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## Dear Users:

## PREFACE

Hello! Thank you for choosing this brand new UNI-T device. In order to safely and correctly use this instrument .please read this manual thoroughly, especially the Safety Notes part. After reading this manual, it is recommended to keep the manual at an easily accessible place, preferably close to the device, for future reference.

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- Document Version

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- Information in this manual supercedes all previously published versions.


## Warranty

UNI-T will guarantee that the product will be free from defects for a three-year period. If the product is re-sold, the warranty period will be from the date of the original purchase from an authorized UNI-T distributor. Probes, other accessories, and fuses are not included in this warranty. If the product is proved defective within the warranty period, UNI-T reserves the rights to either repair the defective product without charging of parts and labor, or exchange the defected product to a working equivalent product. Replacement parts and products may be brand new, or perform at the same specifications as brand new products. All replacement parts, modules, and products become the property of UNI-T.
The "customer" refers to the individual or entity that is declared in the guarantee. In order to obtain the warranty service, "customer" must inform the defects within the applicable warranty period to UNI-T, and to perform appropriate arrangements for the warranty service. The customer shall be responsible for packing and shipping the defective products to the designated maintenance center of UNI-T, pay the shipping cost, and provide a copy of the purchase receipt of the original purchaser. If the product is shipped domestically to the location of the UNI-T service center, UNI-T shall pay the return shipping fee. If the product is sent to any other location, the customer shall be responsible for all shipping, duties, taxes, and any other expenses.
This warranty shall not apply to any defects or damages caused by accidental, machine parts' wear and tear, improper use, and improper or lack of maintenance. UNI-T under the provisions of this warranty has no obligation to provide the following services:
a) Any repair damage caused by the installation, repair, or maintenance of the product by non UNI-T service representatives.
b) Any repair damage caused by improper use or connection to an incompatible device.
c) Any damage or malfunction caused by the use of a power source that does not conform to the requirements of this manual.
d) Any maintenance on altered or integrated products (if such alteration or integration leads to an increase in time or difficulty of product maintenance).

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## General Safety Overview

This instrument strictly complies with the safety requirements for electronic measuring instrument GB4793 and IEC 61010-1 safety standard during design and manufacturing. Please understand the following safety preventative measures, to avoid personal injury, and to prevent damage to the product or any connected products. To avoid possible dangers, be sure to use this product in accordance with the regulations.

- Only trained personnel can perform the maintenance program
- Use the correct power line: Only use the dedicated UNI-T power supply appointed to the local region or country for this product.
- Correct Plug: Don't plug when the probe or test wire is connected to the voltage source.。
- Ground the product: This product is grounded through the power supply ground wire. To avoid electric shock, grounding conductors must be connected to the ground. Please be sure that the product is properly grounded before connecting to the input or output of the product.
- Correct connection of oscilloscope probe: Ensure that the probe ground and ground potential are correctly connected. Do not connect ground wire to high voltage
- Check all terminal ratings: To avoid fire and the large current charge, please check all the ratings and the marks on the product. Please also refer to the product manual for details on the ratings before connecting to the product.
- Do not open the case cover or front panel during operation.
- Only use fuses with ratings listed in the technical index
- Avoid circuit exposure: Do not touch exposed connectors and components after power is connected.
- Do not operate the product if you suspect it is faulty, and please contact UNI-T authorized service personnel for inspection. Any maintenance, adjustment, or replacement of parts must be performed by UNI-T authorized maintenance personnel.
- Maintain proper ventilation
- Please do not operate the product in humid conditions
- Please do not operate in inflammable and explosive environment
- Please keep the product surface clean and dr


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## Safety Terms and Symbols

- The following terms may appear in this manual.

Warning: The conditions and behaviors may endanger life.
Note: The conditions and behaviors may cause damage to the product and other properties.
The following terms may appear on the product
Danger: Performing this operation may cause immediate damage to the operator.
Warning: This operation may cause potential damage to the operator Note: This operation may cause damage to the product and devices connected to the product

- The following symbols may appear on the product



## Perface

This manual describes the operation of the UTD2000CEX-II series digital oscilloscope. The manual includes the following sections:

Chapter 1 Introduction Guide
Chapter 2 Vertical channel setting
Chapter 3 Trigger system setting
Chapter 4 Horizontal system setting
Chapter 5 Mathematical operation
Chapter 6 Sampling system setting
Chapter 7 Display system setting
Chapter 8 Automatic measurement
Chapter 9 Cursor measurement
Chapter 10 Storage and callback
Chapter 11 Auxiliary function setting
Chapter 12 Other function keys
Chapter 13 System prompt and troubleshooting
Chapter 14 Technical specification
Chapter 15 Appendix

UTD2000CEX-II User Manual

Brief introduction of UTD2000CEX-II series digital phosphor oscilloscope

1) UTD2000CEX-II series digital oscilloscope contains the following 2 models

| Model | Analog channel number | Analog bandwidth |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| UTD2102CEX-II | 2 | 100 MHz |
| UTD2072CEX-II | 2 | 70 MHz |

2) UTD2000CEX-II series digital oscilloscope is based on UNI-T's unique Ultra Phosphor technology. A multi-functional, high performance oscilloscope that is easy to use, with excellent technical specifications, a perfect combination of many functionalities that can help users to quickly conduct testing. UTD2000CEX-II series is aimed at satisfying the most extensive escilloscope markets, including communications, semiconductors oscilloscope markets, including communications, semiconductors, computers, aerospace defense, instrumentation, consumer electronics, automotive electronics, field maintenance, R\&D, education, etc.
3) Main features of UTD2000CEX-II series digital oscilloscope:

- Configure $100 \mathrm{MHz} / 70 \mathrm{MHz}$ two levels bandwidth, providing two channels for each model
- The highest real-time sampling rate: $1 \mathrm{GS} / \mathrm{s}$, can capture the faster signal
- Standard storage depth of 25 kpts .
- Waveform capture rate of up to $30,000 \mathrm{wfms} / \mathrm{s}$
- Waveform uninterrupted recording supports up to 8000 waveforms
- 8 inches WVGA (800 * 480) TFT LCD, ultra wide screen, vivid color, clear display
- Abundant trigger features, including a variety of advanced trigger
- Standard configuration interface: USB-OTG, Pass/Fail (pass / fail)
- Automatic measurement of 34 waveform parameters
- Support USB disk storage and software upgrades via USB disk, one key copy screen capture function
- Support Plug and Play USB devices, and can use USB interface to communicate with the computer


## Chapter 1 - Introduction Guide

This chapter introduces on using the oscilloscope for the first time, the fron and rear panels, the user interface, as well as the built-in help system.

### 1.1General Inspection

It is recommended to follow the steps below before using the UTD2000CEX-II series for the first time.
1.1.1 Check for Damages caused by Transport

If the packaging carton or the foam plastic cushions are severely damaged, please contact the UNI-T distributor of this product immediately.
1.1.2 Check attachments

Please check Appendix A for the list of accessories. If any of the accessories are missing or damaged, please contact UNI-T or local distributors of this product.
1.1.3 Machine Inspection

If the instrument appears to be damaged, not working properly, or has failed the functionality test, please contact UNI-T or local distributors of this product If the equipment is damaged due to shipping, please keep the packaging and notify both the transportation department and UNI-T distributors, UNI-T will arrange maintenance or replacement.

### 1.2 Before Use

To perform a quick verification of the instrument's normal operations, please follow the steps below:
1.2.1 Connect to the Power Supply

The power supply voltage range is from 100 VAC to 240 VAC, the frequency range is 45 Hz to 440 Hz . Connect the oscilloscope to the power supply line that came with the oscilloscope or any power supply line that meets the hos country standards. Turn the power button on the back of the oscilloscope to ON. Now the soft power button $\mathfrak{\bullet}$ in the front of the oscilloscope should be lit green.

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## 2. 2Boot Check

Press the soft power button $\boldsymbol{J}$ and the light should change to yellow. The oscilloscope then will show a boot animation, and it will enter the normal interface afterwards
.2.3Basic Function Check
After the oscilloscope enters the normal interface, find the button at the bottom right of the operation panel. Long press button to hear the voice of the relay switch, and then press the button, the screen will automatically complete the signal condition, $1 \mathrm{kHz}, 3 \mathrm{Vpp}$ square wave signal appears on the screen. Press the key again, then the internal reference input is disconnected, the channel can be in a normal external input state

## .2.4Probe Compensation

When the probe is connected to any input channel for the first time, this step might be required in order to match the probe and the input channel. Please follow the following steps:
(1) Set the attenuation coefficient in the probe menu and the switch on the probe to 10x, and connect the probe to CH 1 . Make sure the probe's c probe to 10x, and connect the probe to CH1. Make sure the probe's c onnector is properly connected with the oscilloscope. Connect the probe's main clip and ground clip to the oscilloscope's calibration and ground 2) Observed waveforms

(3) If the displayed waveform does not look like the above "correct compensation" waveform, use a non-metallic screwdriver to adjust the probe's variable capacitance until the display matches the "correct compensation" waveform

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Warning: To avoid electric shock when measuring high voltage using the probe, please ensure that the probe insulation is in good condition and avoid physical contact with any metallic part of the probe.

