# Instruction Manual 

MODEL<br>DOPF Series

Matsusada Precision

## SAFETY

This power supply unit generates high voltage and energy.
Electric shock may lead to death or serious injury.
Be sure to follow the instructions below and handle the unit with caution.

## 1. BE SURE TO GROUND!!

Be sure to ground the power supply unit before use.

## 2. DO NOT TOUCH ANY HIGH VOLTAGE TERMINALS!!

Do not operate the power supply unless someone who is familiar with the operation precede, the hazards of high voltage, and the treatment for the electrical shock is present.

## 3. UNDERSTAND THE HAZARDS OF HIGH VOLTAGE!!

In case you let somebody operate the power supply for you, must be sure that he/she fully understands the hazards of high voltage and the areas where never can be touched.

## 4. CUT OFF THE POWER BEFORE TOUCH THE UNIT!!

Cut off the power, and check that the power is OFF, before you touch the power supply. Capacitors in the output circuit are still charged and dangerous even after the power has been cut off.Discharge all remaining high voltage by grounding them.

## 5. DISCONNECT THE INPUT LINES(AC LINES) !!

In case you need to touch the inside of the power supply following instruction manual, cut off the power and disconnect the input lines(AC lines), and ground all the capacitors and high voltage section.

Don't remove the case or touch the inside of power supply unless so instructed in the instruction manual.

## 6. OPERATE THE POWER SUPPLY WITH YOUR RIGHT HAND!!

In order to avoid the electric shock to your important organs, operate the power supply with your right hand and keep your left hand off from the power supply.

## $\triangle$ Warning

- Do not touch the output terminal or the leads or load connected to it while the unit is in operation or immediately after it is stopped. Otherwise it may cause electric shock or injury.
- Do not install the unit in a place subject to dew condensation.
Otherwise it may cause electric shock.
No
- Do not place any object on the unit. Dangerous situations may occur if the object drops or falls.
- Do not put any object in the unit. It may cause damage.
- Be sure to ground the unit to avoid a rare possibility of electric shock.
Otherwise it may lead to fire, electric shock or injury.
GROUND
- Do not modify or damage the cables.

Otherwise it may cause electric shock.

NO

- Do not install the unit in a place subject to steam or water vapor.
Otherwise it may cause poor insulation and lead to fire or electric shock.
No

- Do not disassemble, remodel or repair the unit. High voltage may be built up inside, which may cause electric shock.
. Disassembly, remodeling or repair hamper ensuring of safety and may lead to
No
DISASSEMBLY dangerous situations.
- Do not install the unit outdoors or in a place subject to leaking of water, flood or snow.
Otherwise it may cause electric shock.


## © Caution

- Do not install the unit upside down or on a wrong side.
Insufficient heat release may cause deterioration of parts, which may NO generate smoke or set fire.
- Do not cover the vent holes of the unit. Vent holes are provided to prevent elevation of temperature inside. Covering them not only hampers the unit from achieving its performance but also causes deterioration of parts, which may generate smoke or set fire.
- Do not wipe the unit with chemicals (such as thinner) or wet cloth. It may allow water inside leading to electric shock, electrical leak or burning.
- Do not install the unit and the remote controller in a place subject to direct cold air. Condensation may lead to electrical leak/burning.
- Do not use the unit in a place subject to high temperature or in an enclosed, limited area.
It not only hampers the unit from achieving its performance but also causes deterioration of parts leading to smoking or burning.
- Do not install the unit in a place subject to corrosive gas or liquid (such as a place where chemicals are handled). Deterioration of parts may cause generation of smoke or burning.
- After reading this manual, be sure to store it in a place convenient for the users so that it can be referred to at anytime.


## RESCUE

1. Free victim from contact with live conductor quickly. Avoid contact with neither live conductor nor victim' s body.
2. Shut off high voltage at once and ground the circuit. If high voltage cannot be turned off quickly, ground the circuit to discharge, or cut high voltage line by an ax with dry wooden handle. Be careful of electric flash.
3. If circuit cannot be broken or grounded, use a dry board, dry clothing, or other nonconductor to free victim.
4. Call an ambulance immediately.

## SYMPTOMS

NEVER TAKE ELECTRICALLY SHOCKED CONDITION AS DEATH.
Symptoms of electric shock may include unconsciousness, failure to breathe, absence of pulse, pallor, and stiffness, as well as severe burns.

Whenever victim is not breathing properly, give artificial respiration(see next page).

## TREATMENT

1. Start artificial respiration at scene of accident. Only in case victim's or operator's life is endangered, remove victim to safe location nearby.
2. After starting artificial respiration, continue without loss of rhythm until victim start breathing without help, or being passed to medical aid.
3. When operator change while giving artificial respiration, do so without losing the rhythm of respiration.
4. After giving first aid, try to get a diagnosis by a doctor as soon as possible because shock can cause internal burn, which can be lethal if left untreated.

## AFTER VICTIM REVIVES

Be prepared to resume artificial respiration, as he may stop breathing again.
Keep victim warm and lying down until he or she has been conscious for at least thirty minutes.

## Artificial respiration

## 1. PLACE VICTIM

Place victim in face- upward position horizontally.

## 2. CLEAR THROAT

Turn head to one side quickly wipe out any fluid, mucus, or foreign body from mouth and throat with fingers.
3. OPEN AIR PASSAGE

Tilt head back and extend neck to open air passage.
4. LIFT JAW FORWARD

Put thumb in victim' s mouth and grasp jaw firmly. Lift jaw forward to pull tongue out of air passage. Do not hold or depress tongue.
5. PINCH NOSTRILS CLOSED

With other hand pinch nostrils closed to prevent air leak.
6. BLOW AIR IN

Take a deep breath, seal victim's open mouth and exhale firmly into victim' s mouth until chest is seen to lift.
Make sure to open mouth widely to avoid air leakage.


## 7. REMOVE MOUTH AND CHECK

Check the sound of breathing out air and see normal breathing when releasing mouth. If no sound, repeat from OPEN AIR PASSAGE. Continue at a rate of 12 to 20 times per minute.

Quantity of air have to be increased gradually. Especially when victim is infant, be carefully not to be too strong, not to blow in too much air.
Keep giving artificial respiration until victim start breathing without help, or being passed to medical aid.

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## 1 Introduction

## 1-1 Introduction

Thank you very much for your purchase of our product, HIGH SPPED AMPRIFIER.
We have done our best for the quality control of our products. Please handle this unit properly according to this instruction manual so that you can use the full performance of this unit safely for long.
We have carefully prepared this instruction manual, but if you find any doubtful or unclear point or any omission, please kindly contact us shortly.

## 1-2 Unpacking the amplifier

When unpacked the unit, you will please check the following accessories are enclosed with the amplifier main body.

## Accessories)

- AC input cord (1 pc.)
- Instruction manual


## <Accessories for Option>

- Instruction manual
- GP - Cable (LGob option)
- I nstall manual (- LUs1 option)
- USB driver (LUs1 option)


## 1-3 Environmental requirements

- Place and use the high voltage amplifier horizontally.
- Never place any object on the high voltage amplifier.
- There are air suction and exhaust holes for cooling at upper part and sides of the high voltage power supply. Provide an ample space to the high voltage power supply, and use it at the place where the ventilating condition is good.
- Avoid using the unit at such places where it is very dusty or there is corrosive gas.


## 1-4 Points to be careful about in handling.

## WHEN TOUCHING LOAD AFTER TURNING OFF HIGH VOLTAGE

1. Make the setting of an output voltage to zero (0).
2. Turn off the POWER ON/OFF switch.
3. Check and confirm that the voltage is zero at an output voltmeter of this unit. Earthling an output for more than 10 seconds, check and confirm that the voltage is zero with another high voltage meter.
It is especially dangerous that the load is capacitive or a long cable is used.
4. Make it a rule to touch load with right hand.

## How to GROUND

- For the safe operation, be sure to ground the ground terminal of power supply at one point.
- Make sure to ground properly as per the above sketch Insufficient ground can cause electrical shock or serious damage to the unit.
- In case output short circuit or arcing is expected, please make the ground wire shorter and thicker.



## FOR SAFER OPEREATION

1. Laying an insulation plate which can withstand the voltage to be used on the floor on which an operator stands, carry out the operation. If done so, it will be comparatively safe.
2. When operating a power supply and load, do so with right hand with left hand put in the pocket, taking care not to touch other objects.
3. After turning off the voltage (even if a long time has lapsed after turning off), if you touch load, be sure to earth the output longer than 10 seconds.

## 1- 5 What to do before calling for sarvice <br> In case no output

1. Check whether or not a specified voltage has been inputted.

AC100~120V $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ single phase of input voltage.
(For output power of 600 W or higher, AC $200 \sim 240 \mathrm{~V} 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ single phase)
2. Check whether or not a connection is correct.

## 1- 6 Characteristics of bi- polar amplifier

## Capacitive load

Capacitive load may cause oscillation when it is more than 100 pF . In such case, insert $1 \Omega(10 \mu$ F) $\sim 1 \mathrm{k} \Omega \quad 1000 \mathrm{pF}$ ) power resistance in series with the output. Be careful that the frequency bandwidth is limited depending on the resistance inserted in series in series and the capacity under capacitive load.

## Inductive load

Some inductance of inductive load may cause resonance in CC mode.
In such cases, connect a C-R series circuit between output terminals to prevent resonance.

## Response speed

When accurate output waveforms are required, select a bi- polar amplifier with a frequency bandwidth adequately higher than the used frequency. In case of using in sine waves, 3 to 5 times quick frequency bandwidth is required, and around 10 times quick one is required in case of using in square waves in general. Inadequate bandwidth causes not only decrease in the output amplitude but much difference between the input and output phase. Therefore attention must be paid by using the product while monitoring the output waveforms.


## Rising time

\$tepping time):The responsivity is sometimes expressed by the rising time(as shown in the drawing below). The rising time of a bi- polar amplifier at a response speed of (=frequency bandwidth)
$\mathrm{Fc}(\mathrm{Hz})$ is generally acquired by "trapproximately $0.35 / \mathrm{fc}$ "
Falling time tf is the same as tr.


