only the mode at the highest level will be regarded as

the channel.

· Reference wavelength: GRID wavelength nearest to each channel.

• Peak wavelength/level: Wavelength and level of the mode peak of each channel.

GRID

Channel: A mode search shall not be performed. All GRID

wavelengths within the range of analysis shall be the

channels.

Reference wavelength: GRID wavelength of each channel.

· Peak wavelength/level: Peak wavelength and peak level within the range of GRID

wavelength ± (TEST BAND/2) of each channel.

PEAK WAVELENGTH/LEVEL

Parameter

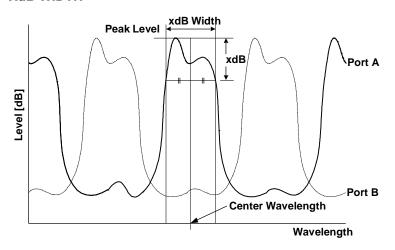
THRESH LEVEL

MODE DIFF

Procedure

- Apply WDM analysis to the waveform data of an active trace and perform channel detection. Note that the parameter DISPLAY MASK is not used.
- Obtain the mode peak wavelength (PEAK WAVELENGTH) of each channel of the active trace and its signal optical level (PEAK LEVEL).

XdB WIDTH



Parameter

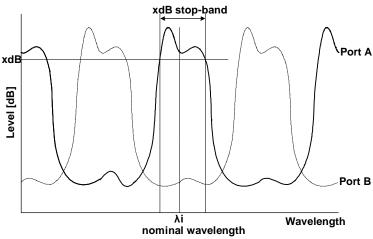
THRESH LEVEL

Procedure

Obtain the width (xdB_Width), which is below the peak level LPi of each channel by the parameter THRESH LEVEL both on the left and on the right, and its center wavelength. The algorithm for analysis is the same as the algorithm THRESH of the spectrum width.

App-40





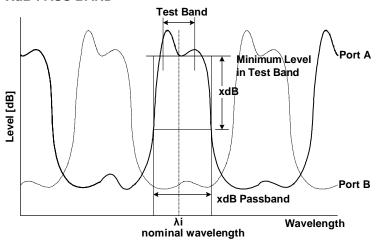
Parameter

THRESH LEVEL

Procedure

Obtain the width (xdB_stop-band) that centers on the reference wavelength λi of each channel and that is located below by the parameter THRESH LEVEL both on the left and on the right.





Parameter

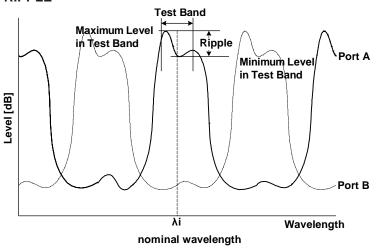
THRESH LEVEL **TEST BAND**

Procedure

- Perform the bottom search within the range of parameter Test_Band/2 by centering on reference wavelength λi of each channel and obtain the bottom level (LBi).
- Obtain the width (xdB_pass-band) that is below the bottom level LBi obtained in the above procedure by the parameter THRESH LEVEL.

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RIPPLE



Parameter

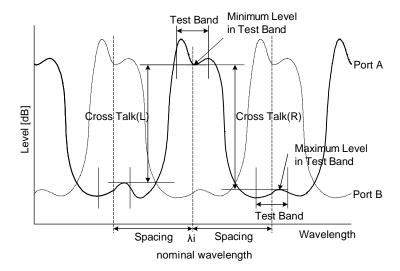
TEST BAND

Procedure

- Perform the peak search and bottom search within the range of parameter Test_ Band/2 by centering on the reference wavelength λi of each channel, and obtain the peak level (LP'i) and the bottom level (LB'i).
- Use the peak level (LP'i) and bottom level (LB'i) obtained in the above procedure to obtain the ripple from the following equation:

Ripple = LP'i - LB'i

CROSS TALK



Parameter SPACING TEST BAND

Procedure

- Perform a bottom search within the range of parameter Test_Band/2 while centering on reference wavelength (λi) of each channel and obtain the bottom level (LBi).
- Perform a peak search within the range of parameter Test_Band/2 while centering on the point (λi-λSP) that is obtained by subtracting the parameter SPACING from the reference wavelength λi of each channel. Then, obtain the peak level (LPLi).
- Perform a peak search within the range of parameter Test_Band/2 while centering on the point (λi+λSP) that is obtained by adding the parameter SPACING to the reference wavelength λi of each channel. Then, obtain the peak level (LPRi).
- Use the values obtained in the above procedure to obtain the left and right cross talks (XTLi, XTRi) of each channel from the following equations:

XTLi = Lbi - LPLi XTRi = Lbi - LPRi

WDM FILTER BOTTOM Analysis Function

This function enables the collective analysis of multiple items of each channel via the measured waveforms of multi-channel optical filters.

It also enables filter analysis for multi-mode waveforms, which is different from the FILTER-BTM analysis.