### 1.3Front panel introduction


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Front panel

UTD2000CEX-II User Manual
(1). Screen display area
2). Multifunction knob
(3). Function menu key
(4.) Control menu softkey.
5. Probe compensation signal connecting piece and grounding
(6). Trigger control area.
(7). Horizontal control area
(8). Vertical control area.
9. Analog channel input
(10). Power soft key
1.4 Back panel introduction

(1). Pass/Fail : Pass/fail test output, also supports Trig_out output
(2). AWG: This model does not support
(3). Security lock: you can use the security lock (sold separately) Oscilloscope can be locked in a fixed position through the key hole
4. Power Switch: after the AC socket is connected to the power supply, turn on the Power Switch. Press the しJ button on the front panel to Power On.
(5). AC power input socket : AC power input port. Use the power cord supplied within the accessory package to connect the oscilloscope to the AC power supply (the power supply for the oscilloscope to require is 100 to 240 V , $50 \mathrm{~Hz} / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ).
1.5 Operation Panels

This section describes the front panel operations to help users to quickly familiarize with the UTD2000CEX-II series
(1)Vertical Control

(1). Press buttom to open or close the two channels display
(2). Press buttom to open the mathematical operations menu for add, subtract, multiply, divide, FFT, filtering, logic, and advanced operations
(3). Vertical Position Knob: Used to adjust the vertical position of the curren channel waveform
(4). Vertical Scale Knob: Used to adjust the vertical scale of the current waveform. The vertical scale has 1, 2, and 5 steps.

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UTD2000CEX-II User Manual
(2) Level Control

(1). Press $\square$ buttom to display window extension and holdoff time.
(2). Horizontal Position Knob : used to adjust the horizontal position of the current channel waveform.
3. Horizontal Scale Knob : used to adjust the vertical scale of the current waveform. The vertical scale has 1,2 , and 5 steps.
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(3) Trigger Control

(1) Trigger Level Knob : used to adjust the currently selected trigger level.
(2) Press $\square$ to pop-up the trigger menu.
(3) Press to force generate a single trigger event.
(4) Press to display the built-in help information
(5) Press to center the trigger level, trigger position, and channel position simultaneously.

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## (4) Auto Setting

When this key is pressed, the oscilloscope will automatically adjust the vertical scale factor, timebase, and trigger mode according to the input signals.

## (5).Run/Stop

(1) Press the key to "run" or "stop" sampling. RUN state is indicated by green light. STOP state is indicated by red light.

## (6). Single trigger

- Press this key to set up single trigger mode.


## (7).Correction signal switching

Long press the key to drive the correction signal to enter or leave the channel

## (8).Screen copy

- Press this key to quickly copy the screen waveform to the USB storage device in BMP bitmap format


## (9).Multipurpose Knob



Multipurpose: During menu operations, turn the knob to select submenu, then press the knob to confirm the options .

## (10).Function Keys


(1). \#esser Measure setting key: can set measure source to all parameters, custom parameters and perform measurement statistics, select measurement indicators, etc.
(2). Sampling setting key: set up acquisition mode and the storage depth .
(3). Storage interface key: can select different types for storage and waveform, which can be stored internally or through USB device.
4). cusso Cursor measurement key : can measure waveform's time and voltage manually with cursor.
(5). Display setting key : used for the display settings such as display type, format, duration, grid brightness, and waveform brightness.
(6). Unum The utility key: can be used to choose some less commonly used settings such as self-calibration, system information, language, menu display, waveform recording, pass test, square wave output, frequency meter, system upgrades, backlight brightness, output, etc
(7). Press this key to restore to factory default settings.
(8).Press this key to open the waveform recording menu

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1.6 User interface


Display interface
1). Trigger status identification: include TRIGED , AUTO, READY, STOP, and ROLL
2). Indicates the amount of time represented by one square, which can be adjusted by the horizontal scale knob
3. Shows the horizontal displacement, which can be adjusted by turning the horizontal position knob
4. Displays trigger source, type, slope, coupling, level, etc. a. Trigger Source: they are $\mathrm{CH} 1, \mathrm{CH} 2, \mathrm{AC}$ Line, EXT,etc.
b. Trigger types : edge, pulse width, video, slope, etc.
c. Trigger slope: rising, falling, and rising/falling. For example $\square$ is rising.
d. Trigger coupling: DC, AC, high frequency, low frequency and noise. For example, DC is DC coupling.
5. Hardware frequency meter: display the frequency information of current channel
6. USB device Identification : This icon will be displayed when an USB storage device is connected.
7. Channel vertical status Identification: Displays channel activation state, channel coupling, bandwidth limit, vertical profile, and probe attenuation coefficient.
(8). Sampling Rate/Acquisition Mode: Indicates the current sampling rate and storage depth.

## Chapter 2-Vertical Channel Setting

2.1 Open / activate / close analog channel

Open: Allows the corresponding channel waveform to be displayed on the screen.
Activate: Only opened state can be activated. In the active state, the vertical menu and the vertical control knobs (POSITION SCALE) are available fo menu and the vertical control knobs (POSITION, SCALE) are available for but not been activated could be activated by perssing the corresponding channel keys

Shut down : No waveform appears on the display.
The table below describes the channel menu:

| Functions | Options | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Coupling | DC | Pass AC and DC components of the input signal |
|  | AC | Pass AC part of input signal only |
|  | Ground | Displays ground signal |
| Bandwidth <br> Limitation | Full <br> bandwidth | Turns off bandwidth limit function |
|  | 20M | Limits bandwidth to 20MHz to reduce the noise. |
| Vertical <br> Sensitivity | Coarse <br> Adjustment | The vertical sensitivity of the current <br> channel can be set to 1, 2, and 5 order. <br> Adjustment |
|  |  |  |
|  | Off | A value is automatically selected according <br> to the probe's attenuation coefficient to <br> ensure consistency between the vertical <br> profile readout and the displayed waveform. |
|  | On | Normal waveform display |

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### 2.2 Channel Coupling

Using CH 1 as an example, when a signal is connected to CH 1 and activated, press F1 and select channel coupling via the multipurpose knob. You can also switch to channel coupling by continuously pressing the F1 key. Press the multipurpose knob to confirm selection.
2.3 Bandwidth Limitation

When bandwidth limitation is open, the bandwidth of the oscilloscope is limited to about 20 MHz , and attenuates any signal above 20 MHz . It is commonly used to reduce the high frequency noise. When the bandwidth limit function is on, the BW logo will appear in the vertical state identification
2.4 Vertical Sensitivity

The vertical sensitivity is divided into coarse and fine adjustments.
In coarse adjustment, the sensitivity range is from $1 \mathrm{mV} / \mathrm{div} \sim 20 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{div}$, with
1-2-5 order.
For example: 10 mV - $>20 \mathrm{mV}->50 \mathrm{mV}->100 \mathrm{mV}$
In fine adjustment, it is adjusted with $1 \%$ of the current amplitude value.
For example : $10.00 \mathrm{mV} \longrightarrow 10.10 \mathrm{mV} \longrightarrow 10.20 \mathrm{mV} \longrightarrow 10.30 \mathrm{mV}$
Note: div means square of the display area , one $\operatorname{div}($ square ) stands for one grid 2.5 Probe

In order to set the attenuation coefficient of the probe, the coefficient needs to be set up in the channel operation menu. If the probe attenuation coefficient is 10:1, the probe coefficient should then be set to 10X to ensure correct voltage reading.
The coefficients can be set to $0.001 \mathrm{X}, 0.01 \mathrm{X}, 0.1 \mathrm{X}, 1 \mathrm{X}, 10 \mathrm{X}, 100 \mathrm{X}$, and 1000X with $1-2-5$ order
2.6 Reverse Phase

When reverse phase is turned on, the waveform flips 180 degrees. A reverse phase logo will appear in the vertical state identification

## Chapter 3 - Trigger System Setting

Trigger determines when the oscilloscope starts to collect data and displays waveform. Once the trigger is correctly set, it can convert unstable signals into meaningful waveforms. In the beginning of data acquisition, it collects enough data to compose the waveform starting at the left of the trigger point, and continues until the trigger condition is met.

### 3.1 Trigger System Interpretation

(1)Trigger Source

Trigger Source : a signal to be used to generate a trigger.
Triggers can be obtained from a variety of sources such as input channels
(CH1, CH2), external trigger (EXT), Line AC, alternate trigger, etc.

- Input channel: Select any one of the analog signal input terminal $(\mathrm{CH} 1, \mathrm{CH} 2)$ on the front panel of the oscilloscope as a trigger signal.
- External trigger: Select the input Trig EXT from the back of the oscilloscope. For example, the external clock input can be used on the Trig EXT terminal as a trigger source. EXT signal trigger level ranges from $-3 \mathrm{~V} \sim+3 \mathrm{~V}$ which can be set.
- AC Line : Power supply signal, used to observe the relationship between power signals such as lighting equipment and power supply equipment, to obtain stable synchronization
- Alternate trigger: automatically turn on the independent time base after being selected


## (2) Trigger Mode

This oscilloscope provides three kinds of trigger modes: Auto trigger, Normal trigger, and Single trigger

- Auto trigger: When there is no trigger signal, the system automatically runs and displays data. When the trigger signal is generated, it automatically switch to trigger scanning and signal synchronization.


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Note: This mode allows $50 \mathrm{~ms} /$ div or slower time shift without triggering in ROLL mode.

- Normal trigger: The oscilloscope can only collect data when the trigger condition is satisfied. When it is not triggered, the oscilloscope will wait for the triggered signal.
- Single triggle : When the user presses the "run" button, the oscilloscope will wait for the trigger. When the instrument detects a trigger, the waveform is sampled and displayed, and enters the STOP state. Press the SINGLE button on the front panel of the oscilloscope to quickly enter the single trigger mode.


## (3) Trigger Coupling

Trigger coupling determines which part of the signal will be transmitted to the trigger circuit. The coupled type includes DC, AC, low frequency, high frequency suppression, and noise suppression.

- DC : Pass all components of the signal
- AC: Blocks the DC component and attenuates any signal components below 10Hz.
- High frequency suppression: Attenuates high frequency components over 1 MHz .
- Low frequency suppression: Blocks the DC component and attenuates low frequency components below 680 kHz .
- Noise suppression: Suppress high frequency noise in the signal, and reduces probability of error.
(4) Trigger Sensitivity

The minimum signal required to generate a correct trigger. For example, normally the input channel $(\mathrm{CH} 1 \sim \mathrm{CH} 2)$ trigger sensitivity is 1div, which means the signal should be at least 1 div.