## 2 Exterior view diagram

## 2-1.Exterior view diagram

Correspondence list of model and exterior/dimension

| Model | Output power | Weight | Exterior/Dimension view |  |  | Dimensions ※1 |  | Output terminal |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Number | Exterior page | Dimension page | Height | Depth |  |
| DOPF5-30 | 150W | 17kg | A | p.7,8 | p. 13 | 133mm | 550mm | Terminal board |
| DOPF5-60 | 300W | 23kg | B | p. 9 | p. 15 | 177mm | 610mm | Terminal board |
| DOPF6-120 | 720W | 47 kg | C | p.10,11 | p. 17 | 266mm | 610mm | Busbar |
| D0PF10-15 | 150W | 11kg | A | p.7,8 | p. 13 | 133mm | 482mm | Terminal board |
| DOPF10-30 | 300W | 17kg |  |  |  | 133mm | 550mm |  |
| DOPF10-60 | 600W | 23kg | B | p. 9 | p. 15 | 177mm | 610mm | Terminal board |
| DOPF20-7.5 | 150W | 11kg | A | p.7,8 | p. 13 | 133mm | 482mm | Terminal board |
| DOPF20-15 | 300W | 17kg |  |  |  | 133mm | 550mm |  |
| DOPF20-30 | 600W | 23kg |  | p.7,8 | p. 14 | 177mm | 610mm |  |
| DOPF20-60 | 1200W | 40kg | C | p.10,11 | p. 16 | 266mm | 610mm | Terminal board |
| DOPF20-100 | 2000W | 47kg |  | p.10,11 | p. 17 |  |  | Busbar |
| DOPF25-6 | 150W | 11kg | A |  | p. 13 | 133mm | 482 mm | Terminal board |
| DOPF25-12 | 300W | 17kg |  | p.7,8 |  | 133mm | 550 mm |  |
| DOPF25-24 | 600W | 23kg |  | p.7,8 | p. 14 | 177mm | 610mm |  |
| DOPF25-48 | 1200W | 40kg | C | p.10,11 | p. 16 | 266mm | 610mm | Terminal board |
| DOPF25-80 | 2000W | 47kg |  | p.10,11 | p. 17 |  |  | Busbar |
| DOPF30-40 | 1200W | 40kg |  | p.10,11 | p. 16 |  |  | Terminal board |
| DOPF45-3.3 | 150W | 12kg | A | p.7,8 | p. 13 | 133mm | 482 mm | Terminal board |
| DOPF45-6.6 | 300W | 17kg |  |  |  | 133 mm | 550mm |  |
| DOPF45-13.3 | 600W | 23kg |  | p.7,8 | p. 14 | 177 mm | 610mm |  |
| DOPF45-16 | 720W | 23kg |  |  |  | 177mm | 610mm |  |
| DOPF45-26.7 | 1200W | 40kg | C | p.10,11 | p. 16 | 266mm | 610mm |  |
| DOPF45-44.4 | 2000W | 47kg |  |  |  |  |  |  |

※1 Width is 483 mm in all models.

Correspondence list of model and exterior/dimension

| Model | Output power | Weight | Exterior/Dimension view |  |  | Dimensions ※1 |  | Output terminal |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Number | Exterior page | Dimension page | Height | Depth |  |
| DOPF60-2.5 | 150W | 12kg | A | p.7,8 | p. 13 | 133mm | 482 mm | Terminal board |
| DOPF60-5 | 300W | 17kg |  |  |  | 133mm | 510mm |  |
| DOPF60-10 | 600W | 23kg |  | p.7,8 | p. 14 | 177mm | 610mm |  |
| DOPF60-20 | 1200W | 40kg | C | p.10,11 | p. 16 | 266mm | 610mm |  |
| DOPF60-33.3 | 2000W | 47kg |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| DOPF70-17 | 1200W | 40kg |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| DOPF80-25 | 2000W | 47kg |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| DOPF120-2.5 | 300W | 18kg | A | p.7,8 | p. 13 | 133mm | 550mm | Terminal board |
| DOPF120-5 | 600W | 30kg | D | p. 12 | p. 18 | 266mm | 610mm |  |
| DOPF120-10 | 1200W | 45kg | C | p.10,11 | p. 16 | 266mm | 610mm |  |
| DOPF150-2 | 300W | 18kg | A | p.7,8 | p. 13 | 133mm | 482 mm | Terminal board |
| DOPF150-4 | 600W | 30kg | D | p. 12 | p. 18 | 266mm | 610 mm |  |
| DOPF150-8 | 1200W | 45kg | C | p.10,11 | p. 16 | 266mm | 610 mm |  |
| DOPF200-1.5 | 300W | 18kg | A | p.7,8 | p. 13 | 133mm | 482 mm | Terminal board |
| DOPF200-1.75 | 350W | 18kg |  |  |  | 133mm | 550 mm |  |
| DOPF200-3 | 600W | 30kg | D | p. 12 | p. 18 | 266mm | 610mm |  |
| DOPF200-3.5 | 700W | 30kg | C | p.10,11 | p. 16 | 266mm | 610mm |  |
| DOPF200 6 | 1200W | 45kg |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| DOPF300-1 | 300W | 18kg | A | p.7,8 | p. 13 | 133mm | 482 mm | Terminal board |
| DOPF300-2 | 600W | 30kg | D | p. 12 | p. 18 | 266mm | 610mm |  |
| DOPF300-4 | 1200W | 45kg | C | p.10,11 | p. 16 | 133mm | 610 mm |  |

※1 Width is 483 mm in all models.

## A Exterior view diagram

## [Front view]

Height 133mm


## [Front view]

Height 177mm

(1) POWER ON/OFF switch
(10) KEYLOCK switch
(2) VOLT/CURR encoder
(11) WAVE switch
(3) VOLT/CURR switch
(12) CV/CC switch
(4) OUTPUT indication LED
(13) DISP switch
(5) OUTPUT ON/OFF switch
(14) FREQ/Duty switch
(6) $L C D$
(15) FREQ/Duty encoder
(7) MEMORY switch
(16) EXT control signal(Vcon) indication LED
(8) OVP SET switch
(17) EXT control signal(Vcon) switch
(9) KEYLOCK indication LED
(18) EXT control signal(Vcon) terminal

## [Rear view]

Height 133mm

[Rear view]
Height 177mm

(19) Connector for Master- slave (option)
(23) AC input terminal
(20) OUTPUT terminal
(24) Remote switch (option)
(21) Voltage monitor terminal
(25) Interlock (option)
(22) Current monitor terminal
(26) Communication connector (option)

## B Exterior view diagram

## [Front view]


[Rear view]

(1) POWER ON/OFF switch
(2) VOLT/CURR encoder
(3) VOLT/CURR switch
(4) OUTPUT indication LED
(5) OUTPUT ON/OFF switch
(6) $L C D$
(7) MEMORY switch
(8) OVP SET switch
(9) KEYLOCK indication LED
(10) KEYLOCK switch
(11) WAVE switch
(12) CV/CC switch
(13) DISP switch
(14) FREQ/Duty switch
(15) FREQ/Duty encoder
(16) EXT control signal(Vcon) indication LED
(17) EXT control signal(Vcon) switch
(18) EXT control signal(Vcon) terminal
(19) Connector for Master- slave (option)
(20) OUTPUT terminal
(21) Voltage monitor terminal
(22) Current monitor terminal
(23) AC input terminal
(24) Remote switch (option)
(25) Interlock (option)
(26) Communication connector (option)

## C] Exterior view diagram

[Front view]

(1) POWER ON/OFF switch
(10) KEYLOCK switch
(2) VOLT/CURR encoder
(11) WAVE switch
(3) VOLT/CURR switch
(12) CV/CC switch
(4) OUTPUT indication LED
(13) DISP switch
(5) OUTPUT ON/OFF switch
(14) FREQ/Duty switch
(6) $\operatorname{LCD}$
(15) FREQ/Duty encoder
(7) MEMORY switch
(8) OVP SET switch
(16) EXT control signal(Vcon) indication LED
(17) EXT control signal(Vcon) switch
(9) KEYLOCK indication LED
(18) EXT control signal(Vcon) terminal

## C Exterior view diagram

## [Rear view]

Terminal type

[Rear view] Busbar type

(19) Connector for Master- slave (option)
(23) AC input terminal
(20) OUTPUT terminal
(24) Remote switch (option)
(21) Voltage monitor terminal
(25) Interlock (option)
(22) Current monitor terminal
(26) Communication connector (option)

Exterior view diagram

(1) POWER ON/OFF switch
(2) VOLT/CURR encoder
(3) VOLT/CURR switch
(4) OUTPUT indication LED
(5) OUTPUT ON/OFF switch
(6) $\operatorname{LCD}$
(7) MEMORY switch
(8) OVP SET switch
(9) KEYLOCK indication LED
(10) KEYLOCK switch
(11) WAVE switch
(12) CV/CC switch
(13) DISP switch
(14) FREQ/Duty switch
(15) FREQ/Duty encoder
(16) EXT control signal(Vcon) indication LED
(17) EXT control signal(Vcon) switch
(18) EXT control signal(Vcon) terminal
(19) Connector for Master- slave (option)
(20) OUTPUT terminal
(21) Voltage monitor terminal
(22) Current monitor terminal
(23) AC input terminal
(24) Remote switch (option)
(25) Interlock (option)
(26) Communication connector (option)

## 2-2 .Dimensions

## A <br> Dimensions

Height 133mm)

| Model | D1 | D2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 150W except POPF5-30) | 478 mm | 401 mm |
| 300W, 350W, POPF5-30 | 546 mm | 481 mm |



## A Dimensions

Height 177 mm )


B Dimensions


Dimensions
Terminal type)

C.

Dimensions
Busbar type)


## D <br> Dimensions



## 3 Instruction for handling

## 31 Overview

DOPF is high speed bi- polar amplifier that operate on constant voltage mode when set as constant voltage control, and operate constant current mode when set as constant current control, following internal control signal or external control signal.
Since DOPF supports all four quadrants, this product is capable to supplying source current and sink current.

## 3. 2 Connection to the load

- Connect adequate thickness of short cable
- Use PCV cable $\left(105^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ which withstand working voltage Consideration for current capacity, limitation of output cable( $0.5 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{lead}$ ) by sensing and so on are needed for connection to the load. See below table to determine appropriate cable.

| AWG | $\mathrm{mm}^{2}$ | Peak current A$)$ | AWG | $\mathrm{mm}^{2}$ | Peak current A$)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 18 | 1.1 | 2 | 4 | 21 | 106 |
| 16 | 1.3 | 7 | 2 | 33 | 170 |
| 14 | 2.1 | 11 | 1 | 42 | 209 |
| 12 | 3.3 | 18 | $1 / 0$ | 53 | 270 |
| 10 | 5.3 | 23 | $2 / 0$ | 67 | 330 |
| 8 | 8.4 | 39 | $3 / 0$ | 85 | 350 |
| 6 | 13 | 67 |  |  |  |

## 3. 3 Connection of AC input cable

Attach crimping terminal to the AC input cable and connect to the distribution box of commercial power supply. Power supply is AC100~120V or AC $200 \sim 240 \mathrm{~V}, 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$, one phase.
(It depends on model. Confirm with rear panel display.)
distribution box
NEUTRAL = White
LINE $=$ Black
EARTH $(\underline{\text { L }})=$ Green
[nput terminal board]


Earth ground

## 34 Remote sensing (DC output only)

CAUTION
$+S$ and $-S$ shall be connected with output terminal (+sense $\rightarrow+$ OUTPUT terminal , - sense $\rightarrow$ - OUTPUT terminal) when remote sense function is not used or when unit is connected in parallel or series.
If unit is operated without +sense and -sense connected with output terminal, it can cause failure.

With remote sense function, stabilize point of power supply can be set to other point than output terminal such as load or other point.
The loss of the lead is adjusted by 0.5 V maximum.
Use twisted or shielded wire as the lead for sensing.
The sense lines are provided at the sense connector on the rear panel. Make connections as described below:

1. Turn the power supply OFF, wait for five minutes and remove the jumpers between $+S$ and + OUTPUT terminal, and - S and -OUTPUT terminal.
2. Connect the + Sense and - Sense as shown below. Connect the load in the same way.
3. Ground the shield at one point: power supply or load.
4. Turn the power ON.