Items for analysis

Item for Analysis	Description
NOMINAL WAVELENGTH	Reference wavelength/frequency of each channel.
BOTTOM WAVELENGTH / LEVEL	Peak wavelength/frequency and level of each channel
xdB NOTCH WIDTH /	xdB notch width of each channel and its center wavelength/
CENTER WAVELENGTH	frequency.
xdB STOP BAND	Wavelength width / frequency width across xdB of each channel.
xdB ELIMINATION BAND	Elimination band that is xdB from the bottom within the test band of each channel.
RIPPLE	Max-min level (flatness) within the test band of each channe.
CROSS TALK	Difference in level between the positions that are xnm away in each channel.

List of Parameters

Item	Parameter	Default	Setting Range	Unit
CHANNEL DETECTION/	ALGO	NOTCH(B)	PEAK / NOTCH(P)/ NOTCH(B) / GRID / GRID FIT	-
	MODE DIFF	3.0	0.1 to 50.0	dB
NOMINAL	THRESH LEVEL	20.0	0.1 to 99.9	dB
WAVELENGTH	TEST BAND	0.100	0.001 to 9.999	nm
BOTTOM WAVELENGTH /LEVEL	SW	ON	ON / OFF	-
XdB NOTCH WIDTH/	SW	ON	ON / OFF	-
CENTER	ALGO	NOTCH(B)	NOTCH(P) / NOTCH(B)	-
WAVELENGTH	THRESH LEVEL	3.0	0.1 to 50.0	dB
XdB STOP BAND	SW	ON	ON / OFF	-
AUD STOP BAIND	THRESH LEVEL	-10.000	-90.000 to 30.000	dB
XdB ELIMINATION	SW	ON	ON / OFF	-
BAND	THRESH LEVEL	3.0	0.1 to 50.0	dB
DAND	TEST BAND	0.20	0.01 to 99.99	nm
RIPPLE	SW	ON	ON / OFF	-
NIFFLE	TEST BAND	0.20	0.01 to 99.99	nm
	SW	ON	ON / OFF	-
CROSS TALK	SPACING	0.80	0.01 to 99.99	nm
	TEST BAND	0.20	0.01 to 99.99	nm

Algorithm for analysis

NOMINAL WAVELENGTH

Parameter **ALGO** MODE DIFF THRESH LEVEL

TEST BAND

Procedure **BOTTOM**

> Channel: Each mode bottom detected by a mode search

> > (Except for the mode bottoms at levels which are above the mode at the lowest level by THRESH[dB] or more.)

Reference wavelength: Wavelength of each mode bottom. Bottom wavelength/level: Wavelength/level of each mode bottom.

NOTCH(B)

Reference wavelength:

Wach mode bottom detected by a mode search Channel:

> (Except for the mode bottoms at levels which are above the mode at the lowest level by THRESH[dB] or more.) 3dB-center wavelength with each mode bottom as the

reference (ALGO=BOTTOM).

Bottom wavelength/level: Wavelength and level of each mode peak.

NOTCH(P)

Channel: Each mode peak detected by a mode search

> (Except for the mode bottoms at levels which are above the mode at the lowest level by THRESH[dB] or more.) 3dB-center wavelength with each mode bottom as the

Reference wavelength:

reference (ALGO=PEAK).

Bottom wavelength/level: Wavelength and level of each mode bottom.

GRID FIT

Channel: Modes within the range of GRID wavelength ± (TEST

> BAND/2) among the mode bottoms detected via a mode search (except for the mode bottoms at levels which are higher than the mode at the lowest level by

THRESH[dB] or more).

If the number of relevant modes in one GRID is more than one, only the mode at the lowest level will be

regarded as the channel.

Reference wavelength: GRID wavelength nearest to each channel. Bottom wavelength/level: Wavelength and level of the mode bottom of each

channel.

GRID

Channel: A mode search shall not be performed. All the GRID

wavelengths within the range of analysis shall be the

channels.

Reference wavelength: GRID wavelength of each channel.

Peak wavelength/level: Bottom wavelength and bottom level within the range of

GRID wavelength ± (TEST BAND/2) of each channel.

BOTTOM WAVELENGTH / BOTTOM LEVEL

Parameter

THRESH LEVEL

MODE DIFF

Procedure

Obtain the wavelength λ 'i of the mode bottom of each channel and its signal optical level I Bi.

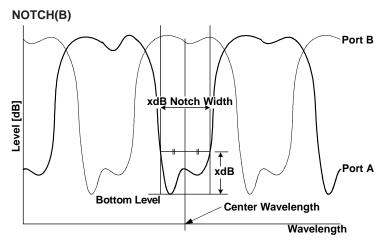
XdB NOTCH WIDTH/CENTER WAVELENGTH

Parameter

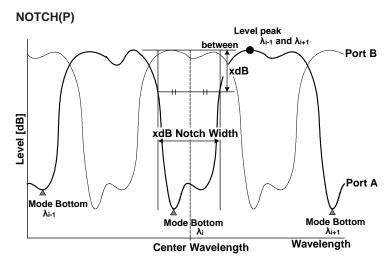
ALGO

Procedure

According to the settings of the parameter ALGO, obtain the xdB notch width (xdB NOTCH WIDTH) of each channel and its center wavelength/frequency (CENTER WAVELENGTH).