## (5) Pre-Trigger / Delayed Trigge

Data collected before / after the Trigger event.
Trigger position is usually set at the level center of the screen, and you can observe 7 grids of pre-trigger and delay trigger information. The horizontal displacement of the wave can be adjusted by the horizontal displacement position knob in order to observe more pre-trigger information

## (6) Forced Trigger

Press the FORCE key to generate a forced trigger signal.
If the waveform is not displayed in normal mode or single shot mode, press the FORCE button to collect signal baseline to ensure the acquisition is norma 3.2 Edge Trigger

The signal can be triggered by the rising or falling edge.
Press the TRIG MENU to enter the trigger menu. Press F1 to select the trigger type, and select the edge trigger mode with the multipurpose knob.

## The edge trigger menu descriptions :

| Functions | Options | Descriptions |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Type | Edge |  |
| Sources | $\mathrm{CH} 1, \mathrm{CH} 2$ | Set any one of the $\mathrm{CH} 1, \mathrm{CH} 2$ as a trigger signal |
|  | EXT | Set external trigger as the source |
|  | AC Line | Set AC line as trigger |
|  | Alternate trigger | Set $\mathrm{CH} 1, \mathrm{CH} 2$ as alternate trigger source |
|  | fall | Set the falling edge as the trigger signal |
|  | Rise/fall | Set the rising and falling edge as the trigger signal |
|  | DC | Pass all components of the signal |
|  | AC | Blocks the DC components of the signal |

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| Trigger Coupling | High frequency suppression | Suppression of signal frequency above 1.23 MHz |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Low frequency suppression | Suppression of signal frequency below 680 kHz |
|  | Noise suppression | Suppress the noise of the trigger signal, trigger sensitivity is halved. |
| Trigger Mode | Auto | When the signal input is not triggered, the system automatically collects the waveform data and displays the scan baseline on the screen. When a trigger signal is generated, it automatically turns to the trigger scan. |
|  | Normal | The data acquisition stops when the signal is not triggered. |
|  | Single | Generates a trigger, and then stops |
| Slope | Rise | Set the rising edge of the signal as trigger |
|  | Fall | Set the falling edge of the signal as trigger |
|  | Rise/fall | Set the rising and falling edge of the signa as trigger |

### 3.3 Pulse Width Trigger

Pulse width trigger can set the capture condition through the pulse width. Press the TRIG MENU button to enter the trigger menu. Press F1 to select trigger type, and select the Pulse Width Trigger mode with using the Multipurpose knob.

The pulse width trigger setting menu (1) :

| Functions | Options | Descriptions |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Type | Pulse Width |  |
| Sources | CH1, CH2 | Set any one of the $\mathrm{CH} 1, \mathrm{CH} 2$ as the trigger source |
|  | EXT | Set external trigger as the trigger source |
|  | AC Line | Set AC line as the trigger source |
| Trigger Coupling | DC | Pass all components of the signal |
|  | AC | Blocks the DC components of the signal |
|  | High frequency suppression | Suppression of signal frequency above 1.23 MHz |
|  | Low frequency suppression | Suppression of signal frequency below 680 kHz |
|  | Noise suppression | Suppress the noise of the trigger signal, trigger sensitivity is halved. |
| Trigger Mode | Auto | When the signal input is not triggered, the system automatically collects the waveform data and displays the scan baseline on the screen. When a trigger signal is generated, it automatically turns to the trigger scan. |
|  | Normal | The data acquisition stops when the signal is not triggered. |
|  | Single | Generates a trigger, and then stops |
| Pulse Width Setting |  | Enter settings page |
| Next Page |  | Enter Trigger Setting Menu (2) |

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The pulse width trigger setting menu (2):

| Functions | Options | Descriptions |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Type | Pulse Width |  |
| Pulse Width Polarity | Positive | Set positive pulse as trigger signal |
|  | Negative | Set negative pulse as trigger signal |
| Pulse Width Condition | > | Triggered when the pulse width is greater than the setting time |
|  | < | Triggered when the pulse width is samller than the setting time |
|  | = | Triggered when the pulse width is equal to the setting time |
| Pulse Width Setting | 20.0ns~10.0s | The pulse width time can be set from $20.0 \mathrm{~ns} \sim 10.0$ s by using the Multipurpose knob |

Pulse Width: The time difference between the trigger level of the positive pulse is defined as the positive pulse width, and the time difference between the trigger level of the negative pulse is defined as the negative pulse width, as shown in the following diagram.


Positive
Negative

### 3.4 Video Trigger

The waveform of the video signal includes the image signal and the time sequence signal, and each kind of signal uses different standards and formats. UPO2000CEX-II provides the basic measurement functions, which can be triggered in NTSC, PAL, and other standard video formats. Press the TRIG MENU, Press F1 to select the trigger type, set to video trigger mode with using the Multipurpose knob

## The video trigger menu descriptions :

| Functions | Options | Descriptions |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Type | Video |  |
| Source | $\mathrm{CH} 1, \mathrm{CH} 2$ | Set any one of the $\mathrm{CH} 1, \mathrm{CH} 2$ as trigger source |
|  | PAL | Uses PAL format video signals |
|  | NTSC | Uses NTSC format video signals |
|  | All lines | Sen field |
|  | Specific lines | Set the video to sync and trigger on even field |
| Specific <br> Lines | Set the video to sync and trigger on odd field |  |



3.5 Slope Trigger

When slope trigger is selected, trigger occurs when the rising or falling slope value matches the value in settings.
Press the TRIG MENU, press F1 to select the trigger type, select slope trigger mode with using the Multipurpose knob.

## Slope Trigger Menu

| Functions | Options | Descriptions |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Type | Slope |  |
| Sources | CH1, CH2 | Set any one of the Ch1, <br> CH2 as trigger source |
|  | DC | High frequency <br> suppression |
|  | Low frequency <br> suppression | Susp all components of the signal <br> frequency above 1.23MHz |
|  | Suppression of signal <br> frequency below 680kHz |  |
|  | Suppress the noise of the trigger <br> signal, trigger sensitivity is halved. |  |
|  | Auto | When the signal input is not triggered, <br> the system automatically collects the <br> waveform data and displays the scan <br> baseline on the screen. When a trigger <br> signal is generated, it automatically <br> turns to the trigger scan. |
|  | Normal | The data acquisition stops <br> when the signal is not triggered. |
|  | Single | Generates a trigger, and then stops |
| Slope <br> Setting | Enters slope setting menu |  |

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## Slope Setting Menu

| Functions | Options | Descriptions |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Slope | Falling | Triggers with falling slope |
|  | Rising | Triggers with rising slope |
|  | $<$ | When slew rate setting is smaller <br> than signal slew rate, trigger occurs |
|  | < | When slew rate setting is greater <br> than signal slew rate, trigger occurs |
| Time <br> Setting | $20.0 n \mathrm{\sim} \sim 10.0$ s | Pulse width can be set in <br> 20.0ns~10.0s range, Use the <br> multipurpose knob to set time, |
|  | High | When slew rate setting is equal <br> to signal slew rate, trigger occurs |
|  | How | The slope of the low threshold level <br> can be adjusted with the LEVEL knob |
|  | The slope of the high threshold level <br> can be adjusted with the LEVEL knob |  |

### 3.6 Under-range Trigger Trigge

The Under-range Trigger occurs when a pulse crosses over one trigger level but not over the other one. Press the TRIG MENU button to enter the trigger menu. Press F1 to select trigger type and use the Multipurpose knob to select Under-range Trigger mode.

Under-range Trigger Menu (1):

| Functions | Options | Descriptions |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Type | Under-range |  |
| Sources | $\mathrm{CH} 1, \mathrm{CH} 2$ | Set any one of the Ch1, CH 2 as a trigger signal |
| Trigger Coupling | DC | Pass all components of the signal |
|  | AC | Blocks the DC components of the signal |
|  | High frequency suppression | Suppression of signal frequency above 1.23 MHz |
|  | Low frequency suppression | Suppression of signal frequency below 680 kHz |
|  | Noise suppression | Suppress the noise of the trigger signal, trigger sensitivity is halved. |
| Trigger Mode | Auto | When the signal input is not triggered, the system automatically collects the waveform data and displays the scan baseline on the screen. When a trigger signal is generated, it automatically turns to the trigger scan. |
|  | Normal | The data acquisition stops when the signal is not triggered. |
|  | Single | Generates a trigger, and then stops |
| Under-range Setting |  | Enters Under-range Trigger Menu (2) |

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## Under-range Trigger Menu (2)

| Functions | Options | Descriptions |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Polarity | Positive Polarity |  |
|  | Negative Polarity |  |
|  | Irrelevant |  |
| Condition | < | Triggers when set pulse width is less than under-range width |
|  | > | Triggers when set pulse width is greater than under-range pulse width |
|  | $=$ | Triggers when set pulse width is equal to under-range pulse width |
| Time Setting | 20.0ns~10ns | Use the multipurpose knob to set the pulse width time in 20.0ns~10.0s range |
| Threshold | Low | The slope of the low threshold level can be adjusted with the LEVEL knob |
|  | High | The slope of the high threshold level can be adjusted with the LEVEL knob |
|  | High and Low | The slope of the high and low threshold level can be adjusted with the LEVEL knob |

3.7 Beyond-range Trigger

When beyond-range trigger is selected, a high and a low trigger levels are chosen. The trigger event occurs when the input signal is higher than the high tigger level, or lower than the low trigger level. Press the TRIG MENU button to enter the trigger menu. Press F1 to select trigger type, use the Multipurpose knob to select to beyond-range mode.