## 3-5 Other Function

a. Over voltage Protection (OVP)

This unit has incorporated a protection against over voltage. Even at the time of abnormality, it is limited at OVP set value, protecting power supply and load against damages.
b. Over current Protection (OCP)

This unit has incorporated a protection against over current. Even at the time of abnormality, it is limited at OCP set value, protecting power supply and load against damages.

## 36 Over Current Protection

There are two circuits installed in this power supply; a circuit is to limit pulse current, and another is to limit normal current. limits normal current within 1 msec .

Another circuit is to limit pulse current at 2 times of the rated in case of swinging rectangle wave or charging capacitive in order to protect amp devices. Repeating high frequency, for instance, damages power supply since 2 times of the rated output current is expected at all time.

Therefore, it is strongly recommended that you connect resistance in series to a load, or using power supply in lower
 frequency in this case.

## 3. 7 Output Range

This amplifier is operatable in four- quadrant output range (unipolar type is operated in two-quadrant range), but when operated in DC mode or in low frequency operated please derate the output as per the following diagram.


## AC Operating

 frequency 50 Hz and over/duty $50 \%$ and)

## DC Operating

Please avoid continuous use in high frequency.
It increases internal loss and leads to being in failure.

> * For your safety be sure to earth the GND terminal

## 3. 8 . Operation

This instruction manual explain the setting of signal source, output on / off and others.
This chapter is composed of two parts, "Normal Operation" and "Sequence Operation".

## 3-81. Normal Operation

This part explain the operation procedures to conduct basic operation of DOPF series Such as operation procedures to output sine wave, square wave and others, Setting of protection, memory function and others.

3-8-2. Sequence Operation
This part explain the operation procedures to conduct programmable operation with sequence function.

We recommend you to read from the normal operation in sequence before use if you use this product for the first time and even if you use sequence function.

Operation Panel (Normal Operation)


## 3-8.1. Normal Operation

In DOPF series, you can easily conduct basic operation by operating the switches on the front panel. The contents of setting and the state of operation can be checked by the display of LCD and LED.

The normal operation indicates basic action / operation / function of voltage, electric current and waveform setting other than sequence operation.

Table .Normal Operation List

| Function | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| OUTPUT ON / OFF | Output on or off. |
| MODE SET | Set cv mode (constant voltage) or cc mode (constant current) |
| SIGNAL SWITCH | Switch internal signal / external signal. |
| VOLTAGE / CURRENT SET | Set waveform of internal signal. |
| WAVEFORM SET | Set frequency value of internal signal. |
| FREQUENCY SET | Set phase of sine wave or on duty of square wave / triangle wave. |
| PHASE / ON DUTY SET | Switch the screen to be display. |
| DISPLAY SET | Save and recall settings of internal waveform. |
| MEMORY | Set OVP over <br> protection) . |
| OVP, OCP SET | Set to one of four measurements, DC, AC, MAX and mIN. mode). |
| MEASURE SET | Hold KEY LOCK and absolve of KEY LOCK. |
| KEY LOCK | Output the two signals proportional to output voltage and output <br> current. |
| Monitor signal | SaCP (over current |

## ※Notes

The internal signal indicates the voltage signal or the current signal of sine wave, square wave and others which is generated inside the power source.

Refer to 3-1.Normal operation 3)Switch internal signal / external signal

Display contents of normal operation
As the displayed contents depend on the set value, refer to each part for details.
And also, the voltage value and the current value described in this manual is one example, and the displayed value varies according to the model of DOPF Series.

Refer to 3-8-1.Normal operation 4)Set voltage value, current value
(1)Voltage / Current set screen

example) CV mode set screen

## ※ Notes

The state of Local Control is not used communication option, in this case, "LOC" appears on the display.
And when it use communication option and the state of Remote Control is active, "REN" appears on the display.
Refer to each communication option manual.
(2)Waveform set screen

| W ave | $\rightarrow \quad \mathrm{S}$ ine | Waveform |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| F req | $\rightarrow 1.000 \mathrm{kHz}$ | Setting Frequency of the waveform |
| S tart | 0 deg | Setting start phase |
| ON Phase | 0 deg | Input and cut off phase |

example) set sine wave screen
(3)Protect(OVP, OCP) set screen


## 1)OUTPUT ON / OFF

The setting of OUTPUT on / off is conducted with "OUTPUT" switch.
When press the "OUTPUT" switch in state of output off, Output is turn on and LED (red) is light on.

When press the "OUTPUT" switch in state of output on,
 Output is turn off and LED (red) is light off.

## A CAUTION

In case of CC mode, if you turn output on even in the state where load is not connected to output terminal (open state) regardless of the current set value, voltage is output. Be careful about electrical shock. (even if the current set value is 0 A . a voltage is output.)

## 4 CAUTION

If load where energy is accumulated is connected, a current flows into the internal circuit of the equipment even if output is off. In some cases, the life of load may be affected.

## 2) Set CV mode / CC mode

The setting of CV mode/CC mode is conducted with "CV/CC" switch.


CV mode example


CC mode example

## 3) Switch internal signal / external signal

In DOPF Series, it is possible to conduct switch between the internally-generated signal and the external signal with the switch. By enabling the external signal, DOPF can be operated as an amplifier.

The internal signal indicates the signal which is set by waveform, frequency, voltage or current. If the external signal is used, this setting is cancelled.

And also, DOPF is possible to set DC (voltage or current) by external signal operation and the output where DC voltage or DC current is superimposed on the arbitrary external signal.


When external signal is active, "EXT VCON" LED(green) is light on, on the contrary, internal signal is active, "EXT VCON" LED(green) is light off.
It the external waveform signal is active, "EXT VCON" appears at the display position of "ACV"(CV mode) or "ACI"(CC mode) on the display and AC voltage or AC current can not be set.
But DC (voltage or current) setting is active at each signal setting(internal or external).

Though the setting of waveform and frequency can be changed, the setting itself is disabled. Impedance of external signal is $10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$. When external signal input 10 V , output is rated value.


Set external signal CV mode)

## 4) Set voltage value, current value

The setting of voltage(CV mode) or current(CC mode) is conducted with "VOLT/CURR" switch and dial. As for voltage and current, it is possible to set AC and DC separately, and the output where AC is superimposed on DC is possible.

## Refer to 3-81.Normal operation 3)Swtich internal signal / external signal

The displayed item and unit change by CV/CC mode setting and wave setting.

|  | Set internal signal |  | Set external signal |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | CV mode | CC mode | CV mode | CC mode |
| AC setting | item ACV Set unit :V | item ACl Set unit $\cdot A$ | item :Ext Vcon <br> ※refer to <br> 3) Swtich internal signal / external signal |  |
| DC setting | item :DCV Set unit :V | item :DCI Set unit A | item :DCV Set unit :V | itemu : DCl Set unit A |


| <LOC $>$ | $\rightarrow$ | CV Mode |
| :---: | :---: | ---: |
| ACV Set | $\rightarrow$ | 60.0 V |
| DCV Set |  | -40.0 V |
| 59.9 Vdc |  | 12.1 Adc |

CV mode screen example


CC mode screen example

And setting unit of ACV (CV mode), ACI (CC mode) is peak value.

CAUTION
Setting value is not rms value or peak to peak value.


## (hange item】

it change item between AC setting and DC setting with press "VOLT/CURR" switch.
In case of CV mode, selected item- " $\rightarrow$ " blinks in "ACV Set" or "DCV Set" of the display. in case of CC mode, "ACI Set" or "DCI Set")

The value of item where " $\rightarrow$ " is blinking can be changed.


## $\triangle$ caution

If the external waveform signal is active, $A C$ can not be set.

Change the value】
The setting of voltage / current value is conducted with "VOLT/CURR" dial.
If you turn this dial counterclockwise, the value decrease, and if you turn it clockwise, the value increases.
And also, if you turn "VOLT/CURR" dial fast, the value changes significantly.


And also, the setting unit and range of AC value and DC value depend on the model, and they are shown in the table below.
table .Setting resolution and range of voltage(CV mode) or current(CC mode)

| MODE | model | resolution | setting range |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Item disp | range |
| CV mode | below 100V model | 0.1V | ACI Set | $0 \sim$ rated value |
|  |  |  | DCI Set | - rated value $\sim$ rated value |
|  | above 100V model | 1V | ACI Set | $0 \sim$ rated value |
|  |  |  | DCI Set | - rated value $\sim$ rated value |
| CC mode | below 10A model | 0.01A | ACI Set | $0 \sim$ rated value |
|  |  |  | DCI Set | - rated value $\sim$ rated value |
|  | above 10A model | 0.1A | ACI Set | $0 \sim$ rated value |
|  |  |  | DCI Set | - rated value $\sim$ rated value |

## 5) Set waveform

The internal waveform signal can be selected from sine wave, triangle wave and square wave by pressing "WAVE" switch.
The detailed setting of waveform such as a phase, duty ratio and others varies according to the selected waveform.

## sine wave screen

| W ave | $\geqslant \rightarrow$ S ine | - select sine |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| F req | $\rightarrow \quad 1.000 \mathrm{kHz}$ |  |
| S tart | 0 deg |  |
| ON Phase | + 0 deg | $\}$ detail wave setting |

Triangle wace screen $\lceil$ Press wave switch


Square wave screen $\sqrt{ }$ Press wave switch


## $\triangle$ caution

When the exteral waveform signal is active, the set waveform is not output even if the internal waveform setting and detailed setting are conducted.
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { Refer to 3-8-1.Normal operation } & 3) \text { Swtich internal signal / external signal }\end{array}$

The item of detail setting can be changed by pressed "FREQ/DUTY" switch.
The value of the item where " $\rightarrow$ " is blinking can be changed.


## 6) Set frequency

【hange the value】
When frequency item is selected, the setting of frequency value is conducted with "FREQ/DUTY" dial.

If you turn this dial counterclockwise, the value decrease, and if you turn it clockwise, the value increases. And also, if you turn "FREQ/DUTY" dial fast, the value changes significantly.

※change the frequency value
The long press of "FREQ/DUYT" switch varies frequency. Use the function if you change the frequency significantly.

If you hold down the switch for 2 seconds, the frequency becomes 1 Hz , and the frequency changes every second if you continue to press it.
At the frequency which you want to set, release the switch.
every 2 sec , frequency value change in the order at $1 \mathrm{~Hz}, ~ 5 \mathrm{~Hz}, ~ 10 \mathrm{~Hz}, ~ 50 \mathrm{~Hz}, ~ 100 \mathrm{~Hz}, ~ 500 \mathrm{~Hz}, ~ 1 \mathrm{kHz}, ~ 5 \mathrm{kHz}$, $10 \mathrm{kHz}, ~ 15 \mathrm{kHz}, ~ 20 \mathrm{kHz}, ~ 10 \mathrm{mHz}, ~ 50 \mathrm{mHz}, ~ 100 \mathrm{mHz}, ~ 500 \mathrm{mHz}$ )


Press down for 2 sec and more, The frequency change significantly.
※resolution of frequency set range
You can set four figures. The minimum unit which can be set depends on the display frequency.
example1) 1.000 Hz range $: 0.001 \mathrm{~Hz}$
example2) 1.000 kHz range $: 0.001 \mathrm{kHz}$
example3) 10.00 kHz range $: 0.01 \mathrm{kHz}$
7)Set phase (sine wave), on duty (square, triangle wave)

You can set the detail setting of waveform. The detail setting of waveform differ by selected waveform. (sine wave or square wave and triangle wave)

## -Selected sine wave

When you select sine wave, you can set start phase and on phase (input phase and cut off phase). The unit of this setting is degree.