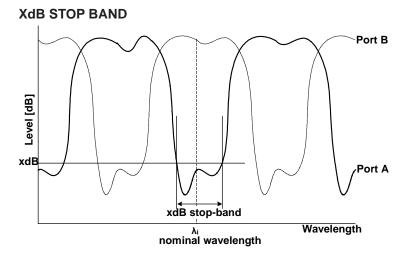


Obtain the width (xdB NOTCH WIDTH) between the two points, which are above the bottom level of each channel by the parameter THRESH LEVEL, and its center wavelength (CENTER WAVELENGTH).



Obtain the width (xdB NOTCH WIDTH) between the two points, which are below the higher point of either the left peak level or the right peak level of each channel by the parameter THRESH LEVEL, and its center wavelength/frequency (CENTER WAVELENGTH).





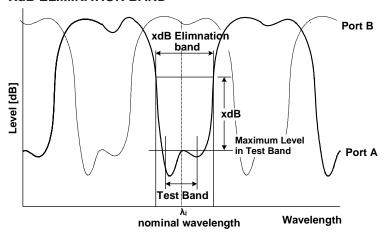
Parameter

THRESH LEVEL

Procedure

Obtain the width (XdB STOP BAND) that centers on the nominal wavelength λi of each channel and that is located below by the parameter THRESH LEVEL both on the left and on the right.

XdB ELIMINATION BAND



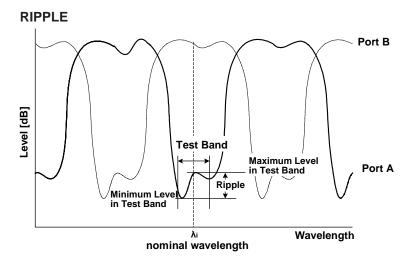
Parameter

THRESH LEVEL **TEST BAND**

Procedure

- · Perform the peak search within the range of the parameter TEST BAND/2 by centering on the nominal wavelength λi of a channel and obtain the peak level (LPi).
- Obtain the width (XdB ELIMINATION BAND) that is above the peak level LPi obtained in the above procedure by the parameter THRESH LEVEL both on the left and on the right.

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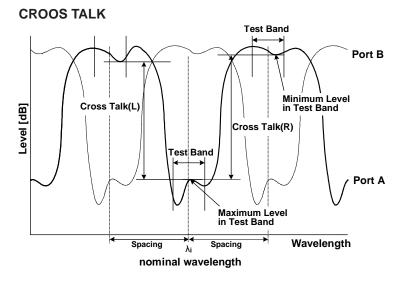
Parameter

TEST BAND

Procedure

- Perform the peak search and bottom search within the range of parameter TEST BAND/2 by centering on reference wavelength λi of each channel, and obtain the peak level (LP'i) and the bottom level (LB'i).
- Use the peak level (LP'i)and bottom level (LB'i) obtained in the above procedure to obtain the ripple (RIPPLE) from the following equation:

RIPPLE = LP'i - LB'i



Parameter SPACING TEST BAND

Procedure

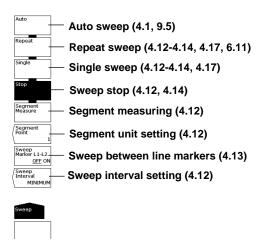
- Perform a peak search within the range of parameter TEST BAND/2 while centering on the reference wavelength λi of each channel and obtain the peak level (LP"i).
- Perform a bottom search within the range of parameter TEST BAND/2 while centering
 on the point (λi-λSP) that is obtained by subtracting the parameter SPACING from the
 reference wavelength λi of each channel. Then, obtain the bottom level (LPLi).
- Perform the bottom search within the range of parameter TEST BAND/2 while
 centering on the point (λi+λSP) that is obtained by subtracting the parameter
 SPACING from the reference wavelength λi of each channel. Then, obtain the bottom
 level (LPRi).
- Use the values obtained in the above procedures to obtain the left and right cross talks (XTLi, XTRi) of each channel from the following equations:

XTLi = LP"i – LPLi XTRi = LP"i – LPRi

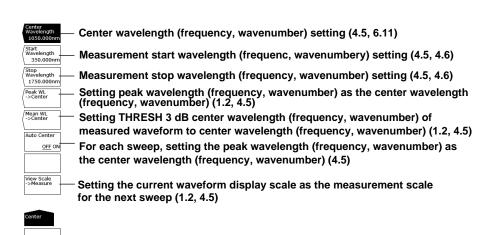
Appendix 7 Soft Key Tree Diagram

The following is an overview of the instrument's menus. Some menus are omitted.