Beyond-range Trigger Menu (1):

| Functions | Options | Descriptions |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Type | Beyond-range |  |
| Sources | CH1, CH2 | Set any one of the Ch1, <br> CH2as a trigger signal |
|  | DC | Pass all components <br> of the signal |
|  | AC | High frequency <br> suppression |
|  | Low frequency <br> suppression | Blocks the DC components <br> of the signal <br> Suppression of signal <br> frequency above 1.23MHz |
|  | Suppression of signal <br> frequency below 680kHz <br> suppression | Suppress the noise of the trigger <br> signal, trigger sensitivity is halved. |
| Trigger <br> Mode | Auto | When the signal input is not triggered, <br> the system automatically collects the <br> waveform data and displays the scan <br> baseline on the screen. When a trigger <br> signal is generated, it automatically <br> turns to the trigger scan. |
|  | Normal | The data acquisition stops when <br> the signal is not triggered. |
|  | Single | Generates a trigger , and then stops |
|  |  | Enters Beyond-range Setting <br> Trigger Menu (2) |

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Beyond-range Setting Trigger Menu (2)

| Functions | Options | Descriptions |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Slope type | Rise |  |
|  | Fall |  |
|  | Rise /Fall |  |
| Condition | Enter | Triggers when input signal enters trigger level range |
|  | Return | Triggers when input signal leaves trigger level range |
|  | Time | Triggers when time in trigger level mode matches the set time |
| Time setting | 20.0ns~10.0s | Using the multipurpose knob to set the pulse width time in 20.0ns~10.0s range |
| Trigger Level | Low | The slope of the low threshold level can be adjusted with the LEVEL knob |
|  | High | The slope of the high threshold level can be adjusted with the LEVEL knob |
|  | High and Low | The slope of the high and low threshold level can be adjusted with the LEVEL knob |

## Chapter 4 - Horizontal System setting

 4.1 ROLL modeWhen the trigger is in automatic mode and using the SCALE knob to adjust the horizontal level to slower than $50 \mathrm{~ms} / \mathrm{div}$, and the oscilloscope will be in ROLL mode. At this point, the trigger system will not work, the oscilloscope will be continuous on the screen to draw the waveform of the voltage - time chart.


ROLL Mode Waveform
4.2 Extended Window

Used to enlarge waveform,the extended waveform setting cannot be slower than main waveform setting.


Extended Window display

Press the button HORI MENU in the control panel. Press F1 to select the Extended Window. Under the Extended Window mode, the screen is divided into two display areas as the above picture shows. The upper part displays the original waveforms, which can move left and right through rotating the knob horizontal POSITIONAL or can enlarge and reduce the selected areas through rotating the knob horizontal SCALE. The lower part displays the horizontal scale waveform. Note that scale time base improves definition compare with the main time base (as the above picture shows). Because the waveforms displayed by the whole lower part are corresponding to the areas selected by upper half part, rotating the knob horizontal SCALE o reduce the selected areas can improve the scale time base, namely, can mprove the waveforms horizontal SCALE multiple
Note: The max scale time base is $200 \mathrm{~ns} / \mathrm{div}$.

### 4.3 Trigger Release

Trigger release can observe complex waveforms (such as pulse series). Release time is the time for the oscilloscope to re-enable the trigger. In the period of release and suppression, the oscilloscope will not be triggered. For example, a set of pulse series, which is required to trigger on the first pulse, can set the release time to the pulse width.
Press the HORI MENU button to enter the level control menu. Use the Multipurpose knob to select trigger release.

## Chapter 5- Mathematical Operation

UTD2000CEX-II series oscilloscope carries a variety of mathematical
operations

- Math: Source 1+ source 2, source 1- source2, source 1* source 2, source 1/ source2
- FFT : Fast Fourier Transform
- Digital Filter

Press the MATH button to enter the mathematical operation menu. The POSITION and the SCALE knobs can be used to change the vertical position and the vertical profile of the mathematical operations. Under mathematical operations, the horizontal position cannot be independently adjusted, it will change automatically according to the analog input channe signals.

### 5.1 Mathematical Function

Press MATH button, then press F1 to choose the type (math)
Math Menu

| Functions | Options | Descriptions |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Type | Math |  |
| Source 1 | $\mathrm{CH} 1, \mathrm{CH} 2$, | Set any one of the Ch1, <br> CH2 as Math Source 1 |
|  | + | Source 1 + Source 2 |
|  | - | Source 1 - Source 2 |
|  | * | Source 1 * Source 2 |
|  | I | Source 1 / Source 2 |
| Source 2 | Ch1,CH2 | Set any one of the CH1, <br> CH 2 as Math Source 2 |

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### 5.2 FFT

Using FFT (Fast Fourier Transform) mathematical operations, the time domain signal (YT) can be converted into frequency domain signal. The following types of signals can be easily observed with using FFT:
Harmonic content and distortion in measurement system

- Performance of noise in DC power supply
- Vibration Analysis


FFT frequency spectrum

Press MATH button, then press F1 to select FFT to enter the FFT menu. FFT menu

| Functions | Options | Descriptions |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Type | FFT |  |
| Source | $\mathrm{CH} 1, \mathrm{CH} 2$ | Set any one of the $\mathrm{CH} 1, \mathrm{CH} 2$ for FFT source |
| Window | Hamming | Use Hamming Window Function |
|  | Blackman | Use Blackman Window Function |
|  | Rectangle | Use Rectangle Window Function |
|  | Hanning | Use Hanning Window Function |
| Vertical Unit | Vrms, dBVrms | Set vertical unit as linear or dB (log) |

FFT Tips
Signals with DC components might cause mistakes or inaccuracies in FFT calculation. In order to reduce error, it is adviced to set the channel to AC In order to reduce interference or noise from isolated events, the capture mode can be set to average

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## (1) Select Window Function

UTD2000CEX-II series provides 4 kinds of common window functions:

- Rectangle : The best frequency resolution and the worst amplitude resolution are similar to the condition of no window, suitable for measuring the following waveform:
a. Transient or short pulse, the signal level is approximately equal to the before and after
b. Constant amplitude sine wave with similar frequency
c. random noise with slow broadband spectrum
- Hanning: Compared with the rectangular window, it has better frequency resolution, but less range. It is suitable for measuring sine, periodic and narrow-band random noise.
- Hamming : Slightly better in the frequency resolution than the Hanning window, suitable for measuring transient or short pulse, large variance of before and after signals.
- Blackman : The best range resolution, the worst frequency resolution, it can be used to measure the single frequency signal, to find higher harmonics.


## (2) Set Vertical Unit

Vertical units can be Vrms or dBVrms. Press F4 to select the desired unit. Vrms and dBVrms show the vertical amplitude by means of logarithmic and linear. To display the FFT spectrum in a larger dynamic range, dBV rms can be used.

### 5.3 Digital Filter

Press MATH button, then press F1 to select digital filter to enter the menu. Digital Filter Menu

| Functions | Options | Descriptions |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Type | Digital Filter |  |
| Filter Type | Low Pass | Set filter to low pass |
|  | High Pass | Set filter to high pass |
|  | Band Pass | Set filter to band pass |
| Frequency <br> Upper Limit |  | Only valid in high pass or <br> band pass; Use Multipurpose <br> knob to modify lower limit value |
| Source | CH1, Ch2 | Only valid in low pass or band <br> pass; Use Multipurpose knob <br> to modify upper limit value |
| vertical <br> displacement | Set any one of the Ch1, <br> CH2 for digital filter source |  |
| Horizontal <br> displacement | Independently adjust the <br> position of the filtered waveform |  |

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Digital Filter
Chapter 6 - Sampling System Setting
Sampling is taking analog input and converts into a discrete points using analog to digital converter (ADC). Press the ACQUIRE key to enter the sampling menu.
Sampling menu

| Functions | Options | Descriptions |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Sampling <br> Mode | Normal | Sampling in a normal manner |
|  | Peak | Sampling with peak detection |
|  | High <br> Resolution | Sampling with a high resolution |
|  | Average | Sampling in an average manner |

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| Average | $2 \sim 512$ | In average sampling mode, use Multipurpose <br> knob to set average time, number can be in the <br> range of 2n, where n is 1~13 integer |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Storage <br> Depth | Auto | Automatic storage depth |
| Fast <br> sampling | OFF | ON |

6.1 Sampling Rate
(1) Sampling and Sampling Rat

When the analog signal is sampled, the sample is then converted into digita data. The digital data is collected as the waveform record, and the recorded data is then stored in the memory.


Analog Singa


Sampling Points

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Sampling rate refers to the time interval between two sampling points. The maximum sampling rate is $1 \mathrm{GS} / \mathrm{s}$
The sampling rate will be affected by the timing scale and the change of storage depth. UTD2000CEX-II oscilloscopes sampling rate is displayed in real-time at the top of the screen in the status bar. The horizontal SCALE knob can be used to adjust the horizontal timebase or modify the memory depth.

## (2) Low Sampling Rate Effect

1.Waveform Distortion: Due to low sampling rate, the details of the waveform might be missing, the sampling waveform might be different than the actual signal
2.Wave Mixing: When the sampling rate is 2 times lower than the actual signal frequency (Nyquist frequency), the frequency of the reconstructed signal will be less than the actual signal frequency
3.Waveform Leakage: Due to low sampling rate, the reconstructed waveform might not reflect the actual signal

### 6.2 Acquisition Mode

To obtain a waveform from sampling points, press the ACQUIRE key, then press F1 key to switch the acquisition methods.
(1) Normal Sampling

In this acquisition mode, the signal is sampled and reconstructed with equal time intervals. For most waveforms, the use of this mode can produce the best effect.
(2) Peak Sampling

In this acquisition mode, the maximum and minimum values of the input signal are found at each sampling interval, and the waveform is displayed by using these values. This way, the oscilloscope can acquire and display a narrow pulse, otherwise the narrow pulse might be missed in the normal mode. Noise might be enlarged in this mode.