※if you set the phase at 180deg, you get negative half wave of sine wave, and also set the phase at - 180deg, you get positive half wave.

※Notes
When the polarity of on phase is positive, it attitude input phase.
on the contrary, When it's negative, it attitude cut off phase.

## 【hange item】

The changing item is conduct with＂FREQ／DUTY＂switch．
selected item－＂＂$\rightarrow$＂blinks in display．
The valued of the item where＂$\rightarrow$＂is blinking ca be changed．

【hange the value】


The setting of phase value is conducted with＂FREQ／DUTY＂dial．
If you turn this dial counterclockwise，the value decrease，and if you turn it clockwise，the value increases．
【ange of start phase】 $0 \sim$ 315deg，resolution ：45deg
tange of on phase】－180deg $\sim$ 180deg，resolution ：1deg

## Selected square wave and triangle wave

When you select square wave and triangle wave，you can set on duty． The unit of this setting is percentage．


図 ．square wave


図．Triangle wave

example）triangle wave，on duty $=90 \%$ screen

## （hange item】

The changing item is conduct with＂FREQ／DUTY＂switch．
selected item－＂＂$\rightarrow$＂blinks in display．
The valued of the item where＂$\rightarrow$＂is blinking can be changed．

## 【hange the value】



The setting of duty value is conducted with＂FREQ／DUTY＂dial．
If you turn this dial counterclockwise，the value decrease，and if you turn it clockwise，the value increases．

【ange of duty】 $1.0 \sim 99.0 \%$ resolution $0.0 .1 \%$

## 8) change screen

By pressing "DISP" switch, you can switch between voltage setting screen and wave setting screen. Use the function for the check of setting during operations.


## 9）Memory function

This product have ten memory of the basic setting data，you can save and recall setting data that are used often．If you turn off power，the data is not erased．
You can register the frequently－used setting and call it as necessary．

## §ave data】

CV mode／CC mode
voltage value（CV mode）／current value（CC mode）
internal signal waveform（ sine，square，triangle ）
frequency of internal signal
phase（sine wave），on duty（ square，triangle ）
OVP，OCP

## caUtion

Can＇t save setting of internal／external signal and key lock．．
And also，the data of sequence can be registered and called as another data．

```
Refer to 3-8-2.Sequence operation
```

（hange recall／store 】
By press＂Memory＂switch，screen can switch（1）memory recall screen and（2）memory store screen． If the screen is memory store，the normal screen（voltage setting screen）appears when you press＂Memory＂ switch．

## 【hange memory number】

The change of memory number is conducted with＂VOLT／CURR＂dial，Current memory number blink on the display．
If you turn this dial counterclockwise，the value decrease，and if you turn it clockwise，the value increases．

## fix setting】

If you fix setting data that you specified，press＂DISP＂switch．
If the screen is（1）memory recalls screen，the setting of the equipment is conducted and the normal screen （voltage setting screen）appears when you press＂DISP＂switch．

And also，If the screen is（2）memory store screen，（3）confirm screen appears when you press＂DISP＂switch． Moreover，if the screen is（3）confirm screen，the setting data save and normal screen（voltage setting screen） appears when you press＂DISP＂switch．

## 〔ancel】

If you press Except＂Memory＂switch and＂DISP＂switch，memory function is canceled and normal screen（voltage setting screen）appears．

memory store screen
※In case memory store,
Stored setting appears on the display.

10) OVP (Over voltage protection) / OCP (over current protection)

You can change and reset OVP (over voltage protection) value, OCP (over current protection) value, measured setting.
As for OVP and OCP, the protection is limit operation, and only the positive side can be set. However, the protection operates at the same value in the two poles.
example) if OVP is set at 100 V , OVP operates at -100 V in the negative side.


## 【hange screen】

If the screen is normal screen, OVP/OCP setting screen appears when you press "OVP SET" switch.
Moreover, if the screen is OVP/OCP setting screen, normal screen(voltage setting screen) appears when you press "OVP SET" switch.


## 【hange item】

The changing item is conduct with＂VOLT／CURR＂switch．
selected item－＂＂$\rightarrow$＂blinks in display．
The valued of the item where＂$\rightarrow$＂is blinking can be changed．

switch
¢hange item）


## CAUTION

Note that only switches which are used are active in the setting screen．
And in the case of－LGob option，the setting screen（UNIT number）is added．
Refer to－LGob option manual．
§hange the value】
＂VOLT／CURR＂dail is used change the value of OVP and OCP．
łange of OVP】 $0 \sim$ rated value $\times 120 \%$
〔ange of OCP】 $0 \sim$ rated value $\times 120 \%$

dail ¢hange the value）

## 11) Set measurement

You can select measurement setting, DC value, AC value, Max value, Min value, on the OVP /OCP set screen. Relation between measurement setting and unit are shown in the figure below.

| (neasurement setting screen】 | (hormal screen(measurement unit)】 |
| :---: | :---: |
| OVP SetOCP SetMoni SetPeriod $\stackrel{$$72.0 V$ <br> 6.00 A <br>  DC  <br>  Auto $}{\text { ( }}$ | < LOC $>$ $\rightarrow$ CV Mode <br> ACV Set $\rightarrow$ 60.0 V <br> DCV Set  -40.0 V <br> 59.9 Vdc  12.1 Adc |
| DC set screen | display DC measure value |
|  | <LOC $>$ $\rightarrow$ CV Mode <br> ACV Set $\rightarrow$ 60.0 V <br> DCV Set  -40.0 V <br> 45.0 Vm s  8.08 A m s |
| AC set screen | display AC measure value |
| OVP Set <br> OCP Set <br> Moni Set <br> Period$\geqslant$72.0 V <br> 6.00 A <br> Max | <LOC $>$ $\rightarrow$ CV Mode <br> ACV Set $\rightarrow$ 60.0 V <br> DCV Set  -40.0 V <br> 59.9 Vmax  12.1 Am ax |
| max set screen | display max measure value |
|  | < LOC $>$ $\rightarrow$ CV Mode <br> ACV Set $\rightarrow$ 60.0 V <br> DCV Set  -40.0 V <br> -59.9 Vm n -12.1 Am n  |
| min set screen | display min measure value |



【ange of measurement】
If you input and use the external signal，it is necessary to adjust the range of measurement to the frequency of the signal which is input．
The range of measurement is the measurement time of one time（measurement point of one time－10，000 point ）．

Refer to 3－8－1．Normal operation 4）Set voltage value，current value

The Relation between external signal and frequency are shown in the table below．
table．Relation between external signal frequency and measure range setting

| Frequency of <br> External signal | measure range | Period of display |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| above 500 Hz | Range1 | under 1 sec |
| $500 \mathrm{~Hz} \sim 50 \mathrm{~Hz}$ | Range2 | under 1 sec |
| $50 \sim 5 \mathrm{~Hz}$ | Range3 | under 2 sec |
| below 5 Hz | Rnage4 | About 5 sec |

Use it after setting according to the external signal which is input．
If internal signal is used，it is set automatically．（display－＂Auto＂）

example）external signal screen Range1）

| OVP Set | 72．0V |
| :--- | :---: |
| OCP Set | 6．00A |
| MoniSet | DC |
| Period | Auto |

example）internal signal screen（auto）

【hange the value】
＂VOLT／CURR＂dail is used change the value of measurement setting．．

dail ©hange the value）

## 12) KEY LOCK

If you hold down "KEYLOCK" switch for more than 5 seconds, the key is locked.
In key- locked state, LED(green) light, and only "KEYLOCK" switch is active.

To release the lock, hold down the switch for more than 5 seconds in the key- locked state similarly. If it is released, LED(green) which light goes out.


If operation is sequence, you can not use KEY LOCK.

## 13) Voltage monitor

Output 0 to $\pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$ against rated output voltage. Output impedance is $1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$.

## 14)Current monitor

Output 0 to $\pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$ against rated output current. Output impedance is $1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$.


## 3-8.2.Sequence

## 1) sequence feature

Sequence function is mounted in DOPF Series, and continuous operation at programmed output voltage or output current is possible.

The sequence operation produces arbitrary waveforms by sequentially running the steps which have been set as a minimum unit of waveform or by jumping to an arbitrary step, and one program consists of a gathering of these steps. The data of up to 16 steps can be set in one program.

And the program includes the settings of program itself such as switching of CV/CC mode, setting of program termination state and others, the steps includes the setting of waveform which is output such as setting of DC voltage, DC ramp, AC voltage and others, and the data is not lost if the power is turned off.
Furthermore, the program itself can save up to 3 programs.


Create steps and programs, edit them, run them in sequence mode, and output an arbitrary waveform

figure .sequence example

## 2) Sequence Spec

| Program No | $: 3$ program |
| :--- | :--- |
| Step No | $: 1 \sim 16$ step within 1 program |
| LOOP Number | $: 1 \sim 999$, infinity $(\infty)$ |
| Program End Set | $:$ OUTPUT OFF / OUTPUT HOLD(end step) |
| Sequence control | $:$ start, pause, resume, end |
| DC setting range | $:-$ rated value $\sim+$ rated value (CV mode voltage CC mode current) |
| RAMP setting range | $:-$ rated value $\sim+$ rated value (CV mode voltage CC mode :current) |
| AC setting range | $:-$ rated value $\sim+$ rated value (CV mode voltage CC mode :current) |
| AC setting range | :sine, square, triangle |
| Frequency setting range | $: 10 \mathrm{mHz} \sim 20 \mathrm{kHz}$ BOkHz) |
| Step time range | $: 50 \mathrm{~ms} \sim 1999 \mathrm{~s} 999 \mathrm{~ms}$, setting resolution 1 ms |
|  | (10ms can be set only if the both of DC ramp and AC setting are not used.) <br> Step Jump |
|  | jump off, 1~255 |

## CAUTION

The rated value of AC and DC depend on the model.