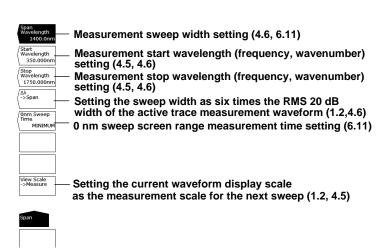
SWEEP



CENTER

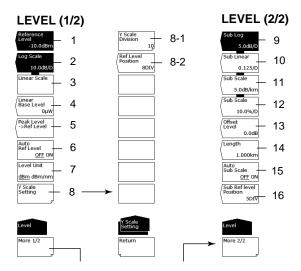


SPAN



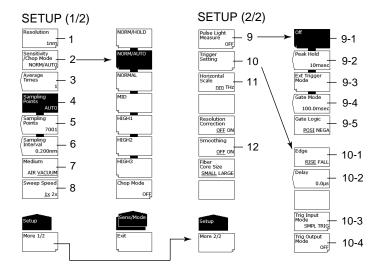
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LEVEL



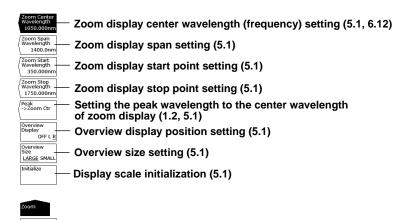
- 1 Reference level setting (1.5, 4.1, 4.4, 6.12)
- 2 LOG scale setting (4.2, 4.4)
- 3 Linear scale setting (4.2, 4.4)
- 4 Linear scale bottom settings (4.2)
- 5 Setting the peak level to the reference level (1.2, 4.4)
- 6 Automatic setting of reference level (4.4)
- 7 Vertical axis units setting (4.2)
- 8 Vertical axis setting (4.2)
 - 8-1 Setting the number of vertical axis divisions (4.2)
 - 8-2 Reference level screen position setting (4.2)
- 9 Setting subscale to LOG (4.3)
- 10 Setting subscale to LINEAR (4.3)
- 11 Setting subscale to dB/km (4.3)
- 12 Setting subscale to % (4.3)
- 13 Linear subscale bottom setting or offset level settting for LOG (4.3)
- 14 Optical fiber length setting (4.3)
- 15 Automatic scaling of subscale (4.3)
- 16 Position settings in the reference level subscale (4.3)

SETUP

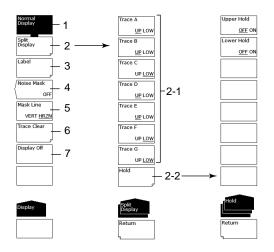


- 1 Measurement resolution setting (4.7, 6.10, 9.5)
- 2 Measurement sensitivity, CHOP mode settings (4.9)
 - 2.1 CHOP mode setting (4.9)
- 3 Averaging times setting (4.10)
- 4 Automatic sampling points setting (4.7, 4.8)
- 5 Manual sampling points setting (4.8)
- 6 Sampling interval setting (4.8)
- 7 Setting the measured wavelength to air/vacuum (4.2)
- 8 Sweep speed setting (4.10)
- 9 Pulse light measurement settings (4.14, 4.15)
 - 9-1 Pulse light measurement OFF (4.14)
 - 9-2 Peak hold time setting (4.14)
 - 9-3 External trigger mode setting (4.15)
- 10 Trigger condition settings (4.15)
 - 10-1 Edge setting (4.15)
 - 10-2 Delay setting (1.2, 4.15)
 - 10-3 Trigger input mode setting (4.16)
 - 10-4 Trigger output mode setting (4.17)
- 11 Horizontal axis units setting (4.2)
- 12 Smoothing (4.18)

ZOOM



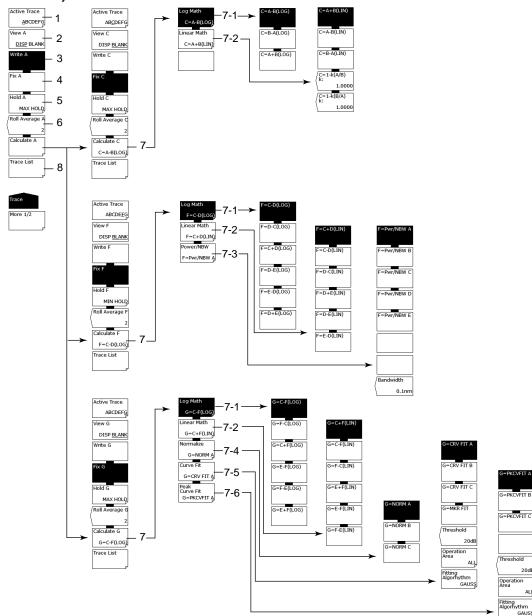
DISPLAY



- 1 Normal display (5.10)
- 2 Split display (5.10)
 - 2-1 Display position setting
 - 2-2 Display position fixing
- 3 Label setting (3.3)
- 4 Noise mask setting (1.3, 5.11)
- 5 Mask method setting (5.11)
- 6 Trace clearing (5.12)
- 7 Turning the display OFF (8.6)