## (3) High Resolution

In this acquisition mode, the oscilloscope can reduce random noise from the input signal and generate smoother waveforms.


High Resolution mode to minimize noise from small signal

## (4) Average

In this acquisition mode, the oscilloscope obtains several waveforms and finds the average, and displays the final waveform. This method can reduce random noise.
Via changing the acquisition mode settings, the resulting waveform display will be changed. The unaveraged and the 32 times averaged waveform are displayed below for comparison.


32X Averaged
Note: Average and high resolution uses different average methods. The former is multiple sampling average, the latter is single sampling average.
6.3 Storage Depth

The storage depth is the number of waveforms that can be stored in the oscilloscope during a trigger acquisition. It reflects the memory storage capacity of the acquisition. UTD2000CEX-II series' standard is 25 kpts storage depth (per channel).

Chapter 7 - Display System Setting
You can set the display type of the waveform, display format, duration, grid brightness, and waveform brightness. Press the DISPLAY key to enter the display menu.
Display menu

| Functions | Options | Descriptions |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Type | YT | Display level on time scale |
|  | XY | Display Lissajous graph of CH1~CH2 waveforms |
| Format | Vector | Using lines to display between samples |
|  | Point | Displays points directly |
| grid | Full |  |
|  | Grid |  |
|  | Crosshair |  |
|  | Frame |  |
| Afterglow time | Automatic | waveform on screen refreshs with normal refresh rate |
|  | Short afterglow Long afterglow | The waveform data on the screen refreshs after specified time |
|  | Infinite persistence | The waveform data on the screen is maintained until the function is off |
| Waveform Brightness | 1\%~100\% | Set the waveform brightness, Use Multipurpose knob to adjust settings |

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### 7.1 XY Mode

The XY mode display is also called Lissajous graph.
When $\mathrm{XY} 1 \& 2$ are selected, the CH 1 signal will be entered on the horizontal axis ( X ), and the CH 2 on the vertical axis ( Y ). In $\mathrm{X}-\mathrm{Y}$ mode, when CH 1 is activated, use the horizontal POSITION knob to adjust the graph horizontally. When CH 2 is activated, use the horizontal POSITION knob to adjust the graph vertically.The vertical SCALE knob to be used to adjust each channel's amplitude level. The horizontal SCALE knob can be used to adjust the time position in order to obtain a well displayed Lissajous graph.


XY Display Mode

### 7.2 Application of XY Mode

The phase difference between the two signals of the same frequency can be easily observed by Lissajous method The following chart gives the observation of phase difference.


Since $\sin \theta=A / B$ or $C / D$, theta $(\theta)$ is the angle between the two signals, the definition of $\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{B}$ and $\mathrm{C}, \mathrm{D}$ is shown above. We can draw a difference angle $\theta= \pm \arcsin (A / B)$ or $\theta= \pm \arcsin (C / D)$. If the principal axis of an ellipse is in quadrants I and III, then the phase angle should be in I, IV quadrant, in 0 to $(\pi / 2)$ or $(3 \pi / 2)$ to $2 \pi$. If the principal axis of an ellipse in II, IV quadrant, then the phase angle should be ( $\pi / 2$ ) to $\pi$ or $\pi$ to ( $3 \pi / 2$ ). In addition, if the frequency or phase difference of the two detected signals is an integer, the frequency and the phase relationship between the two signals can be calculated.

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## Chapter 8 - Automatic Measurement

UTD2000CEX-II series digital fluorescence oscilloscope can automatically measure up to 34 parameters. Press the MEASURE button to enter the automatic measurement menu
Automatic Measurement menu

| Functions | Options | Descriptions |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| All Parameters | Off | Close all Parameters |
|  | On | Pop-up a frame with all <br> parameters presenting |
|  | On/Off | Open/Close menu for user defined <br> parameters. When it is on, define <br> all required parameters with using <br> the Multipurpose knob. |
| Indicator | Off | Real-time dynamically indicates <br> measurement parameters |
|  | Parameter 1~5 | Enter advanced measurement menu |
| Advanced <br> measurement |  | Off |
| Measurement |  |  |
| statistics | On | Automatic calculation of user defined <br> parameters of average, max, and min. <br> Only applicable when user defined <br> parameters are present. |
| Reset statistics |  | Restart statistics |
| Clear |  | Clear all measurement |

Advanced measurement menu
Advanced measurement menu

| Functions | Options | Descriptions |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Measurement <br> parameters | Delay | Delay measurement |
|  | Phase | Phase measurement |
|  | CH1-CH1 <br> CH1-CH2 |  |
|  | CH2-CH1 <br> CH2-CH2 |  |
| edge |  | FRR: time between the first rising edge of <br> source 1 and the first rising edge of source 2 <br> FRF: time between the first rising edge of <br> source 1 and the first falling edge of source 2 <br> FFR: time between the first falling edge of |
| source 1 and the first rising edge of source 2 |  |  |

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### 8.1 All Parameters Measurement

Press the MEASURE button to enter the automatic measurement menu. Then press F1 to select the source of the measurement. Press F2 to select all 34 parameters.

all parameters display interface
The color of measured parameters is consistent with the current channel. When "----" is shown, it indicates that the current source has no signal input, or the measurement result is not valid (too big or too small).

### 8.2 Voltage parameters



Voltage Parameter Diagram

- Vmax: Voltage at the highest point with respect to GND
- Vmin: Voltage at the lowest point with respect to GND
- Vtop: Highest stable voltage
- Vbase: Lowest stable voltage
- Middle: Midpoint between highest and lowest stable voltage
- Vpp: Vmax - Vmin
- Vamp: Vtop - Vbase
- Mean: Average amplitude of the waveform on screen
- CycMean: Average amplitude of a waveform in one period
- RMS: The effective value. According to the energy produced by the AC signal in the conversion, the equivalent energy that the $D C$ voltage corresponds to
- CycRMS: The RMS of one period
- Overshoot: The ratio of the difference between Vmax and Vtop
- Preshoot: The ratio of the difference between Vmin and Vbase
- Area: The product of time and voltage for all points on the screen
- CycArea: The product of time and voltage for all points in one period


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8.3 Timing naramatare


Timing Parameter
Period: The duration of one cycle of a repetitive waveform

- Frequency: The reciprocal of the period
- Rise time: The time it takes the waveform amplitude to increase from 10\% to 90\%
- Fall time: The time it takes the waveform amplitude to decrease from 90\% to $10 \%$
- +Width: The width of a positive pulse at $50 \%$ amplitude
- -Width: The width of a negative pulse at $50 \%$ amplitude
+Duty: The ratio of positive pulse width to period
- -Duty: The ratio of negative pulse width to period


### 8.4 Delay parameters

- FRR: Time between the first rising edge of source 1 to the first rising edge of source 2
- FRF: Time between the first rising edge of source 1 to the first falling edge of source 2
- FFR: Time between the first falling edge of source 1 to the first rising edge of source 2
- FFF: Time between the first falling edge of source 1 to the first falling edge of source 2
- LRF: Time between the last rising edge of source 1 to the last falling edge of source 2
- LRR: Time between the last rising edge of source 1 to the last rising edge of source 2
- LFR: Time between the last falling edge of source 1 to the last rising edge of source 2
- LFF: Time between the last falling edge of source 1 to the last falling edge of source 2


### 8.5 User defined parameters

Press the MEASURE button to enter the automatic measurement menu. Takes the current activation channel as the source of measurement. The user defined parameter selection interface can be chosen by F2


User Defined Parameter Selection
Adjust the parameters with the multipurpose knob, press the Multipurpose knob button to confirm selection. For every selected parameter, a * symbo will appear in front of the parameter. Press F2 to turn off user defined parameter selection menu and the parameters will be display at the bottom of the screen. For convenience and immediate view of these parameters, up to 5 parameters can be defined at the same time.

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Open the D-value measurement statistics after defining parameter

## Chapter 9 - Cursor Measurement

## The cursor can be used to measure the X axis (time) and the Y axis

 (voltage) of the selected waveform. Press the CURSOR button to enter the cursor measurement menu
### 9.1 Time Measuremen

Press the CURSOR key to enter the cursor measurement menu, then press F1 to select the type to time.

- Press F2 to set the pattern to independent.
- The Multipurpose knob can adjust the vertical cursor AX, press the multipurpose knob to switch to cursor BX


The measured values are shown in the upper left corner of the waveform display area. The value of BX-AX is the time measurement, and $1 /|B X-A X|$ is the reciprocal of time.
For a periodic signal, if AX and BX are set at the rising edge of adjacent cycles, then BX-AX is the signal's period, and $1 /|B X-A X|$ is the frequency. The voltage value can also be displayed at cursor's current position. That is AY, BY, and BY-AY.The Multipurpose knob can be used to adjust the BX and AX positions when setting is set to trace mode with using the F2 key.

### 9.2 Voltage Measurement

- The method for voltage measurement is similar to the method for time measurement, only that the vertical cursor becomes the horizontal cursor. - Press the CURSOR key to enter the cursor measurement menu, then press F1 to select the type as voltage
- Press F2 to set the pattern to independent

The Multipurpose knob can be used to adjust the horizontal cursor AY on the screen, press the Multipurpose knob to switch to cursor BY. The value of BY-AY is the voltage measurement $(\mathrm{V})$. When the setting is set to trace mode with using the F2 key, the Multipurpose knob can adjust both AY and BY at the same time

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On the upper left corner of the display area, BY and AY are represented by the current position of the cursor BY and AY respectively. BY-AY indicates the voltage difference between the two cursors.