## Sequence operation Quick Reference

| Sequence operation | reference |
| :---: | :---: |
| How to switch sequence operation from normal operation? | 3-8-2 3)transit to sequence operation |
| How to switch normal operation form sequence operation? | 3-8.2 3)transit to sequence operation |
| How to run sequence program? | 3-8.2 4)state of sequence program A ) sequence run |
| How to stop sequence program? | 3-8.2 4)state of sequence program <br> B) sequence stop |
| How to pause sequence program? How to resume sequence program? | 3-8-2 4)state of sequence program <br> C) sequence pause and resume |
| How to recall the program which is run in the sequence operation? | 3-8 2 5)recall of the program data whose program number is specified |
| How to know the parameters which can be set in the sequence operation? | 3-8-2 6)sequence program and parameter |
| How to edit program parameter? | 3-8-2 7) procedure for parameter of program |
| How to edit step parameters? | 3-8-2 8) procedure for parameter of step |
| How to save the sequence program? | 3-2 9)save sequence program |

## Operation Panel (Sequence Operation)

The switches which are used in the sequence operation and edit are shown in the diagram below.
The role of switch differs from that in the normal operation mode.


| switch <br> indication | normal operation | sequence operation |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OUTPUT | OUTPUT ON/OFF | sequence Run / Stop <br> (OUTPUT ON / OFF) |
| VOLT/CURR | change item <br> (ACV / DCV or ACI / DCI) | unused |
| MEMORY | transit to sequence operation <br> (press and hold down for 2sec) | transit to normal operation <br> (press and hold down for 2sec) |
| OVP SET | memory recall / store | sequence pause / resume |
| KEYLOCK | OVP, OCP setting | move up edit item |
| WAVE | set waveform | sequence edit or save |
| CV /CC | set CV / CC | switch next page |
| (program page1~2, edit page1~4) |  |  |

Table.The difference of switch function between normal operation and sequence operation

## 3) transit to sequence operation (from normal operation)

To execute the sequence operation, first, it is necessary to create the state where the sequence operation and edit can be done.

Normally, when the power is turned on, it starts in the state where the normal operation such as sine wave, square wave and others is executed (normal operation), and when "MEMORY" switch is pressed for 2 seconds in this state, the normal operation switchs to the sequence operation. figure $\longrightarrow(1)$
and also, conversely, when you shift from the sequence operation to the normal operation, you can return to the normal operation by pressing "MEMORY" switch for 2 seconds in the state where output is off. figure $\longrightarrow$ (2))
in the same operation, you can return to the normal operation while editing sequence. figur (3)
§tate transit of normal and sequence operation】


Onormal operation
Normal operation chapter explain the operation procedures to conduct basic operation. Refer to 3-8.2. Normal operation
-state of sequence program
This chapter explain method to used program such as sequence run, stop, pause and others.
Refer to 3-8-2.sequence operation 4)state of sequnce
Osequence edit
This chapter explain method of setting and edit program data.
Refer to 3-2.Sequence operation 7)program edit
Refer to 3-2.Sequence operation 8)step edit

\$witch Normal operation/Sequence operation】 press and hold "MEMORY" switch for 2 sec and more.
(output off)

Normal operation screen(output off)

| $<$ LOC $>$ | $\rightarrow$ | CV Mode |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ACV Set | $\rightarrow$ | 60.0 V |
| DCV Set |  | -40.0 V |
| 59.9 Vdc |  | 12.1 Adc |



Sequence operation screen(output off)

## CAUTION

In the initial state after shifting from the normal operation to the sequence operation, data fo sequence program number 1 has been loaded. If you change the sequence program number, you must change the program number of sequence.

Refer to 3-8.2.sequence program 5)call of the program data whose program number is specified

immediately after switch sequence operation screen

## 4) state of sequence program

The sequence operation of DOPF includes 3 operation states, run, stop, pause (holding of output).
When sequence program which have been running terminate, sequence stop state(output off) or holding of final state(output on) is achieved.
(A) sequence run

This state is programed sequence is progressing. (output on)
(B) sequence stop

This state is programed sequence stop.
(program end set "hold" :output on, "off" :output off)
(C) sequence pause

The state programed sequence is pausing. (output on)

During the sequence operation, the information related to the state and the step which is being run is shown. And also, OUTPUT LED, light on, light off, blink according to the output state.


Sequence stop screen (output off)

```
[SQC Run] Prog 1 CV
Loop 5 Step 7
```

Time 003s055ms
59.9 Vdc 12.1Adc

Sequence run screen (output on)


Sequence pause screen (output on)

sequence run screen
When sequence program is progressing, current information of sequence and step appear on the display.


Sequence run screen

## 4 caution

Measurement is only DC during sequence operation and you can not set it.
sequence state flow
The change of state is conducted with "OUTPUT" switch and "MEMORY" switch.

The state changes not only by the operation of switch but also when the program of sequence terminates. (when the setting of program termination is Hold, output is on. Others - output is off)


## A) sequence run (output on)

When "OUTPUT" switch is pressed in the state where the Sequence stops, the sequence runs and the program starts.
(while the sequence is running, "[SQC Run]" is displayed in the upper left part.)

Sequence stop screen

| [SQC S top] | Prog 1 | CV |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Loop | 1 | Step | 1 |
| Time |  | 000 sOOOm s |  |
| 0.0 | Vdc | 0.0 Adc |  |

OUTPUT LED
Time 000 sOOOm
$\bigcirc$ light off : sequence stop (output off)


| [SQC Run] | Prog 1 | CV |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Loop | 5 | Step | 7 |
| Tme | $003 \mathrm{sO55m} \mathrm{~s}$ |  |  |
| 59.9 | Vdc | 12.1 Adc |  |


$\bigcirc$ light on : sequence run (output on)

Sequence run screen

When the sequence runs, the information of program which is being executed is displayed, and it is updated as program progresses.


Sequence run screen

## B) sequence stop

When "OUTPUT" switch is pressed in the state where the sequence run, the sequence program stop and output is off.
And "OUTPUT" LED turn off.

When sequence program which have been running terminate, the sequence
 stops and output is turned off if the end setting of sequence is output off.
when the sequence stop, "[SQC Stop]" is displayed in the upper left part.)

Sequence run screen

```
[SQC Run] Prog 1 CV
    Loop 5 S tep 7
    Tme 003s055m s
        59.9 Vdc 12.1Adc
me 003s055ms
\(59.9 \mathrm{Vdc} \quad 12.1 \mathrm{Adc}\)
```

OUTPUT LED
○ Light on : sequence run (output on)


| [SQC S top] | Prog 1 CV |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Loop | 1 | Step 1 |
| Tim e | 000 sOOOm s |  |
| 0.0 Vdc | 0.0 Adc |  |

Sequence stop screen

## C) sequence pause and resume

When "MEMORY" switch is pressed in the state where the sequence is running, the sequence is paused at the step and at that point.

Output is not turned off and output at suspension is held.

And also, LED blink while paused. switch

(while the sequence is pausing, "[Pause]" is displayed in the upper left part.)

Sequence run screen

| [SQC Run] | Prog 1 | CV |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Loop | 5 | Step | 7 |
| Time |  | 003 s 055 m s |  |
| 59.9 | Vdc | 12.1 Adc |  |

```
OUTPUT LED
Light on : sequence run фutput on)
```

Time $\quad 003 \mathrm{~s} 055 \mathrm{~m}$


Sequence pause screen

When "MEMORY" switch is pressed in the state where the Sequence is paused, the sequence resume from the step where and From the time when if suspended.

Sequence pause screen

| [ Pause] Prog 1 CV |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Loop } \\ & \text { Time } \end{aligned}$ |  | S tep 7 |
|  | 003s055m s |  |
| 59.9 | Vdc 12.1Adc |  |
| $\downarrow$ Resume sequence $p$ |  |  |
| [SQC Run] Prog 1 CV |  |  |
| Loop |  | S tep |
| Time | 003s055m s |  |
| 59.9 | V dc | 12.1Adc |



Loop 5 Step 7
Time 003 s055m s


Sequence run screen (resume)

## 5) Recall of the program data whose program number is specified

Up to 3 sequence programs can be stored in memory.
You can run specify the number of these 3 programs to run them.
Execute the call of specified data in sequence stop state.
The specified program data cannot be recalled in sequence run state or pause state.

## [process1]

Press "WAVE" switch to change from program stop state to program edit state.
("[PROG EDIT]" is displayed in the upper left part.)
Then, the program number which is being loaded is blinking.


## [process2]

"VOLT /CURR" dial changes the program number which is blinking.
When "WAVE" switch is pressed agein at the specified program number, the recall of data terminates and the sequence stops.
The recall of specified program is completed.
Program edit screen


WAVE switch



Sequence stop screen

## 6) sequence program and parameters

The sequence is run by using the program which is a gathering of steps.
This program and step include the settings ( hereinafger, parameter) individually.

## (1) parameters of program

The program has 5 parameters, and the sequence operation is determined by setting them.
Parameters of program are shown in the table below.
table .parameters of program

| parameter | description | Setting range | Edit page |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Program number | Number of sequence program It is possible to save 3 programs and use them. | 1~3 | 1 |
| CV/CC mode | Set CV mode or CC mode in one program. | CV/CC | 1 |
| End step number ※1 | Step number of program end. <br> In the case of loop setting - the number of times that this end step terminates. | 1~16 | 1 |
| Loop number ※2 | Setting of the number of times that the operation from start step (step 1) to end step is repeated. <br> When reaching the end step, the number of loop is counted. | infinity, 1~999 | 1 |
| Program end setting ※3 | Setting of output state when all program terminate. Set output off or hold (holding of final state, output on). | OFF/HOLD | 2 |

The configuration parameter of these programs is displayed on program edit screen.
Program edit page1 screen


Program edit page2 screen

| [PROG ED T] | Prog : 1 <br> End Setting |
| :---: | :--- |
|  |  | Program end setting

## ※1 As for end step number

When the step which has been set terminates, the sequence program terminates.
In the program where the number of steps is small and the output of one- shot pulse, it is used.

example) end step = 3

## ※2 As for loop number

If the loop number is more than 2 , when the end step terminates, +1 is counted and step 1 starts again if the number of times does not coincide with that of the loop which has been set.

If the number of times coincides with that of loop which has been set, the sequence program terminates.

If the loop is not conducted, set the number of loop number at 1.

## ※3 As for program end setting


if the program termination setting is OFF, output is turned off when the sequence program terminates. ( "OUTPUT" LED turn off.)

And, when the setting is Hold, the output at end of the final step is held.
The sequence terminates in the state where output is on. (OUTPUT LED light on)

| [SQC Run] | Prog 1 | CV |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Loop | 2 | Step |
| Time | 059s990m s |  |
| O.OVdc | 0.0Adc |  |

OUTPUT
Light on : program complete фutput on)
sequence program complete
$($ end setting $=$ Hold $)$

To turn off output or run the sequence program again, you must press "OUTPUT" switch and stop the sequence.