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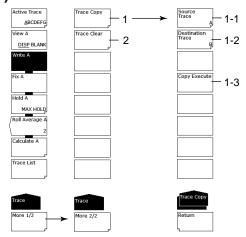
TRACE (MORE 1/2)



- 1 Active trace setting (4.11, 5.2-5.7, 6.8, 6.9)
- 2 Show/hide active trace setting (4.11, 5.2-5.7, 6.8, 6.9)
- 3 Setting write mode on the active trace (4.11, 5.2, 6.8, 6.9)
- 4 Setting fixed mode on the active trace (5.2, 6.8, 6.9)
- 5 Setting MAX/MIN hold mode on the active trace (5.3)
- 6 Active trace sweep average setting(5.4)
- 7 Trace-to-trace calculation settings (trace C, F, G only) (5.5-5.7, 6.9)
 - 7-1 LOG based between-trace calculation (5.5, 6.9)
 - 7-2 LIN based between-trace calculation (5.5)
 - 7-3 Power spectral density display (trace F only) (5.5, 5.8)
 - 7-4 Trace normalization (trace G only) (5.5, 5.6)
 - 7-5 Trace curve fitting (trace G only) (5.5, 5.7)
 - 7-6 Trace peak curve fitting (trace G only) (5.5, 5.7)
- 8 Trace conditions list display (5.12)

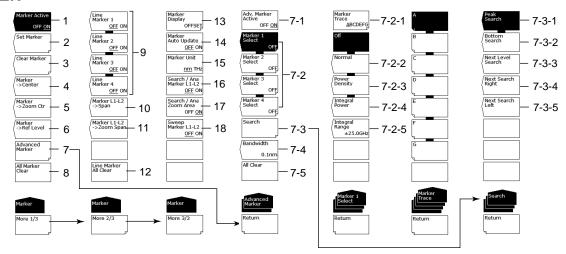
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TRACE(MORE 2/2)



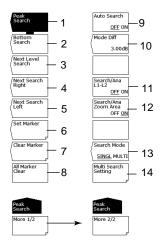
- 1 Copy trace (5.12)
 - 1-1 Copy source trace setting (5.12)
 - 1-2 Copy target trace setting (5.12)
 - 1-3 Execute copy (5.12)
- 2 Trace clearing (5.12)

MARKER



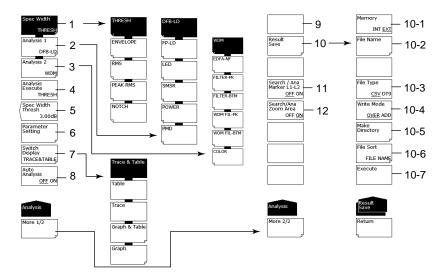
- 1 Moving marker display ON/OFF (5.9)
- 2 Setting moving markers to fixed markers (5.9, 5.13)
- 3 Clearing fixed markers (5.9, 5.13)
- 4 Setting the moving marker wavelength (frequency) to measurement center (1.2, 4.5, 5.9)
- 5 Setting the moving marker wavelength (frequency) to display scale center (1.2, 5.9)
- 6 Setting the moving marker level to reference level (4.4, 5.9)
- 7 Displays advanced markers (1.3, 5.9)
 - 7-1 Turns on or off the advanced marker display (5.9)
 - 7-2 Sets advanced markers (5.9)
 - 7-2-1 Selects the trace to assign the marker to (5.9)
 - 7-2-2 Sets moving markers (5.9)
 - 7-2-3 Sets power spectral density markers (5.9)
 - 7-2-4 Sets integrated power markers (5.9)
 - 7-2-5 Sets integration wavelength range (5.9)
 - 7-3 Executes a search based on advanced markers (5.9)
 - 7-3-1 Executes a peak search (5.9)
 - 7-3-2 Executes a bottom search (5.9)
 - 7-3-3 Sets the advanced marker from the current position to the next peak or bottom value (5.9)
 - 7-3-4 Sets the advanced marker from the current position to the next local peak or bottom value on the right (5.9)
 - 7-3-5 Sets the advanced marker from the current position to the next local peak or bottom value on the left (5.9)
- 8 Clear all displayed moving and fixed markers (5.9, 5.13)
- 9 Line markers ON/OFF (5.9)
- 10 Setting the measurement span to between line markers 1 and 2 (1.2, 4.6, 5.9)
- 11 Setting the zoom span to between line markers 1 and 2 (1.2, 5.9)
- 12 Clear all displayed line markers (5.9)
- 13 Marker display settings (5.9)
- Setting whether to automatically update the fixed marker's level values when updating active trace (5.9)
- 15 Marker value units setting (5.9, 6.10)
- 16 Setting the peak search, bottom search, and analysis function ranges to between line markers L1 and L2 (5.13, 6.13) (For both the PEAK SEARCH and ANALYSIS menus)
- 17 Setting the peak search, bottom search, and analysis function ranges to within the zoom range (5.13, 6.13) (For both the PEAK SEARCH and ANALYSIS menus)
- 18 Sweep between line markers (4.13)