## Chapter 10-Storage and Callback

With the storage function, you can save the oscilloscope's settings
waveforms, and screen imagees to the oscilloscope's internal or external USB storage devices, and recall the saved settings or waveforms anytime. Press the STORAGE key to enter the storage function setting interface UTD2000CEX-II series oscilloscope supports FAT format USB storage devices It is not compatible with NTFS format.

### 10.1 Storage Setting and Callback

Press STORAGE button, then press F1 to select the type of settings, then o enter the storage menu
Settings for the storage menu.

| Functions | Options | Descriptions |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Type | Storage Setting |  |
| Source | CH1,CH2 |  |
| Disk | DSO | Data will be saved on the oscilloscope |
|  | USB | Data will be saved on USB drive |
| Save |  | Saves settings to selected disk |
| Callback |  | Call back previously saved settings, <br> returns the oscilloscope to the <br> previously saved setting state |

Remarks

- Oscilloscope can only select USB device when U disk or other externa storage devices are plugged in.
Callback only works when previously saved disk and the file name are consistent, or else it will fail to load.
Press the STORAGE button, then press F1 to set the type of waveform , then to enter waveform storage menu.
Waveform storage menu.

| Functions | Options | Descriptions |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Type | Waveform Storage |  |
| Source | CH1, CH2 | Select waveform storage source <br> from any one of CH1,CH2 |
| Disk | DSO | When Save is pressed, waveform <br> will be saved to the oscilloscope |
|  | USB | When Save is pressed, waveform <br> will be saved to external USB device |
| Save |  | Saves the waveform to selected disk |
| Callback |  | Enter the REF menu for the details |

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After the waveform is saved, you can use the REF key for callback. Press the REF key to enter the waveform callback menu.
Waveform Callback Menu

| Functions | Options | Descriptions |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Type | RefA, RefB |  |
| Disk | DSO | When Save key is pressed, waveform <br> will be saved to the oscilloscope |
|  | USB | When Save key is pressed, waveform <br> will be saved to external USB device |
| Callback |  | Callback previously saved <br> waveform and display on screen |
| Clear |  | Close current REF waveform |

After callback, the Ref waveform will be displayed in the lower left corner, including timing scale and amplitude shift. At this point you can use the vertical and horizontal control knob to adjust the ref waveform's position, time base, and amplitude shift.

### 10.3 Screen Copy

The PrtSc key can be used to store the current screen in BMP format to an external USB storage device. The bitmap can be opened directly on the PC. This function can only be used when external USB storage devices are connected.

## Chapter 11- Auxiliary Function Setting

Press the UTILITY key to enter the auxiliary function settings menu. Auxiliary function setting menu (1)

| Functions | Options | Descriptions |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| System configuration |  | Enter system configuration page |
| Interface configuration |  | Enter interface configuration page |
| Pass test |  | Enter pass test page |
| Wave record |  | Enter wave record page |
| $1 / 3$ |  | Enters Auxiliary function setting menu (2) |

Auxiliary function settings menu (2)

| Functions | Options | Descriptions |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Measurement unit | V/A |  |
| AUTO strategy |  | Enter AUTO strategy page |
| $2 / 3$ |  | Enters Auxiliary function setting menu (3) |

Note: The frequency meter is a counter for trigger events. The frequency meter is valid for edge or pulse width, but is not valid for the other trigge type.
Auxiliary function settings menu (3)

| Functions | Options | Descriptions |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Recorder |  | Enter recorder page |
| waveform generator |  | Enter waveform generator page |
| Square wave output | $1 \mathrm{~Hz} / 10 \mathrm{~Hz} / 100 \mathrm{~Hz} /$ <br> $1 \mathrm{kHz} / 10 \mathrm{kHz} / 100 \mathrm{kHz}$ | Set up frequency of reference <br> waveform |
| System Upgrade |  | Enter oscilloscope software <br> update page |

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### 11.1 System configuration

System configuration menu (1)

| Functions | Options | Descriptions |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Self calibration |  | press the Select key to start <br> the self calibration |
| System information |  | prompting the system name and version |
| Clean information |  | press the Select key to clean up |
| Time setup |  | Enter time setup page |
| Next page |  | Enter next page |

System configuration menu (2)

| Functions | Options | Descriptions |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Factory settings |  | pop-up default dialog box, <br> press the select key to start |
| Contrast ratio |  | Use Multipurpose to adjust the <br> screen contrast ratio, Max 100 |
| Screen protection | Close <br> 1 minute <br> 5 minutes <br> 10 minutes <br> 30 Minutes | Select whether to open the screen <br> saver, if opened, the screen will be <br> closed when the set - time arrives, <br> Press any key to restore. |
| Return |  | Return UTILITY root directory |

Time menu setting

| Functions | Options | Descriptions |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Time display | On/Off | Control display |
| Minute \&hour |  | Selected via the F2 button, use <br> Multipurpose key to adjust |
| Date\&month | Selected via the F3 button, use <br> Multipurpose key to adjust |  |
| Year | Selected via the F4 button, use <br> Multipurpose key to adjust |  |
| Confirm | Make the modification to be valid |  |

11.2 interface configuration

| Functions | Options | Descriptions |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Language | Simplified Chinese <br> English Traditional <br> Chinese |  |
| Menu display | Manual 2s, <br> $5 \mathrm{~s}, 10 \mathrm{~s}, 20 \mathrm{~s}$ | Control the display /hide <br> time of the side bar menu |
| Grid brightness |  | Use Multipurpose key to <br> modify the display brightness <br> of the grid, the highest 32 |
| Return |  |  |

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### 11.3 Pass Test

The pass (fail) test is by using a template to detect whether the input signal satisfies the template requirements.
(1) Function Introduction

Press UTILITY, then press F5 to enter the secondary menu, then press F2 to enter the test menu.
Pass Test Menu (1)

| Functions | Options | Descriptions |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Allow Test | Close | Close Pass Test |
|  | Open | Open Pass Test |
|  | Fail | Set the Pass/Fail interface on the <br> rear panel : output pulse signal <br> and produce buzzing when "failure" |
|  | Pass | et the Pass/Fail interface on the rear <br> panel : output pulse signal and <br> produce buzzing when "pass" |
| Source | CH1, CH2 | Set the source of the pass test |
| Display Info | Close | Turn off display information |
|  | Open | Turn on display information |
| $1 / 2$ |  | Enter Pass Test Menu (2) |

Pass Test Menu (2)

| Functions | Options | Descriptions |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Operation | Close | Disable Pass Test |
|  | Open | Enable Pass Test |
| Stop Setting |  | Enters Stop Settings Menu |
| Template Setting |  | Enters Template Settings Menu |
| $2 / 2$ |  | Return to Pass Test Menu (1) |

After opening the pass test, you need to set the stop settings and template settings before you can perform the test function. Otherwise you'll be prompted "Function is Disabled". The stop setting and template settings menus are shown as below.
Stop settings menu

| Functions | Options | Descriptions |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Stop Type | Pass Count | The test function stops after it reaches <br> a specified pass count number |
|  | Fail Count | The test function stops after it <br> reaches a specified fail count number |
|  | $>=$ <= | Stop condition setting |
| Threshold |  | Use the multipurpose knob to <br> select stop condition threshold |
| Return |  | Return to previous menu |

## - NR

Template settings menu

| Functions | Options | Descriptions |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Reference Waveform | $\mathrm{CH} 1, \mathrm{CH} 2$ | Select a channel $\mathrm{CH} 1, \mathrm{CH} 2$ with horizontal <br> and vertical tolerance as a template |
| Horizontal Tolerance | $1 \sim 255$ | Use the multipurpose knob to <br> select the horizontal tolerance |
| Vertical Tolerance | $1 \sim 255$ | Use the multipurpose knob <br> to select the vertical tolerance |
| Create Template |  | Create template with above conditions |
| Return |  | Return to previous menu |

2) Application Example linput $1 \mathrm{kHz}, 3 \mathrm{~V}$ square wave from CH 1 , observe the result of the pass test:


Pass Test

The test function will run continously and stop once 10 fail tests have been reached, or the user manually suspends the test (when operation is set to close)
(1) To enter the test menu: Press UTILITY, then press F5 to enter auxiliary menu second page, then press F2 to enter the test menu.
(2) Set the test: press F1 to enable the test set
(3) Set the source: press F3 to set the source to CH 1
(4) Template settings: press F5 to enter the next page, then press F3 to enter the template settings menu. Press F1 to select the reference waveform to CH 1 ; press F2 and F3, set the level threshold with the multipurpose knob to 10, set the vertical threshold to 5, then press F4 to create a template press F 5 to return to the test menu
(5) Stop setting: press F2 to enter stop setting menu, set the stop type to pass count, and set the threshold to 10 with multipurpose knob, press F5 to return to the test menu
(6) Set the output conditions: press F5 to return to the first page of the test menu, set the output condition to 'fail' using the F2 key
(7) Open display information: press F4 to set display information to open
(8) Start test: press F5 to enter the second page of the test menu, then press F1 to open the operation to start the test. See figure below:

## 11.4 waveform record

Press UTILITY, then press F5 to enter the secondary menu, then press F1 to enter the waveform record menu
Waveform record menu

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| Functions | Options | Descriptions |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Waveform <br> record operation | Close | Close waveform record function |
|  | Setup | Enter waveform record menu |
|  | Operation | Enter waveform record operation |

Press F1 to select the waveform record operation and set waveform record parameters
Waveform record menu

| Functions | Options | Descriptions |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Record operation | Setup | Set up the record parameters |
| Resource | $\mathrm{CH} 1, \mathrm{CH} 2, \mathrm{CH} 1 \& \mathrm{CH} 2$ | Select the record channel |
| Length of record | Normal | Record the actual acquisition <br> depth waveform |
|  | Screen | Recording screen waveform |
| Interval of record | $10 \mathrm{~ms} \sim 1000 \mathrm{~s}$ | Set the delay between each <br> frame while playing |
| End frame | $4000 / 8000$ | Show maximum number of <br> frames that can be recorded <br> (maximum number of frames <br> will change according to the <br> current storage depth) |

After setting up the record parameter, Press F1 to select the waveform record operation and perform the waveform record .