## (2)parameter of step

Each step has 14 parameters, and the output waveform of each step is determined by setting them. Like the normal operation, it is possible to output DC voltage/current and AC voltage/current simultaneously.
Parameters of step are shown in the table below.
table .parameters of step

| item | description | setting range | edit page |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| step number | number of edit step | 1~16 | 1 |
| DC voltage <br> /DC current | Setting of DC voltage(CV mode) or DC current(CC mode). Voltage or current is determined by the setting of CV/CC mode of program edit. <br> If DC ramp is not ON in the setting, this setting is neglected. | - rated value ~ + rated value | 1 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { time } \\ & ※ 2 \end{aligned}$ | time of one step. | $50 \mathrm{~ms} 10 \mathrm{~ms}) \sim$ 1999s 999ms | 1 |
| DC ramp ※1 | Setting of DC ramp. <br> If this DC ramp is ON in the setting, DC voltage/current setting is neglected. | ON/OFF | 1 |
| Start DC Voltage/Current (DC ramp) | The start voltage/current value of DC ramp. If $D C$ ramp is not $O N$ in the setting, this setting is disabled. | - rated value ~ + rated value | 2 |
| End DC Voltage/Current (DC ramp) | The end voltage/current value of DC ramp. <br> If $D C$ ramp is not $O N$ in the setting, this setting is disabled. | - rated value $\sim$ + rated value | 2 |
| AC wave ※2 | Setting of AC waveform. <br> If the setting of $A C$ waveform is not conducted, the configuration parameters such as AC voltage / current, frequency and others are neglected. | OFF/Sine <br> / Square <br> /Triangle | 2 |
| AC voltage <br> /AC current | The value of AC voltage/current. If the setting of AC wave is OFF, this setting is neglected. | - rated value ~ + rated value | 3 |
| AC Frequency | The value of AC frequency. <br> If the setting of AC wave is OFF, this setting is neglected. | $\begin{aligned} 10 \mathrm{mHz} \sim & 20 \mathrm{kHz} \\ & (30 \mathrm{kHz}) \end{aligned}$ | 3 |
| start phase | The value of start phase (sine wave). <br> If the setting of AC wave is OFF and except sine wave, this setting is neglected. | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \sim 315 \mathrm{deg} \\ & \text { resolution: } 45 \mathrm{deg}) \end{aligned}$ | 3 |
| On duty | The value of on duty (square wave or triangle wave). <br> If the setting of AC wave is OFF or sine wave, this setting is neglected. | $\begin{gathered} 1.0 \sim 99.0 \% \\ \text { (resolution:0.1\%) } \end{gathered}$ | 3 |
| Jump setting ※3 | When the step which has been set terminates, it is possible to jump to a specified step. <br> In the setting of ON , step jump is active. <br> To run the next step without jump, set to OFF. | OFF/ON | 4 |
| number of step to jump ※3 | When the jump setting is ON , the number of step to which it is jumped. <br> If jump setting is OFF, this setting is neglected. | 1~16 | 4 |
| jump number ※3 | When the jump setting is ON , the number of jumps can be determined. Jump is conducted up to the set number of times, and after that, the shift to the next step is conducted. <br> If jump setting is OFF, this setting is neglected. | 1~255 | 4 |

And those parameters of step are displayed on the step edit screen.

Step edit screen page1


Step edit screen page2


Step edit screen page3


Step edit screen page4

| [STEP ED T] | S tep: 1 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Jum p | ON | Jump setting |
| Jum p S tep | 3 | Jump step |
| Jum p Num | 1 | J ump number |

※1 As for DC ramp
Output that changes from the DC start voltage/current to the DC end voltage/current which is set based on the elapsed time.

If the setting of DC ramp is ON, DC voltage/current value is neglected.


Figure. DC ramp setting

## $※ 2$ As for minimum step time

Though the minimum time of step is 50 ms , 10 ms (minimum) can be set only if the both of DC ramp and AC output are not used (both - OFF setting).

figure .min step time

## ※3 As for step jump

When the jump setting is ON, the step is jumped to the specified step. (In the case of OFF, the step shifts to the next step.)

The example of the diagram on the right the flow of step (if the setting of jump is ON in Step n and the jump step is set to Step 2).

And also by setting the number of jumps, the number of jumps from Step $n$ to Step 2 can be specified.

If the specified number of jumps is exceeded, the next step of Step n is not Step 2 but Step $\mathrm{n}+1$.


And also, if the jump step is set to the step whose number is larger than the termination step, jump is not conducted and the step shifts to the next step.
(And also, it is not possible to jump to the final step)
Though the jump step is set to Step 15 in the example of the diagram on the right, the shift to Step 6 is conducted without jumping when Step 5 terminates as it is behind termination Step 11 of the program.
As the final step is Step 11, the jump step which can be set is up to Step 10.

example) end setting is step 11 and jump to step 15 from step 5

## ※4 As for on phase setting in case of sequence operation

If the sine wave is output into the step of sequence, the input/cut off phase cannot be set in each step.
The set value of input/cut off phase in the normal operation is set in the sine wave of all steps.

As for the phase setting of normal operation
Refer to 3-1.Normal operation 7)set phase \$ine), on duty \$quare)

## 7) procedure for parameters of program

The parameter edit procedure of the program is shown sequentially.
The sequence has 5 parameter of program, (1)program number, (2)CV/CC mode, (3)end step, (4)loop number, (5) program end.

## Refer to 3-8.2.Sequence operation 6) sequence program and parameters

Operation of editing: switching of editing page - "CV/CC" switch, down movement of item - "KEYLOCK" switch, up movement - "OVP SET" switch, change of value - "VOLT/CURR" dial.

## (1)set program number

Call the data of specified program in the state where the program stops.
The data of specified program cannot be called in the state where the program is running or paused.
And also, the number of program which can be changed is $1 \sim 3$.
[process1]
When "WAVE" switch is pressed in the state where the sequence stop, the state is sequence edit.
("[PROG EDIT]" is displayed in the upper left part.)
Then, the number of program which is being loaded is blinking.


## [process2]

The change of program number value is conducted with "VOLT/CURR" dial.
If you turn this dial counterclockwise, the value decrease, and if you turn it clockwise, the value increases.

change program number (program edit page1)


How to save the program without changing other setting?
Refer to 3-8.2. sequence operation 9) save sequence program
How to edit the step without editing other programs?
Refer to 3 \& 2.sequence operation 8)procedure for parameter of step

## Set CV mode / CC mode

Set CV mode / CC mode on one program.

## process 1]

By pressing "KEYLOCK" switch, the item move down from the setting of program number.
The Current setting of CV mode/CC mode blink on the display.

Select program number program edit page1)

| [PROG ED T] | Prog $=3 \hat{\mathbf{K}}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| CV/ CC Mode | $:$ |
| End S tep | $:$ |
| Loop |  |
| Lon | 10 |



Select CV/CC mode program edit page1)

## [ process 2]

The change of CV/CC mode is conducted with "VOLT/CURR" dial.
If you turn this dial counterclockwise, CV mode set, and if you turn it clockwise, CC mode set.


How to save the program without changing other setting?
Refer to 3-8.2. sequence operation 9) save sequence program
How to edit the step without editing other programs?

## (3) set end step

Set step number of program end. This setting is 1~16.

As for end step number

## Refer to 3-2.Sequence operation 6)sequence program and parameters

## process 1]

By pressing "KEYLOCK" switch, the item move down from the setting of CV/CC mode.
The Current setting of end step blink on the display.

## Select CV/CC mode(program edit page1)



End step number(program edit page1)

## [process 2]

The change of end step number is conducted with "VOLT/CURR" dial.
If you turn this dial counterclockwise, the value decreases, and if you turn it clockwise, the value increases.


Change end step number(program edit page1)


How to save the program without changing other setting?
Refer to 3-8.2. sequence operation 9)save sequence program
How to edit the step without editing other programs?
Refer to 3 - 2 .sequence operation 8) procedure for parameter of step

## (4) Set loop number

Change the number of loop that the program conducts in the termination step.
The set valued is 1~999, and infinite(displayed "- - - ").

As for loop of program

## Refer to 3-8.2 .Sequence operation 6) sequence program and parameters

## process 1]

By pressing "KEYLOCK" switch, the item move down from the setting of end step. The Current setting of loop number blink on the display.

Select end step number (program edit page)

| $[P R O G$ ED T] | Prog $: 3$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| CV/ CC M ode | $: C V$ |
| End Step | $:=16!$ |
| Loop | $:$ |



KEYLOCK switch

```
[PROG ED T] Prog : 3
    CV/CC Mode : CV
    End S tep : 16
    Loop : ミ1*
```

Select loop number (program edit paged)

## process 2]

The change of loop number is conducted with "VOLT/CURR" dial.
If you turn this dial counterclockwise, the value decreases, and if you turn it clockwise, the value increases.

change loop number(program edit page)


## 5) Set program end

Set the setting of output state when all program terminate. This setting is HOLD or OFF.
process 1]
By pressing "CV/CC" switch, the screen switch to program edit page2 from program edit page1.
and by pressing "KEYLOCK" switch, the item move down from the setting of program number. The Current setting of program end blink on the display.
Select loop number program edit page1)

| [PROG ED T] | Prog $: 3$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| CV/ CC M ode | $: \quad$ CV |
| End S tep | $: 16$ |
| Loop | $: 1 \frac{1}{6}$ |

$\sqrt{\square} \mathrm{CV} / \mathrm{CC}$ switch
Select program number program edit page2)

Select end setting program edit page2)

## process 2]

The change of program end setting is conducted with "VOLT/CURR" dial.


How to save the program without changing other setting?

$$
\text { Refer to } 38 \text {. } 2 \text {. sequence operation } 9 \text { )save sequence program }
$$

How to edit the step without editing other programs?

$$
\text { Refer to } 3 \text { \& 2.sequence operation 8) procedure for parameter of step }
$$

## 8)Procedure for parameters of step

The parameter edit procedure of the program is shown sequentially.

The sequence has 14 parameter of program.
Operation of editing: switching of editing page - "CV/CC" switch, down movement of item - "KEYLOCK" switch, up movement - "OVP SET" switch, change of value - "VOLT/CURR" dial.
(1)Set step number

Set number of edit step.
You don not need to set the parameter of unused step such as steps behind the termination step.
However, all parameters of used steps should be set. The number of steps is $1 \sim 16$ in one program.

## process1]

When "DISP" switch is pressed in the state of program edit, the screen switch step edit from program edit and the setting of step number blink on the display.
select end setting (program edit page2)



## process2]

The change of step number is conducted with "VOLT/CURR" dial.
If you turn this dial counterclockwise, the value decreases, and if you turn it clockwise, the value increases.

| [STEP ED T] | S tep : $=15 \stackrel{1}{*}$ | step number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| DCV Set | : 59.9 V |  |
| Time Set | :0100 s000 m s |  |
| RAM P | : OFF |  |

Change step number(step edit page1)


How to save the program without changing other setting?
Refer to $>3-2$. sequence operation 9) save sequence program
How to edit the program without editing other steps?

[^0]
## (2)Set DC voltage value, current value

Set the value of DC voltage(CV mode) or DC current(CC mode).

The rated value and range depend on the model.

## process1]

by pressing "KEYLOCK" switch, the item move down from the setting of step number. The Current value of DC voltage or current blink on the display.

As for the item, "DCV" is displayed if the program is CV mode, and "DCI" is displayed if it is CC mode, and the unit of set value changes.

select DC voltage \$tep edit page1)

select DC current(in case of CC mode)

## process2]

The setting of DC voltage/current value is conducted with "VOLT/CURR" dial.
If you turn this dial counterclockwise, the value decreases, and if you turn it clockwise, the value increases.

change DC voltage value(step edit page1)


How to save the program without changing other setting?
Refer to $>$ - 8 - . sequence operation 9)save sequence program
How to edit the program without editing other steps?
Refer to 3-8-2.sequence operation 7) procedure for parameter of program

## step edit

## (3) Set step time

Set the step time, the step time should be set in each step.
The minimum time of step is 50 ms ( 10 ms - both of DC ramp and AC output are off)

## Refer to 3-8.2. sequence operation 6)sequence program and parameter

## process1]

by pressing "KEYLOCK" switch, the item move down from the setting of DC voltage or current.
And the s (second) unit of step time blink on the display.
As for the setting of step time, s unit and ms unit should be set individually.