PEAK SEARCH



- 1 Executing peak search (5.13)
- 2 Executing bottom search (5.13)
- Moving the moving marker from the current position to the next peak/bottom value (5.13)
- 4 Moving the moving marker from the current position to the next peak/bottom value to the right (5.13)
- Moving the moving marker from the current position to the next peak/bottom value to the left (5.13)
- 6 Setting the moving marker to the fixed marker (5.9, 5.13)
- 7 Clearing fixed markers (5.9, 5.13)
- 8 Clearing all displayed moving and fixed markers (5.9, 5.13)
- 9 Turning ON/OFF peak/bottom search each sweep (5.13)
- Setting the minimum peak/bottom difference of the mode judgment reference (5.13, 6.6, 6.8)
- Setting the peak search, bottom search, and analysis function ranges to between line markers L1 and L2 (5.13, 6.12) (For both the MARKER and ANALYSIS menus)
- Setting the peak search, bottom search, and analysis function ranges to within the zoom range (5.13, 6.12) (For both the MARKER and ANALYSIS menus)
- 13 Switching between the single and multi peak/bottom searches (5.13, 5.14)
 - 4 Setting the threshold and sort order of the multi search (5.14)

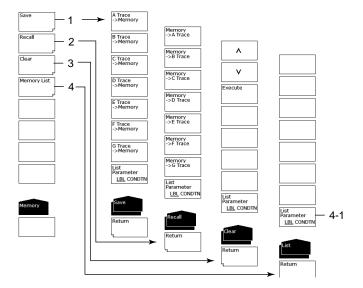
ANALYSIS



- 1 Spectrum width analysis algorithm settings/execution (6.1, 6.2)
- 2 Analysis function settings (6.3–6.6, 6.13) (DFB-LD, FP-LD, LED, SMSR, POWER, PMD)
- 3 Analysis function settings (6.7-6.9) (WDM, FILTER-PK, FILTER-BTM, WDM FIL-PK, WDM FIL-BTM)
- 4 Executing the specified analysis (chapter 6)
- 5 Spectrum width analysis threshold setting (6.1)
- 6 Analysis parameter settings (6.1-6.9)
- 7 Editing the ANALYSIS2 analysis results display screen (6.7-6.9)
- 8 Turning ON/OFF automatic analysis each sweep (6.1)
- 9 Printing analysis results (6.1)
- 10 Saving analysis results (6.1)
 - 10-1 Setting the save destination (7.6)
 - 10-2 Entering a file name (7.6)
 - 10-3 Setting the data format (7.6)
 - 10-4 Setting overwrite or add (7.6)
 - 10-5 Creating a directory (7.6)
 - 10-6 Sorting a file (7.6)
 - 10-7 Executing saving (7.6)
- 11 Setting the peak search, bottom search, and analysis function ranges to between line markers L1 and L2 (5.13, 6.13)
 - (For both the MARKER and PEAK SEARCH menus)
- 12 Setting the peak search, bottom search, and analysis function ranges to within the zoom range (5.13, 6.13)

(For both the MARKER and PEAK SEARCH menus)

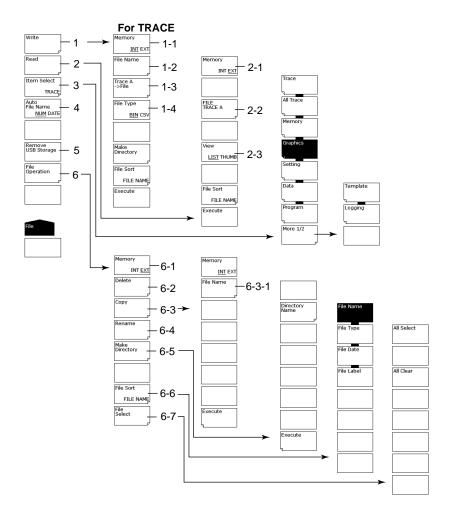
MEMORY



- 1 Temporarily saving a trace (7.2)
- 2 Loading temporarily saved trace (7.2)
- 3 Clearing temporarily saved traces (7.2)
- 4 Displaying temporarily saved traces in a list (7.2)
 - Changing list display contents (7.2)

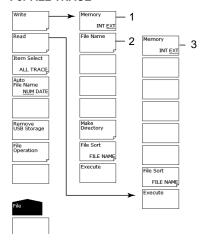
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FILE