Waveform record operation menu :

| Functions | Options | Descriptions |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Record operation | Operate | Recording, playback, stop, etc.. |
| Playback |  | Playback of recorded waveform |
| Stop |  | Stop recording or playing back waveform |
| Record |  | Perform recording waveform |
| Quick record |  | Quickly perform recording waveform (unable <br> to view the current record waveform) |

11.5 AUTO strategy

Auto strategy opration menu :

| Functions | Options | Descriptions |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Channel setting | Lock / open | allow if automatically <br> modifing channel settings |
| Sample setting | Lock / open | allow if automatically <br> modifing sample settings |
| Trigger setting | Lock / open | allow if automatically <br> modifing trigger settings |
| Signal recognition | Lock / open | allow if automatically <br> identifying the closed channels |

## $\square \sim$ ®

### 11.6 Recorder

Recorder operation menu

| Functions | Options | Descriptions |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Run |  | Pay back the record datas |
| Stop |  | Stop recording |
| Record |  | Start to record |
| Setup |  | Enter record setting menu |

Recorder setting menu

| Functions | Options | Descriptions |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Coarse / fine <br> adjustment |  | When Playback, Use Multipurpose <br> key to control step size |
| Interval |  | Use Multipurpose key to adjust <br> the time, Max up to 1000s |
| Playback mode | Point by point <br> frame by frame | the playback mode Piont or Frame |
| Cycle playback | On /Off |  |

### 11.7 Waveform generator

Waveform generator menu (1)

| Functions | Options | Descriptions |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Output | On/Off | Turn on /off AWG output |
| waveform | sine wave <br> square wave <br> Sawtooth wave <br> Triangular wave <br> Pulse wave | To select the base waveform |
| Setup |  | Enter the parameter menu setting |

Waveform generator menu (2)

| Functions | Options | Descriptions |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| frequency |  | Use Multipurpose key to adjust signal frequency |
| amplitude |  | Use Multipurpose key to adjust signal amplitude |
| Shifting |  | Use Multipurpose key to adjust signal Shifting |
| Pulse width <br> /duty cycle/ <br> symmetry |  | Modify Pulse width for pulse signal, <br> Modify duty cycle for square wave signal, <br> Modify symmetry for sawtooth wave |

### 11.8 System Upgrade

This series oscilloscope can use USB disk to upgrade the software to give users a more convenient and flexible experience. To use this feature, please follow the following steps:
(1) Press UTILITY to enter the auxiliary function menu, press F1 to view system information, access the machine's model number, software, and hardware version information

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(2) Software upgrade file can be found on UNI-T website or UNI-T distributors. Software file is consistent with the machine model and hardware version. Software version higher than the current version is stored in the root directory of $U$ disk.
(3) Insert USB disk, press UTILITY to enter the auxiliary function menu, press F1 to select system to be upgraded. Press SELECT to confirm

(4) Upgrade process takes different time based on different contents to be upgraded. After the upgrade, syetem will automatically restart in order to complete the upgrade.
Note: please make sure that the power supply is on throughout the upgrade process in order to avoid the incomplete upgrade. If the system is not completely upgraded, it might not be able to restart.

## Chapter 12- Other Function Keys

### 12.1 Automatic Setting

Automatic settings will according to the input signal, choose appropriate time base files, range profile, and triggering parameters so that the waveform automatically properly displays on the screen. Press the AUTO key to enable automatic settings
(1). Automatic setting is suitable for setting up simple single frequency signals, and not for complex combination waves.
(2). The signal frequency is not less than 50 Hz , the amplitude is not less than 30 mVpp , and the square wave duty cycle is more than $5 \%$
(3). Only opened channel can be used for automatic setting
12.2 Run/Stop

When the RUN/STOP key is pressed, a green light will be on, indicating the RUN status. When the key is pressed again and a red light appears, indicating the STOP status. The RUN state enables the oscilloscope to be in continuous acquisition, the upper screen will display AUTO. During the STOP state, the oscilloscope stops collecting data, and the upper screen displays STOP. Press RUN/STOP key to switch run/stop state.

### 12.3 Factory Setting

By pressing the DEFAULT button, you can quickly restore to factory settings UTD2000CEX-II series oscilloscope factory settings are as below:

## UHE

| System | Function | Factory Setting |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Vertical System | CH 1 | 1V/DIV |
|  | Vertical Displacement | 0 |
|  | Coupling | DC |
|  | Bandwidth Limit | Off |
|  | Lattice | Coarse |
|  | Probe | 1× |
|  | Reverse | Off |
|  | Bias Voltage | Off |
|  | CH 2 | Off |
|  | MATH, REF | Off |
| Horizontal System | Extended Window | Off |
|  | Horizontal Timebase | $1 \mu \mathrm{~s} / \mathrm{div}$ |
|  | Horizontal Displacement | 0 |
| Trigger System | Hold Time | 100.00ns |
|  | Trigger Type | Edge |
|  | Source | CH1 |
|  | Slope Type | Rising |
|  | Coupling Mode | DC |
|  | Trigger Mode | Auto |


| Display | Type | Vector |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Format | YT |
|  | Duration Time | 100 ms |
|  | Grid Brightness | $50 \%$ |
|  | Waveform Brightness | $60 \%$ |
| Other System | Storage Type | Waveform |
|  | Frequency Meter | Off |
|  | Measurements | Off, Clears all measurements |
|  | Cursor | Language |
|  | Menu Display | Off |
|  | Square wave output | Manual |
|  | Backlight brightness | $100 \%$ |
|  | Output selection | Trigger |
|  |  |  |

## Chapter 13- System prompt and

## Troubleshooting

13.1 System Information Description

Operation at limit: In the current state, adjustment has reached the limit and cannot continue. When the vertical scale knob, timing knob, level shift, vertical shift or trigger reaches adjustment limit, the display will show up. USB device is not inserted: When the USB storage device is not connected to thoscilloscope.
Load Failed: When the location did not store the setting or waveform needed

### 13.2 Trouble shooting

(1) When the power button is pressed and the oscilloscope is black screen:
(1) Check the power supply connection
(2) Make sure the power switch at the back of the oscilloscope is open, press the front panel power key and confirm green light is present
(3) If there is a sound, it indicates that the oscilloscope is activated. Try the following operation: press DEFAULT key, then press F1 key, if device return to normal, it means backlight brightness is too low
(4) After completing the above steps, restart the oscilloscope.
(5) If you still cannot solve this problem, please contact UNI-T and let us serve you.
(2) After signal acqusition, wavform does not appear on display:
(1) Check if the probe is connected to the signal test point
(2) Check if the signal line is connected to the analog channel input
(4) Check the input signal of the analog channel and that channel is open
(5) Make sure that the probe is connected to the compensation piece and check whether the probe is normal
(5) Check to see if there is a signal to be detected
(6) Press AUTO button for signal re-acquisition
(3) The measured amplitude value is 10 times larger or smaller than the actual value:
Make sure that the probe attenuation coefficient matches the attenuation of the probe used.
(4) There is a waveform but not stable:
(1) Check the trigger source in the trigger menu and confirm that the signal and channel are consistent
(2) Check the trigger type, normal signals should use edge trigger mode Stable waveform will be displayed only by setting to the correct trigger mode
(3) Try changing the trigger coupling to high frequency or low frequency in order to suppress or remove noise caused by interference
(5) Pressing the RUN/STOP key and no waveform is displayed:
(1) Check whether the trigger menu's trigger method is set to normal, and whether the trigger level has exceeded the waveform range. If it exceeded, center the trigger level or set the trigger mode to auto with the AUTO key
(2) Press the AUTO button to complete the above settings
(6) Waveform refresh rate is too slow:
(1) Check whether the acquisition mode is set to average, and the number of average is too big
(2) You can speed up the refresh rate by reducing the average times or select other methods such as normal sampling

## Chapter 14- Technical specification

Aside from specification labeled "typical", all specifications are guaranteed Unless otherwise stated, all technical specifications are applicable to probe attenuation 10X and with UTD2000CEX-II series oscilloscope. Oscilloscope must first meet the following two conditions in order to achieve these standards:

- The instrument must be operated at the specified operating temperature
for more than thirty minutes.
- If the operating temperature exceeds 5 degrees Celsius from norma operating temperature, self calibration needs to be performed.