Moreover, by pressing "KEYLOCK" switch, the item move right from the setting of s (second) unit of step time. And the ms (milli- second) unit of step time blink on the display.

On the contrary,by pressing "OVP SET" switch, the item move left from the setting of ms (milli- second) unit of step time. The s (second) unit of step time blink on the display.

$\sqrt{5}$ KEYLOCK switch
select step time of sec unit (step edit page1)

| STEP ED T] | Step $: 15$ |
| :---: | :--- |
| DCV Set | $: 18.9 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Tine Set | $\vdots 0100 \div$ s000 m s |
| RAM P | $: 0$ FF |



OVP SET switch


KEYLOCK switch
select step time of msec unit (step edit page1)

| [STEP ED T] | S tep : 15 |
| :---: | :---: |
| DCV Set | : 18.9 V |
| Time Set | :0100 |
| R AM P | OFF |


process2]
The setting of step time value is conducted with "VOLT/CURR" dial.
If you turn this dial counterclockwise, the value decreases, and if you turn it clockwise, the value increases.

| [STEP ED T] | S tep : 15 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| DCV Set | : 18.9 V |  |
| Time Set | \%0100 - soto m s | - step time of sec unit |
| R AM P | : OFF |  |

change step time of sec unit(step edit page1)

change step time of msec unit(step edit page1)
(4)Set DC ramp

Refer to 3-8.2. sequence operation 6) sequence program and parameter

## process1]

By pressing "KEYLOCK" switch, the item move down from ms unit of step time.
And the setting of DC ramp blink on the display.
select step time of msec unit (step edit page1)

| STEP ED T] | Step $: 15$ |
| :---: | :--- |
| DCV Set | $: 18.9 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Time Set | $: 0100$ S000 $\div \mathrm{m} \mathrm{s}$ |
| RAM P | $: \quad$ OFF |


select ramp setting (step edit page1)

## process2]

The ramp setting is conducted with "VOLT/CURR" dial.


## $\triangle$ Notes

In the case of DC ramp output, it is necessary to set DC ramp to ON, and set (5)the start of DC ramp and (6)the end of DC ramp.
And also, when DC ramp is on, the setting of DC voltage is neglected.

How to save the program without changing other setting?
Refer to $>$ - 8 -2. sequence operation 9)save sequence program
How to edit the program without editing other steps?
Refer to $>$-8-2.sequence operation 7) procedure for parameter of program
(5) Set DC ramp start voltage value, current value

Set the value of DC ramp start voltage/current.
If DC ramp is $O N$ in the setting, this setting is enabled.

The rated value and range depend on the model.

## process1]

By pressing "CV/CC" switch, the screen switch to step edit page2 from step edit page1.
And by pressing "KEYLOCK" switch, the item move down from the setting of step number.
The Current setting of DC ramp start voltage/ current blink on the display.
select ramp setting (step edit page1)

$\sum \mathrm{CV} / \mathrm{CC}$ switch


KEYLOCK switch

| $[$ STEP ED T] |  | Step: 15 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RAM P S tartV | $:$ | $=12.2 \div V$ |
| RAMP EndV | $:$ | -23.0 V |
| AC Set | $:$ | S ine |

select DC ramp start voltage(step edit page2)


select DC ramp start current(in case of CC mode)
process2]
The setting of DC ramp start voltage/current value is conducted with "VOLT/CURR" dial.
If you turn this dial counterclockwise, the value decreases, and if you turn it clockwise, the value increases.

$\triangle$ caution
In the case of DC ramp output, it is necessary to set DC ramp to ON.
(6)Set DC ramp end voltage value, current value

Set the value of DC ramp end voltage/current. If DC ramp is ON in the setting, this setting is enabled.

The rated value and range depend on the model.

## process1]

By pressing "KEYLOCK" switch, the item move down from the setting of DC ramp start voltage/current. The Current setting of DC ramp end voltage/ current blink on the display.

select DC ramp end voltage(step edit page2)


| [ STEP ED T] |  | S tep: 15 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RAM P S tartl | $:$ | 5.05 A |
| RAM P EndI | $:-3.01 \checkmark A$ |  |
| AC Set | $:$ | S ine |

select DC ramp end current(in case of CC mode)

## process2]

The setting of DC ramp end voltage/current value is conducted with "VOLT/CURR" dial.
If you turn this dial counterclockwise, the value decreases, and if you turn it clockwise, the value increases.

change DC ramp end voltage(step edit page2)


## $\Lambda$ <br> Notes

Te case of DC ramp output, it is necessary to set the start of DC ramp and set DC ramp to on.

How to save the program without changing other setting?
Refer to 3 - 8 - sequence operation 9) save sequence program
How to edit the program without editing other steps?
Refer to $>$ - 2 .sequence operation 7) procedure for parameter of program

## (7)Set AC waveform

In the case of AC waveform output, AC waveform should be set.

## process1]

By pressing "KEYLOCK" switch, the item move down from the setting of DC ramp end voltage/current. The Current setting of AC waveform blink on the display.
select DC ramp end voltage(step edit page2)

| [STEP ED T] | Step: 15 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RAM P S tartV | $: 12.2 \mathrm{~V}$ |  |
| RAM P EndV | $:-23.0 \div V$ |  |
| AC Set | $:$ | Sine |


select AC setting (step edit page2)

## process2]

The setting of DC ramp end voltage/current value is conducted with "VOLT/CURR" dial.
If you turn this dial counterclockwise, the value decreases, and if you turn it clockwise, the value increases.

change AC setting (step edit page2)


How to save the program without changing other setting?
Refer to $>3$ - 2 . sequence operation 9) save sequence program
How to edit the program without editing other steps?
Refer to
3. 8. 2.sequence operation 7) procedure for parameter of program

## (8) set AC voltage value, current value

Set the value of AC voltage/current.
This setting is active only if the setting of $A C$ waveform is sine wave, square wave and triangle wave. When the setting of AC waveform is OFF, this the setting is neglected.

The rated value and range depend on the model.

## process1]

By pressing "CV/CC" switch, the screen switch to step edit page3 from step edit page2.
And by pressing "KEYLOCK" switch, the item move down from the setting of step number.
The Current setting of AC voltage/ current blink on the display.
select AC setting (step edit page2)

| [STEP ED T] |  | S tep: 15 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RAM P S tartV | $:$ | 12.2 V |
| RAM P EndV | $:$ | -23.0 V |
| AC Set | $:$ | $\vdots$ Sine |

$\sqrt{\square} \mathrm{CV} / \mathrm{CC}$ switch
select step number \$tep edit page3)

| [STEP ED T] |  | Step: $15 \stackrel{\prime}{\prime}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ACV Set | $:$ | 7.07 V |
| Freq | $:$ | 1.000 kHz |
| Start Phase | $:$ | 45 deg |

KEYLOCK switch

| [STEP ED T] |  | S tep: 15 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ACV Set | $:$ | $\vdots 7.07 \div \mathrm{V}$ |
| Freq | $:$ | 1.000 kHz |
| S tart Phase | $:$ | 45 deg |

select AC voltage \$tep edit page3)

select AC current(in case of CC mode)

## process2]

The setting of AC voltage/current value is conducted with "VOLT/CURR" dial.
If you turn this dial counterclockwise, the value decreases, and if you turn it clockwise, the value increases.

change AC voltage/current (step edit page3)


## CAUTION

In the case of AC waveform output, AC waveform should be set.

## (9)set AC frequency

Set the value of AC frequency. And the range of frequency is $10 \mathrm{mHz} \sim 20 \mathrm{kHz}$ (part of models is 30 kHz ).

This setting is active only if the setting of AC waveform is sine wave, square wave and triangle wave. When the setting of AC waveform is OFF, this the setting is neglected.

## process1]

By pressing "KEYLOCK" switch, the item move down from the setting of AC voltage/current. The Current setting of AC frequency blink on the display.
select AC voltage(step edit page3)

| [STEP ED T] |  | Step: 15 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ACV Set | $:$ | $\div 7.07 \div \mathrm{V}$ |
| Freq | $:$ | 1.000 kHz |
| S tart Phase | $:$ | 45 deg |

$\square$ KEYLOCK switch
[ STEP ED T] S tep: 15
[ STEP ED T] S tep: 15
ACV Set : 7.07 V
ACV Set : 7.07 V
Freq : :1.000\leqslantkHz
Freq : :1.000\leqslantkHz
S tart Phase : 45 deg
S tart Phase : 45 deg

select AC frequency(step edit page3)

## process2]

The setting of AC frequency value is conducted with "VOLT/CURR" dial.
If you turn this dial counterclockwise, the value decreases, and if you turn it clockwise, the value increases.

change AC frequency (step edit page3)


## $\triangle$ caution

In the case of AC waveform output, AC waveform should be set.

How to save the program without changing other setting?
Refer to $>3$ - 2 . sequence operation 9)save sequence program
How to edit the program without editing other steps?
Refer to $>$ - 8 -2.sequence operation 7) procedure for parameter of program
(10)set start phase (sine wave)

Set start phase of sine wave.
The range is $0 \sim 315 \mathrm{deg}$, and resolution of this setting is 45 deg .

If $A C$ waveform is sine wave in the setting, this setting is enabled.

## process1]

by pressing "KEYLOCK" switch, the item move down from the setting of AC frequency. The Current setting of start phase blink on the display.


## process2]

The setting of start phase value is conducted with "VOLT/CURR" dial.
If you turn this dial counterclockwise, the value decreases, and if you turn it clockwise, the value increases.

change start phase (step edit page3)


How to save the program without changing other setting?
Refer to $>3$ - 2 . sequence operation 9) save sequence program
How to edit the program without editing other steps?
Refer to $>$ - 8 2.sequence operation 7) procedure for parameter of program

## (11)set on duty (square wave, triangle wave)

Set on duty of square wave or triangle wave.
The range is $1.0 \% \sim 99.0 \%$, and resolution of this setting is $0.1 \%$

If $A C$ waveform is square wave or triangle wave in the setting, this setting is enabled.

## process1]

by pressing "KEYLOCK" switch, the item move down from the setting of AC frequency.
The Current setting of on duty blink on the display.
select AC frequency(step edit page3)

| [STEP ED T] |  | Step: 15 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ACV Set | $:$ | 7.07 V |
| Freq | $:$ | $1.000 \div \mathrm{kHz}$ |
| Duty | $:$ | $25.0 \%$ |

$\sqrt{5}$ KEYLOCK switch

| [STEP ED T] |  | Step: 15 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ACV Set | $:$ | 7.07 V |
| Freq | $:$ | 1.000 kHz |
| Duty | $:$ | $\vdots 25.0 \div \%$ |

select on duty(step edit page3)

## process2]

The setting of on duty value is conducted with "VOLT /CURR" dial.
If you turn this dial counterclockwise, the value decreases, and if you turn it clockwise, the value increases.

change on duty (step edit page3)


How to save the program without changing other setting?
Refer to 3 - 8 2. sequence operation 9) save sequence program
How to edit the program without editing other steps?
Refer to 3-8-2.sequence operation 7) procedure for parameter of program

## (12)set step jump

If this setting is $O N$, you can step jump in the sequence program.
To run the next step without jump, set to OFF.