- 1 Saving data (chapter 7)
 - 1-1 Setting the save destination for trace data (7.3)
 - 1-2 Entering a file name (7.3)
 - 1-3 Setting the trace to save (7.3)
 - 1-4 Setting the data format (7.3)
- 2 Loading data (6.12, chapter 7)
 - 2-1 Setting the loading source for trace data (7.3)
 - 2-2 Setting the loading destination trace (7.3)
 - 2-3 Switching list/thumbnail display (7.3)
- 3 Setting the target item (6.12, chapter 7)
- 4 Assigning the filename automatically (7.12)
- 5 Removing the USB storage medium (2.3, 7.1)
- 6 File manipulation (7.11)
 - 6-1 Setting the target storage device (7.11)
 - 6-2 Deleting a file (7.11)
 - 6-3 Copying a file (7.11)
 - 6-3-1 Setting the paste destination (7.11)
 - 6-3-2 File name when saving to separate name (7.11)
 - 6-4 Renaming (7.11)
 - 6-5 Creating a directory (7.11)
 - 6-6 Sorting a file (7.11)
 - 6-7 File selection (7.11)

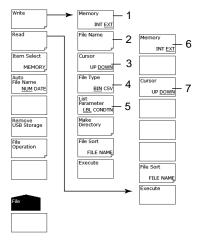
For ALL TRACE



ALL TRACE

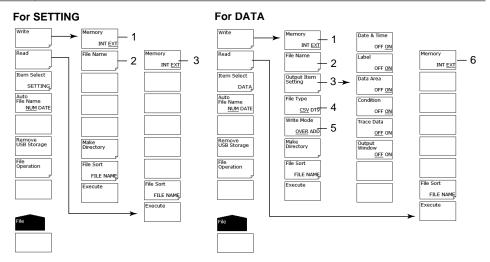
- 1 Save destination setting for all trace data (7.4)
- 2 File name setting (7.4)
- 3 Load source setting for all trace data (7.4)

For MEMORY



MEMORY

- 1 Setting the MEMORY data save destination (7.3)
- 2 Entering a file name (7.3)
- 3 Switching the cursor target window (7.3) (setting the source/destination memory number)
- 4 Setting the data format (7.3)
- 5 Switching the MEMORY list display contents (7.3)
- 6 Setting the MEMORY data loading source (7.3)
- 7 Switching the cursor target window (7.3) (setting the source/destination load file)

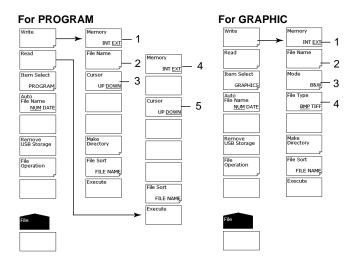


SETTING

- 1 Setting the save destination for settings (7.5)
- 2 Entering a file name (7.5)
- 3 Setting the loading source for settings (7.5)

DATA

- 1 Setting the save destination for analysis results data (7.6)
- 2 Entering a file name (7.6)
- 3 Setting the items to save (7.6)
- 4 Data format setting (7.6)
- 5 Setting overwrite or add (7.6)
- 6 Setting the loading source for analysis results data (7.6)

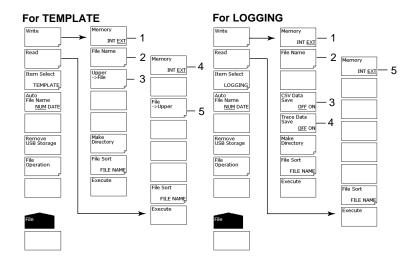


PROGRAM

- 1 Setting the save destination for program data (7.7)
- 2 Entering a file name (7.7)
- 3 Switching the cursor target window (7.7) (setting the source/destination program number)
- 4 Setting the loading source for program data (7.7)
- 5 Switching the cursor target window (7.7) (setting the source/destination load file)

GRAPHIC

- 1 Setting the save destination for image data (7.8)
- 2 Entering a file name (7.8)
- 3 Color mode setting (7.8)
- 4 Data format setting (7.8)



TEMPLATE

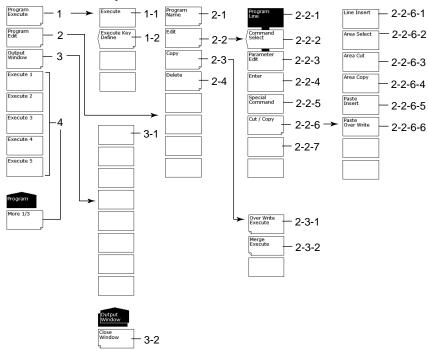
- 1 Setting the save destination for template data (7.9)
- 2 Entering a file name (7.9)
- 3 Setting a template to save (7.9)
- 4 Setting the loading source for template data (7.9)
- 5 Setting the loading destination for template data (6.12, 7.9)

LOGGING

- Sets the logging data save destination (7.10) 1
- 2 Sets the file name (7.10)
- 3 Sets the logging data to save in CSV format (7.10)
- 4 Sets the logging data to save (7.10)
- 5 Sets the logging data load source (7.10)

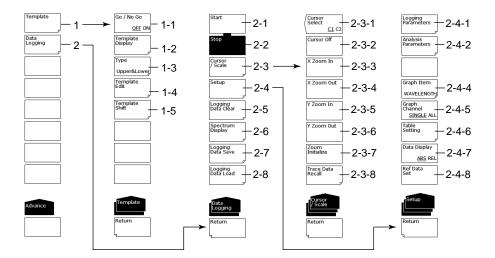
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PROGRAM (See IMAQ6374-17EN)