## -NE

| Input |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Input Coupling | DC, AC, GND |  |
| Input Impedance | $1 \mathrm{M} \Omega \pm 1 \% / / 20 \mathrm{pF} \pm 3 \mathrm{pF}$ |  |
| Probe Attenuation Coefficient | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \mathrm{~m} \times, 2 \mathrm{~m} \times, 5 \mathrm{~m} \times, 10 \mathrm{~m} \times, 20 \mathrm{~m} \times, 50 \mathrm{~m} \times, 100 \mathrm{~m} \times, 200 \mathrm{~m} \times \text {, } \\ & 500 \mathrm{~m} \times, 1 \times, 2 \times, 5 \times, 10 \times, 20 \times, 50 \times, 100 \times, 200 \times, 500 \times, 1000 \times \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Maximum Input Voltage | CAT I 300 Vrms, CAT II 100 Vrms, Transient Overvoltage 1000 Vpk |  |
| Horizontal |  |  |
| Timing Scale | $5 \mathrm{~ns} / \mathrm{div} \sim 50 \mathrm{~s} / \mathrm{div}$ (1-2-5 base) |  |
| Timing Accuracy | $\leq \pm(50+2 \times$ Service Life) ppm |  |
| Delay | Pre-trigger (Negative Delay): $\geq 1$ Screen Width Post-trigger (Positive Delay): $1 \mathrm{~s} \sim 50 \mathrm{~s}$ |  |
| Timebase | YT,XY,ROLL |  |
| Vertical |  |  |
| Model | UTD2102CEX-II | UTD2072CEX-II |
| Bandwidth | 100 MHz | 70 MHz |
| Rise Time (Typical) | $\leqslant 3.5$ ns | $\leqslant 5 \mathrm{~ns}$ |
| Channels | 2 | 2 |


| Vertical Resolution | 8 bit |
| :--- | :--- |
| Vertical Scale | $1 \mathrm{mV} /$ div~20 V/div(1-2-5 base) |
| Vertical Displacement Range | $\pm 8 \mathrm{div}$ |
| Bandwidth Limit (typical) | 20 MHz |
| Low Frequency Response <br> (AC coupling, -3dB) | $\leq 5 \mathrm{~Hz}$ (on BNC) |
| DC Gain Accuracy | Sampling or average sampling method) <br> $<5 \mathrm{mV}: \pm 4 \% ~ \geq 5 \mathrm{mV}: \pm 3 \%$ |
| DC Offset accuracy | $\leq \pm 4 \%$ (Sampling or average <br> sampling method) |
| Channel Separation | DC to maximum bandwidth : >40 dB |
| Sampling | Teal-time Sampling, Equivalent sampling |
| Sampling | $1 \mathrm{GS} / \mathrm{s}($ Single Channel), <br> $500 \mathrm{MS} / \mathrm{s}(D u a l ~ C h a n n e l), ~$ |
| Real-time Sampling Rate | Sampling, peak detection, high <br> resolution, envelope, and average |
| Acquisition Mode | After all channels reach N times sampling, <br> N times in $2,4,8,16,32,64,128,256,512$ |
| Average Value | sin(x)/x |
| Waveform Interpolation | Auto, 28kpts, 280kpts, 2.8Mpts, 28Mpts |
| Storage Depth | Sam |



| Trigger |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Trigger Level Range | Internal: Center of the screen $\pm 15$ grids External: $\pm 6 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Trigger Mode | Automatic, normal, single |
| Trigger Holdoff Range | 100ns~10s |
| High Frequency Suppression | 1.23 MHz |
| Low Frequency Suppression | 680 kHz |
| Noise Suppression | Reduce Noise Waveform ( $10 \mathrm{mV} / \mathrm{div} \sim 20 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{div}$, DC coupling trigger sensitivity reduced by 2 times) |
| Trigger Sensitivity | $\leq 1$ div |
| Edge Trigger |  |
| Edge Type | Rising, falling, any |
| Pulse Width Trigger |  |
| Pulse Condition | >, <, >< |
| Polarity | Positive, negative pulse width |
| Pulse Width Range | 20ns $\sim 10 \mathrm{~s}$ |
| Under-range Pulse Trigger |  |
| Pulse Condition | >, <, >< |
| Polarity | Positive, negative |
| Pulse Width Range | 20ns~10s |


| Beyond-range Pulse Trigger |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Beyond-range type | Rising, falling, any |  |
| Trigger Position | Entering, exiting, time |  |
| Beyond-range time | 20ns~10s |  |
| Slope Trigger |  |  |
| Slope Condition | Positive slope (greater than, less than, specified range) |  |
|  | Negative slope (greater than, less than, specified range) |  |
| Time Setup | 20ns~10s |  |
| Video Trigger |  |  |
| Signal System Frequency Range | Supports NTSC, PAL, rows range is $1 \sim 525$ (NTSC) and 1~625 (PAL/SECAM) |  |
| Measure |  |  |
| Cursor | Manual | Voltage between cursors ( $\triangle \mathrm{V}$ ) <br> Time between cursors $(\triangle T)$ <br> Frequency ( Hz ) $(1 / \triangle T)$ |
|  | Trace Mode | Voltage and time at waveform point |
|  | Indicator | Allows auto display of cursor |

## -NR

| Auto <br> Measurement | The maximum value, minimum value, peak value, top value, amplitude, period average value, average value, cycle RMS, RMS, area, period area, overshoot, preshoot, rising ,falling ,frequency, period, rise time, fall time, pulse width, positive pulse width, negative pulse width, burst pulse width , positive duty cycle , negative duty cycle, phase, FRR, FRF, FFR, FFF, LRR, LRF, LFR, LFF, etc. total quantity of 34 measurement parameters |
| :---: | :---: |
| Measurement Number | Displays 5 at the same time |
| Measurement Range | Screen or cursor |
| Measurement Statistics | Average value, maximum value, minimum value, standard deviation and the number of measurements |
| Frequency meter | Hardware 6 bit frequency meter |
| Mathematical Operations |  |
| Waveform Calculation | $A+B, ~ A-B, ~ A \times B, ~ A / B, ~ F F T$ |
| FFT Window Type | Rectangle, Hanning, Blackman, Hamming |
| FFT Display | Split screen; time base can be adjusted independently |
| FFT Vertical Scale | Vrms, dBVrms |
| Digital Filter | Low pass, High pass, Band pass |
| Storage |  |
| Setting | Internal (20), External USB |
| Waveform | Internal (20), External USB |


| Bitmap | External USB |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Display |  |  |
| Display type | 8-inch TFT LCD |  |
| Display Resolutio800 horizontal ×480 vertical (RGB) |  |  |
| Display Color | $160,000,000$ |  |
| Duration | Auto / Short afterglow / Long afterglow / Infinity |  |
| Menu Duration | 1s, 2s, 5s, 10s, 20s, manual |  |
| Display Type | Point, Vector |  |
| Interface | Standard : USB-OTG, Pass/Fail interface <br> Optional : USB-LA Logic analyzer (UT-M09) <br> Waveform Genrator (UT-M11) <br> DMMs |  |
| Standard/ <br> Optional |  |  |

## General Technical Specifications

| Probe compensated signal output |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Output Voltage | $3 \mathrm{Vp}-\mathrm{p}$ |
| Frequency | $10 \mathrm{~Hz}, 100 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{kHz}$ (default), $10 \mathrm{kHz}, 100 \mathrm{kHz}$ |

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| Power Supply |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Power Supply <br> Voltage | $100 \mathrm{~V} \sim 240 \mathrm{VACrms}$ |
| Frequency | $50 \mathrm{~Hz} \sim 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |
| Fuse | $3 \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{~T}$ level, 250V |
| Environment |  |
| Temperature <br> Range | Operational : $0{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \sim+40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | Non-Operational : $-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \sim+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Cooling | Forced cooling fan |
| Humidity <br> range | Operational : below $+35^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \leq 90 \%$ Relative humidity <br> Non-operational $:+35^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \sim+40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \leq 60 \%$ Relative humidity |
| Altitude | Operational : Below $3000 \mathrm{~m} ;$ <br> Non-operational $: \mathrm{Below} 15,000 \mathrm{~m}$ |
| Mechanical Specifications |  |
| Size | $336 m m(\mathrm{~W}) \times 164 \mathrm{~mm}(\mathrm{H}) \times 108(\mathrm{D}) \mathrm{mm}$ |
| Weight | 3.5 kg |
| Maintenance Period |  |
| Recommend to perform calibration once a year |  |

## Chapter 15 - Appendix

Appendix A - Accessories and Options

| MODE | UTD2072CEX-II |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | UTD2102CEX-II |
|  | Power line meets local country standard |
|  | USB data cable |
|  | Quick guide |
|  | CD (Includes manual and application software) |

For all accessories (standard and optional), please order at UNI-T local dealers
Appendix B - Maintenance and Cleaning
(1) General Maintenance

Do not store or place the instrument and liquid crystal display in direct sunlight. Caution: do not spray liquid or solvent on the instrument or probe (2) Clean

Refer to the operating conditions of the instrument and probe and perform frequent checks. Clean the outer surface of the instrument according to the following steps:
Please use a soft cloth to wipe the dust off probes and the instrument. When cleaning the LCD screen, please pay attention and protect the LCD screen.
Please disconnect the power supply, then with a damp but not dripping soft cloth, wipe the instrument.
Do not use any chemical abrasive cleaning agent on the instrument or probes.

## - N-

V arning: Please confirm that the instrument is completely dry before use, to avoid damage caused by electrical short circuit caused by moisture.

A ppendix C W arranty 0 verv iew
UNI-T (Uni-Trend Technology (China) Ltd.) ensures the production and sale of products, from authorized dealer's delivery date of three years, without any defects in materials and workmanship. If the product is proven to be defective within this period, UNI-T will repaire or replace the product in accordance with the detailed provisions of the warranty.
To arrange for repair or acquire warranty form, please contact the nearest UNI-T sales and repair department
In addition to permit provided by this summary or other applicable insurance guarantee, Uni-T does not provide any other explicit or implied guarantee, including but not limited to the product trading and special purpose for any implied warranties. In any case, UNI-T for indirect, special, or consequential loss does not bear any responsibility.

## Appendix D ContactUs

If the use of this product has caused any inconvenience, you can contact Uni-Trend Technology (China) Limited directly in mainland China:
Between 8:30am to $5: 30$ pm Beijing time, Friday to Monday
Products from regions outside of China, please contact your local UNI-T dealer or sales center
Many of the products that support UNI-T have an extended the warranty period plan and a calibration period, please contact your local UNI-Tdealer or sales center.
To obtain the address list of our service centers, please visit our website at URL: http://www.uni-trend.com

## UNI-T

UNI-TREND TECHNOLOGY (CHINA) CO., LTD.
No6, Gong Ye Bei 1st Road
Songshan Lake National High-Tech Industrial
Development Zone, Dongguan City,
Guangdong Province, China
Tel: ( $86-769$ ) 85723888
htp://www.uni--trend.com