## prcess1]

By pressing "CV/CC" switch, the screen switch to step edit page4 from step edit page3.
And by pressing "KEYLOCK" switch, the item move down from the setting of step number. The Current setting of step jump on the display.
select start phase $\$$ \$tep edit page3)

| [ STEP ED T] |  | S tep: 15 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ACV Set | $:$ | 7.07 V |
| Freq | $:$ | 1.000 kHz |
| Start Phase | $:$ | $\div 45 \div \mathrm{deg}$ |

$\sqrt{\square} \mathrm{CV} / \mathrm{CC}$ switch
select step number \$tep edit page4)

| [STEP ED T] | S tep : $=15$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Jum $p$ | ON |
| Jump S tep | 4 |
| Jump Num | 1 |

## KEYLOCK switch

| [STEP ED $\Pi$ ] |  | S tep : 15 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Jum $p$ | $:$ | ON |
| Jum $p$ Step | $:$ | 4 |
| Jum $p$ Num | $:$ | 1 |

select jump setting \$tep edit page4)

## process2]

The setting of jump setting is conducted with "VOLT/CURR" dial.

change jump setting (step edit page4)

How to save the program without changing other setting?
Refer to $>3$ - 2 . sequence operation 9) save sequence program
How to edit the program without editing other steps?
Refer to 3 - 2 sequence operation 7) procedure for parameter of program

## (13)set jump step

Set number of step jump, and this number is less than end step.
If step jump is $O N$ in the setting, this setting is enabled.

## process1]

By pressing "KEYLOCK" switch, the item move down from the setting of step jump.
The Current setting of jump step on the display.
select jump setting \$tep edit page4)

| [STEP ED T] |  | S tep: 6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Jum p | $:$ | ON |
| Jum p S tep | $:$ | 10 |
| Jum p N um | $:$ | 1 |


$\sqrt{5}$ KEYLOCK switch

select jump step \$tep edit page4)

## process2]

The setting of on jump step value is conducted with "VOLT/CURR" dial.
If you turn this dial counterclockwise, the value decreases, and if you turn it clockwise, the value increases.


How to save the program without changing other setting?
Refer to $>3$ - 2 . sequence operation 9) save sequence program
How to edit the program without editing other steps?
Refer to 3-8-2.sequence operation 7) procedure for parameter of program

## (14) set number of step jump

Set number of jump, and the set value is $1 \sim 255$.

If step jump is ON in the setting, this setting is enabled.
process1]
By pressing "KEYLOCK" switch, the item move down from the setting of jump step.
The Current setting of step jump on the display.
select jump step \$tep edit page4)

| [ STEP ED T] |  | S tep: 6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Jum $p$ | $:$ | ON |
| Jum p S tep | $:$ | 10 |
| Jum p Num | $:$ | 1 |


$\sqrt{5}$ KEYLOCK switch

| [STEP ED T] Jum $p$ | S tep: 6 |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | ON |
| Jum p Step | 10 |
| Jum p Num | - 1 |

select jump number (step edit page4)

## process2]

The setting of jump number value is conducted with "VOLT /CURR" dial.
If you turn this dial counterclockwise, the value decreases, and if you turn it clockwise, the value increases.


How to save the program without changing other setting?
Refer to 3-8. . sequence operation 9)save sequence program
How to edit the program without editing other steps?
Refer to 3-2.sequence operation 7) procedure for parameter of program

## 9) save sequence program

As for the storage of sequence program, by pressing "WAVE" switch in the state of program edit or step edit, the data of program is stored and the state is shifted to the sequence operation state.

The storage can be started from any page (program edit page 1~2, step edit page 1~4).


## ※Notes

If the sequence program or edit data of step is cancelled, the changed data is not saved by pressing "MEMORY" switch for 2 seconds to return to the normal operation without conducting save process.

## sequence program example

## example1) DC, DC ramp, step jump

1) Change to the sequence operation state by pressing "MEMORY" switch for 2 seconds.
2) Change to edit mode by pressing "WAVE" switch.

3) Edit the program configration parameter with "CV/CC" switch(change of page), "OVP SET" switch (up movement of item), "KEYLOCK" switch (down movement of item), "VOLT /CURR" dial (change the value) in the edit screen of program.

| list .program parameter |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| program number | $1 \sim 3$ |
| CV $/$ CC | CV |
| end step number | 5 |
| loop number | 1 |
| end setting | off |


| program edit screen page1) |
| :--- |
| [PROG EDIT] Prog : 1 <br> CV/CC Mode $:$ CV <br> End Step $: 5$ <br> Loop $:$ |


| program edit screen page 2 ) |
| :---: |
| [PROG EDIT] $\quad$ Prog : 1 |
| End Setting $\quad: \quad$ OFF |
|  |

4) Edit the step configration parameter with "CV/CC" switch(change of page), "OVP SET" switch (up movement of item), "KEYLOCK" switch (down movement of item), "VOLT /CURR" dial (change the value) in the edit screen of step.
list . setting of each step

| step number | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| DC voltage | - | 10 V | 4 V | - | - |
| step time | 50 ms | 30 ms | 10 ms | 50 ms | 100 ms |
| DC ramp setting | ON | OFF | OFF | ON | ON |
| DC ramp start voltage | 0 V | - | - | 10 V | -8 V |
| DC ramp end voltage | 10 V | - | - | -8 V | 8 V |
| AC setting | OFF | OFF | OFF | OFF | OFF |
| AC voltage | - | - | - | - | - |
| AC frequency | - | - | - | - | - |
| start phase <br> on duty $)$ | - | - | - | - |  |
| jump setting | OFF | OFF | ON | OFF | OFF |
| jmp step | - | - | 2 | - | - |
| jump number | - | - | 9 | - | - |

example) edit screen of step 3

| step edit page1) |
| :--- |
| [STEP EDIT] Step : 3 <br> DCV Set $: 4.00$ A <br> Time Set $: 000$ s010m s <br> RAMP $: 0$ FF |

step edit page2)

| [STEP | EDIT] |  | Step $: 3$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| RAMP | StartV | $:$ | - V |
| RAMP EndV | $:$ | $-V$ |  |
| AC Set | $:$ | OFF |  |


step edit page4)

| [STEP EDIT] |  | Step $: 3$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Jump | $:$ | ON |  |
| Jump | Step | $:$ | 2 |
| Jump | Num | $:$ | 9 |

5) Change form sequence edit to sequence stop state by pressing "WAVE" switch.

The data save screen is displayed, and it changes to the screen of stop state after saving)

sequence stop screen

| \$QC | Stop] | Prog 1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Loop 1 | CV |  |
| Time | Step 1 |  |
| O.OV 000 mdc |  |  |
|  | 0.0 Adc |  |

6) Start the sequence operation by pressing "OUTPUT" switch.
```
example2) AC, AC + DC
```

1) Change to the sequence operation state by pressing "MEMORY" switch for 2 seconds.
2) Change to edit mode by pressing "WAVE" switch.

3) Edit the program configration parameter with "CV/CC" switch(change of page), "OVP SET" switch (up movement of item), "KEYLOCK" switch (down movement of item), "VOLT/CURR" dial (change the value) in the edit screen of program.
list .program parameter

| program number | $1 \sim 3$ |
| :--- | :---: |
| CV $/ \mathrm{CC}$ | CV |
| end step number | 3 |
| loop number | 1 |
| end setting | off |

program edit page1)

| $[$ PROG EDIT] | Prog : 2 |
| :--- | :--- |
| CV /CC Mode | $:$ CV |
| End Step | $: 3$ |
| Loop | $: 1$ |

program edit page2)

| [PROG EDIT] | Prog : 2 |
| :--- | :--- |
| End Setting | $:$ |
|  |  |

4) dit the step configration parameter with "CV/CC" switch(change of page), "OVP SET" switch (up movement of item), "KEYLOCK" switch (down movement of item), "VOLT /CURR" dial (change the value) in the edit screen of step.
list . setting of each step

| step number | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| DC voltage | OV | 5 V | 2.5 V |
| step time | 80 ms | 80 ms | 500 ms |
| DC ramp setting | OFF | OFF | OFF |
| DC ramp start voltage | - | - | - |
| DC ramp end voltage | - | - | - |
| AC setting | 5 V | 5 V | 2.5 V |
| AC voltage | Sine | Sine | Squa |
| AC frequency | 50 Hz | 50 Hz | 10 Hz |
| start phase <br> фn duty $)$ | Odeg | Odeg | $20 \%$ |
| jump setting | OFF | OFF | OFF |
| jump step | - | - | - |
| jump number | - | - | - |

example) edit screen of step 2
step edit page1)

| [STEP EDIT] | Step :2 |
| :--- | :--- |
| DC $V$ Set | $: 0.00 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Time Set | $: 000 ~ s 080 \mathrm{~m} \mathrm{~s}$ |
| RAMP | $: 0 \mathrm{FF}$ |

step edit page2)

| [STEP EDIT] |  | Step : 2 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| RAMP StartV | $:$ | -V |
| RAMP EndV | $:$ | -V |
| AC Set | $:$ | Sine |

step edit page3)

| [STEP EDIT] |  | Step $: 2$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| ACV Set | $:$ | 5.00 V |  |
| Freq |  | $:$ | 50.00 Hz |
| Start |  | $:$ | 0 deg |

step edit page4)

| [STEP EDIT] |  | Step : 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Jump | $:$ | OFF |
| Jump Step | $:$ | - |
| Jump Num | $:$ | - |

5) Change form sequence edit to sequence stop state by pressing "WAVE" switch.

The data save screen is displayed, and it changes to the screen of stop state after saving)

sequence stop screen

6) Start the sequence operation by pressing "OUTPUT" switch.

## 4. 1. Features

The output can be turned on and off with remote switch.
[connection diagram and on/off logic]

Remote switch action with switch


Terminal for remote switch
Remote switch action by open collector. *1


In case of switch, an open collector will suffice for it.

In case remote switch action is not used.
 If connect an attached short hardware, Remote ON/OFF function will not work.
*1 Cautions for use of open collector.
When an open collector is used with Remote ON/OFF function, use them according to the following rule.

DEFINITION OF OPEN COLLECTOR

| OUTPUT | SWITCH | OPEN COLLECTOR |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ON | OF | Short |

Remote switch does not work because the LS has been short- circuited by a short terminal attached at the time of shipment.
4. 2. How to use

1) If you do not want to use the remote switch.

Attach a short terminal, by the front of the switch make the output on / off. It will be the same as the normal operation. Also the operation of the run and stop of sequence will be the same.
2) If you want to use the remote switch.

By changing to short the remote switch form open in the output is off, output will be turn on. On the contrary,
By changing to open the remote switch form short in the output is on, output will be turn off. Also the operation of the run and stop of sequence will be the same.

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[^0]:    Refer to 3-8-2.sequence operation 7) procedure for parameter of program