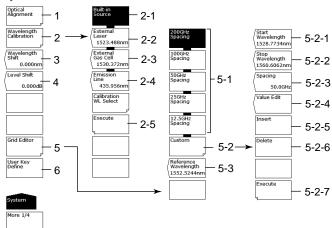
- 1 Program execution
 - 1-1 Program execution
 - 1-2 Registering programs to soft keys
- 2 Editing programs
 - 2-1 Entering program names
 - 2-2 Editing lines
 - 2-2-1 Setting program lines
 - 2-2-2 Setting function commands
 - 2-2-3 Editing parameters
 - 2-2-4 Finalizing input values
 - 2-2-5 Special command settings
 - 2-2-6 Cutting/pasting lines
 - 2-2-6-1 Inserting lines
 - 2-2-6-2 Setting the target area
 - 2-2-6-3 Deleting an area
 - 2-2-6-4 Copying an area
 - 2-2-6-5 Pasting (inserting)
 - 2-2-6-2 Pasting (overwriting)
 - 2-2-7 Printing program lists
 - 2-3 Copying programs
 - 2-3-1 Overwriting
 - 2-3-2 Copying and adding contents (merge)
 - 2-4 Deleting programs
- 3 OUTPUT WINDOW display
 - 3-1 OUTPUT WINDOW print out
 - 3-2 Closing the OUTPUT WINDOW
- 4 Executing programs registered to soft keys

ADVANCE



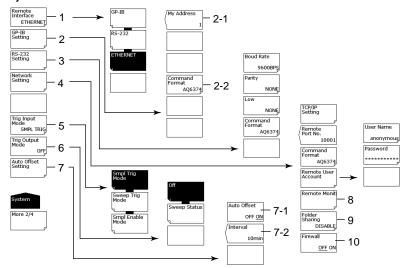
- 1 Template settings (6.12)
 - 1-1 GO/NO GO ON/OFF (6.12)
 - 1-2 Displaying templates (6.12)
 - 1-3 Setting the template type (6.12)
 - 1-4 Editing templates (6.12)
 - 1-5 Setting the template shift amount (6.12)
- 2 Sets data logging (6.15)
 - 2-1 Executes data logging (6.15)
 - 2-2 Stops data logging (6.15)
 - 2-3 Displays cursors and scales (6.15)
 - 2-3-1 Selects the cursor display (6.15)
 - 2-3-2 Turns off the cursor display (6.15)
 - 2-3-3 Expands the horizontal scale at the current cursor position (6.15)
 - 2-3-4 Reduces the horizontal scale at the current cursor position (6.15)
 - 2-3-5 Expands the vertical scale at the center of the measured values (6.15)
 - 2-3-6 Reduces the vertical scale at the center of the measured values (6.15)
 - 2-3-7 Initializes the display scale (6.15)
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 - 2-4-8 Sets the reference value for displaying relative values of the table data (6.15)
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 - 2-7 Saves logging data (6.15)
 - 2-8 Loads logging data (6.15)

SYSTEM(MORE 1/4)



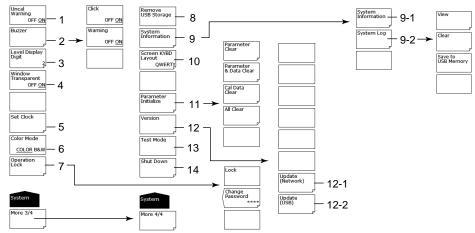
- 1 Executing monochromator alignment adjustment (2.1)
- 2 Wavelength calibration (2.2)
 - 2-1 Wavelength calibration using the internal light source (2.2)
 - 2-2 Wavelength calibration using a laser type external reference light source (2.2)
 - 2-3 Wavelength calibration using a gas cell type external reference light source (2.2)
 - 2-4 Wavelength calibration setting for wavelength calibration using an external reference light source (2.2)
 - 2-5 Executing wavelength calibration (2.2)
- 3 Setting the wavelength shift amount (value specified for the wavelength axis display value is added) (6.14)
- 4 Setting the level shift amount (value specified for the level axis display value is added) (6.14)
- 5 Editing the grid table (6.10)
 - 5-1 Creating a grid table with predetermined grid spacing (6.10)
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 - 5-2-1 Setting the start wavelength (6.10)
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 - 5-2-5 Inserting channel points (6.10)
 - 5-2-6 Deleting channel points (6.10)
 - 5-2-7 Finalizing input values (6.10)
 - 5-3 Setting the grid table reference wavelength (6.10)
- 6 Registering user keys (8.1)

SYSTEM(MORE 2/4)



- 1 Communication interface settings (see IM AQ6374-17EN)
- 2 GP-IB interface settings (see IM AQ6374-17EN)
 - 2-1 Setting the GP-IB port address
 - 2-2 Command format setting
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- 5 Setting the trigger input mode (4.16)
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